Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland

ANNUAL REPORT

December 2013

Health Research and Information Division

2012





METADATA

Title

Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland Annual Report, 2012

Creator

Health Research and Information Division (HRID), The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI)

Subject

Key words – free text: Hospital discharge activity, acute hospital, public hospital

Summary Description

This is a report on in-patient and day patient discharges from acute public hospitals participating in the Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme in 2012. Discharge activity is examined by type of patient and hospital, and by demographic parameters (such as age and sex). Particular issues of relevance to the Irish health care system covered in the report relate to the composition of discharges by medical card and public/private status. Discharges are also analysed by diagnoses, procedures, major diagnostic categories, and diagnosis related groups. *Maternity* discharges are examined separately from other discharges. The analysis is presented at the national level and is also disaggregated by Health Service Executive (HSE) administrative areas.

Publisher

Economic and Social Research Institute

Contributors

Health Research and Information Division, Economic and Social Research Institute, Health Service Executive, and the Department of Health

Date

First published December 2013

Type

Report

Identifier

ISBN

Language

en – English

Coverage

National, HSE administrative areas

Rights

Downloadable from www.esri.ie

Version

1.0 (December 2013) File 2012_AsOf_0913_V20_CLOSE_ANN

Please note that there is the potential for minor revisions to the data set analysed in this report. Please check online at www.esri.ie for information on updates.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The production of this annual report requires commitment and hard work from many individuals. Responsibility for collecting, coding, inputting, and validating data for the Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme rests with colleagues in acute hospitals throughout Ireland. Ensuring the continued operation of the HIPE scheme requires willing contributions from clinicians, clinical coders, HIPE/casemix coordinators, medical records staff, IT personnel, and administrative departments, together with hospital managers. We are greatly indebted to these individuals for their support and efforts.

The Department of Health and the Health Service Executive are acknowledged for the financial support allocated to the HIPE scheme and for the substantial input to the development of HIPE. In particular, we would like to express our gratitude to Fiachra Bane, Alan Cahill, Lorna Collins, Gráinne Cosgrove, Emer Gallagher, and Cliona O'Donovan for their comments on an early draft of this report.

We would also like to thank Prof. Michael Turner (University College Dublin) for helpful comments on an early draft of the *Maternity* Section of this report.

The HIPE team within the Economic and Social Research Institute's Health Research and Information Division oversees a wide range of tasks related to the management of this system, including software development and support, personnel training, data quality and audit, data management and analysis, and information dissemination. We acknowledge gratefully the dedication, skill and expertise that all the members of this team bring to their work on this scheme. We would also like to thank, specifically, Jacqui Curley, Brian McCarthy, and Deirdre Murphy for reviewing and commenting on earlier drafts of this report, and Edgar Morgenroth for advising on the population data.

Inevitably, a number of individuals have to carry most of the responsibility for producing a report of this type. In this case Sheelagh Bonham, Aoife Brick, Nathan Cunningham, Karen Kearns, Shane Leavy, Léan McMahon, Laura Metcalfe, Aisling Mulligan and Sinéad O'Hara were to the fore in the preparation of the report for publication. We wish to express our sincere thanks to these colleagues for all of their hard work on the report. Their commitment, enthusiasm, and professionalism are gratefully acknowledged and sincerely appreciated.

Table of Contents

| | OF TABLES | |
|------------|--|-------------|
| LIST | OF FIGURES | iv |
| EXE(| CUTIVE SUMMARY | v |
| SEC | TION ONE | |
| Ove | erview | 1 |
| 1.1 | Introduction | 3 |
| 1.2 | Background | |
| 1.3 | Data Sources for Annual Report 2012 | 4 |
| 1.4 | Structure of Annual Report 2012 | 4 |
| 1.5 | Scope of HIPE Data | 6 |
| 1.6 | Methods and Definitions | 7 |
| 1.7 | Discharges Reported to HIPE, 2008 – 2012 | 8 |
| | TION TWO | |
| | charge Overview 2012 | 13 |
| 2.1 | Introduction | 15 |
| 2.2 | Who | 16 |
| 2.3 | Where | 29 |
| 2.4 | When | 54 |
| | TION THREE | |
| | rbidity Analysis 2012 | 59 |
| 3.1 | Introduction | 61 |
| 3.2 3.3 | Coding of Diagnoses and Procedures Adaptidity Applysis Summary of Day Patient and In Patient Activity | |
| 3.4 | Morbidity Analysis: Summary of Day Patient and In-Patient Activity | |
| SEC | TION FOUR | |
| | ternity Discharges 2012 | 93 |
| 4.1 | Industrian | 0.5 |
| 4.2 | Maternity Discharges – Total | |
| 4.3 | Maternity Discharges – Delivery | |
| 4.4 | Maternity Discharges – Non-Deliveries | |
| SEC | TION FIVE | |
| Case | e Mix Analysis 2012 | 117 |
| 5.1 | Introduction | 119 |
| 5.2 | Analysis of HIPE Data by Case Mix | 122 |
| ANN | NEX | 163 |
| Diab | petes Discharge Profile, 2012 | 165 |
| GLO | DSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS | 171 |
| ΛDD | PENDICES | 17 9 |
| | endix I: HIPE Hospitals | |
| | endix II: HIPE Data Collected | 183 |
| | endix III: HIPE Data Entry Form | |
| | endix IV: Bed Data | 100 |
| | endix V: Population Estimates, 2012 | |
| | endix VI: Derived Variables | |
| Appe | endix VII: Reference Tables | 100 |
| Арре | endix VIII: Australian Coding Standard 0042 | 191 |

List of Tables

| TABLE 1.1 | Acute Public Hospital Discharges in HIPE (N,%), 2008 – 2012 | 9 |
|---------------------|--|--------------|
| TABLE 2.1a | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type by Age Group (N, % Bed Days, % and In-Patient Len Stay) | 17 |
| TABLE 2.1b | Total Male Discharges: Patient Type by Age Group (N, %, Bed Days, % and In-Patient Length of Stay) $_$ | 19 |
| TABLE 2.1c | Total Female Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type by Age Group (N, %, Bed Days, % and In-P Length of Stay) | 20 |
| TABLE 2.2 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type by Marital/Civil Status (N, %) | 23 |
| TABLE 2.3 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Public/Private Status by Age Group (N, %) | 25 |
| TABLE 2.4 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): GMS Status by Age Group (N, %) | 26 |
| TABLE 2.5 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Public/Private Status by GMS Status and Patient Type (N, %) | 28 |
| TABLE 2.6 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type and Admission Type and In-Patient Length of Stay) | 30 |
| TABLE 2.7 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by GMS Status and Patient Type (N, % a Patient Length of Stay) | 34 |
| TABLE 2.8 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Residence and Age Group (N, %) | 36 |
| TABLE 2.9 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by HSE Area of Residence, Patient Type Admission Type (%) | 38 |
| TABLE 2.10 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Hospital Type by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, % and In-P Length of Stay) | 42 |
| TABLE 2.11 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Hospital Type by Public/Private Status, Patient Type (N, % and In-P Length of Stay) | 46 |
| TABLE 2.12 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type, Admission Typ Admission Source (N, %) | 49 |
| TABLE 2.13 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type, Admission Typ Discharge Destination (N, %) | e and 51 |
| TABLE 2.14 | In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Discharge Destination by Admission Source (N, %) | 53 |
| TABLE 2.15 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Admission (N, % a Patient Length of Stay) | nd In- 55 |
| TABLE 2.16 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Discharge (N, % a Patient Length of Stay) | nd In- 56 |
| TABLE 3.1 | ICD-10-AM Diagnosis Codes, Chapter and Title | 63 |
| TABLE 3.2 | Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI), Chapter and Title | 64 |
| TABLE 3.3 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Mean Number of All-Listed Diagnoses by Patient Type, Sex an Group | d Age 65 |
| TABLE 3.4 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Number and Percentage of Discharges with a Principal Procedule Patient Type and Admission Type | 67 |
| TABLE 3.5 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Mean Number of All-Listed Procedures by Patient Type, Sex an Group | id Age 67 |
| TABLE 3.6 | Day Patient Activity (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) (N, %) | 69 |
| TABLE 3.7 | In-Patient Activity (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) (N, % and Length of Stay) | 71 |
| TABLE 3.8 | Elective In-Patient Activity (N, % and Length of Stay) | 73 |
| TABLE 3.9 | Emergency In-Patient Activity (N, % and Length of Stay) | 75 |
| TABLE 3.10 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Principal Diagnosis by Sex and Age Group (N) | 78 |
| TABLE 3.11 | Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity):</i> Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Diagnosis, Se Age Group | 80 |
| TABLE 3.12 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): All-Listed Diagnoses by Sex and Age Group (N) | 82 |
| TABLE 3.13 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Principal Procedure by Sex and Age Group (N) | 86 |
| TABLE 3.14 | Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Procedure, Se Age Group | 88 |
| TABLE 3.15 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): All-Listed Procedures by Sex and Age Group (N) | 90 |
| TABLE 4.1 | Maternity Discharges: Patient Type by Delivery Status (N, %, Bed Days, % and In-Patient Length of Stay | /)_ 97 99 |
| TABLE 4.2 | Delivery Discharges: Outcome of Delivery (N, % and Length of Stay) | |
| TABLE 4.3 | Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Outcome of Delivery (N, % and Length of Stay) | _ 102 |
| TABLE 4.4 | Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Mother's Age (N, % and Length of Stay) | _ 104 |
| TABLE 4.5 | Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Public/Private Status (N, % and Length of Stay) | _ 106 |
| TABLE 4.6 TABLE 4.7 | Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Day of Admission (N, %) | 107 109 |
| TABLE 4.7 | Delivery Discharges: Top 10 Principal Diagnoses by parity (N, % and Length of Stay) | 109 110 |
| TABLE 4.9 | Multiparous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges: Previous Caesarean Section by Method of Delivery (N, %) | 110 |

| TABLE 4.10 | Delivery Discharges: Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Discharges with a Caesarean Section Procedure by Parity (N, Col %, Row %) | 113 |
|-------------------|---|--------------|
| TABLE 4.11 | Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Top 10 Principal Diagnoses (N, %) | 115 |
| TABLE 4.12 | Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks (N, %) | 115 |
| TABLE 4.13 | Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Top 10 Principal Diagnoses (N, % and Length of Stay) | 116 |
| TABLE 4.14 | Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks (N, % and Length of Stay) | 116 |
| TABLE 5.1 | Total Discharges: AR-DRG Complexity Split by Patient Type (N, %) | 121 |
| TABLE 5.2 | Total Discharges: MDC by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, %) | 125 |
| TABLE 5.3 | Total Discharges: MDC 1 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and | |
| | Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 128 |
| TABLE 5.4 | Total Discharges: MDC 2 Diseases and Disorders of the Eye: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type In-Patient Length of Stay) | e (N, 130 |
| TABLE 5.5 | Total Discharges: MDC 3 Diseases and Disorders of the Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat: AR-DRG by Pat | tient |
| | Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 131 |
| TABLE 5.6 | Total Discharges: MDC 4 Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | and 132 |
| TABLE 5.7 | Total Discharges: MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type | |
| | Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 134 |
| TABLE 5.8 | Total Discharges: MDC 6 Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System: AR-DRG by Patient Type | |
| | Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 137 |
| TABLE 5.9 | Total Discharges: MDC 7 Diseases and Disorders of the Hepatobiliary System and Pancreas: AR-DRO | |
| TABLE F 10 | Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 139 |
| TABLE 5.10 | Total Discharges: MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue: DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | : AK- 140 |
| TABLE 5.11 | Total Discharges: MDC 9 Diseases and Disorders of the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast: AR-DRO | G by |
| | Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 143 |
| TABLE 5.12 | Total Discharges: MDC 10 Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic Diseases and Disorders: AR-DRG by Pat | tient |
| | Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 145 |
| TABLE 5.13 | Total Discharges: MDC 11 Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract: AR-DRG by Patient 7 | Туре |
| | and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 146 |
| TABLE 5.14 | Total Discharges: MDC 12 Diseases and Disorders of the Male Reproductive System: AR-DRG by Pat | tient |
| | Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 148 |
| TABLE 5.15 | Total Discharges: MDC 13 Diseases and Disorders of the Female Reproductive System: AR-DRG by Par | |
| | Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 149 |
| TABLE 5.16 | Total Discharges: MDC 14 Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium: AR-DRG by Patient Type | |
| TADI | Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 150 |
| TABLE 5.17 | Total Discharges: MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type | |
| TABLE 5.18 | In-Patient Length of Stay) | 151 Gigal |
| TABLE 5.16 | Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 153 |
| TABLE 5.19 | Total Discharges: MDC 17 Neoplastic Disorders (Haematological and Solid Neoplasms): AR-DRG by Pat | tient |
| | Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 154 |
| TABLE 5.20 | Total Discharges: MDC 18 Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, Systemic or Unspecified Sites: AR-DRC | 3 by |
| | Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 155 |
| TABLE 5.21 | Total Discharges: MDC 19 Mental Diseases and Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type In-Patient Length of Stay) | e (N, 156 |
| TABLE 5.22 | Total Discharges: MDC 20 Alcohol/Drug Use and Alcohol/Drug Induced Organic Mental Disorders: AR- | DRG |
| | by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 157 |
| TABLE 5.23 | Total Discharges: MDC 21 Injuries, Poisonings and Toxic Effects of Drugs: AR-DRG by Patient Type Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | and 158 |
| TABLE 5.24 | Total Discharges: MDC 22 Burns: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of S | |
| | | 159 |
| TABLE 5.25 | Total Discharges: MDC 23 Factors Influencing Health Status and Other Contacts with Health Services: | AR- |
| | DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) | 160 |
| TABLE 5.26 | Total Discharges: Unassignable to MDC: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Le | _ |
| | of Stay) | 161 |
| TABLE 5.27 | Total Discharges: Pre-MDC: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)_ | 162 |

List of Figures

| FIGURE 1.1 | Structure of the Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland Annual Report, 2012 | 4 |
|--|--|---------------|
| FIGURE 1.2 | Total Discharges by Patient Type and Admission Type (N), 2008 – 2012 | _ 11 |
| FIGURE 1.3 | Total Discharges by Hospital Type (N), 2008 – 2012 | _ 11 |
| FIGURE 2.4 | Anato la Dalianta (and Adatamit) Many Laurth of Charles Consul Ana Consu | |
| FIGURE 2.1 | Acute In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Mean Length of Stay by Sex and Age Group | _ 21 |
| FIGURE 2.2 | Extended Stay In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Mean Length of Stay by Sex and Age Group | _ 21 |
| FIGURE 2.3 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Sex by Age Group (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population) | _ 22 |
| FIGURE 2.4 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Marital/Civil Status by Age Group (%) | _ 24 |
| FIGURE 2.5 | Total In-Patient Bed Days (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Public/Private Status by Age Group (Bed Days) | _ 25 |
| FIGURE 2.6 | Total In-Patient Bed Days (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): GMS Status by Age Group (Bed Days) | _ 27 |
| FIGURE 2.7 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Public/Private Status by GMS Status and Patient Type (%) | _ 28 |
| FIGURE 2.8a | Elective In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumulative Percentage) | _ 31 |
| FIGURE 2.8b | Emergency In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumulative Percentage) | 31 |
| FIGURE 2.9 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type and Admission T | |
| | (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population) | _ 32 |
| FIGURE 2.10a | GMS In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumula Percentage) | ative _ 35 |
| FIGURE 2.10b Non-GMS In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospital | | |
| | Percentage) | _ 35 |
| FIGURE 2.11 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): HSE Area of Residence by Age (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population) | |
| FIGURE 2.12a | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Area of Reside (%) | 40 |
| FIGURE 2.12b | Day Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Area | a of |
| | Residence (%) | _ 40 |
| FIGURE 2.12c | Elective In-Patient Discharges: Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Area of Residence | (%) _ 40 |
| FIGURE 2.12d | Emergency In-Patient Discharges: Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Area of Reside (%) | ence _ 40 |
| FIGURE 2.13 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type and Admission Type by Hospital Type (%) | _ 43 |
| FIGURE 2.14a | Elective In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage) | 44 |
| FIGURE 2.14b | Emergency In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage) | 44 |
| FIGURE 2.15a | Public In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage) | 47 |
| FIGURE 2.15b | Private In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage) | 47 |
| FIGURE 2.16 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Admission (%) | _ 57 |
| FIGURE 2.17 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Discharge (%) | _ 57 |
| FIGURE 2.18 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Month of Admission by Patient Type and Admission Type (N) | _ 58 |
| FIGURE 4.1 | Maternity Discharges: Age (N, %) | 97 |
| FIGURE 4.2 | Maternity Discharges: Age (N, %) Maternity Discharges: Marital/Civil Status (N, %) | 97 |
| FIGURE 4.3 | Maternity Discharges: Public/Private Status (N, %) | 97 |
| FIGURE 4.4a | Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage) | 98 |
| FIGURE 4.4b | Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage) | |
| FIGURE 4.4c | Maternity Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage) | 98 |
| FIGURE 4.5a | | _ 98 101 |
| FIGURE 4.5a | | 101 |
| | | |
| FIGURE 4.6 | , | 103 |
| FIGURE 4.7 | , | 105 |
| FIGURE 4.8 | | 105 |
| FIGURE 4.9 | | 107 |
| FIGURE 4.10 | , | 111 |
| FIGURE 4.11 | , | 115 |
| FIGURE 4.12 | , | 115 |
| FIGURE 4.13 | , | 115 |
| FIGURE 4.14 | , | 116 |
| FIGURE 4.15 | , | 116 |
| FIGURE 4.16 | Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Public/Private Status (N, %) | 116 |
| FIGURE 5.1 | Steps in AR-DRG Assignment | 120 |
| FIGURE 5.2 | Total Discharges: Major Diagnostic Category (MDC) (%) | 126 |
| FIGURE 5.3 | Total Discharges: Major Diagnostic Category (MDC) by Day Patient and In-Patient Discharges (%) | 127 |

The Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme, established in 1971, is a health information system designed to collect clinical and administrative data on discharges from, and deaths in, acute hospitals in Ireland. The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) oversees the administration and management of this scheme on behalf of the Health Service Executive. Within the ESRI, the Health Research and Information Division (HRID) is responsible for overseeing all functions associated with the operation of this database, including the development and support of the data collection and reporting software, training of coders and data quality audit, reporting, and responding to requests for data.

This report relates to discharges that occurred in the 2012 calendar year. The aim is to present an overview of discharge activity in acute public hospitals in Ireland. The demographic and morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges are presented separately in specified sections of the *Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland Annual Report 2012* to enable a comprehensive overview of trends in this area.

Total Discharges 1,541,084 (100%)

Discharges excluding *Maternity* 1,403,562 (91.1%)

Maternity 137,522 (8.9%)

TOTAL DISCHARGES (EXCL. MATERNITY), 2012

Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*) 1,403,562 (100%)

Total Day and In-Patient Bed Days: 4,057,436 In-Patient Mean Length of Stay (LOS): 6.3 Days

Day Patients 905,687 (64.5%)

In-Patients 497,875 (35.5%) Bed Days: 3,151,749 Acute (0-30 Days) In-Patient Mean LOS: 4.5 Days

Elective 106,807 (7.6%) Acute (0-30 Days) In-Patient Mean LOS: 4.6 Days

Emergency 391,068 (27.9%) Acute (0-30 Days) In-Patient Mean LOS: 4.5 Days

WHO

Sex

• Females accounted for 49.7 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) with males accounting for 50.3 per cent.

Age

 The 65–74 years age group accounted for the largest proportion of male discharges (20.1 per cent) whereas the 55–64 years age group and the 65–74 years age group each accounted for the largest proportion of female discharges, excl. *Maternity* (16.4 per cent).

Marital/Civil Status

 Married discharges accounted for 46.9 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity).

Public/Private Status

- Over 83 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) were treated on a public basis with 16.7 per cent treated on a private basis.
- The 85 years and over age group had the largest proportion of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) treated publicly (88.7 per cent) with only 11.3 per cent treated on a private basis.

General Medical Service (GMS) Status

- Of total discharges (excl. Maternity), 56.7 per cent were GMS discharges.
- Of discharges in the 85 years and over age group 84.0 per cent were GMS discharges compared to just 19.0 per cent of the less than 1 years age group.

WHERE

HSE Area of Hospitalisation

The largest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) were hospitalised in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area (29.4 per cent) with the smallest proportion hospitalised in the HSE Dublin North East area (22.7 per cent).

HSE Area of Residence

A larger proportion of discharges resident in the HSE West area were aged 85 years and older (4.8 per cent) compared to 4.1 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

Admission Source

• The majority of total discharges (excl. Maternity) in all HSE areas were admitted from home, ranging from 95.4 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area to 97.1 per cent in the HSE West area.

Discharge Destination

The majority of in-patient discharges (excl. Maternity) were discharged home, ranging from 86.9 per cent in HSE West area to 87.6 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area and the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

WHEN

Day of Admission

The proportion of in-patient discharges (excl. Maternity) admitted on an elective basis decreased throughout the week, with over 63 per cent admitted between Monday and Wednesday, falling to 7.7 per cent at the weekend.

Day of Discharge

The proportion of elective in-patients discharged increased throughout the week, from 10.2 per cent on Monday to 23.0 per cent on Friday, falling to 10.0 per cent on Saturday and 5.0 per cent on Sunday.

Month of Admission

The largest number of emergency in-patients (33,940 discharges) was admitted in May.

MORBIDITY ANALYSIS

Day Patients

- The principal diagnosis category, which includes chemotherapy and radiotherapy encounters, accounted for the largest proportion of total day patient discharges (18.8 per cent).
- At least one procedure was recorded for 93.7 per cent of day patient discharges.
- Haemodialysis was reported as a principal procedure for 19.4 per cent of day patient discharges with at least one procedure reported.

In-Patients

- In-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis of *pain in throat and chest* accounted for 4.1 per cent of in-patients.
- At least one procedure was recorded for 63.6 per cent of in-patient discharges.
- Generalised allied health interventions were reported as a principal procedure for 15.5 per cent of in-patient discharges with at least one procedure. This category includes interventions such as physiotherapy, pharmacy, dietetics, occupational therapy, social work, and speech pathology.

Maternity Discharges 137,522 (100%)

Total Day and In-Patient Bed Days: 338,513 In-Patient Mean Length of Stay (LOS): 2.6 Days

Delivery 68,990 (50.2%) In-Patient Bed Days: 236,097 In-Patient Mean LOS (0-7 Days): 3.0 Days Non-Delivery 68,532 (49.8%)

Day Patients: 10,331 In-Patients: 58,201 Total Day and In-Patient Bed Days: 102,416 In-Patient Mean LOS (0-7 Days): 1.4 Days

DELIVERY

- Over 58 per cent of *Delivery* discharges were in the 25–34 years age group.
- Non-instrumental deliveries accounted for the largest proportion of *Delivery* discharges (56.4 per cent), followed by Caesarean section at 28.2 per cent.
 Instrumental deliveries accounted for 15.4 per cent.
- Non-instrumental deliveries accounted for 41.3 per cent of primiparous
 Delivery discharges compared to 65.9 per cent for multiparous discharges.
 Instrumental deliveries accounted for 28.9 per cent of primiparous *Delivery* discharges compared to 7.0 per cent for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.
- Elective Caesarean section deliveries accounted for 7.9 per cent of total primiparous *Delivery* discharges compared to 19.1 per cent for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.
- Emergency Caesarean section deliveries accounted for 21.9 per cent of total primiparous *Delivery* discharges compared to 8.1 per cent for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.
- Of Delivery discharges, 80.2 per cent were treated on a public basis and 19.8
 per cent on a private basis. 25.9 per cent of Delivery discharges treated on a
 public basis had a Caesarean section compared to 37.3 per cent of those
 treated privately.
- Almost 23 per cent of primiparous Delivery discharges had a principal diagnosis of labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress]. While 23.4 per cent of multiparous Delivery discharges had a principal diagnosis of perineal laceration during delivery.
- At least one procedure was recorded for 97.9 per cent of primiparous *Delivery* discharges and 91.3 per cent of multiparous *Delivery* discharges.

NON-DELIVERY

Day Patients

- The principal diagnosis of special screening examination for other diseases and disorders accounted for the largest proportion of Non-Delivery day patient discharges (29.5 per cent).
- At least one procedure was recorded for 30.8 per cent of Non-Delivery day patient discharges.
- Curettage and evacuation of uterus was reported as a principal procedure for 56.1 per cent of Non-Delivery day patient discharges with at least one procedure.

In-Patients

- Exactly 24 per cent of Non-Delivery in-patient discharges had a principal diagnosis of other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium while false labour accounted for a further 12.3 per cent.
- At least one procedure was recorded for 17.9 per cent of Non-Delivery inpatient discharges.
- Curettage and evacuation of uterus was reported as a principal procedure for 27.6 per cent of Non-Delivery in-patient discharges with at least one procedure.

CASE MIX ANALYSIS

Total Discharges 1,541,084 (100%)

The case mix classification presents analysis of patients who undergo similar treatment processes and incur similar levels of resource use.

- The MDC with the largest proportion of day patients reported was Neoplastic Disorders (Haematological and Solid Neoplasms) (MDC 17), which accounted for 191,022 discharges or 20.9 per cent of day patients.
 - Chemotherapy (AR-DRG R63Z) and Radiotherapy (AR-DRG R64Z) accounted for 48.9 per cent and 38.4 per cent respectively of day patients within this MDC; they accounted for 10.2 per cent and 8.0 per cent respectively of total day patients.
- The MDC with the largest proportion of in-patient discharges (19.8 per cent) was Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium, MDC 14.
 - Vaginal Delivery (AR-DRG O60Z), accounted for 39.1 per cent of inpatients within this category and 7.7 per cent of total in-patient discharges.

Overview SECTION
LLL
Z

Table of Contents

| 1.1 | Introduction | _ 3 |
|-----|--|-----|
| 1.2 | Background | _ 3 |
| 1.3 | Data Sources for Annual Report 2012 | _ 4 |
| 1.4 | Structure of Annual Report 2012 | _ 4 |
| 1.5 | Scope of HIPE Data | _ 6 |
| 1.6 | Methods and Definitions | _ 7 |
| 1.7 | Discharges Reported to HIPE, 2008–2012 | 8 |

1.1 **INTRODUCTION**

This report aims to present an overview of discharge activity in acute public hospitals in Ireland during 2012 using data from the Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme. HIPE collects information on day patient and in-patient activity from participating hospitals. 1 A HIPE discharge record is created when a patient is discharged from (or dies in) hospital. This record contains administrative, demographic and clinical information for an episode of care. An episode of care begins at admission to hospital, as a day- or in-patient, and ends at discharge from (or death in) that hospital.

Section One provides an overview of the 2012 report. It outlines briefly the background of the HIPE scheme which is the principal data source for the report, and highlights other data sources used throughout the report. This is followed by an outline of the structure of the 2012 report. In addition, the scope of the HIPE data and the methods used in the report are outlined. Finally, an analysis of the trends in the main HIPE variables is undertaken using data from the period 2008–2012.

1.2 BACKGROUND

The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) oversees the administration and management of the HIPE scheme on behalf of the Health Service Executive (HSE) and the Department of Health (DoH). Within the ESRI, the Health Research and Information Division (HRID) is responsible for overseeing all functions associated with the operation of this database, including the development and support of the data collection and reporting software, training of coders, data quality, audit, reporting, and responding to requests for data.³

Given the comprehensive coverage achieved by this information system, the data gathered by HIPE have become increasingly used by policymakers, clinical teams and researchers. Data sets for HIPE discharges are provided to a number of state agencies in order to address specific data requirements. In addition to responding to requests for HIPE data, the HRID also manages an online data reporting tool.4

See Appendix I for a list of hospitals participating in HIPE in 2012.

The HIPE Portal is a web-based software application designed and developed at the ESRI for the collection and reporting of HIPE data within public hospitals.

The ESRI's HRID also oversees the administration and management of the National Perinatal Reporting System (NPRS) on behalf of the HSE and DoH.

An online data reporting tool is available at www.hipe.ie

1.3 DATA SOURCES FOR ANNUAL REPORT 2012

HIPE: The Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme, established in 1971, is

a health information system designed to collect clinical and administrative data on discharges from, and deaths in, acute hospitals in Ireland. $^{5,\ 6}$ In 2012, 57 public hospitals in Ireland

participated in HIPE (see Appendix I).7

Hospital Hospital bed data from 2008–2012 were obtained from the Business Beds: Information Unit of the HSE (see Appendix IV for 2012 bed data).

Population Population estimates for 2008–2012 are based on Census 2011 data

Estimates: published by the Central Statistics Office.

1.4 STRUCTURE OF ANNUAL REPORT 2012

Figure 1.1 outlines the structure of the Annual Report 2012. It presents the number of discharges included in each of the five sections of the report. The report follows the same structure as *Activity in Acute Public Hospitals* Annual Reports 2010 and 2011.⁸

FIGURE 1.1 Structure of the Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland Annual Report, 2012

Section One

Total Discharges - 1,541,084

Section Two & Section Three

(Demographic Profile, Hospital Activity and Morbidity Analysis)

Total Discharges Excluding *Maternity* Discharges – 1,403,562

Section Four

Maternity

Discharges

137,522

Section Five

(Case Mix Analysis) Total Discharges – 1,541,084

See Appendix II for details of data collected by HIPE and see also the HIPE Data Dictionary 2012 Version 4.0 available at www.esri.ie

⁶ A copy of the HIPE data entry form for 2012 is contained in Appendix III.

For historic reasons, a small number of non-acute hospitals also reported to HIPE in 2012. Discharges from these hospitals have been included in this report.

See www.hipe.ie for the latest versions of these reports.

Maternity discharges in HIPE are those who were admitted in relation to their obstetrical experience (from conception to 6 weeks post delivery). These discharges were allocated to Admission Type code Maternity. Maternity discharges are a large subset of the acute public hospital discharge population. All discharges are female and are within a narrow age range. Discharges in this group report a very narrow range of diagnoses and procedures and the majority have a short acute in-patient mean length of stay (2.5 days) compared to total discharges excluding Maternity (4.5 days).

The remainder of the report is structured as follows:

Section Two

In Section Two the report is concerned with providing a demographic (WHO), regional (WHERE) and temporal (WHEN) profile of discharges reported to HIPE in 2012. Section Two excludes Maternity discharges, which are reported separately in Section Four. Section Two includes many of the administrative variables reported to HIPE, including age, sex, marital/civil status, GMS status, and discharge status. The regional analysis uses HSE area of residence, county of residence, and HSE area of hospitalisation to see where discharges are being hospitalised, while the temporal analysis looks at day of admission, day of discharge, and month of admission.

Section Three

Section Three focuses on the diagnoses and procedures recorded for discharges reported to HIPE. Section Three excludes Maternity discharges which are reported separately in Section Four. Section Three presents analysis of hospital activity by patient type with top 20 breakdowns for principal diagnoses and procedure blocks presented for day patients and for total, elective and emergency in-patients. Further analysis is presented for diagnoses and procedures reported for total discharges (excl. Maternity), by sex and age group. The mean length of stay for acute in-patient discharges is presented for principal diagnoses and principal procedures.

Section Four

Section Four analyses Maternity discharges reported to HIPE. Data in Section Four are disaggregated by the delivery status of the discharges, that is, whether they had a diagnosis of delivery or not. Variables presented include method of delivery, length of stay, age, marital status, public/private status, and day of admission. With the introduction of the collection of maternal parity in 2011, data from 2012 provides the first complete year of these data for analysis. Analysis of principal diagnoses and procedures is also presented.

Section Five

Section Five provides analysis of all HIPE data by case mix. Each Major Diagnostic Category (MDC) is presented with its associated Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs) for all discharges, including Maternity. The analyses provide a breakdown of MDCs and AR-DRGs by day patient and in-patient, with elective and emergency in-patients also presented. In-patient (elective, emergency and total) mean and median length of stay is also provided for each MDC and AR-DRG.

Annex

The annex is designed to highlight particular topics of interest that merit a more focused supplementary analysis. This year's chosen topic of interest is Diabetes.

1.5 **SCOPE OF HIPE DATA**

- Each HIPE discharge record represents one episode of care. Patients may be admitted to hospital more than once in any given time period with the same or different diagnoses. In the absence of a unique health identifier, therefore, the data reported to HIPE facilitate analysis of hospital discharge activity but do not permit analysis of certain parameters, such as the number of hospital encounters per patient or estimate the incidence or prevalence of a particular disease.
- Emergency In-Patient Admissions: HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.
- Coverage of data: Since 2010, coverage of the HIPE system has been estimated using the discharges returned as 'coded' as a proportion of total discharges downloaded within each hospital. The data available from participating hospitals for 2012 indicate that for day patient and in-patient discharges appropriate for inclusion in the HIPE data set, 99.9 per cent of the discharges downloaded from hospital systems were coded and returned for inclusion in the national HIPE data set.10
- Hospital factors: There has been restructuring within the hospital system which will be reflected in the analysis presented in this report. From April 2011 St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network commenced providing services at centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, as well as continuing to provide services at St. Luke's Hospital, Rathgar. HIPE activity data from St. Luke's Hospital, Rathgar are returned to the ESRI. For the first complete year of operation in 2012, it is estimated that approximately 64,000 day cases received radiotherapy from St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network at Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals. Data on these discharges were not returned to HIPE in 2012.
- Data reporting quidelines: HIPE collects Mode of Emergency Admission to indicate where the emergency in-patient was treated prior to being admitted, for example in an Emergency Department or in a registered Acute Medical Assessment Unit (AMU/AMAU/MAU). In 2012, the National Clinical Programme for Acute Medicine released national guidelines for AMU/AMAU/MAU's. There was a subsequent increase in the number of these units operating between 2011 and 2012 and this has led to an increase in the number of emergency in-patient admissions in 2012.

This method of calculating coverage does not capture the under-reporting of data in particular hospitals as it cannot make any comparison for cases that were not downloaded within the hospital. Hospitals known to have underreported data in 2012 include; Roscommon Hospital (coded and returned 61.3 per cent of their discharges), Bantry Hospital (coded and returned 71.2 per cent of their discharges), and Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital, Drogheda (coded and returned 97.1 per cent of their discharges).

Some of the methods used to present data in the report are detailed below.

- Maternity Discharges: Maternity discharges in HIPE are those who were admitted in relation to their obstetrical experience (from conception to 6 weeks post delivery); that is, they were allocated to Admission Type code Maternity.¹¹
- Hospital Type: Due to confidentiality constraints, detailed data cannot be published on a named hospital basis. Data are therefore presented at the more aggregated hospital category groupings of 'General' and 'Other' hospitals. General hospitals comprise voluntary, regional and county hospitals, while 'Other' hospitals specialise in the treatment of particular conditions or patient groupings. 12
- Derived Variables: For some of the categorical administrative variables, aggregation of categories has been necessary to ensure confidentiality. These derivations are presented in Appendix VI for admission type, admission source, and discharge destination.
- Length of Stay: In addition to the in-patient mean length of stay, the in-patient median length of stay is provided to highlight the effect of outlier cases.

See Appendix II for details of data collected by HIPE and the HIPE Data Dictionary 2012 Version 4.0 available at www.esri.ie

See Appendix I for a list of hospitals participating in HIPE in 2012.

1.7 DISCHARGES REPORTED TO HIPE, 2008–2012

In 2012, 1,541,084 discharges were reported to HIPE by participating acute public hospitals, representing a mean annual increase of 3.0 per cent over the period 2008-2012 and a 4.8 per cent increase over the period 2011–2012.

Table 1.1 and Figures 1.2 to 1.3 show the distribution of discharges over the period 2008–2012 by selected variables.

- The number of day patients has increased from 771,145 in 2008 to 916,018 in 2012, a mean annual increase of 4.4 per cent (see Figure 1.2).
- The number of in-patients has increased from 597,449 in 2008 to 625,066 in 2012, a mean annual increase of 1.2 per cent, with an increase of 5.7 per cent between 2011 and 2012.
- Emergency in-patient discharges comprised 75.5 per cent of total in-patient discharges in 2008, which has increased to 78.5 per cent in 2012.
- Maternity discharges increased annually by a mean of 0.7 per cent over the period 2008–2012 from 133,502 to 137,522 discharges.
- The male-female split in 2012 has remained consistent with previous years with a larger proportion of female discharges (54.2 per cent).
- Across the age groups, the 65 years and over age group accounted for 33.2 per cent of total discharges, with the smallest proportion in the under 15 years age group (8.9 per cent).
- There has been a decreasing trend in the proportion of private discharges. Between 2008 and 2012 there was a mean annual decrease of 2.8 per cent, despite a slight increase (1.2 per cent) in the number of private discharges between 2011 and 2012.
- The number of GMS discharges increased by a mean of 4.8 per cent per year between 2008 and 2012, from 686,181 to 827,738 discharges. Although this trend had slowed down in 2011, there was an increase of 5.6 per cent between 2011 and 2012.
- Total and acute in-patient mean lengths of stay have fallen consistently over the period 2008–2012. Total in-patient mean length of stay decreased by 3.4 per cent between 2011 and 2012 from 5.8 days to 5.6 days.
- General hospitals continued to account for the largest proportion of total discharges (88.0 per cent) in 2012 with the remainder accounted for by 'other' hospitals (12.0 per cent). Voluntary and county hospitals accounted for the largest proportions of total discharges (31.1 and 31.0 per cent, respectively) in the general hospital category in 2012 (see Figure 1.3).

 TABLE 1.1
 Acute Public Hospital Discharges in HIPE (N, %), 2008–2012

| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | Mean | % Change |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--------------|
| | N (%) | Annual % Change 2008–2012 ^a | 2011–2012 |
| Total Discharges | 1,368,594 (100) | 1,410,394 (100) | 1,447,108 (100) | 1,470,778 (100) | 1,541,084 (100) | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| Patient Type | | | | | | | |
| Day Patients | 771,145 (56.3) | 820,234 (58.2) | 855,618 (59.1) | 879,140 (59.8) | 916,018 (59.4) | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| In-Patients | 597,449 (43.7) | 590,160 (41.8) | 591,490 (40.9) | 591,638 (40.2) | 625,066 (40.6) | 1.2 | 5.7 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) ^b | 1,235,092 (90.2) | 1,275,238 (90.4) | 1,310,527 (90.6) | 1,332,680 (90.6) | 1,403,562 (91.1) | 3.3 | 5.3 |
| Day Patients | 764,399 (55.9) | 808,469 (57.3) | 845,331 (58.4) | 868,369 (59.0) | 905,687 (58.8) | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Dialysis/Radiotherapy/ Chemotherapy | 317,775 (23.2) | 332,452 (23.6) | 341,722 (23.6) | 336,788 (22.9) | 332,360 (21.6) | 1.2 | -1.3 |
| Other Day Patients | 446,624 (32.6) | 476,017 (33.8) | 503,609 (34.8) | 531,581 (36.1) | 573,327 (37.2) | 6.0 | 7.8 |
| In-Patients | 470,693 (34.4) | 466,769 (33.1) | 465,196 (32.1) | 464,311 (31.6) | 497,875 (32.3) | 1.5 | 7.2 |
| Elective | 115,507 (8.4) | 110,355 (7.8) | 108,825 (7.5) | 104,604 (7.1) | 106,807 (6.9) | -1.9 | 2.1 |
| Emergency ^{c,d} | 355,186 (26.0) | 356,414 (25.3) | 356,371 (24.6) | 359,707 (24.5) | 391,068 (25.4) | 2.5 | 8.7 |
| Maternity Discharges | 133,502 (9.8) | 135,156 (9.6) | 136,581 (9.4) | 138,098 (9.4) | 137,522 (8.9) | 0.7 | -0.4 |
| Day Patients | 6,746 (0.5) | 11,765 (0.8) | 10,287 (0.7) | 10,771 (0.7) | 10,331 (0.7) | 15.6 | -4.1 |
| In-Patients | 126,756 (9.3) | 123,391 (8.7) | 126,294 (8.7) | 127,327 (8.7) | 127,191 (8.3) | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| Patient Characteristics | () | (- / | (- / | (- / | () | | |
| Sex | | | | | | | |
| Males | 630,950 (46.1) | 651,525 (46.2) | 674,978 (46.6) | 678,845 (46.2) | 706,179 (45.8) | 2.9 | 4.0 |
| Females | 737,644 (53.9) | 758,869 (53.8) | 772,130 (53.4) | 791,933 (53.8) | 834,905 (54.2) | 3.2 | 5.4 |
| Age Group | | | | | | | |
| Under 15 years | 127,471 (9.3) | 127,264 (9.0) | 128,551 (8.9) | 135,221 (9.2) | 137,766 (8.9) | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 15–44 years | 430,068 (31.4) | 435,965 (30.9) | 439,317 (30.4) | 442,830 (30.1) | 459,680 (29.8) | 1.7 | 3.8 |
| 45–64 years | 389,558 (28.5) | 395,924 (28.1) | 406,013 (28.1) | 412,461 (28.0) | 432,493 (28.1) | 2.7 | 4.9 |
| 65 years and over | 421,497 (30.8) | 451,241 (32.0) | 473,227 (32.7) | 480,266 (32.7) | 511,145 (33.2) | 5.0 | 6.4 |
| Public/Private Status ^e | 1 077 017 | 1 122 154 | 1 171 000 | 1 215 522 | 1 202 (5) | 1.1 | F F |
| Public Discharges | 1,077,917 (78.8) | 1,123,154 (79.6) | 1,171,066 (80.9) | 1,215,522 (82.6) | 1,282,656 (83.2) | 4.4 | 5.5 |
| Private Discharges | 290,677 (21.2) | 287,240 (20.4) | 276,042 (19.1) | 255,256 (17.4) | 258,428 (16.8) | -2.8 | 1.2 |
| GMS Status | 606 101 | 725 722 | 772 (22 | 704.034 | 027 720 | 4.0 | F.C. |
| GMS (Medical card holders) | 686,181 (50.1) | 735,723 (52.2) | 773,622 (53.5) | 784,021 (53.3) | 827,738 (53.7) | 4.8 | 5.6 |
| Non-GMS (Non-medical card holders) | 641,093 (46.8) | 660,812 (46.9) | 657,214 (45.4) | 668,332 (45.4) | 692,992 (45.0) | 2.0 | 3.7 |
| Unknown [†] | 41,320 (3.0) | 13,859 (1.0) | 16,272 (1.1) | 18,425 (1.3) | 20,354 (1.3) | -6.3 | 10.5 |
| Mean Length of Stay | | | | | | | |
| Total In-Patients | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | -2.5 | -3.4 |
| Acute ^g Extended ^h | 4.6 62.5 | 4.5 64.9 | 4.4 65.1 | 4.3 65.3 | 4.1 64.7 | -2.8 0.9 | -4.7 -0.9 |
| Discharge Rate Per 1,000 Population ^{i,j} | 305.1 | 311.1 | 317.7 | 321.5 | 336.1 | 2.5 | 4.5 |

TABLE 1.1 Acute Public Hospital Discharges in HIPE (N, %), 2008–2012 (contd.)

| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | Mean | % Change |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-----------|
| | N (%) | Annual % Change 2008–2012 ^a | 2011–2012 |
| Hospital Type | | | | | | | |
| General Hospitals | 1,192,755 (87.2) | 1,225,574 (86.9) | 1,252,454 (86.5) | 1,278,909 (87.0) | 1,355,898 (88.0) | 3.3 | 6.0 |
| Voluntary Hospitals | 417,850 (30.5) | 424,683 (30.1) | 437,638 (30.2) | 450,860 (30.7) | 478,779 (31.1) | 3.5 | 6.2 |
| Regional Hospitals | 355,837 (26.0) | 369,774 (26.2) | 379,846 (26.2) | 383,902 (26.1) | 399,049 (25.9) | 2.9 | 3.9 |
| County Hospitals | 419,068 (30.6) | 431,117 (30.6) | 434,970 (30.1) | 444,147 (30.2) | 478,070 (31.0) | 3.4 | 7.6 |
| 'Other' Hospitals | 175,839 (12.8) | 184,820 (13.1) | 194,654 (13.5) | 191,869 (13.0) | 185,186 (12.0) | 1.4 | -3.5 |
| Total Bed Days | 4,472,104 | 4,428,882 | 4,426,574 | 4,339,510 | 4,395,949 | -0.4 | 1.3 |
| Day Patients | 771,145 (17.2) | 820,234 (18.5) | 855,618 (19.3) | 879,140 (20.3) | 916,018 (20.8) | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| In-Patients | 3,700,959 (82.8) | 3,608,648 (81.5) | 3,570,956 (80.7) | 3,460,370 (79.7) | 3,479,931 (79.2) | -1.5 | 0.6 |
| Under 15 Years | 309,361 (6.9) | 301,909 (6.8) | 295,262 (6.7) | 302,237 (7.0) | 300,415 (6.8) | -0.7 | -0.6 |
| 15 to 44 Years | 847,468 (19.0) | 814,708 (18.4) | 785,964 (17.8) | 752,480 (17.3) | 756,925 (17.2) | -2.8 | 0.6 |
| 45 to 64 Years | 768,845 (17.2) | 730,938 (16.5) | 714,472 (16.1) | 683,008 (15.7) | 678,050 (15.4) | -3.1 | -0.7 |
| 65 Years and Over | 1,775,285 (39.7) | 1,761,093 (39.8) | 1,775,258 (40.1) | 1,722,645 (39.7) | 1,744,541 (39.7) | -0.4 | 1.3 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

- a The mean annual percentage change is the mean of the four annual percentage growth rates over the five years.
- b Annual Reports from 2008 to 2009 did not present *Maternity* discharges separately. We have presented them in this report to allow for comparability over the five-year period.
- c HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.
- d There has been an increase in the number of emergency in-patient admissions in 2012 due to the increase in the number of AMU/AMAU/MAU's authorised for collection in HIPE (see Section 1.5).
- e Public/Private status refers to the patient's status on discharge. This relates to whether the patient was public or private to the consultant on discharge. This does not reflect the type of bed occupied by the patient during the hospital stay.
- f Includes discharges for which GMS status was not known.
- g Relates to lengths of stay for in-patients between 0 and 30 days (inclusive).
- h Relates to lengths of stay of more than 30 days.
- i Crude discharge rate is calculated as the ratio of total discharges to the population of Ireland, multiplied by 1,000. When those discharges with no fixed abode and who were living outside Ireland are excluded, the crude discharge rate is 335.2 per 1,000 population.
- j These figures published by the CSO are based on the 'usual residence' concept. Rates used throughout the rest of the report are based on estimates obtained from the ESRI, as a regional breakdown by HSE Region was only achievable using this data.

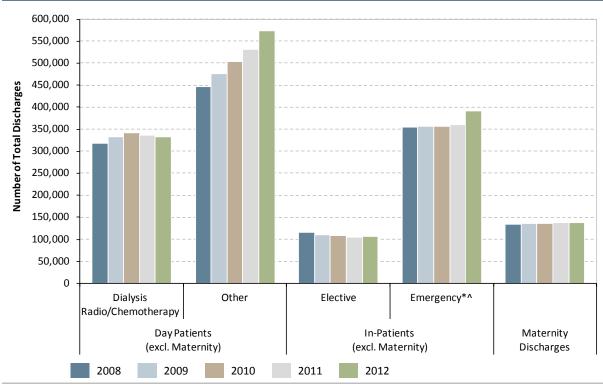
Sources:

Data on discharges and bed days for 2008–2012 were obtained from HIPE.

Population estimates for 2008–2012 were obtained from the Central Statistics Office.

(http://www.cso.ie/px/pxeirestat/Statire/SelectVarVal/saveselections.asp – Accessed: 22 October 2013.)

FIGURE 1.2 Total Discharges by Patient Type and Admission Type (N), 2008–2012



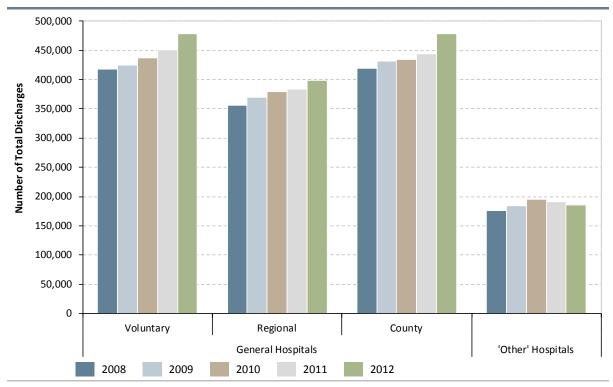
Notes:

See Appendix I for a list of hospitals that participated in HIPE in 2012.

- $An emergency in-patient admission is unforeseen and requires urgent care. \ Emergency admissions do not capture patients who are consistent of the contract of the contract$ $attended the \ Emergency \ Department \ but \ were \ not \ subsequently \ admitted. \ For this \ reason, it is \ not \ possible \ to \ use \ emergency \ department \ but \ were \ not \ subsequently \ admitted.$ admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the volume of activity in Emergency Departments.
- $A factor contributing \ to \ the increase \ in \ the \ number \ of \ emergency \ in-patient \ admissions \ in \ 2012 \ is \ the \ increase \ in \ the \ number \ of \ emergency \ in-patient \ admissions \ in \ 2012 \ is \ the \ increase \ in \ the \ number \ of \ emergency \ in-patient \ in \ emergency \ in \ emergency \ in-patient \ in \ emergency \ in \ emergency \ in-patient \ in \ emergency \ in-patient \ in \ emergency \ in \ emergen$ AMU/AMAU/MAU's authorised for reporting to HIPE (see Section 1.5). Data for 2008–2012 were obtained from HIPE.

Sources:

FIGURE 1.3 Total Discharges by Hospital Type (N), 2008–2012



See Appendix I for a list of hospitals that participated in HIPE in 2012. Notes:

Data for 2008–2012 were obtained from HIPE. Sources:

Discharge Overview SECTION

2012

Table of Contents

| 2.1 | INTRO | DDUCTION | 1! |
|-----|-------|--|----|
| 2.2 | WHO | | 16 |
| | 2.2.1 | Age | 16 |
| | 2.2.2 | Marital/Civil Status | 23 |
| | 2.2.3 | Public/Private Status | 24 |
| | 2.2.4 | GMS Status | 26 |
| | 2.2.5 | Public/Private Status by GMS Status and Patient Type | 28 |
| 2.3 | WHER | RE | 29 |
| | 2.3.1 | HSE Area of Hospitalisation | |
| | 2.3.2 | HSE Area of Residence | |
| | 2.3.3 | Inter-Regional Flows | |
| | 2.3.4 | Hospital Type | 41 |
| | 2.3.5 | Admission Source | 48 |
| | 2.3.6 | Discharge Destination | |
| | 2.3.7 | Admission Source by Discharge Destination | |
| 2.4 | WHEN | V | 54 |
| | 2.4.1 | Day of Admission | 54 |
| | 2.4.2 | Day of Discharge | 56 |
| | 2.4.3 | Month of Admission | 58 |

Total Discharges 1,541,084

Discharges excluding Maternity 1,403,562

2.1 INTRODUCTION

Section Two provides an overview of the demographic, regional and temporal distribution of day patient and in-patient discharges. The discharges reported in this section relate to total discharges excluding those with Admission Type Maternity. 1 Section Two therefore provides an analysis of 1,403,562 discharges and is divided into three sections.

- Section 2.2 discusses who the discharges were (age, sex, marital/civil status, public/private status, and GMS status).
- Section 2.3 discusses where discharges were hospitalised, reside, where they were coming from, and where they were discharged to (HSE area of hospitalisation, hospital type, HSE area of residence, admission source, and discharge destination).
- Section 2.4 discusses when discharges were admitted to, and discharged from, hospital (day of admission, day of discharge, and month of admission).

Section Four of this report provides a similar analysis of activity for discharges with Admission Type Maternity.

2.2 WHO

Section 2.2 examines patient characteristics. Total discharges (excl. Maternity) are disaggregated in the following tables and figures by age, sex, marital/civil status, public/private status, and GMS status.

A day patient is admitted to hospital for treatment on an elective (rather than an emergency) basis and is discharged alive, as scheduled, on the same day. In 2012, day patient discharges accounted for 64.5 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity). In-patient discharges accounted for the remaining 35.5 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity) with 78.5 per cent of in-patients admitted on an emergency basis and 21.5 per cent admitted on an elective basis.

2.2.1 Age

Table 2.1a disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by patient type, (day patient and in-patient) and age group. In-patient discharges are disaggregated into acute and extended stay discharges. Acute in-patient discharges are defined as those with a length of stay of 30 days or less, while extended stay in-patient discharges have a length of stay in excess of 30 days.

Discharges

- The largest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) was in the 65–74 years age group (18.3 per cent). They accounted for the largest proportion of day patient discharges (20.2 per cent) and acute in-patient discharges (14.5 per cent).
- The 75–84 years age group accounted for the largest proportion of extended stay in-patient discharges (28.9 per cent).
- The 1–14 years age group accounted for 12.0 per cent of in-patient discharges and 4.4 per cent of in-patient bed days.
- Discharges in the older age groups accounted for a relatively large proportion of bed days; the 75-84 years age group accounted for 14.3 per cent of in-patient discharges and 23.7 per cent of in-patient bed days.

Length of Stay

- Apart from those aged less than one year, mean length of stay increased with age for acute in-patient discharges rising from 2.2 days for discharges aged 1-14 years to 7.7 days for discharges aged 85 years and over.
- Across all age groups median length of stay for extended stay in-patient discharges ranged from 42 to 49 days.

TABLE 2.1a Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Patient Type by Age Group (N, %, Bed Days, %, and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | Discharges and Bed Days | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------|-------------------|------|-----------|------|----------------------|------|----------|------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|------|-------------------|------|
| | Day Pati | onto | In-Patients | | | | | | | | | Total Discharges | | | | |
| | Day Pati | ents | Acute (0–30 days) | | | | Extended (> 30 days) | | | | Total In-Patients | | | | (excl. Maternity) | |
| | N | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 4,569 | 0.5 | 28,932 | 6.0 | 111,580 | 5.2 | 887 | 5.8 | 50,452 | 5.1 | 29,819 | 6.0 | 162,032 | 5.1 | 34,388 | 2.5 |
| 1–14 Years | 43,507 | 4.8 | 59,714 | 12.4 | 131,084 | 6.1 | 137 | 0.9 | 7,238 | 0.7 | 59,851 | 12.0 | 138,322 | 4.4 | 103,358 | 7.4 |
| 15–24 Years | 33,749 | 3.7 | 32,027 | 6.6 | 83,756 | 3.9 | 230 | 1.5 | 13,340 | 1.4 | 32,257 | 6.5 | 97,096 | 3.1 | 66,006 | 4.7 |
| 25–34 Years | 71,237 | 7.9 | 37,271 | 7.7 | 111,668 | 5.2 | 404 | 2.7 | 27,303 | 2.8 | 37,675 | 7.6 | 138,971 | 4.4 | 108,912 | 7.8 |
| 35-44 Years | 103,559 | 11.4 | 43,542 | 9.0 | 143,278 | 6.6 | 624 | 4.1 | 50,645 | 5.1 | 44,166 | 8.9 | 193,923 | 6.2 | 147,725 | 10.5 |
| 45-54 Years | 139,258 | 15.4 | 51,665 | 10.7 | 201,417 | 9.3 | 995 | 6.6 | 64,453 | 6.5 | 52,660 | 10.6 | 265,870 | 8.4 | 191,918 | 13.7 |
| 55–64 Years | 176,181 | 19.5 | 62,166 | 12.9 | 296,848 | 13.7 | 1,763 | 11.6 | 114,146 | 11.6 | 63,929 | 12.8 | 410,994 | 13.0 | 240,110 | 17.1 |
| 65-74 Years | 183,326 | 20.2 | 69,969 | 14.5 | 396,247 | 18.3 | 2,928 | 19.3 | 181,645 | 18.4 | 72,897 | 14.6 | 577,892 | 18.3 | 256,223 | 18.3 |
| 75–84 Years | 122,588 | 13.5 | 66,994 | 13.9 | 456,216 | 21.1 | 4,394 | 28.9 | 289,664 | 29.4 | 71,388 | 14.3 | 745,880 | 23.7 | 193,976 | 13.8 |
| 85 Years and Over | 27,713 | 3.1 | 30,415 | 6.3 | 234,464 | 10.8 | 2,818 | 18.6 | 186,305 | 18.9 | 33,233 | 6.7 | 420,769 | 13.4 | 60,946 | 4.3 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 905,687 | 100 | 482,695 | 100 | 2,166,558 | 100 | 15,180 | 100 | 985,191 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 | 3,151,749 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

| In-Patient Length of Stay | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|--|----------|-------------|---|------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | Acute (0 | –30 days) | | Extended | (> 30 days) | | Total In-Patient | | | | |
| | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | | |
| < 1 Year | 3.9 | 2 | < 1 Year | 56.9 | 46 | < 1 Year | 5.4 | 2 | | | |
| 1-14 Years | 2.2 | 1 | 1–14 Years | 52.8 | 42 | 1-14 Years | 2.3 | 1 | | | |
| 15-24 Years | 2.6 | 1 | 15–24 Years | 58.0 | 43 | 15-24 Years | 3.0 | 1 | | | |
| 25-34 Years | 3.0 | 2 | 25-34 Years | 67.6 | 48 | 25-34 Years | 3.7 | 2 | | | |
| 35-44 Years | 3.3 | 2 | 35–44 Years ^a | 81.2 | 45 | 35-44 Years | 4.4 | 2 | | | |
| 45-54 Years | 3.9 | 2 | 45-54 Years | 64.8 | 46 | 45-54 Years | 5.0 | 2 | | | |
| 55–64 Years | 4.8 | 3 | 55–64 Years | 64.7 | 45 | 55-64 Years | 6.4 | 3 | | | |
| 65-74 Years | 5.7 | 4 | 65-74 Years | 62.0 | 46 | 65-74 Years | 7.9 | 4 | | | |
| 75-84 Years | 6.8 | 5 | 75–84 Years | 65.9 | 48 | 75-84 Years | 10.4 | 5 | | | |
| 85 Years and Over | 7.7 | 6 | 85 Years and Over | 66.1 | 49 | 85 Years and Over | 12.7 | 7 | | | |
| Acute In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 4.5 | 2 | Extended In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 64.9 | 47 | Total In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 6.3 | 2 | | | |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Length of stay in this age category was exceptionally high due to a small number of discharges in one particular hospital. а

2.2.1.1 Age and Sex

The data presented in Table 2.1a is disaggregated by male and female discharges in Tables 2.1b and 2.1c respectively. In 2012, females accounted for 49.7 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*).

Discharges

- The 65–74 years age group accounted for the largest proportion of male discharges (20.1 per cent) whereas the largest proportion of female discharges were accounted for by the 55–64 years age group and the 65–74 years age group, both accounting for 16.4 per cent of female discharges.
- Discharges aged 65 years and over accounted for 34.8 per cent of male inpatient discharges and 52.7 per cent of male in-patient bed days, while for females this group accounted for 36.5 per cent of female in-patient discharges and 58.0 per cent of female in-patient bed days.
- The 75–84 years age group accounted for the largest proportion of in-patient bed days for both males (22.7 per cent) and females (24.6 per cent).

Length of Stay

- Female acute in-patient discharges had a slightly longer mean length of stay (4.5 days) compared to male acute in-patients (4.4 days). As displayed in Figure 2.1, acute mean length of stay generally increased with age for both sexes.
- Mean length of stay for extended stay in-patient discharges was similar across
 the age groups for both males and females (see Figure 2.2). Median length of
 stay ranged between 42 days and 50 days for male discharges and between 43
 days and 49 days for female discharges. Median length of stay was generally
 longest in the older age categories for both sexes.

TABLE 2.1b Total Male Discharges: Patient Type by Age Group (N, %, Bed Days, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | Disch | narges and | Bed Days | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|------------|------|-------|------------|----------|------|---------|----------|------------|-------|----------|------|
| | Day Dati | a valo | | | | | | In-Pati | ents | | | | | | Total Ma | ale |
| | Day Pati | ents | | Acute (| 0–30 days) | | E | ctended (> | 30 days) | | | Total Ir | n-Patients | | Dischar | ges |
| | N | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 2,489 | 0.5 | 16,374 | 6.7 | 62,643 | 5.8 | 487 | 6.4 | 27,614 | 5.5 | 16,861 | 6.7 | 90,257 | 5.7 | 19,350 | 2.7 |
| 1-14 Years | 25,274 | 5.6 | 32,630 | 13.3 | 69,287 | 6.4 | 75 | 1.0 | 3889 | 0.8 | 32,705 | 12.9 | 73,176 | 4.6 | 57,979 | 8.2 |
| 15-24 Years | 16,131 | 3.6 | 15,299 | 6.2 | 40,215 | 3.7 | 146 | 1.9 | 7835 | 1.6 | 15,445 | 6.1 | 48,050 | 3.0 | 31,576 | 4.5 |
| 25-34 Years | 29,076 | 6.4 | 17,460 | 7.1 | 53,779 | 4.9 | 215 | 2.8 | 14,762 | 2.9 | 17,675 | 7.0 | 68,541 | 4.3 | 46,751 | 6.6 |
| 35-44 Years | 44,186 | 9.8 | 21,224 | 8.6 | 71,030 | 6.5 | 353 | 4.6 | 34,167 | 6.8 | 21,577 | 8.5 | 105,197 | 6.6 | 65,763 | 9.3 |
| 45-54 Years | 61,582 | 13.6 | 25,780 | 10.5 | 101,119 | 9.3 | 532 | 7.0 | 35,632 | 7.1 | 26,312 | 10.4 | 136,751 | 8.6 | 87,894 | 12.4 |
| 55–64 Years | 91,488 | 20.2 | 33,561 | 13.7 | 162,501 | 14.9 | 1,019 | 13.3 | 67,519 | 13.4 | 34,580 | 13.7 | 230,020 | 14.5 | 126,068 | 17.9 |
| 65-74 Years | 102,380 | 22.6 | 38,077 | 15.5 | 216,342 | 19.9 | 1,704 | 22.3 | 107,841 | 21.5 | 39,781 | 15.7 | 324,183 | 20.4 | 142,161 | 20.1 |
| 75-84 Years | 66,052 | 14.6 | 33,199 | 13.5 | 223,215 | 20.5 | 2,118 | 27.7 | 138,715 | 27.6 | 35,317 | 14.0 | 361,930 | 22.7 | 101,369 | 14.4 |
| 85 Years and Over | 14,418 | 3.2 | 11,845 | 4.8 | 88,797 | 8.2 | 1,005 | 13.1 | 64,407 | 12.8 | 12,850 | 5.1 | 153,204 | 9.6 | 27,268 | 3.9 |
| Total Male Discharges | 453,076 | 100 | 245,449 | 100 | 1,088,928 | 100 | 7,654 | 100 | 502,381 | 100 | 253,103 | 100 | 1,591,309 | 100.0 | 706,179 | 100 |

| | | | In-Patient L | ength of Sta | ay | | | |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Acute (0 | –30 days) | | Extended | (> 30 days) | | Total In | n-Patient |
| | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median |
| < 1 Year | 3.8 | 2 | < 1 Year | 56.7 | 46 | < 1 Year | 5.4 | 2 |
| 1-14 Years | 2.1 | 1 | 1–14 Years | 51.9 | 42 | 1–14 Years | 2.2 | 1 |
| 15-24 Years | 2.6 | 1 | 15-24 Years | 53.7 | 42 | 15–24 Years | 3.1 | 1 |
| 25-34 Years | 3.1 | 2 | 25-34 Years | 68.7 | 50 | 25-34 Years | 3.9 | 2 |
| 35-44 Years | 3.3 | 2 | 35–44 Years ^a | 96.8 | 47 | 35–44 Years | 4.9 | 2 |
| 45-54 Years | 3.9 | 2 | 45-54 Years | 67.0 | 48 | 45-54 Years | 5.2 | 2 |
| 55-64 Years | 4.8 | 3 | 55–64 Years | 66.3 | 46 | 55–64 Years | 6.7 | 3 |
| 65-74 Years | 5.7 | 4 | 65-74 Years | 63.3 | 47 | 65-74 Years | 8.1 | 4 |
| 75-84 Years | 6.7 | 5 | 75–84 Years | 65.5 | 49 | 75–84 Years | 10.2 | 5 |
| 85 Years and Over | 7.5 | 6 | 85 Years and Over | 64.1 | 48 | 85 Years and Over | 11.9 | 6 |
| Acute Male | 4.4 | 2 | Extended Male | CE C | 47 | Total Male | 6.3 | , |
| In-Patients | 4.4 | 2 | In-Patients | 65.6 | 47 | In-Patients | 6.3 | 2 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a Length of stay in this age category was exceptionally high due to a small number of discharges in one particular hospital.

 TABLE 2.1c
 Total Female Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type by Age Group (N, %, Bed Days, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | Di | scharge | s and Bed Da | ays | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------|---------|-----------|-------------|------|-------|---------|--------------|------|---------|----------|-------------|------|-------------------------------|------|
| | | | | | | | | In-l | Patients | | | | | | Total Fen | nale |
| | Day Pati | ients | ı | Acute (0- | -30 days) | | E | xtende | d (>30 days) | | | Total Ir | n-Patients | | Dischar (excl. <i>Mate</i> | |
| | N | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % | Bed Days | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 2,080 | 0.5 | 12,558 | 5.3 | 48,937 | 4.5 | 400 | 5.3 | 22,838 | 4.7 | 12,958 | 5.3 | 71,775 | 4.6 | 15,038 | 2.2 |
| 1–14 Years | 18,233 | 4.0 | 27,084 | 11.4 | 61,797 | 5.7 | 62 | 0.8 | 3,349 | 0.7 | 27,146 | 11.1 | 65,146 | 4.2 | 45,379 | 6.5 |
| 15–24 Years | 17,618 | 3.9 | 16,728 | 7.1 | 43,541 | 4.0 | 84 | 1.1 | 5,505 | 1.1 | 16,812 | 6.9 | 49,046 | 3.1 | 34,430 | 4.9 |
| 25–34 Years | 42,161 | 9.3 | 19,811 | 8.4 | 57,889 | 5.4 | 189 | 2.5 | 12,541 | 2.6 | 20,000 | 8.2 | 70,430 | 4.5 | 62,161 | 8.9 |
| 35–44 Years | 59,373 | 13.1 | 22,318 | 9.4 | 72,248 | 6.7 | 271 | 3.6 | 16,478 | 3.4 | 22,589 | 9.2 | 88,726 | 5.7 | 81,962 | 11.8 |
| 45-54 Years | 77,676 | 17.2 | 25,885 | 10.9 | 100,298 | 9.3 | 463 | 6.2 | 28,821 | 6.0 | 26,348 | 10.8 | 129,119 | 8.3 | 104,024 | 14.9 |
| 55–64 Years | 84,693 | 18.7 | 28,605 | 12.1 | 134,347 | 12.5 | 744 | 9.9 | 46,627 | 9.7 | 29,349 | 12.0 | 180,974 | 11.6 | 114,042 | 16.4 |
| 65-74 Years | 80,946 | 17.9 | 31,892 | 13.4 | 179,905 | 16.7 | 1,224 | 16.3 | 73,804 | 15.3 | 33,116 | 13.5 | 253,709 | 16.3 | 114,062 | 16.4 |
| 75–84 Years | 56,536 | 12.5 | 33,795 | 14.2 | 233,001 | 21.6 | 2,276 | 30.2 | 150,949 | 31.3 | 36,071 | 14.7 | 383,950 | 24.6 | 92,607 | 13.3 |
| 85 Years and Over | 13,295 | 2.9 | 18,570 | 7.8 | 145,667 | 13.5 | 1,813 | 24.1 | 121,898 | 25.2 | 20,383 | 8.3 | 267,565 | 17.1 | 33,678 | 4.8 |
| Total Female Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 452,611 | 100 | 237,246 | 100 | 1,077,630 | 100 | 7,526 | 100 | 482,810 | 100 | 244,772 | 100 | 1,560,440 | 100 | 697,383 | 100 |

| | | | In-Patient Length | of Stay | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Acute (0 | –30 days) | | Extended (| > 30 days) | | Total In | n-Patient |
| | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median |
| < 1 Year | 3.9 | 2 | < 1 Year | 57.1 | 46 | < 1 Year | 5.5 | 2 |
| 1–14 Years | 2.3 | 1 | 1–14 Years | 54.0 | 43 | 1–14 Years | 2.4 | 1 |
| 15–24 Years | 2.6 | 1 | 15–24 Years | 65.5 | 47 | 15–24 Years | 2.9 | 1 |
| 25-34 Years | 2.9 | 2 | 25-34 Years | 66.4 | 45 | 25–34 Years | 3.5 | 2 |
| 35–44 Years | 3.2 | 2 | 35–44 Years | 60.8 | 44 | 35–44 Years | 3.9 | 2 |
| 45–54 Years | 3.9 | 2 | 45–54 Years | 62.2 | 45 | 45–54 Years | 4.9 | 2 |
| 55–64 Years | 4.7 | 3 | 55–64 Years | 62.7 | 45 | 55–64 Years | 6.2 | 3 |
| 65-74 Years | 5.6 | 4 | 65-74 Years | 60.3 | 45 | 65-74 Years | 7.7 | 4 |
| 75–84 Years | 6.9 | 5 | 75–84 Years | 66.3 | 48 | 75–84 Years | 10.6 | 5 |
| 85 Years and Over | 7.8 | 6 | 85 Years and Over | 67.2 | 49 | 85 Years and Over | 13.1 | 7 |
| Acute Female In-Patients | 4.5 | 2 | Extended Female In-Patients | 64.2 | 47 | Total Female In-Patients | C 4 | 2 |
| (excl. Maternity) | 4.5 | 2 | (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 64.2 | 47 | (excl. Maternity) | 6.4 | 3 |

Note: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

FIGURE 2.1 Acute In-Patients (excl. *Maternity*): Mean Length of Stay by Sex and Age Group

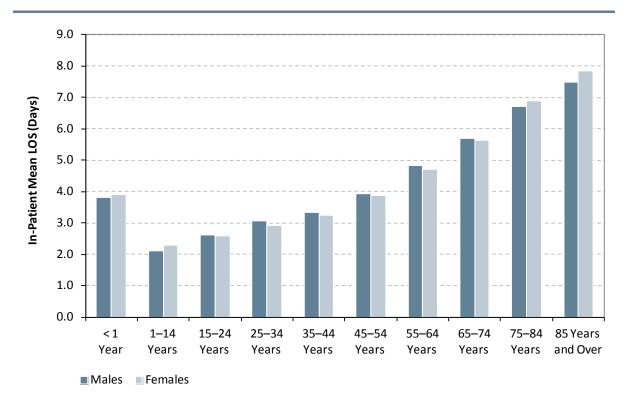
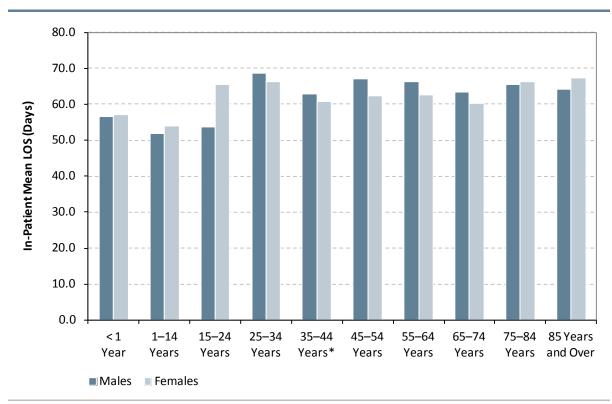


FIGURE 2.2 Extended Stay In-Patients (excl. Maternity): Mean Length of Stay by Sex and Age Group



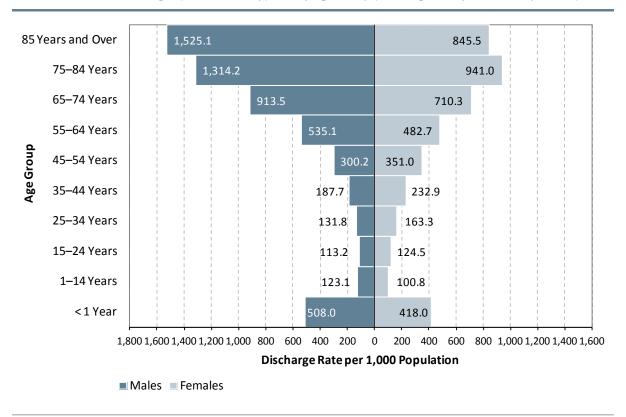
Notes: * Length of stay in this age category was exceptionally high due to a small number of discharges in one particular hospital. In order to more accurately reflect the mean length of stay for extended stay in-patients, these discharges have been excluded from the analysis for this figure.

2.2.1.2 Discharge Rates by Age and Sex

Figure 2.3 shows the discharge rates per 1,000 population by sex and age group for total discharges (excl. *Maternity*).²

- Apart from the youngest age group, for both males and females, the discharge
 rate generally increased with age. Males aged 85 years and over recorded the
 highest discharge rate (1,525.1 per 1,000 population for males) whilst the
 highest discharge rate for females was amongst those aged between 75 and 84
 years (941.0 per 1,000 population of females).
- Females aged between 15 and 54 years had a higher discharge rate per 1,000 population than males; males had a higher discharge rate for all other age groups.

FIGURE 2.3 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Sex by Age Group (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population)



Note: Rates are based on population estimates obtained from the ESRI, 2013 — see Appendix V.

Rates are based on population estimates obtained from the ESRI — see Appendix V.

2.2.2 Marital/Civil Status

2.2.2.1 Marital/Civil Status by Patient Type

Table 2.2 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by patient type and marital/civil status.

- Married discharges accounted for 46.9 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Discharges who were single accounted for the largest proportion of acute inpatient discharges (43.9 per cent), while married discharges accounted for the largest proportion of extended stay in-patient discharges (36.7 per cent).
- Discharges who were widowed accounted for 9.9 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity). However, they accounted for almost a quarter of extended stay in-patient discharges (24.5 per cent).

TABLE 2.2 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type by Marital/Civil Status (N, %)

| | | | | | In-Pati | ents | | | Total Disch | |
|--|----------|------|-------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| | Day Pati | ents | Acute (0–30 da | | Exten (> 30 c | | Tota In-Patie | - | (excl. <i>Mate</i> | |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| Single | 276,290 | 30.5 | 211,726 | 43.9 | 4,655 | 30.7 | 216,381 | 43.5 | 492,671 | 35.1 |
| Married | 468,964 | 51.8 | 184,315 | 38.2 | 5,575 | 36.7 | 189,890 | 38.1 | 658,854 | 46.9 |
| Widowed | 81,427 | 9.0 | 54,107 | 11.2 | 3,721 | 24.5 | 57,828 | 11.6 | 139,255 | 9.9 |
| Other* | 39,689 | 4.4 | 18,013 | 3.7 | 631 | 4.2 | 18,644 | 3.7 | 58,333 | 4.2 |
| Unknown | 28,691 | 3.2 | 9,451 | 2.0 | 440 | 2.9 | 9,891 | 2.0 | 38,582 | 2.7 |
| Divorced | 10,626 | 1.2 | 5,083 | 1.1 | 158 | 1.0 | 5,241 | 1.1 | 15,867 | 1.1 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 905,687 | 100 | 482,695 | 100 | 15,180 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Note:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Other includes Separated, Civil Partner, Formal Civil Partner, and Surviving Civil Partner

2.2.2.2 Marital/Civil Status by Age

Figure 2.4 shows the proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) by marital/civil status and age group.

- Two out of every five discharges (40.3 per cent) who were single were aged 15-44 years.
- For discharges who were widowed, 88.0 per cent were aged 65 years and over.

100.0 90.0 Fotal Discharges (excl. Maternity) (%) 80.0 70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 Single Married Widowed Other* Unknown Divorced Total Under 15 Years 27.9 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 9.8 ■ 15–44 Years 40.3 15.8 0.7 12.7 26.1 10.1 23.0 ■45-64 Years 17.1 41.5 11.3 58.2 37.4 64.1 30.8 ■ 65 Years and Over 42.7 14.7 0.88 29.1 25.8 36.4 36.4

FIGURE 2.4 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Marital/Civil Status by Age Group (%)

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

2.2.3 Public/Private Status

In HIPE, public/private status relates to whether the patient saw the consultant on a private or public basis. Private consultant care may be funded through private health insurance and/or out-of-pocket payment. Table 2.3 disaggregates total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by public/private status and age group.³

- Of total discharges (excl. Maternity), 83.3 per cent were discharged on a public basis.
- Apart from the oldest age group, the 25–34 years age group had the largest proportion of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) treated publicly (87.1 per cent) with only 12.9 per cent treated on a private basis.
- The 1–14 years age group had the largest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) that were treated on a private basis, which accounted for 24.6 per cent of all discharges in this age group.

^{*} Other includes Separated, Civil Partner, Formal Civil Partner, and Surviving Civil Partner

For length of stay analysis see Table 2.11.

TABLE 2.3 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Public/Private Status by Age Group (N, %)

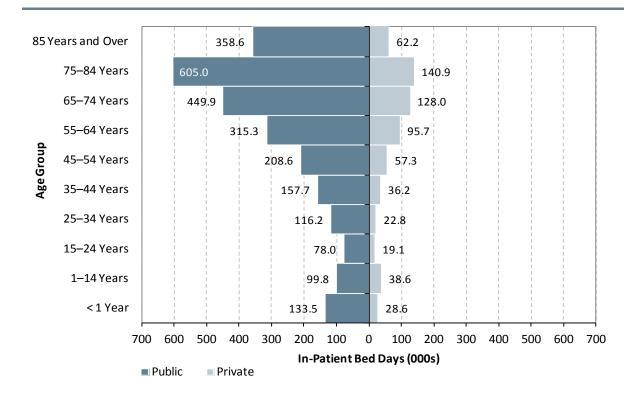
| | Pub | olic | Priv | ate | | scharges aternity) |
|---|-----------|------|---------|------|-----------|-----------------------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 27,148 | 78.9 | 7,240 | 21.1 | 34,388 | 100 |
| 1-14 Years | 77,956 | 75.4 | 25,402 | 24.6 | 103,358 | 100 |
| 15–24 Years | 55,624 | 84.3 | 10,382 | 15.7 | 66,006 | 100 |
| 25–34 Years | 94,887 | 87.1 | 14,025 | 12.9 | 108,912 | 100 |
| 35–44 Years | 122,781 | 83.1 | 24,944 | 16.9 | 147,725 | 100 |
| 45-54 Years | 158,236 | 82.4 | 33,682 | 17.6 | 191,918 | 100 |
| 55–64 Years | 197,063 | 82.1 | 43,047 | 17.9 | 240,110 | 100 |
| 65-74 Years | 213,147 | 83.2 | 43,076 | 16.8 | 256,223 | 100 |
| 75–84 Years | 167,762 | 86.5 | 26,214 | 13.5 | 193,976 | 100 |
| 85 Years and Over | 54,038 | 88.7 | 6,908 | 11.3 | 60,946 | 100 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 1,168,642 | 83.3 | 234,920 | 16.7 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Figure 2.5 disaggregates total in-patient bed days (excl. Maternity) by public/private status and age group.

- The largest number of in-patient bed days was recorded by public in-patient discharges aged 75-84 years, which accounted for 604,988 bed days.
- The smallest number of in-patient bed days for both public and private patients was recorded in the 15-24 years age group, which accounted for 78,030 public bed days and 19,066 private bed days.

FIGURE 2.5 Total In-Patient Bed Days (excl. Maternity): Public/Private Status by Age Group (Bed Days)



2.2.4 GMS Status

GMS status refers to the medical card status of each HIPE discharge. ⁴ Eligibility for a medical card is predominately dependent on income. It should be noted that where discharges are recorded as having a medical card this does not necessarily imply that the hospital discharge was publicly funded and vice versa.

Table 2.4 disaggregates total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by GMS status and age group.⁵

- Of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*), 56.7 per cent were GMS discharges.
- The proportion of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) that were GMS discharges generally increased with age, with the largest proportion in the 85 years and over age group (84.0 per cent).

TABLE 2.4 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): GMS Status by Age Group (N, %)

| | GM | 15 | Non- | GMS | Unkn | own ^a | Total Disc (excl. <i>Ma</i> : | |
|--|---------|------|---------|------|--------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 6,550 | 19.0 | 27,134 | 78.9 | 704 | 2.0 | 34,388 | 100 |
| 1-14 Years | 49,418 | 47.8 | 53,662 | 51.9 | 278 | 0.3 | 103,358 | 100 |
| 15-24 Years | 29,806 | 45.2 | 35,695 | 54.1 | 505 | 0.8 | 66,006 | 100 |
| 25-34 Years | 47,005 | 43.2 | 59,190 | 54.3 | 2,717 | 2.5 | 108,912 | 100 |
| 35–44 Years | 67,481 | 45.7 | 78,275 | 53.0 | 1,969 | 1.3 | 147,725 | 100 |
| 45-54 Years | 91,508 | 47.7 | 98,322 | 51.2 | 2,088 | 1.1 | 191,918 | 100 |
| 55–64 Years | 125,065 | 52.1 | 112,438 | 46.8 | 2,607 | 1.1 | 240,110 | 100 |
| 65-74 Years | 168,886 | 65.9 | 83,645 | 32.6 | 3,692 | 1.4 | 256,223 | 100 |
| 75–84 Years | 158,204 | 81.6 | 33,494 | 17.3 | 2,278 | 1.2 | 193,976 | 100 |
| 85 Years and Over | 51,203 | 84.0 | 8,774 | 14.4 | 969 | 1.6 | 60,946 | 100 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 795,126 | 56.7 | 590,629 | 42.1 | 17,807 | 1.3 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

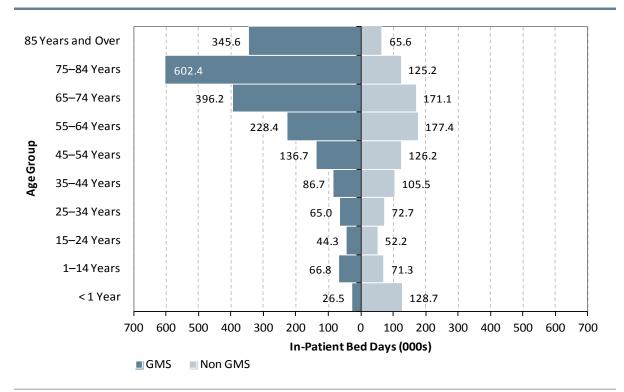
a Relates to discharges for whom GMS status was not known.

The HSE reported that 1,853,877 individuals were covered by a medical card at the end of December 2012. Using population estimates obtained from ESRI in 2013, this equates to 40.3 per cent of the population – see Appendix V. http://www.hse.ie/eng/services/Publications/corporate/performancereports/dec12pr.pdf

For length of stay analysis see Table 2.7.

- The largest number of in-patient bed days for GMS discharges was in the 75–84 years age group, which accounted for 602,405 bed days.
- The largest number of in-patient bed days for non-GMS discharges was in the 55–64 years age group, which accounted for 177,433 bed days.
- The smallest number of in-patient bed days for GMS discharges was 26,483 in the less than one year age group, while the smallest number of in-patient bed days for non-GMS discharges was 52,241 in the 15–24 years age group.

FIGURE 2.6 Total In-Patient Bed Days (excl. Maternity): GMS Status by Age Group (Bed Days)



Note: Data for discharges whose GMS status was 'unknown' are not presented in this figure.

2.2.5 Public/Private Status by GMS Status and Patient Type

Table 2.5 and Figure 2.7 disaggregate total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by public/private status, GMS status and patient type.

- For GMS in-patient discharges, 92.8 per cent were treated on a public basis compared to 7.2 per cent who were treated privately.
- For non-GMS in-patient discharges, 59.6 per cent were treated on a public basis with the remaining 40.4 per cent treated on a private basis.

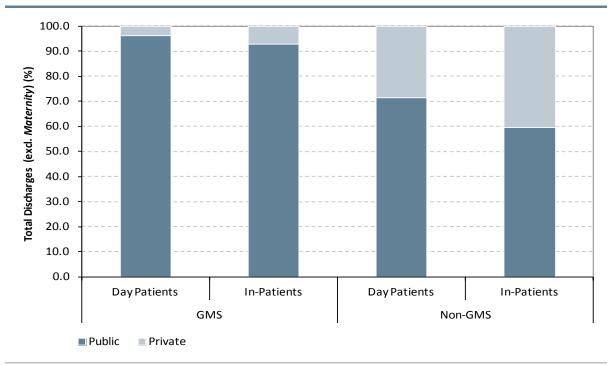
TABLE 2.5 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Public/Private Status by GMS Status and Patient Type (N, %)

| | | Pub | olic | Priv | rate | Total Dis | |
|-----------------|---|-----------|------|---------|------|-----------|-----|
| | | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | Day Patients | 497,918 | 96.2 | 19,664 | 3.8 | 517,582 | 100 |
| GMS | In-Patients | 257,577 | 92.8 | 19,967 | 7.2 | 277,544 | 100 |
| | Total GMS | 755,495 | 95.0 | 39,631 | 5.0 | 795,126 | 100 |
| MS | Day Patients | 267,028 | 71.3 | 107,416 | 28.7 | 374,444 | 100 |
| Non-GMS | In-Patients | 128,882 | 59.6 | 87,303 | 40.4 | 216,185 | 100 |
| 2 | Total Non-GMS | 395,910 | 67.0 | 194,719 | 33.0 | 590,629 | 100 |
| vn ^a | Day Patients | 13,438 | 98.4 | 223 | 1.6 | 13,661 | 100 |
| Unknown | In-Patients | 3,799 | 91.6 | 347 | 8.4 | 4,146 | 100 |
| 亨 | Total GMS Unknown | 17,237 | 96.8 | 570 | 3.2 | 17,807 | 100 |
| | Day Patients | 778,384 | 85.9 | 127,303 | 14.1 | 905,687 | 100 |
| Total | In-Patients | 390,258 | 78.4 | 107,617 | 21.6 | 497,875 | 100 |
| To | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 1,168,642 | 83.3 | 234,920 | 16.7 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

FIGURE 2.7 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Public/Private Status, by GMS Status and Patient Type (%)



a Relates to discharges for whom GMS status was not known.

2.3 WHERE

Section 2.3 examines where discharges were hospitalised, where they were resident, and where they were admitted from and discharged to. Data are presented in the following tables and figures by HSE area of hospitalisation, HSE area of residence, hospital type, and admission source and discharge destination.

HSE Area of Hospitalisation 2.3.1

HSE area of hospitalisation reflects the HSE administrative area in which the discharge was hospitalised (see Appendix I). Total discharges (excl. Maternity) are disaggregated by patient type and admission type across each HSE area, followed by a further breakdown by GMS status to show the distribution of medical card holders across the HSE areas by patient type.

2.3.1.1 Patient Type and Admission Type by HSE Area of Hospitalisation

Table 2.6 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of hospitalisation, patient type and admission type.

Discharges

- The largest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) were hospitalised in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area (29.4 per cent) with the smallest proportion hospitalised in the HSE Dublin North East area (22.7 per cent).
- The largest proportion of day patients were hospitalised in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area (30.6 per cent) while the smallest proportion of day patient discharges were hospitalised in the HSE South area (21.3 per cent).
- The HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area accounted for 29.8 per cent of total elective inpatient discharges, and 26.6 per cent of total emergency in-patient discharges, accounting for the highest proportion across all HSE areas.

Length of Stay

- Acute in-patient mean length of stay ranged from 4.1 days in the HSE South area to 4.8 days in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.
- For acute emergency in-patient length of stay, the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area recorded the longest mean length of stay of 4.8 days compared to 4.5 days in the HSE Dublin North East and HSE West areas, and 4.0 days in the HSE South area.
- Extended stay in-patient mean length of stay was longest in HSE Dublin North East (70.8 days) which was nearly 18 days longer than in the HSE West area (53.2 days).

TABLE 2.6 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | Discharges | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------|---------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----|
| | | | Dublin North | East | Dublin Mid Le | einster | South | | West | | Total Dischar (excl. <i>Matern</i> | |
| | | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| Day I | Patients | | 209,499 | 23.1 | 277,192 | 30.6 | 193,285 | 21.3 | 225,711 | 24.9 | 905,687 | 100 |
| | | Acute (0–30 days) | 22,576 | 21.9 | 29,972 | 29.1 | 25,226 | 24.5 | 25,376 | 24.6 | 103,150 | 100 |
| | Elective Extended (> 30 days) | | 722 | 19.7 | 1,823 | 49.8 | 687 | 18.8 | 425 | 11.6 | 3,657 | 100 |
| v | | Total Elective | 23,298 | 21.8 | 31,795 | 29.8 | 25,913 | 24.3 | 25,801 | 24.2 | 106,807 | 100 |
| ent | | Acute (0–30 days) | 82,974 | 21.9 | 99,722 | 26.3 | 99,869 | 26.3 | 96,980 | 25.6 | 379,545 | 100 |
| atients | Emergency | Extended (> 30 days) | 3,118 | 27.1 | 4,261 | 37.0 | 2,212 | 19.2 | 1,932 | 16.8 | 11,523 | 100 |
| <u> </u> | | Total Emergency | 86,092 | 22.0 | 103,983 | 26.6 | 102,081 | 26.1 | 98,912 | 25.3 | 391,068 | 100 |
| _ | Acute (0–30 days) | | 105,550 | 21.9 | 129,694 | 26.9 | 125,095 | 25.9 | 122,356 | 25.3 | 482,695 | 100 |
| | Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 3,840 | 25.3 | 6,084 | 40.1 | 2,899 | 19.1 | 2,357 | 15.5 | 15,180 | 100 |
| | | 109,390 | 22.0 | 135,778 | 27.3 | 127,994 | 25.7 | 124,713 | 25.0 | 497,875 | 100 | |
| Total | Discharges (excl. | 318,889 | 22.7 | 412,970 | 29.4 | 321,279 | 22.9 | 350,424 | 25.0 | 1,403,562 | 100 | |

| | | | | | lr | n-Patient Le | ength of Sta | У | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|------|--------|------|-----------------------|
| | | Dul North | | Dul Mid Le | olin einster | So | uth | W | est | | scharges aternity) |
| | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.2 | 3 | 4.8 | 2 | 4.2 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.6 | 2 |
| Elective | Extended (> 30 days) | 57.9 | 45 | 67.8 | 48 | 59.1 | 44 | 55.2 | 45 | 62.7 | 46 |
| | Total Elective | 6.8 | 3 | 8.4 | 3 | 5.7 | 2 | 4.9 | 2 | 6.6 | 3 |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 4.5 | 2 | 4.8 | 3 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.5 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Emergency | Extended (> 30 days) | 73.8 | 50 | 70.2 | 49 | 56.2 | 46 | 52.8 | 43 | 65.6 | 47 |
| | Total Emergency | 7.0 | 2 | 7.5 | 3 | 5.2 | 2 | 5.5 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 4.6 | 2 | 4.8 | 3 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.5 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 70.8 | 49 | 69.5 | 49 | 56.9 | 45 | 53.2 | 44 | 64.9 | 47 |
| | Total In-Patients (excl. Maternity) | 6.9 | 2 | 7.7 | 3 | 5.3 | 2 | 5.4 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 |

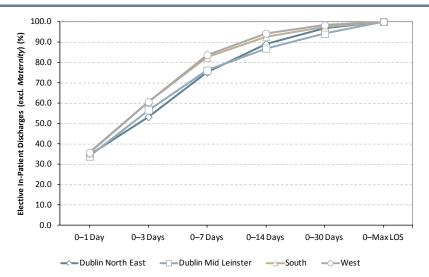
Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

Figures 2.8a and 2.8b show the cumulative distribution of length of stay for elective and emergency in-patient discharges respectively by HSE area of hospitalisation.

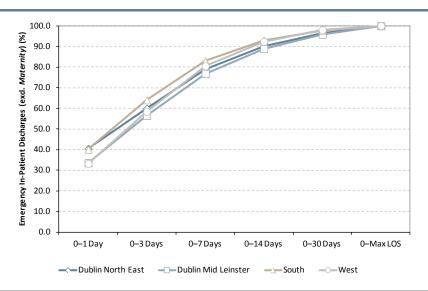
- 83.8 per cent of elective in-patients discharged in the HSE West and 82.5 per cent in the HSE South areas spent 7 days or less in hospital. In contrast, 75.2 per cent of elective in-patients discharged in the HSE Dublin North East area and 76.1 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area had a length of stay of 7 days or less.
- 83.0 per cent of emergency in-patients discharged in the HSE South and 80.6 per cent in the HSE West areas spent 7 days or less in hospital. This compared to 78.9 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area and 76.9 in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

FIGURE 2.8a Elective In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumulative Percentage)



Emergency In-Patient Discharges^a: Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation FIGURE 2.8b (Cumulative Percentage)

Note:



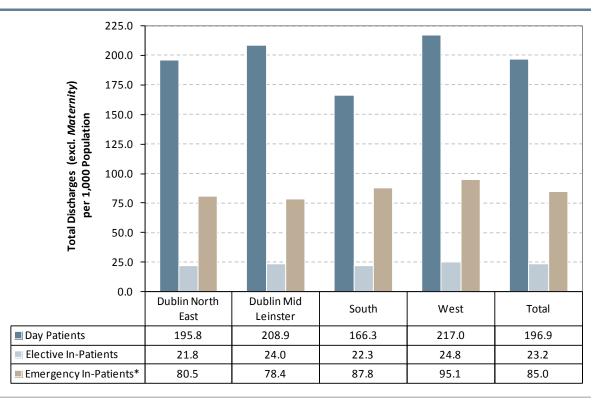
HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.1.2 Discharge Rates by HSE Area of Hospitalisation

Figure 2.9 shows the discharge rates per 1,000 population for total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by HSE area of hospitalisation, patient and admission type.

- The HSE West area recorded the highest discharge rate for day patients (217.0 per 1,000 population) compared with the lowest rate in the HSE South area (166.3 per 1,000 population).
- Elective in-patient discharges recorded a similar rate across all areas ranging from 21.8 in the HSE Dublin North East area to 24.8 per 1,000 population in the HSE West area.
- The HSE West area recorded the highest discharge rate for emergency in-patient discharges (95.1 per 1,000 population) compared with the lowest rate in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area (78.4 per 1,000 population).

FIGURE 2.9 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type and Admission Type (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population)



Notes: Rates are based on population estimates obtained from the ESRI — see Appendix V.

^{*} HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.1.3 HSE Area of Hospitalisation by GMS Status

Table 2.7 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of hospitalisation and GMS status.

Discharges

- The HSE West area treated the largest proportion of GMS discharges (29.9 per cent) while the HSE Dublin North East area treated the smallest proportion of GMS discharges (20.7 per cent).
- For extended stay in-patients, the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area treated the largest proportion of both GMS discharges (37.2 per cent) and non-GMS discharges (47.3 per cent).

Length of Stay

- GMS discharges had a mean length of stay which was just over 2 days longer than their non-GMS counterparts (7.2 days compared to 5.1 days). Median length of stay was 1 day longer for GMS discharges.
- The HSE West area recorded the shortest in-patient mean length of stay for GMS discharges (6.1 days) and both the HSE West area and the HSE South area recorded the shortest in-patient mean length of stay for non-GMS discharges (4.1 days).
- The HSE Dublin North East area had the longest in-patient mean length of stay for extended stay GMS discharges (75.1 days) while the Dublin Mid Leinster area recorded the longest in-patient mean length of stay for extended stay non-GMS discharges (71.3 days).

TABLE 2.7 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by GMS Status and Patient Type (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | Discha | arges | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|--|------------------|------|-------------------|------|---------|-------|---------|------|------------------------------------|-----|
| | | | Dubli North E | | Dubli Mid Leir | | Sout | h | West | t | Total Discha (excl. <i>Mate</i> | |
| | | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | Da | y Patient | 109,229 | 21.1 | 144,619 | 27.9 | 105,154 | 20.3 | 158,580 | 30.6 | 517,582 | 100 |
| 10 | ants | Acute (0–30 days) | 53,367 | 19.9 | 67,146 | 25.1 | 69,868 | 26.1 | 77,149 | 28.8 | 267,530 | 100 |
| GMS | In-Patients | Extended (> 30 days) | 2,385 | 23.8 | 3,725 | 37.2 | 2,097 | 20.9 | 1,807 | 18.0 | 10,014 | 100 |
| | = | Total | 55,752 | 20.1 | 70,871 | 25.5 | 71,965 | 25.9 | 78,956 | 28.4 | 277,544 | 100 |
| | Tot | tal GMS | 164,981 | 20.7 | 215,490 | 27.1 | 177,119 | 22.3 | 237,536 | 29.9 | 795,126 | 100 |
| | Da | y Patient | 96,249 | 25.7 | 130,183 | 34.8 | 81,708 | 21.8 | 66,304 | 17.7 | 374,444 | 100 |
| MIS | ents | Acute (0–30 days) | 50,297 | 23.8 | 61,612 | 29.1 | 54,835 | 25.9 | 44,691 | 21.1 | 211,435 | 100 |
| Non-GMS | In-Patients | Extended (> 30 days) | 1,183 | 24.9 | 2,249 | 47.3 | 794 | 16.7 | 524 | 11.0 | 4,750 | 100 |
| | - | Total | 51,480 | 23.8 | 63,861 | 29.5 | 55,629 | 25.7 | 45,215 | 20.9 | 216,185 | 100 |
| | Tot | tal Non-GMS | 147,729 | 25.0 | 194,044 | 32.9 | 137,337 | 23.3 | 111,519 | 18.9 | 590,629 | 100 |
| | Da | y Patient | 4,021 | 29.4 | 2,390 | 17.5 | 6,423 | 47.0 | 827 | 6.1 | 13,661 | 100 |
| _e u M | ents | Acute (0–30 days) | 1,886 | 50.6 | 936 | 25.1 | 392 | 10.5 | 516 | 13.8 | 3,730 | 100 |
| Unknown ^a | n-Patients | Extended (> 30 days) | 272 | 65.4 | 110 | 26.4 | 8 | 1.9 | 26 | 6.3 | 416 | 100 |
| | = | Total | 2,158 | 52.1 | 1,046 | 25.2 | 400 | 9.6 | 542 | 13.1 | 4,146 | 100 |
| | Tot | tal GMS Unknown | 6,179 | 34.7 | 3,436 | 19.3 | 6,823 | 38.3 | 1,369 | 7.7 | 17,807 | 100 |
| | Da | y Patient | 209,499 | 23.1 | 277,192 | 30.6 | 193,285 | 21.3 | 225,711 | 24.9 | 905,687 | 100 |
| | ents | Acute (0–30 days) | 105,550 | 21.9 | 129,694 | 26.9 | 125,095 | 25.9 | 122,356 | 25.3 | 482,695 | 100 |
| Total | In-Patients | Extended (> 30 days) | 3,840 | 25.3 | 6,084 | 40.1 | 2,899 | 19.1 | 2,357 | 15.5 | 15,180 | 100 |
| | = | Total | 109,390 | 22.0 | 135,778 | 27.3 | 127,994 | 25.7 | 124,713 | 25.0 | 497,875 | 100 |
| | | tal Discharges cl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 318,889 | 22.7 | 412,970 | 29.4 | 321,279 | 22.9 | 350,424 | 25.0 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

| | | | | | In | -Patient I | ength of St | ay | | | |
|----------------------|--|------|------------------|------|-------------------|------------|-------------|------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| | | | ıblin th East | | ıblin .einster | Sc | outh | W | /est | | ischarges Naternity) |
| | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| | Acute (0-30 days) | 5.1 | 3 | 5.5 | 3 | 4.6 | 3 | 5.0 | 3 | 5.0 | 3 |
| GMS | Extended (> 30 days) | 75.1 | 50 | 68.4 | 48 | 57.8 | 46 | 53.0 | 44 | 65.0 | 47 |
| | Total GMS | 8.1 | 3 | 8.8 | 3 | 6.2 | 3 | 6.1 | 3 | 7.2 | 3 |
| AIS | Acute (0-30 days) | 3.8 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 |
| Non-GMS | Extended (> 30 days) | 67.1 | 47 | 71.3 | 49 | 54.4 | 45 | 54.4 | 44 | 65.5 | 47 |
| Š | Total Non-GMS | 5.3 | 2 | 6.5 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 5.1 | 2 |
| ۸na | Acute (0-30 days) | 13.1 | 13 | 5.8 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 5.1 | 3 | 9.2 | 7 |
| Unknown ^a | Extended (> 30 days) | 50.0 | 45 | 69.2 | 51 | 53.8 | 45 | 46.0 | 41 | 54.9 | 46 |
| 5 | Total GMS Unknown | 17.7 | 14 | 12.5 | 3 | 5.1 | 2 | 7.0 | 3 | 13.8 | 10 |
| | Acute (0-30 days) | 4.6 | 2 | 4.8 | 3 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.5 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 70.8 | 49 | 69.5 | 49 | 56.9 | 45 | 53.2 | 44 | 64.9 | 47 |
| _0T | Total In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 6.9 | 2 | 7.7 | 3 | 5.3 | 2 | 5.4 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a Relates to discharges for whom GMS status was not known.

Figures 2.10a and 2.10b show the cumulative distribution of length of stay for GMS and non GMS in-patient discharges respectively by HSE area of hospitalisation.

- 78.8 per cent of GMS in-patient discharges in the HSE South area and 77.3 per cent in the HSE West area spent 7 days or less in hospital. This compared to 74.6 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area and 72.2 per cent in HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.
- Approximately 88 per cent of non-GMS discharges in both the HSE South and HSE West areas spent 7 days or less in hospital. This compared to 84.2 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area and 82.0 per cent in HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

FIGURE 2.10a GMS In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumulative Percentage)

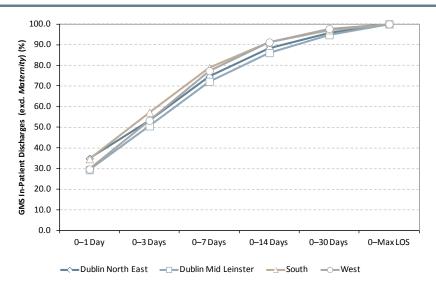
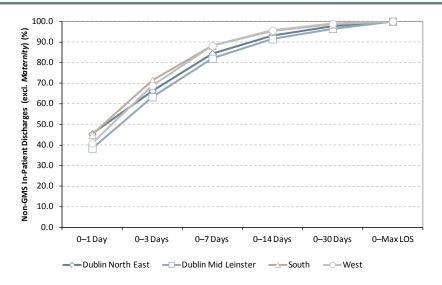


FIGURE 2.10b Non-GMS In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by HSE Area of Hospitalisation (Cumulative Percentage)



2.3.2 HSE Area of Residence

HSE area of residence reflects the HSE administrative area in which the discharge was resident. Total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) are disaggregated by age group across each HSE administrative area.

2.3.2.1 HSE Area of Residence by Age Group

Table 2.8 disaggregates total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by HSE area of residence and age group.

- A larger proportion of discharges resident in the HSE West area were aged 85 years and older (4.8 per cent) compared to 4.1 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.
- A larger proportion of discharges resident in the HSE Dublin North East area were aged 25–34 (8.5 per cent) compared to 6.9 per cent in the HSE West area.

TABLE 2.8 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): HSE Area of Residence and Age Group (N, %)

| | Dubli North E | | Dub Mid Lei | | Sout | h | Wes | t | Total Discha (excl. <i>Materi</i> | |
|--|------------------|------|----------------|------|---------|------|---------|------|--------------------------------------|------|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| < 1 Year | 7,198 | 2.3 | 9,924 | 2.6 | 8,987 | 2.7 | 8,179 | 2.2 | 34,288 | 2.4 |
| 1–14 Years | 20,358 | 6.6 | 28,380 | 7.4 | 26,139 | 7.7 | 28,186 | 7.7 | 103,063 | 7.4 |
| 15-24 Years | 13,919 | 4.5 | 19,181 | 5.0 | 16,098 | 4.8 | 16,532 | 4.5 | 65,730 | 4.7 |
| 25-34 Years | 26,414 | 8.5 | 32,124 | 8.4 | 24,592 | 7.3 | 25,456 | 6.9 | 108,586 | 7.8 |
| 35–44 Years | 36,902 | 11.9 | 42,518 | 11.1 | 34,451 | 10.2 | 33,511 | 9.1 | 147,382 | 10.5 |
| 45-54 Years | 43,180 | 13.9 | 54,047 | 14.1 | 45,756 | 13.6 | 48,357 | 13.1 | 191,340 | 13.7 |
| 55–64 Years | 50,120 | 16.2 | 65,668 | 17.1 | 57,377 | 17.0 | 66,347 | 18.0 | 239,512 | 17.1 |
| 65-74 Years | 55,898 | 18.0 | 66,294 | 17.2 | 64,333 | 19.1 | 68,972 | 18.7 | 255,497 | 18.3 |
| 75–84 Years | 43,036 | 13.9 | 50,533 | 13.1 | 45,318 | 13.4 | 54,719 | 14.9 | 193,606 | 13.8 |
| 85 Years and Over | 13,254 | 4.3 | 15,688 | 4.1 | 14,275 | 4.2 | 17,620 | 4.8 | 60,837 | 4.3 |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 310,279 | 100 | 384,357 | 100 | 337,326 | 100 | 367,879 | 100 | 1,399,841 | 100 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

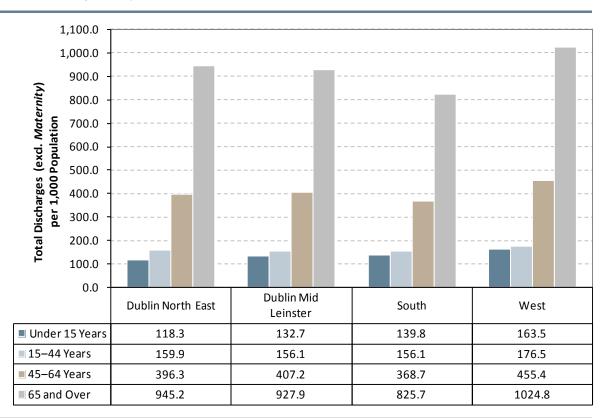
a A small number of discharges have no HSE area of residence (including discharges resident outside the Republic of Ireland and those with no fixed abode). This table excludes discharges for whom HSE area of residence was unknown or not applicable.

2.3.2.2 Discharge Rates by HSE Area of Residence and Age Group

Figure 2.11 shows the discharge rates per 1,000 population for total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of residence and age group.

- For the 65 years and over age group the HSE West area recorded the highest discharge rate of 1,024.8 per 1,000 population compared to the lowest rate recorded for this age group in the HSE South area of 825.7 per 1,000 population.
- The highest discharge rate for the youngest age group, aged under 15 years, was recorded for residents of the HSE West area (163.5 per 1,000 population) compared to a much lower rate in the HSE Dublin North East area (118.3 per 1,000 population).

FIGURE 2.11 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): HSE Area of Residence by Age (Discharge Rate per 1,000 Population)



Rates are based on population data estimated by the ESRI — see Appendix V. A small number of discharges have no HSE area of residence (including discharges resident outside the Republic of Ireland and those with no fixed abode). This figure excludes discharges for whom HSE area of residence was unknown or not applicable.

Notes:

2.3.3 **Inter-Regional Flows**

Where a patient is hospitalised may be influenced by many factors including services required and proximity to local hospital, which may result in a flow of patients across HSE areas. To illustrate patient flows across HSE areas, the following section examines inter-regional flows by HSE administrative area and by county.

HSE Area of Residence by HSE Area of Hospitalisation

Table 2.9 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of hospitalisation, HSE area of residence, patient type and admission type.

- Inter-regional flows are evident for elective in-patient discharges. For example, 83.2 per cent of elective in-patient discharges residing in the HSE South area were hospitalised in this area compared to 95.9 per cent of emergency inpatient discharges and 90.9 per cent of day patient discharges.
- There was significant crossover between the HSE Dublin North East and HSE Dublin Mid Leinster areas. For example, for total discharges (excl. Maternity), of the 11.8 per cent of HSE Dublin North East area residents who were hospitalised outside their HSE area of residence, 11.4 per cent were hospitalised in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

TABLE 2.9 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by HSE Area of Residence, Patient Type and Admission Type (%)

| | | | HSI | E Area of Hospital | lisation | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|--|
| | | Dublin North East | Dublin Mid Leinster | South | West | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) |
| | | % | % | % | % | % |
| | Day Patients | | | | | |
| | Dublin North East | 87.4 | 12.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 100 |
| | Dublin Mid Leinster | 8.4 | 89.2 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 100 |
| | South | 1.6 | 6.8 | 90.9 | 0.7 | 100 |
| | West | 1.8 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 92.7 | 100 |
| | Elective In-Patients | | | | | |
| 9 | Dublin North East | 82.9 | 16.6 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 100 |
| of Residence | Dublin Mid Leinster | 14.1 | 83.5 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 100 |
| sid | South | 4.0 | 11.4 | 83.2 | 1.4 | 100 |
| A. | West | 4.7 | 9.7 | 3.5 | 82.0 | 100 |
| a o | Emergency In-Patients ^a | | | | | |
| Area | Dublin North East | 91.6 | 7.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 100 |
| HSE / | Dublin Mid Leinster | 6.2 | 90.4 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 100 |
| Ξ̈́ | South | 0.9 | 2.6 | 95.9 | 0.6 | 100 |
| | West | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 92.5 | 100 |
| | Total Discharges (excl. Ma | aternity) | | | | |
| | Dublin North East | 88.3 | 11.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 100 |
| | Dublin Mid Leinster | 8.2 | 89.1 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 100 |
| | South | 1.6 | 5.9 | 91.7 | 0.8 | 100 |
| | West | 2.0 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 91.8 | 100 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

> A small number of discharges have no HSE area of residence (including discharges resident outside the Republic of Ireland and those with no fixed abode). This table excludes discharges for whom HSE area of residence was unknown or not applicable. a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.3.2 County of Residence by HSE Area of Hospitalisation

Figures 2.12a–2.12d present county level inter-regional flows for total discharges (excl. Maternity), day patients, elective in-patients, and emergency in-patients.⁶

- Over 95 per cent of discharges in Cork, Galway, Mayo, Kerry and Sligo were hospitalised within their HSE area of residence for total discharges (excl. Maternity), day patients, and emergency in-patients.
- For elective in-patient discharges only Mayo, Cork, and Laois had over 90 per cent of discharges hospitalised within their HSE area of residence.
- Carlow (part of HSE South area) had the smallest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) hospitalised within its own HSE area of residence (66.8 per cent). This was the case for both day patients (52.3 per cent) and elective inpatients (52.0 per cent).

FIGURE 2.12a Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*):
Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised
within their HSE Area of Residence (%)

FIGURE 2.12b Day Patient Discharges (excl. *Maternity*):
Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised
within their HSE Area of Residence (%)

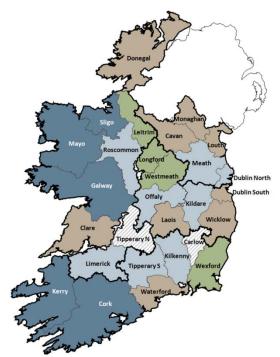


FIGURE 2.12c Elective In-Patient Discharges:
Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised
within their HSE Area of Residence (%)

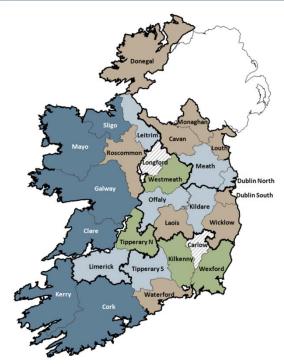
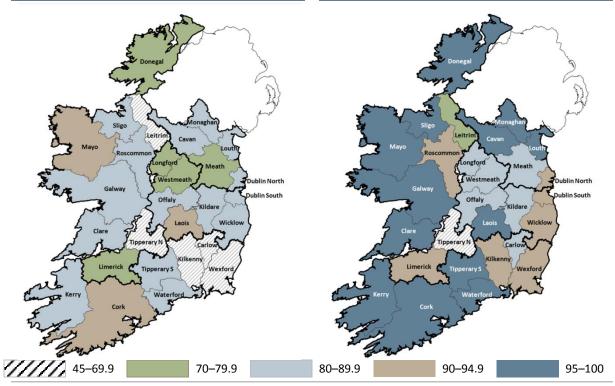


FIGURE 2.12d Emergency In-Patient Discharges^a:

Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Area of Residence (%)



The reference table containing the data for these figures is in Appendix VII. The heavy black lines demarcate the four HSE regions.

A small number of discharges have no HSE area of residence (including discharges resident outside the Republic of Ireland and those with no fixed abode). These figures exclude discharges for whom HSE area of residence was unknown or not applicable.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.4 **Hospital Type**

Hospital types are broadly categorised into general hospitals and 'other' hospitals. General hospitals comprise voluntary, regional and county hospitals, and treated the largest volume of total discharges (excl. Maternity) (91.2 per cent), while the remainder were discharged from 'other' hospitals that specialise in the treatment of particular conditions or patient groupings.

2.3.4.1 Hospital Type by Admission Type

Table 2.10 and Figure 2.13 disaggregate total discharges (excl. Maternity) by hospital type, patient type and admission type.

Discharges

- Across all hospital types day patient discharges comprised the largest proportion of discharges. This was largest in voluntary hospitals which treated 73.0 per cent of their discharges as day patients and smallest in county hospitals which treated only 53.3 per cent as day patients.
- Across the general hospital groupings, county hospitals treated the largest proportion of total in-patient discharges as emergency in-patients (88.2 per cent) compared to voluntary hospitals which treated 72.6 per cent of their inpatients on an emergency basis.
- 'Other' hospitals treated 65.1 per cent of their discharges as day patients and the remaining 34.9 per cent as in-patients. Of these in-patient discharges, 50.7 per cent were treated on an elective basis.

Length of Stay

- The acute in-patient mean length of stay for elective in-patient discharges was 3.9 days in regional hospitals compared to 5.9 days in 'other' hospitals.
- Across the general hospital groupings, the acute in-patient mean length of stay for emergency in-patient discharges was 4.0 days in county hospitals compared to 5.6 days in voluntary hospitals.
- Voluntary hospitals recorded the longest acute in-patient mean length of stay (5.3 days) compared to county hospitals (4.0 days).
- Voluntary hospitals recorded the longest extended stay in-patient mean length of stay (73.0 days) compared to regional hospitals (55.6 days).

^{&#}x27;Other' hospitals include Cancer; Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; Long Stay; Orthopaedic; Paediatric and 'Other Care' (covering a range of specialist services including infectious disease, elderly care, and care of the young disabled). See Appendix I for the list of hospitals participating in HIPE in 2012.

TABLE 2.10 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Hospital Type by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

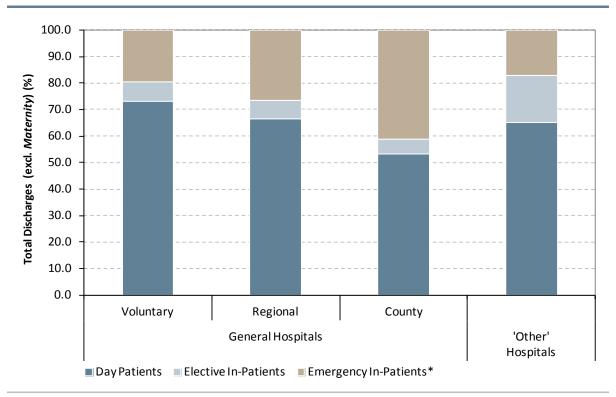
| | | | | Discharges | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|------------|---------|--------|-------------|------|-----------|---------------|---------|-------|------------------|----------|--|--|
| | | | | | | Genera | l Hospitals | | | | 'Other' | | Total Discharges | | | |
| | | | Volun | tary | Regio | nal | County Tot | | | Total General | | Other | | ternity) | | |
| | | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | | |
| Da | Day Patient | | 349,204 | 38.6 | 247,861 | 27.4 | 228,245 | 25.2 | 825,310 | 91.1 | 80,377 | 8.9 | 905,687 | 100 | | |
| | Elective | Acute (0-30 days) | 34,570 | 33.5 | 25,410 | 24.6 | 22,975 | 22.3 | 82,955 | 80.4 | 20,195 | 19.6 | 103,150 | 100 | | |
| | | Extended (> 30 days) | 874 | 23.9 | 438 | 12.0 | 716 | 19.6 | 2,028 | 55.5 | 1,629 | 44.5 | 3,657 | 100 | | |
| 10 | | Total | 35,444 | 33.2 | 25,848 | 24.2 | 23,691 | 22.2 | 84,983 | 79.6 | 21,824 | 20.4 | 106,807 | 100 | | |
| In-Patients | | Acute (0-30 days) | 88,473 | 23.3 | 96,973 | 25.5 | 173,515 | 45.7 | 358,961 | 94.6 | 20,584 | 5.4 | 379,545 | 100 | | |
| atie | Emergency ^a | Extended (> 30 days) | 5,312 | 46.1 | 2,485 | 21.6 | 3,131 | 27.2 | 10,928 | 94.8 | 595 | 5.2 | 11,523 | 100 | | |
| n-P | | Total | 93,785 | 24.0 | 99,458 | 25.4 | 176,646 | 45.2 | 369,889 | 94.6 | 21,179 | 5.4 | 391,068 | 100 | | |
| = | | Acute (0-30 days) | 123,043 | 25.5 | 122,383 | 25.4 | 196,490 | 40.7 | 441,916 | 91.6 | 40,779 | 8.4 | 482,695 | 100 | | |
| | Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 6,186 | 40.8 | 2,923 | 19.3 | 3,847 | 25.3 | 12,956 | 85.3 | 2,224 | 14.7 | 15,180 | 100 | | |
| | | Total | 129,229 | 26.0 | 125,306 | 25.2 | 200,337 | 40.2 | 454,872 | 91.4 | 43,003 | 8.6 | 497,875 | 100 | | |
| | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | 478,433 | 34.1 | 373,167 | 26.6 | 428,582 | 30.5 | 1,280,182 | 91.2 | 123,380 | 8.8 | 1,403,562 | 100 | | |

| | | | | | | I | n-Patient Le | ngth of Stay | / | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------|--------|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | General I | lospitals | | | | 'Otl | nor! | Total Discharges | |
| | | Volui | ntary | Regi | onal | Cou | nty | Total General | | Other | | (excl. Maternity) | |
| | Mean Me | | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 4.6 | 2 | 3.9 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.2 | 2 | 5.9 | 4 | 4.6 | 2 |
| Elective | Extended (> 30 days) | 62.0 | 44 | 56.9 | 43 | 63.5 | 48 | 61.5 | 45 | 64.3 | 48 | 62.7 | 46 |
| | Total | 6.0 | 3 | 4.8 | 2 | 5.9 | 2 | 5.6 | 2 | 10.3 | 4 | 6.6 | 3 |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.6 | 3 | 4.4 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.5 | 2 | 3.9 | 2 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Emergency ^a | Extended (> 30 days) | 74.7 | 51 | 55.4 | 45 | 59.4 | 45 | 65.9 | 47 | 59.0 | 47 | 65.6 | 47 |
| | Total | 9.5 | 4 | 5.7 | 2 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 3 | 5.4 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.3 | 3 | 4.3 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.5 | 2 | 4.9 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 73.0 | 50 | 55.6 | 45 | 60.1 | 45 | 65.2 | 47 | 62.9 | 48 | 64.9 | 47 |
| Total | Total In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 8.6 | 3 | 5.5 | 2 | 5.1 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | 7.9 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type and Admission Type by Hospital Type (%) **FIGURE 2.13**



HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a Note: proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

Figures 2.14a and 2.14b show the cumulative lengths of stay for elective and emergency discharges by hospital type.

- 69.0 per cent of elective in-patients discharged from 'other' hospitals spent 7 days or less in hospital. This was a smaller cumulative proportion than for voluntary (79.5 per cent), regional (84.8 per cent) and county (82.6 per cent) hospitals.
- 70.6 per cent of emergency in-patients discharged from voluntary hospitals spent 7 days or less in hospital. This was a smaller cumulative proportion than for regional (80.6 per cent), county (83.9 per cent) and 'other' hospitals (84.0 per cent).

FIGURE 2.14a Elective In-Patient Discharges: Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage)

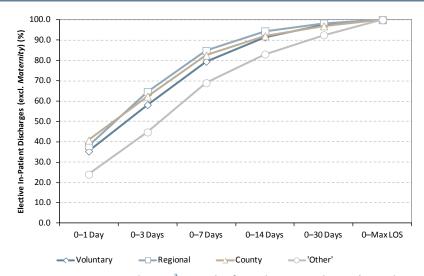
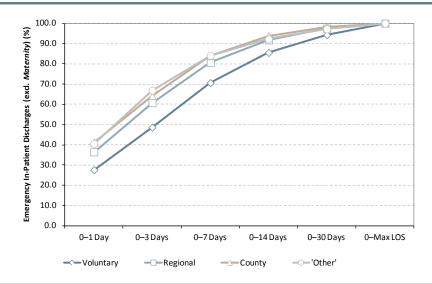


FIGURE 2.14b Emergency In-Patient Discharges^a: Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage)



Note: a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.4.2 Hospital Type by Public/Private Status

Table 2.11 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by hospital type, public/private status and patient type.

Discharges

- Voluntary and county hospitals each treated the largest proportion of total discharges (excl. Maternity) on a public basis (84.6 per cent) compared to the smallest proportion in 'other' hospitals (76.1 per cent).
- 'Other' hospitals had the largest proportion of public discharges as extended stay in-patients (1.6 per cent) which ranged from 0.6 per cent to 1.0 per cent across the general hospitals groups.
- In contrast to all other hospital types where the majority of private discharges were treated as day patients, county hospitals treated a slightly larger proportion of their private discharges as in-patients (7.8 per cent) compared to day patients (7.6 per cent).

Length of Stay

- Total mean in-patient length of stay was 6.5 days for public discharges compared to 5.8 days for private discharges.
- Voluntary hospitals recorded the longest acute in-patient mean length of stay for public discharges (5.2 days), almost a day longer than regional hospitals which recorded an acute in-patient mean length of stay of 4.3 days. This difference was greater for private discharges, with voluntary hospitals recording an acute in-patient mean length of stay of 5.6 days compared to 4.2 days in regional hospitals.
- County hospitals recorded the shortest acute in-patient mean length of stay for public and private discharges, both recording a length of stay of 4.0 days.
- For 'other' hospitals, acute in-patient mean length of stay for public discharges was 5.1 days compared to 4.5 days for private discharges.

TABLE 2.11 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Hospital Type by Public/Private Status and Patient Type (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | | Disc | charges | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|---|---------|------|---------|---------|-----------|------|------------|------|---------|------|-------------------|-------|
| | | | | | | General | Hospitals | | | | 'Othe | اب | Total Discha | arges |
| | | | Volunta | ıry | Region | al | Count | у | Total Gene | eral | Othe | | (excl. Maternity) | |
| | | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | Day Patien | t | 305,499 | 63.9 | 214,796 | 57.6 | 195,579 | 45.6 | 715,874 | 55.9 | 62,510 | 50.7 | 778,384 | 55.5 |
| . <u>2</u> | In- | Acute (0–30 days) | 94,129 | 19.7 | 90,649 | 24.3 | 163,433 | 38.1 | 348,211 | 27.2 | 29,497 | 23.9 | 377,708 | 26.9 |
| Public | Patient | Extended (> 30 days) | 4,903 | 1.0 | 2,325 | 0.6 | 3,386 | 0.8 | 10,614 | 0.8 | 1,936 | 1.6 | 12,550 | 0.9 |
| Δ. | raticiit | Total | 99,032 | 20.7 | 92,974 | 24.9 | 166,819 | 38.9 | 358,825 | 28.0 | 31,433 | 25.5 | 390,258 | 27.8 |
| | Total | | 404,531 | 84.6 | 307,770 | 82.5 | 362,398 | 84.6 | 1,074,699 | 83.9 | 93,943 | 76.1 | 1,168,642 | 83.3 |
| | Day Patient | | 43,705 | 9.1 | 33,065 | 8.9 | 32,666 | 7.6 | 109,436 | 8.5 | 17,867 | 14.5 | 127,303 | 9.1 |
| ţ. | In- Patient | Acute (0–30 days) | 28,914 | 6.0 | 31,734 | 8.5 | 33,057 | 7.7 | 93,705 | 7.3 | 11,282 | 9.1 | 104,987 | 7.5 |
| Private | | Extended (> 30 days) | 1,283 | 0.3 | 598 | 0.2 | 461 | 0.1 | 2,342 | 0.2 | 288 | 0.2 | 2,630 | 0.2 |
| ₫. | raticiit | Total | 30,197 | 6.3 | 32,332 | 8.7 | 33,518 | 7.8 | 96,047 | 7.5 | 11,570 | 9.4 | 107,617 | 7.7 |
| | Total | | 73,902 | 15.4 | 65,397 | 17.5 | 66,184 | 15.4 | 205,483 | 16.1 | 29,437 | 23.9 | 234,920 | 16.7 |
| | Day Patien | t | 349,204 | 73.0 | 247,861 | 66.4 | 228,245 | 53.3 | 825,310 | 64.5 | 80,377 | 65.1 | 905,687 | 64.5 |
| | In- | Acute (0–30 days) | 123,043 | 25.7 | 122,383 | 32.8 | 196,490 | 45.8 | 441,916 | 34.5 | 40,779 | 33.1 | 482,695 | 34.4 |
| Total | Patient | Extended (> 30 days) | 6,186 | 1.3 | 2,923 | 0.8 | 3,847 | 0.9 | 12,956 | 1.0 | 2,224 | 1.8 | 15,180 | 1.1 |
| 2 | Patient | Total | 129,229 | 27.0 | 125,306 | 33.6 | 200,337 | 46.7 | 454,872 | 35.5 | 43,003 | 34.9 | 497,875 | 35.5 |
| | | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | | 100 | 373,167 | 100 | 428,582 | 100 | 1,280,182 | 100 | 123,380 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

| | | | | | | In | -Patient Le | ength of | Stay | | | | |
|-----------|---|------|--------|------|---------|-----------|-------------|----------|---------|------|--------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | | | General | Hospitals | | | | '0 | ther' | Total D | ischarges |
| | | Volu | ıntary | Reg | ional | Co | unty | Total | General | U | iner | (excl. Maternity) | |
| | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| <u>.2</u> | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.2 | 3 | 4.3 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.4 | 2 | 5.1 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Public | Extended (> 30 days) | 76.4 | 51 | 56.4 | 45 | 61.1 | 46 | 67.1 | 48 | 64.2 | 48 | 66.7 | 48 |
| <u> </u> | Total | 8.8 | 3 | 5.6 | 2 | 5.1 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 | 8.7 | 3 | 6.5 | 2 |
| te | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.6 | 3 | 4.2 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.6 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 4.6 | 3 |
| Private | Extended (> 30 days) | 59.7 | 46 | 52.8 | 43 | 53.3 | 42 | 56.7 | 44 | 54.6 | 45 | 56.4 | 44 |
| ᇫ | Total | 7.9 | 4 | 5.1 | 2 | 4.7 | 2 | 5.9 | 3 | 5.7 | 3 | 5.8 | 3 |
| | Acute (0–30 days) | 5.3 | 3 | 4.3 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.5 | 2 | 4.9 | 3 | 4.5 | 2 |
| Total | Extended (> 30 days) | 73.0 | 50 | 55.6 | 45 | 60.1 | 45 | 65.2 | 47 | 62.9 | 48 | 64.9 | 47 |
| To | Total In-Patients (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 8.6 | 3 | 5.5 | 2 | 5.1 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | 7.9 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 |

Figures 2.15a and 2.15b show the cumulative distribution of length of stay for public and private in-patient discharges by hospital type.

- 81.0 per cent and 83.5 per cent of public in-patients discharged from regional and county hospitals, respectively, spent less than 7 days in hospital. In contrast, 73.4 per cent and 74.6 per cent of public in-patients discharged from voluntary and 'other' hospitals, respectively, had a length of stay of 7 days or less.
- 72.0 per cent of private in-patients discharged from voluntary hospitals spent 7 days or less in hospital. This was a smaller cumulative proportion than for regional (82.9 per cent), county (84.7 per cent) and 'other' (81.2 per cent) hospitals.

Public In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage)

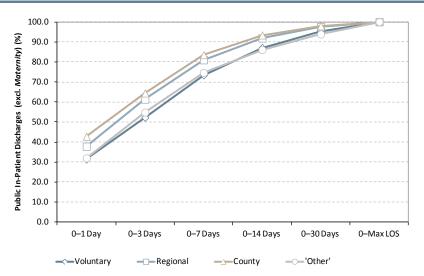
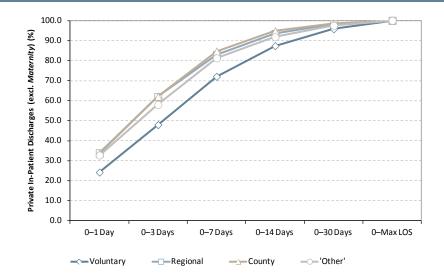


FIGURE 2.15b Private In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Length of Stay by Hospital Type (Cumulative Percentage)



2.3.5 **Admission Source**

Admission source describes where the patient was admitted from. It does not refer to where an emergency or accident occurred. Table 2.12 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of hospitalisation and admission source.

- The majority of total discharges (excl. Maternity) in all HSE areas were admitted from home, ranging from 95.4 per cent in the HSE Dublin North East area to 97.1 per cent in the HSE West area.
- The HSE Dublin North East area had the largest proportion of in-patient discharges who were transferred in from another hospital (7.4 per cent) compared to 3.3 per cent in the HSE West area.
- The HSE South area had the largest proportion of in-patient discharges admitted from long stay accommodation (2.4 per cent) compared to only 1.3 per cent of in-patients in the HSE Dublin North East area.

TABLE 2.12 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type, Admission Type and Admission Source (N, %)

| | | | | | | Discha | rges | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|------|---------|------|---------------------------------|------|
| | | | | HS | SE Area of H | ospitalisation | | | | = | |
| | | Dubl North | | Dubli Mid Leir | | South | | West | | Total Disc (excl. <i>Mat</i> | |
| | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | Home | 206,745 | 98.7 | 276,839 | 99.9 | 192,110 | 99.4 | 224,889 | 99.6 | 900,583 | 99.4 |
| nts | Long stay accommodation | 389 | 0.2 | 190 | 0.1 | 273 | 0.1 | 200 | 0.1 | 1,052 | 0.1 |
| atie | Transfer from other Hospital | 2,358 | 1.1 | 116 | 0.0 | 871 | 0.5 | 606 | 0.3 | 3,951 | 0.4 |
| / Pa | New Born | 0 | 0.0 | ~ | 0.0 | ~ | 0.0 | ~ | 0.0 | 7 | 0.0 |
| Day Patients | Other | 7 | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 94 | 0.0 |
| | Total Day Patients | 209,499 | 100 | 277,192 | 100 | 193,285 | 100 | 225,711 | 100 | 905,687 | 100 |
| | Home | 19,996 | 85.8 | 29,358 | 92.3 | 23,239 | 89.7 | 22,932 | 88.9 | 95,525 | 89.4 |
| 41 | Long stay accommodation | 63 | 0.3 | 102 | 0.3 | 185 | 0.7 | 126 | 0.5 | 476 | 0.4 |
| Ę. | Transfer from other Hospital | 3,231 | 13.9 | 2,309 | 7.3 | 2,475 | 9.6 | 2,735 | 10.6 | 10,750 | 10.3 |
| Elec | New Born | 0 | 0.0 | ~ | .0 | ~ | 0.0 | ~ | 0.0 | 7 | 0.0 |
| ı ı | Other | 8 | 0.0 | * | 0.1 | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | 49 | 0.0 |
| | Total Elective In-Patients | 23,298 | 100 | 31,795 | 100 | 25,913 | 100 | 25,801 | 100 | 106,807 | 100 |
| | Home | 77,335 | 89.8 | 94,275 | 90.7 | 93,499 | 91.6 | 92,443 | 93.5 | 357,552 | 91.4 |
| ج ا ج | Long stay accommodation | 1,330 | 1.5 | 1,755 | 1.7 | 2,828 | 2.8 | 2,610 | 2.6 | 8,523 | 2.2 |
| e le | Transfer from other Hospital | 4,891 | 5.7 | 4,096 | 3.9 | 2,442 | 2.4 | 1,421 | 1.4 | 12,850 | 3.3 |
| m-ratients mergencv [®] | New Born | 2,091 | 2.4 | 2,287 | 2.2 | 2,456 | 2.4 | 2,072 | 2.1 | 8,906 | 2.3 |
| | Other | 445 | 0.5 | 1,570 | 1.5 | 856 | 0.8 | 366 | 0.4 | 3,237 | 0.8 |
| | Total Emergency In-Patients | 86,092 | 100 | 103,983 | 100 | 102,081 | 100 | 98,912 | 100 | 391,068 | 100 |
| | Home | 97,331 | 89.0 | 123,633 | 91.1 | 116,738 | 91.2 | 115,375 | 92.5 | 453,077 | 91.0 |
| | Long stay accommodation | 1,393 | 1.3 | 1,857 | 1.4 | 3,013 | 2.4 | 2,736 | 2.2 | 8,999 | 1.8 |
| 2 | Transfer from other Hospital | 8,122 | 7.4 | 6,405 | 4.7 | 4,917 | 3.8 | 4,156 | 3.3 | 23,600 | 4. |
| | New Born | 2,091 | 1.9 | 2,289 | 1.7 | 2,460 | 1.9 | 2,073 | 1.7 | 8,913 | 1.8 |
| | Other | 453 | 0.4 | 1,594 | 1.2 | 866 | 0.7 | 373 | 0.3 | 3,286 | 0. |
| | Total In-Patients | 109,390 | 100 | 135,778 | 100 | 127,994 | 100 | 124,713 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 |
| | Home | 304,076 | 95.4 | 400,472 | 97.0 | 308,848 | 96.1 | 340,264 | 97.1 | 1,353,660 | 96.4 |
| | Long stay accommodation | 1,782 | 0.6 | 2,047 | 0.5 | 3,286 | 1.0 | 2,936 | 0.8 | 10,051 | 0. |
| ta | Transfer from other Hospital | 10,480 | 3.3 | 6,521 | 1.6 | 5,788 | 1.8 | 4,762 | 1.4 | 27,551 | 2.0 |
| Total | New Born | 2,091 | 0.7 | 2,292 | 0.6 | 2,463 | 0.8 | 2,074 | 0.6 | 8,920 | 0. |
| | Other | 460 | 0.1 | 1,638 | 0.4 | 894 | 0.3 | 388 | 0.1 | 3,380 | 0.2 |
| | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | 318,889 | 100 | 412,970 | 100 | 321,279 | 100 | 350,424 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding. ~ Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.* Further suppression required to prevent disclosure of five or less discharges. See Appendix VI for information on how the HIPE variable 'Admission Source' was grouped for this report.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.6 Discharge Destination

Discharge destination identifies the destination of the discharge upon completion of their episode of care. Table 2.13 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by HSE area of hospitalisation and discharge destination.

- The majority of in-patient discharges were discharged home, ranging from 86.9 per cent in the HSE West area to 87.6 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster and HSE Dublin North East areas.
- The proportion of in-patient discharges discharged to long stay accommodation ranged from 3.7 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area to 6.0 per cent in the HSE West area.
- For emergency in-patient discharges, the proportion of discharges transferred to another hospital ranged from 4.6 per cent in the HSE West area to 5.6 per cent in the HSE Dublin Mid Leinster area.

TABLE 2.13 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): HSE Area of Hospitalisation by Patient Type, Admission Type and Discharge Destination (N, %)

| | | | | | | | Discha | rges | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|----------------|------|---------|------|-----------|----------|
| | | | | | ŀ | ISE Area of Ho | ospitalisation | | | | Total Dis | charges |
| | | | Dublin No | rth East | Dublin Mid | Leinster | Sou | th | We | st | (excl. Ma | ternity) |
| | | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | | Home | 206,980 | 98.8 | 276,591 | 99.8 | 191,974 | 99.3 | 224,841 | 99.6 | 900,386 | 99.4 |
| | nts | Long stay accommodation | 483 | 0.2 | 200 | 0.1 | 350 | 0.2 | 292 | 0.1 | 1,325 | 0.1 |
| | E E | Transfer to other Hospital | 2,014 | 1.0 | 339 | 0.1 | 936 | 0.5 | 545 | 0.2 | 3,834 | 0.4 |
| 4 | 7 | Died ^a | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| | Day Patients | Other | 22 | 0.0 | 62 | 0.0 | 25 | 0.0 | 33 | 0.0 | 142 | 0.0 |
| | | Total Day Patients | 209,499 | 100 | 277,192 | 100 | 193,285 | 100 | 225,711 | 100 | 905,687 | 100 |
| | | Home | 21,470 | 92.2 | 29,207 | 91.9 | 23,831 | 92.0 | 23,818 | 92.3 | 98,326 | 92.1 |
| | (I) | Long stay accommodation | 770 | 3.3 | 633 | 2.0 | 979 | 3.8 | 885 | 3.4 | 3,267 | 3.1 |
| | tiv | Transfer to other Hospital | 752 | 3.2 | 1,201 | 3.8 | 773 | 3.0 | 787 | 3.1 | 3,513 | 3.3 |
| | Elec | Died | 162 | 0.7 | 630 | 2.0 | 229 | 0.9 | 234 | 0.9 | 1,255 | 1.2 |
| | | Other | 144 | 0.6 | 124 | 0.4 | 101 | 0.4 | 77 | 0.3 | 446 | 0.4 |
| | | Total Elective In-patients | 23,298 | 100 | 31,795 | 100 | 25,913 | 100 | 25,801 | 100 | 106,807 | 100 |
| | | Home | 74,386 | 86.4 | 89,709 | 86.3 | 87,571 | 85.8 | 84,562 | 85.5 | 336,228 | 86.0 |
| ıts | رک | Transfer to long stay accommodation | 3,898 | 4.5 | 4,422 | 4.3 | 4,901 | 4.8 | 6,633 | 6.7 | 19,854 | 5.1 |
| In-Patients | en | Transfer to other Hospital | 4,194 | 4.9 | 5,808 | 5.6 | 5,620 | 5.5 | 4,584 | 4.6 | 20,206 | 5.2 |
| Pat | erg | Died | 2,538 | 2.9 | 2,768 | 2.7 | 2,489 | 2.4 | 2,151 | 2.2 | 9,946 | 2.5 |
| ≐ | Em | Other | 1,076 | 1.2 | 1,276 | 1.2 | 1,500 | 1.5 | 982 | 1.0 | 4,834 | 1.2 |
| | | Total Emergency In-Patients | 86,092 | 100 | 103,983 | 100 | 102,081 | 100 | 98,912 | 100 | 391,068 | 100 |
| | | Home | 95,856 | 87.6 | 118,916 | 87.6 | 111,402 | 87.0 | 108,380 | 86.9 | 434,554 | 87.3 |
| | | Long stay accommodation | 4,668 | 4.3 | 5,055 | 3.7 | 5,880 | 4.6 | 7,518 | 6.0 | 23,121 | 4.6 |
| | ta | Transfer to other Hospital | 4,946 | 4.5 | 7,009 | 5.2 | 6,393 | 5.0 | 5,371 | 4.3 | 23,719 | 4.8 |
| | 10 | Died | 2,700 | 2.5 | 3,398 | 2.5 | 2,718 | 2.1 | 2,385 | 1.9 | 11,201 | 2.2 |
| | | Other | 1,220 | 1.1 | 1,400 | 1.0 | 1,601 | 1.3 | 1,059 | 0.8 | 5,280 | 1.1 |
| | | Total In-Patients | 109,390 | 100 | 135,778 | 100 | 127,994 | 100 | 124,713 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 |
| | | Home | 302,836 | 95.0 | 395,507 | 95.8 | 303,376 | 94.4 | 333,221 | 95.1 | 1,334,940 | 95.1 |
| | | Long stay accommodation | 5,151 | 1.6 | 5,255 | 1.3 | 6,230 | 1.9 | 7,810 | 2.2 | 24,446 | 1.7 |
| 7 | lotal | Transfer to other Hospital | 6,960 | 2.2 | 7,348 | 1.8 | 7,329 | 2.3 | 5,916 | 1.7 | 27,553 | 2.0 |
| ı | <u> </u> | Died | 2,700 | 0.8 | 3,398 | 0.8 | 2,718 | 0.8 | 2,385 | 0.7 | 11,201 | 0.8 |
| | | Other | 1,242 | 0.4 | 1,462 | 0.4 | 1,626 | 0.5 | 1,092 | 0.3 | 5,422 | 0.4 |
| | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | 318,889 | 100 | 412,970 | 100 | 321,279 | 100 | 350,424 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

See Appendix VI for information on how the HIPE variable 'Discharge Destination' was grouped for this report.

a A day patient is admitted to hospital for treatment on an elective (rather than an emergency) basis and is discharged alive, as scheduled, on the same day

b HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.3.7 **Admission Source by Discharge Destination**

Table 2.14 disaggregates in-patient discharges (excl. Maternity) by discharge destination and admission source.

- Of in-patients who were admitted from home, 90.2 per cent were discharged home.
- In-patients admitted from long stay accommodation were primarily discharged back to a long stay accommodation (83.2 per cent).
- Almost a quarter of in-patients (24.9 per cent) who were admitted from another hospital were transferred to another hospital, while almost two-thirds were discharged home (63.8 per cent).

In-Patient Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Discharge Destination by Admission Source (N, %) **TABLE 2.14**

| | | Discharges | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------------|--------|------|-------|------|----------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| | | Discharge Destination | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hon | Home | | Long Stay Accommodation | | Transfer to other Hospital | | ed | Oth | er | Discha (excl. <i>Ma</i> | | | | |
| Admission Source | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | | | |
| Home | 408,631 | 90.2 | 14,216 | 3.1 | 16,760 | 3.7 | 8,993 | 2.0 | 4,477 | 1.0 | 453,077 | 100 | | | |
| Long Stay Accommodation | 155 | 1.7 | 7,491 | 83.2 | 338 | 3.8 | 1,004 | 11.2 | 11 | 0.1 | 8,999 | 100 | | | |
| Transfer from other Hospital | 15,048 | 63.8 | 1,408 | 6.0 | 5,888 | 24.9 | 1,104 | 4.7 | 152 | 0.6 | 23,600 | 100 | | | |
| New Born | 8,170 | 91.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 619 | 6.9 | 87 | 1.0 | 37 | 0.4 | 8,913 | 100 | | | |
| Other | 2,550 | 77.6 | 6 | 0.2 | 114 | 3.5 | 13 | 0.4 | 603 | 18.4 | 3,286 | 100 | | | |
| Total In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity) | 434,554 | 87.3 | 23,121 | 4.6 | 23,719 | 4.8 | 11,201 | 2.2 | 5,280 | 1.1 | 497,875 | 100 | | | |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

See Appendix VI for information on how the HIPE variables 'Discharge Destination' and 'Admission Source' were grouped for this report.

2.4 WHEN

Section 2.4 profiles when discharges were admitted to and discharged from hospital. Activity is presented here by day of admission, day of discharge, and month of admission for total discharges (excl. Maternity).

2.4.1 **Day of Admission**

Table 2.15 disaggregates total discharges (excl. Maternity) by patient type, admission type, and day of admission (see also Figure 2.16).

Discharges

- The proportion of in-patient discharges (excl. Maternity) admitted on an elective basis decreased throughout the week, with over 63 per cent admitted between Monday and Wednesday, falling to 7.7 per cent at the weekend.
- Emergency in-patient admissions remained relatively constant throughout the week at approximately 16 per cent per day, but fell at weekends when no more than 11 per cent were admitted per day.
- The majority of day patients were admitted mid-week, ranging from 20.4 per cent on both Tuesday and Wednesday to only 2.8 per cent on Saturday and 1.1 per cent on Sunday.

Length of Stay

- Mean length of stay for elective in-patients ranged from 6.1 days for those admitted on a Wednesday to 10.1 days for those admitted on a Saturday.
- Mean length of stay for emergency in-patients ranged from 6.0 days for those admitted on a Sunday or a Monday to 6.7 days for those admitted on a Friday.

TABLE 2.15 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Admission (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | Discharges | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------|---------|--------------------|---------|------|---------|------|-------------------|------|--|--|
| | Day Bati | | | In-Patients | | | | | | | | |
| | Day Patients | | Electiv | Elective Emergency | | | Tota | l | (excl. Maternity) | | | |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | | |
| Monday | 162,275 | 17.9 | 23,769 | 22.3 | 60,947 | 15.6 | 84,716 | 17.0 | 246,991 | 17.6 | | |
| Tuesday | 185,080 | 20.4 | 22,367 | 20.9 | 63,376 | 16.2 | 85,743 | 17.2 | 270,823 | 19.3 | | |
| Wednesday | 184,705 | 20.4 | 21,377 | 20.0 | 62,198 | 15.9 | 83,575 | 16.8 | 268,280 | 19.1 | | |
| Thursday | 177,419 | 19.6 | 19,182 | 18.0 | 60,794 | 15.5 | 79,976 | 16.1 | 257,395 | 18.3 | | |
| Friday | 160,513 | 17.7 | 11,934 | 11.2 | 61,637 | 15.8 | 73,571 | 14.8 | 234,084 | 16.7 | | |
| Saturday | 25,461 | 2.8 | 1,984 | 1.9 | 43,140 | 11.0 | 45,124 | 9.1 | 70,585 | 5.0 | | |
| Sunday | 10,234 | 1.1 | 6,194 | 5.8 | 38,976 | 10.0 | 45,170 | 9.1 | 55,404 | 3.9 | | |
| Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 905,687 | 100 | 106,807 | 100 | 391,068 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 | | |

| | | In-F | Patient Le | ength of St | ay | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|------------|-------------|-------|--------|--|
| | Ele | ctive | Emer | gency | Total | | |
| | Mean Median Mea | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | |
| Monday | 6.3 | 3 | 6.0 | 2 | 6.1 | 2 | |
| Tuesday | 6.2 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | |
| Wednesday | 6.1 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | 6.2 | 2 | |
| Thursday | 6.3 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 | |
| Friday | 8.1 | 3 | 6.7 | 3 | 6.9 | 3 | |
| Saturday | 10.1 | 5 | 6.4 | 3 | 6.5 | 3 | |
| Sunday | 6.8 | 4 | 6.0 | 2 | 6.1 | 3 | |
| In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 6.6 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 | |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

2.4.2 Day of Discharge

Table 2.16 disaggregates total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by patient type, admission type and day of discharge (see also Figure 2.17).

Discharges

- The proportion of elective in-patients discharged increased throughout the week, from 10.2 per cent on Monday to 23.0 per cent on Friday, falling to 10.0 per cent on Saturday and 5.0 per cent on Sunday.
- The largest proportion of emergency in-patients was discharged on Friday (20.3 per cent), with the smallest proportion discharged on Sunday (6.9 per cent).

Length of Stay

- Elective in-patients discharged on a Monday had the longest mean length of stay (9.6 days).
- Emergency in-patient mean length of stay fell throughout the week from 6.9 days for those discharged on a Monday to 4.0 days for those discharged on a Sunday.

TABLE 2.16 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Discharge (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | Discharges | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|------------|---------|------|--------------------|------|---------|------|-------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | Day Bati | ionto | | | In-Patie | nts | | | Total Discharges | | | | |
| | Day Pati | ients | Electi | ive | Emergency a | | Total | | (excl. Maternity) | | | | |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | | | |
| Monday | 162,275 | 17.9 | 10,912 | 10.2 | 60,896 | 15.6 | 71,808 | 14.4 | 234,083 | 16.7 | | | |
| Tuesday | 185,080 | 20.4 | 16,925 | 15.8 | 62,880 | 16.1 | 79,805 | 16.0 | 264,885 | 18.9 | | | |
| Wednesday | 184,705 | 20.4 | 19,153 | 17.9 | 64,483 | 16.5 | 83,636 | 16.8 | 268,341 | 19.1 | | | |
| Thursday | 177,419 | 19.6 | 19,212 | 18.0 | 63,765 | 16.3 | 82,977 | 16.7 | 260,396 | 18.6 | | | |
| Friday | 160,513 | 17.7 | 24,527 | 23.0 | 79,434 | 20.3 | 103,961 | 20.9 | 264,474 | 18.8 | | | |
| Saturday | 25,461 | 2.8 | 10,693 | 10.0 | 32,752 | 8.4 | 43,445 | 8.7 | 68,906 | 4.9 | | | |
| Sunday | 10,234 | 1.1 | 5,385 | 5.0 | 26,858 | 6.9 | 32,243 | 6.5 | 42,477 | 3.0 | | | |
| Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | 905,687 | 100 | 106,807 | 100 | 391,068 | 100 | 497,875 | 100 | 1,403,562 | 100 | | | |

| | | Ir | ı-Patient Le | ength of Sta | y | | |
|---|----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|-------|--------|--|
| | Elective | | Emerg | gency ^a | Total | | |
| | Mean | Mean Median Me | | Median | Mean | Median | |
| Monday | 9.6 | 5 | 6.9 | 3 | 7.3 | 4 | |
| Tuesday | 6.4 | 2 | 6.8 | 3 | 6.7 | 3 | |
| Wednesday | 6.7 | 2 | 6.7 | 2 | 6.7 | 2 | |
| Thursday | 6.2 | 2 | 6.5 | 2 | 6.5 | 2 | |
| Friday | 6.7 | 3 | 6.3 | 3 | 6.4 | 3 | |
| Saturday | 4.1 | 2 | 4.5 | 2 | 4.4 | 2 | |
| Sunday | 6.0 | 4 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.4 | 2 | |
| In-Patient Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 6.6 | 3 | 6.3 | 2 | 6.3 | 2 | |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

25.0 20.0 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) (%) 15.0 10.0 5.0 0.0 Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday **Day of Admission** Day Patients Elective In-Patients ■ Emergency In-Patients*

FIGURE 2.16 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Admission (%)

Note: HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

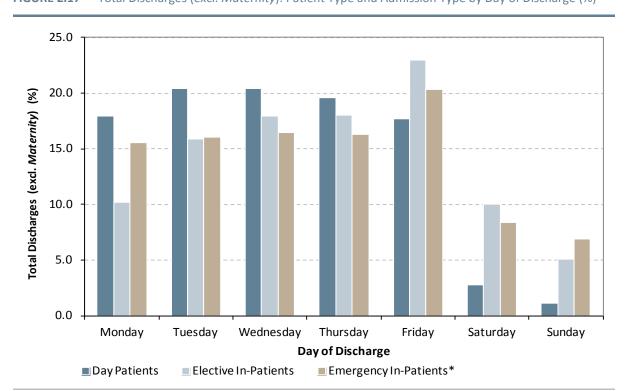


FIGURE 2.17 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Patient Type and Admission Type by Day of Discharge (%)

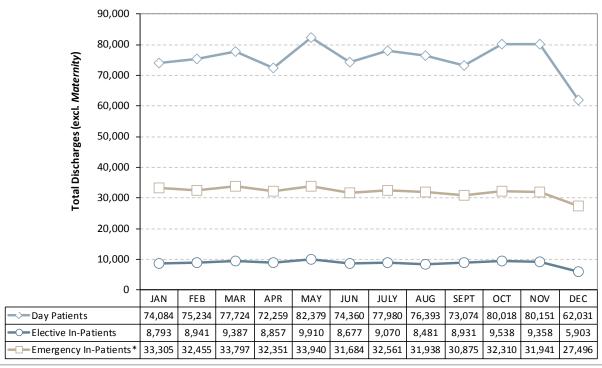
Note: HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use $emergency\ admissions\ reported\ to\ HIPE\ to\ draw\ conclusions\ about\ the\ total\ volume\ of\ activity\ in\ Emergency\ Departments.$

2.4.3 **Month of Admission**

Figure 2.18 shows total discharges (excl. Maternity) by month of admission disaggregated by patient type and admission type. The data presented here are based on discharges admitted and discharged in 2012.

- The largest number of day patients was treated in May with 82,379 discharges, while December recorded the smallest number of day patients (62,031 discharges).
- Admissions were lowest in December for both elective and emergency inpatients. Monthly trends over the rest of the year showed that
 - o hospital admissions peaked in May for elective in-patients (9,910 discharges), while August recorded the smallest number of elective inpatient admissions with only 8,481 in-patient discharges admitted in this month.
 - o hospital admissions peaked in May for emergency in-patients (33,940 discharges), while the smallest number of emergency in-patients was admitted in September with 30,875 discharges

FIGURE 2.18 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Month of Admission by Patient Type and Admission Type (N)



Notes: HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments. This does not include 7,376 discharges that were admitted prior to 2012 but were discharged in 2012.

Morbidity Analysis
2012

SECTION

Table of Contents

| 3.1 | INTRO | DUCTION | 61 |
|-----|-------|--|----|
| 3.2 | CODIN | G OF DIAGNOSES AND PROCEDURES | 62 |
| | 3.2.1 | Definition of a Diagnosis | 65 |
| | 3.2.2 | Definition of a Procedure | 66 |
| 3.3 | Morb | IDITY ANALYSIS: SUMMARY OF DAY PATIENT AND IN-PATIENT ACTIVITY | 68 |
| | 3.3.1 | Day Patient Activity (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | 68 |
| | 3.3.2 | In-Patient Activity (excl. Maternity) | 70 |
| 3.4 | Morb | IDITY ANALYSIS: TOTAL DISCHARGE ACTIVITY (EXCL. MATERNITY) | 76 |
| | 3.4.1 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age Group | 76 |
| | 3.4.2 | Acute In-Patient Mean Length of Stay by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age Group | 76 |
| | 3.4.3 | All-Listed Diagnoses by Sex and Age Group | 77 |
| | 3.4.4 | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group | 84 |
| | 3.4.5 | Acute In-Patient Mean Length of Stay by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group | 84 |
| | 3.4.6 | All-Listed Procedures by Sex and Age Group | 85 |

Total Discharges 1,541,084

Discharges excluding Maternity 1,403,562

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Section Three focuses on the diagnoses and procedures recorded for total discharges (excl. Maternity) reported to HIPE by acute public hospitals. This section excludes Maternity discharges which are reported separately in Section Four.²

- Section 3.2 outlines the clinical coding process, the classification and definitions used in the assignment of diagnosis and procedure codes to a discharge, and analysis of the mean number of diagnoses and procedures reported for discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Section 3.3 provides a summary of related hospital activity (excl. Maternity). Top 20 diagnoses and procedure blocks, along with Top 10 Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs) are provided for day patient and in-patient discharges (total, elective and emergency). Demographic data, sex and age group, and administrative analyses including admission source, mode of emergency admission (for emergency in-patients only), and discharge destination are also presented.
- Section 3.4 provides details of the diagnoses and procedures reported for total discharges (excl. Maternity), by sex and age group. The mean length of stay for acute in-patient discharges (with a length of stay of 30 days or less and excluding day patients) is presented for principal diagnoses and principal procedures.

The National Psychiatric In-Patient Reporting System, supported by the Health Research Board, reports information on all admissions to psychiatric hospitals and units nationally.

A small number of obstetric diagnoses and/or procedures are reported in this Section as the admission of the patient was not related to their obstetrical experience and therefore they were not allocated to Admission Type Maternity. See Section Four for details of *Maternity* activity reported.

3.2 **CODING OF DIAGNOSES AND PROCEDURES**

Coding of HIPE hospital activity is performed by the HIPE Clinical Coder who translates medical terminology into code; the Coder performs an essential function in providing high quality, accurate, standardised medical information. The source document for coding for the HIPE system is the medical record or chart. Documentation within the medical record includes the discharge summary or letter, nursing notes, consultation reports, progress notes, operative reports, pre- and postoperative reports, and pathology reports. The Coder uses the whole chart to extract the diagnoses and procedures that are critical to representing the essential features of the patient and their hospital stay in accordance with international and national coding standards. Appendix III contains the HIPE Data Entry Form for 2012, which details the information coded for each hospital discharge. No interpretation of test results may be presumed by the Coder and all diagnoses recorded must be documented by a clinician in the chart.3

Discharges are coded using the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Australian Classification of Health interventions (ACHI), Australian Coding Standards (ACS), 6th Edition and Irish Coding Standards (ICS). 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Details of the diagnosis and procedure coding scheme are provided in Tables 3.1 and 3.2. ACS are developed to provide guidance in the application of ICD-10-AM and ACHI codes. Standards are categorised by site and or body system according to the clinical specialty to which a disease or procedure relates. ICS apply to activity coded in HIPE and provide guidance and instruction on all aspects of HIPE data collection by addressing issues relevant to the Irish hospital system. ICS are developed to complement the ACS and are revised regularly to reflect changing clinical practice.

The Health Research and Information Division (HRID) of the ESRI is responsible for training coders. For further information see www.hipe.ie

For further information on the selection of ICD-10-AM as the clinical coding scheme for Ireland, see Murphy, D., Wiley, MM., Clifton, A., McDonagh, D., 2004, Updating Clinical Coding in Ireland: Options and Opportunities. Dublin: The Economic and Social Research Institute.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008: The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney.

The spelling conventions of ICD-10-AM comply with the Macquarie Dictionary, as recommended by the Australian government style manual.

Ireland changed from ICD-10-AM 4th Edition to ICD-10-AM 6th Edition in 2009. For further information on changes in coding, see previous HIPE national reports, available at www.hipe.ie

Irish Coding Standards provide guidelines for the collection of HIPE data for all discharges and are to be used in conjunction with 6th Edition ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS and the relevant HIPE Instruction Manual. For further information, see www.hipe.ie

Table 3.1 provides details of the structure of ICD-10-AM Diagnosis Codes and presents the chapter structure of ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes.

TABLE 3.1 ICD-10-AM Diagnosis Codes, Chapter and Title

ICD-10-AM Diagnosis Codes

The 'core' disease classification of ICD-10-AM is the three character code, which is the mandatory level of coding for international reporting to the World Health Organization (WHO) for general international comparisons. This core set of codes has been expanded to four and five character codes so that important specific disease entities can be identified, while also maintaining the ability to present data in broad groups to enable useful and understandable information to be obtained.

The ICD-10-AM is a variable-axis classification. Its structure is designed principally to facilitate epidemiological analysis. Diseases are organised in the following groups: epidemic diseases; constitutional or general diseases; local disease arranged by site; developmental diseases; and injuries.

Most of the tabular is taken up with the main disease classification composed of 22 chapters. The first character of the ICD-10-AM code is a letter, and each letter is associated with a particular chapter, except for the letter D, which spans both Chapter 2 Neoplasms and Chapter 3 Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism, and the letter H, which is used in both Chapter 7 Diseases of the eye and adnexa and Chapter 8 Diseases of the ear and mastoid process. Four chapters (Chapters 1, 2, 19 and 20) use more than one letter in the first position of their

WHO intends the codes U00-U99 to be used for provisional assignment of new diseases of uncertain aetiology and for specific research purposes. U50-U71 are used in ICD-10-AM to classify sporting activities previously classified to Y93.0 Activity, While engaged in sports.

| Chap | ter and Title | Code Prefix | Chap | ter and Title | Code Prefix |
|------|--|----------------|------|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Certain infectious and parasitic diseases | А, В | 12 | Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue | L |
| 2 | Neoplasms | C, D | 13 | Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue | М |
| 3 | Diseases of the blood and blood- forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism | D | 14 | Diseases of the genitourinary system | N |
| 4 | Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases | E | 15 | Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium | 0 |
| 5 | Mental and behavioural disorders | F | 16 | Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period | Р |
| 6 | Diseases of the nervous system | G | 17 | Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities | Q |
| 7 | Diseases of the eye and adnexa | Н | 18 | Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified | R |
| 8 | Diseases of the ear and mastoid process | Н | 19 | Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes | S, T |
| 9 | Diseases of the circulatory system | I | 20 | External causes of morbidity and mortality | U, V, W, X, Y |
| 10 | Diseases of the respiratory system | J | 21 | Factors influencing health status and contact with health services | Z |
| 11 | Diseases of the digestive system | K | 22 | Codes for special purposes | U |

Source: National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008: The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p. 2.

Table 3.2 provides details of the structure of ACHI Procedure Codes and presents the chapter structure for these ACHI procedure codes.

TABLE 3.2 Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI), Chapter and Title

Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI)

The Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI) was developed by the NCCH and is generally based on the Commonwealth Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS).

The main features of the classification are:

- 1) The procedure classification captures procedures and interventions performed in public and private hospitals, day centres and ambulatory settings. Allied health interventions, dental services and procedures performed outside the operating theatre are included.⁹
- 2) The procedure classification is based on the Commonwealth Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) and consists of a seven character code in the format xxxxx-xx. Generally, the first five characters represent the MBS item number. A two character extension number has been attached to each MBS item number to represent individual procedural concepts (e.g., 36564-00). The two character extensions are also used in anaesthetic procedure codes to indicate ASA, while in pharmacotherapy they are used to indicate drug type.
 - Other ACHI interventions which are not represented in MBS are allocated a code number from the 90000 series. Note: 97000 codes are reserved for dental services.
- 3) The structure of the procedure classification is based on anatomy rather than surgical specialty. Chapters closely follow the chapter headings of the WHO ICD-10 to maintain parity with the disease classification.
- 4) Nonsurgical procedures are listed separately from the surgical procedures, whenever feasible.
- 5) A hierarchical structure with the following axes:
 - First level anatomical site axis
 - Second level procedure type axis
 - Third level block axis
- 6) Inclusion of many more procedures which can be utilised in non-institutional settings, such as community based health and ambulatory care.

| Chapt | ter and Title | Chapt | er and Title |
|-------|--|-------|---|
| 1 | Procedures on nervous system | 11 | Procedures on urinary system |
| 2 | Procedures on endocrine system | 12 | Procedures on male genital organs |
| 3 | Procedures on eye and adnexa | 13 | Gynaecological procedures |
| 4 | Procedures on ear and mastoid process | 14 | Obstetric procedures |
| 5 | Procedures on nose, mouth and pharynx | 15 | Procedures on musculoskeletal system |
| 6 | Dental services | 16 | Dermatological and plastic procedures |
| 7 | Procedures on respiratory system | 17 | Procedures on breast |
| 8 | Procedures on cardiovascular system | 18 | Radiation oncology procedures |
| 9 | Procedures on blood and blood-forming organs | 19 | Non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified |
| 10 | Procedures on digestive system | 20 | Imaging services |

Sources: National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008: The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney, p. 3.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008: The Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI) Tabular List of Interventions. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p. iii.

Definition of a Diagnosis 3.2.1

In 2012, HIPE collected a principal diagnosis for each discharge, together with up to 29 additional diagnosis codes.

DIAGNOSES

A principal diagnosis is defined as, 'the diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning an episode of admitted patient care, an episode of residential care or attendance at the healthcare establishment, as represented by a code'. 10

An additional diagnosis is defined as, 'a condition or complaint either coexisting with the principal diagnosis or arising during the episode of admitted patient care, episode of residential care or attendance at a health care establishment, as represented by a code' and may be used as an indication of the level of comorbidity. 11

Additional diagnoses are interpreted as conditions that affect patient management in terms of requiring commencement, alteration or adjustment of therapeutic treatment, diagnostic procedures, increased clinical care, and/or monitoring.

3.2.1.1 Mean Number of Diagnoses Reported

Table 3.3 outlines the mean number of diagnoses collected for day patient, inpatient, and total discharges (excl. Maternity), by sex and age group.

- The mean number of diagnoses recorded for total discharges (excl. Maternity) was 2.6.
- The mean number of diagnoses recorded for in-patient discharges was 3.7, compared to 2.0 for day patients.
- The mean number of diagnoses recorded was slightly higher for male discharges (2.6) compared with female discharges (2.5).

TABLE 3.3 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Mean Number of All-Listed Diagnoses by Patient Type, Sex and Age Group

| | Day Patients | In-Patients | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Total | 2.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 |
| Sex | | | |
| Male | 2.0 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| Female | 1.9 | 3.6 | 2.5 |
| Age Group | | | |
| < 15 Years | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| 15–44 Years | 1.7 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| 45–64 Years | 2.0 | 3.7 | 2.5 |
| 65 Years and Over | 2.1 | 4.9 | 3.1 |

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008: The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p. 10.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), op. cit., p. 13.

3.2.2 Definition of a Procedure

In 2012, a principal procedure and up to 19 additional procedure codes for each discharge could be reported to HIPE where appropriate.

PROCEDURES

The classification of procedures in ICD-10-AM uses the Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI). ¹² Procedures are coded in HIPE in accordance with the following hierarchy:

- procedure performed for treatment of the principal diagnosis
- procedure performed for treatment of an additional diagnosis
- diagnostic/exploratory procedure related to the principal diagnosis
- diagnostic/exploratory procedure related to additional diagnoses for the episode of care. ¹³

A key feature of the ACHI procedure classification is a seven-character code in the format xxxxx-xx. The structure is organised on an anatomical basis and thus does not always appear in numerical order. Procedure blocks were introduced to provide a sequential framework for both coding and reporting purposes. The blocks represent homogenous groups of procedures, while the seven-digit codes allow for greater detail. ¹⁴ For example, procedure block 0732 represents 'direct closure of vein', containing the procedures 'direct closure of renal vein' (33833-04) and 'direct closure of vena cava' (90215-02). In this report, tables have been produced using the block framework. ¹⁵

3.2.2.1 Discharges with a Procedure

Table 3.4 provides details of the number and percentage of discharges (excl. *Maternity*) that had a principal procedure recorded by patient type and admission type. Section 4 provides details of procedures reported for *Maternity* discharges.

- Of the 1,403,562 total discharges (excl. *Maternity*), principal procedures were recorded for 1,165,698 discharges (83.1 per cent).
- Close to 94 per cent of day patient discharges had a principal procedure recorded.
- Over 63 per cent of in-patient discharges had a principal procedure recorded, with 89.7 per cent of elective in-patients and 56.5 per cent of emergency inpatients undergoing a principal procedure.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH) 2008, *The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards*. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008, *The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards.* Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p. 32.

National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008, Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI) Tabular List of Interventions. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p. viii.

The move to the ACHI introduced significant changes to the collection of procedures from 2005, including the use of Australian Coding Standard (ACS) number 0042 (see Appendix VIII).

| TABLE 3.4 | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>): Number and Percentage of Discharges with a Principal Procedure |
|------------------|--|
| | by Patient Type and Admission Type |

| | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | | (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) pal Procedure |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| | N | N | % |
| Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | 1,403,562 | 1,165,698 | 83.1 |
| Day Patients | 905,687 | 848,845 | 93.7 |
| In-Patients | 497,875 | 316,853 | 63.6 |
| Elective In-Patients | 106,807 | 95,787 | 89.7 |
| Emergency In-Patients | 391,068 | 221,066 | 56.5 |

3.2.2.2 Mean Number of Procedures Reported

Table 3.5 outlines the mean number of procedures reported for day patients, inpatients, and total discharges (excl. Maternity), by sex and age group. The calculation of mean procedures is based on discharges with at least one procedure reported to HIPE.¹⁶

- For those discharges who underwent at least one procedure, in-patient discharges had a mean number of 2.9 procedures recorded, compared to a mean of 1.4 procedures for day patients.
- While the mean number of procedures increased with age for in-patient discharges, the day patient pattern differed. For those undergoing a procedure, day patient discharges aged less than 15 years recorded a mean of 1.9 procedures, which was larger than that reported for older age groups.

TABLE 3.5 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Mean Number of All-Listed Procedures by Patient Type, Sex and Age Group

| | Day Patients | In-Patients | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Total (excl. Maternity) | 1.4 | 2.9 | 1.8 |
| Sex | | | |
| Male | 1.4 | 2.9 | 1.8 |
| Female | 1.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| Age Group | | | |
| < 15 Years | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 |
| 15–44 Years | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.8 |
| 45-64 Years | 1.4 | 3.0 | 1.7 |
| 65 Years and Over | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.8 |

Includes all anaesthesia except local. See ACS 0031 Anaesthesia in National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH), 2008, The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (6th Ed): Australian Coding Standards. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of Sydney. p.

3.3 MORBIDITY ANALYSIS: SUMMARY OF DAY PATIENT AND IN-PATIENT ACTIVITY

Section 3.3 provides a summary of the day patient and in-patient hospital activity reported to HIPE. 17 This analysis reports on the most commonly recorded diagnoses, procedure blocks and diagnosis related groups, as well as providing demographic and administrative information for these discharges.

3.3.1 Day Patient Activity (excl. Maternity)

A day patient is admitted to hospital for treatment on an elective (rather than an emergency) basis and is discharged alive, as scheduled, on the same day (Department of Health and Children, 2001). Deliveries are not included. Table 3.6 presents a summary of day patient activity reported to HIPE.

Day Patients - Profile

- Day patient discharges accounted for 64.5 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Day patients aged 65-74 years accounted for 20.2 per cent of day patient discharges.

Day Patients – Top 20 Principal Diagnoses

- Day patients with a principal diagnosis of other medical care (includes chemotherapy and radiotherapy 18 encounters) accounted for 18.8 per cent of day patient discharges.
- Care involving dialysis accounted for 18.2 per cent of day patient discharges.

Day Patients - Top 20 Principal Procedure Blocks

- A principal procedure was recorded for 93.7 per cent of day patient discharges (see Table 3.4).
- Procedures from the block haemodialysis were reported as a principal procedure for 19.4 per cent of day patients with at least one procedure.

Day Patients – Top 10 Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs)

- The top three AR-DRGs accounted for over 36 per cent of day patient discharges reported to HIPE when analysed by diagnosis related group. 19
- Haemodialysis accounted for 18.2 per cent, and chemotherapy and radiotherapy accounted for 10.3 and 8.1 per cent respectively of day patient discharges.

See Section Four for details of *Maternity* activity reported.

Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

See Section Five for details of the case mix classification.

TABLE 3.6 Day Patient Activity (excl. *Maternity*) (N, %)

| Top 20 | Principal Diagnoses ^a | N | % | Day | Patients | | Top 20 | Principal Procedure Blocks ^b | N | % |
|---------|--|---------|------|-------------|----------|------|--------|--|---------|-----|
| Z51 | Other medical care ^c | 170,701 | 18.8 | | | | 1060 | Haemodialysis | 164,813 | 19 |
| Z49 | Care involving dialysis | 164,621 | 18.2 | 90 | 5,687 | | 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy ^c | 122,089 | 14. |
| E83 | Disorders of mineral metabolism | 23,379 | 2.6 | 30. | 3,007 | | 1788 | Megavoltage radiation treatment | 69,851 | 8. |
| L40 | Psoriasis | 14,092 | 1.6 | | | | 1008 | Panendoscopy with excision | 44,267 | 5. |
| K29 | Gastritis and duodenitis | 13,933 | 1.5 | Sex | N | % | 1620 | Excision of lesion(s) of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 34,748 | 4. |
| H35 | Other retinal disorders | 11,019 | 1.2 | Male | 453,076 | 50.0 | 0905 | Fibreoptic colonoscopy | 27,734 | 3. |
| M54 | Dorsalgia | 10,806 | 1.2 | Female | 452,611 | 50.0 | 0911 | Fibreoptic colonoscopy with excision | 25,883 | 3. |
| M25 | Other joint disorders, not elsewhere classified | 9,353 | 1.0 | | | | 0725 | Other incision procedures on veins | 23,177 | 2. |
| 184 | Haemorrhoids | 8,882 | 1.0 | | | | 1552 | Administration of agent into other musculoskeletal sites | 16,715 | 2. |
| C44 | Other malignant neoplasms of skin | 8,559 | 0.9 | Age Group | N | % | 1893 | Administration of blood and blood products | 14,023 | 1. |
| Z09 | Follow-up examination after treatment for conditions other | 8,016 | 0.9 | < 1 Years | 4,569 | 0.5 | 1610 | Ultraviolet B [UVB] light therapy of skin | 13,234 | 1. |
| | than malignant neoplasms | | | 1–14 Years | 43,507 | 4.8 | 1089 | Examination procedures on bladder | 13,151 | 1. |
| K57 | Diverticular disease of intestine | 7,991 | 0.9 | 15-24 Years | 33,749 | 3.7 | 0209 | Application, insertion or removal procedures on retina, | 12,589 | 1. |
| R10 | Abdominal and pelvic pain | 7,808 | 0.9 | 25-34 Years | 71,237 | 7.9 | | choroid or posterior chamber | | |
| K44 | Diaphragmatic hernia | 7,688 | 0.8 | 35-44 Years | 103,559 | 11.4 | 0668 | Coronary angiography | 10,062 | 1. |
| Z08 | Follow-up examination after treatment for malignant | 7,540 | 0.8 | 45-54 Years | 139,258 | 15.4 | 1005 | Panendoscopy | 9,390 | 1. |
| | neoplasms | | | 55-64 Years | 176,181 | 19.5 | 0197 | Extracapsular crystalline lens extraction by | 8,648 | 1. |
| E11 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus | 6,450 | 0.7 | 65-74 Years | 183,326 | 20.2 | | phacoemulsification | | |
| Z45 | Adjustment and management of implanted device | 6,334 | 0.7 | 75-84 Years | 122,588 | 13.5 | 1279 | Examination procedures on vagina | 6,951 | 0. |
| H26 | Other cataract | 5,856 | 0.6 | 85 Years | 27,713 | 3.1 | 0544 | Bronchoscopy with biopsy or removal of foreign body | 5,526 | 0. |
| K21 | Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease | 5,819 | 0.6 | and Over | | | 1259 | Examination procedures on uterus | 4,539 | 0. |
| Z13 | Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders | 5,751 | 0.6 | | | | 0160 | Examination procedures on eyeball | 4,296 | 0. |
| Admiss | sion Source | N | % | | | | Top 10 | AR-DRGs | N | % |
| Home | | 900,583 | 99.4 | | | | L61Z | Haemodialysis | 164,399 | 18. |
| Long st | ay accommodation | 1,052 | 0.1 | | | | R63Z | Chemotherapy | 93,479 | 10. |
| Transfe | er from other hospital | 3,951 | 0.4 | | | | R64Z | Radiotherapy ^c | 73,373 | 8. |
| Other (| includes new born) | 101 | 0.0 | | | | G48C | Colonoscopy, sameday | 41,565 | 4. |
| | | | | | | | G47C | Other gastroscopy, sameday | 39,935 | 4. |
| Discha | rge Destination | N | % | | | | J11Z | Other skin, subcutaneous tissue and breast procedures | 38,087 | 4. |
| Home | | 900,386 | 99.4 | | | | Q61B | Red blood cell disorders w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 31,997 | 3. |
| Long st | ay accommodation | 1,325 | 0.1 | | | | Z64B | Other factors influencing health status, sameday | 25,921 | 2. |
| Transfe | er to other hospital | 3,834 | 0.4 | | | | J68C | Major skin disorders, sameday | 17,472 | 1. |
| Other | · | 142 | 0.0 | | | | R61C | Lymphoma and non-acute leukaemia, sameday | 16,214 | 1. |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

- a ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes are analysed at three-digit level.
- b ACHI Procedure codes are analysed at block level. The percentage (%) is based on day patients with principal procedure reported.
- c Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

3.3.2 In-Patient Activity (excl. *Maternity*)

An in-patient is admitted to hospital for treatment or investigation on an elective or emergency basis (Department of Health and Children, 2001). An elective in-patient would stay for at least one night (unlike emergency admissions, where the date of admission and discharge may be the same). Table 3.7 presents a summary of inpatient activity reported to HIPE.

In-Patients – Profile

- In-patient discharges accounted for 35.5 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Ninety-seven per cent (482,695) of in-patients were acute in-patient discharges (i.e., those with a length of stay of 30 days or less); they used 68.7 per cent of in-patient bed days (excl. *Maternity*). Extended stay in-patients accounted for 3.0 per cent of in-patient discharges and 31.3 per cent of in-patient bed days.

In-Patients – Top 20 Principal Diagnoses

- In-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis of *pain in throat and chest* accounted for 4.1 per cent of in-patient discharges.
- In-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis of unspecified acute lower respiratory infection and those with a principal diagnosis of other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease each accounted for 2.6 per cent of in-patients.

In-Patients – Top 20 Principal Procedure Blocks

- A principal procedure was recorded for 63.6 per cent of total in-patient discharges (Table 3.4).
- Procedures from the block generalised allied health interventions were reported
 for 15.5 per cent of in-patient discharges with at least one procedure reported.
 This block includes interventions such as physiotherapy, pharmacy, dietetics,
 occupational therapy, social work, and speech pathology. Together, these six
 interventions accounted for 92.6 per cent of cases within this procedure block.
- The procedures from the block *computerised tomography of brain* accounted for 9.7 per cent of in-patient discharges with a principal procedure reported.

In-Patients – Top 10 Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs)

- The top three AR-DRGs accounted for 8.2 per cent of in-patient discharges when analysed by diagnosis related group. ²⁰
- Chest pain accounted for 3.8 per cent of in-patient discharges. Abdominal pain or mesenteric adenitis and oesophagitis and gastroenteritis w/o cat/sev cc each accounted for 2.2 per cent of in-patient discharges.

 TABLE 3.7
 In-Patient Activity (excl. Maternity) (N, %, and Length of Stay)

| Top 20 F | Principal Diagnoses ^a | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|--|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| R07 | Pain in throat and chest | 20,219 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| J22 | Unspecified acute lower respiratory infection | 13,167 | 2.6 | 6.4 | 5.1 |
| J44 | Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | 12,940 | 2.6 | 8.2 | 6.6 |
| R10 | Abdominal and pelvic pain | 11,893 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| J18 | Pneumonia, organism unspecified | 10,191 | 2.0 | 9.5 | 6.8 |
| N39 | Other disorders of urinary system | 9,863 | 2.0 | 7.8 | 5.3 |
| R55 | Syncope and collapse | 8,405 | 1.7 | 5.2 | 3.7 |
| A09 | Other gastroenteritis and colitis of infectious and unspecified origin | 6,780 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| 148 | Atrial fibrillation and flutter | 6,310 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| 121 | Acute myocardial infarction | 6,290 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 5.6 |
| K80 | Cholelithiasis | 6,124 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| K35 | Acute appendicitis | 5,981 | 1.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| 150 | Heart failure | 5,600 | 1.1 | 11.8 | 8.1 |
| R51 | Headache | 5,565 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| L03 | Cellulitis | 5,216 | 1.0 | 6.5 | 5.4 |
| Z50 | Care involving use of rehabilitation procedures | 5,039 | 1.0 | 25.6 | 13.3 |
| J35 | Chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids | 5,006 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| S52 | Fracture of forearm | 4,780 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| 125 | Chronic ischaemic heart disease | 4,769 | 1.0 | 5.0 | 4.1 |
| R06 | Abnormalities of breathing | 4,365 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 |

| In-Patients | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 497,875 | | | | | | | |
| Discharges | N | % | | | | | |
| Total | 497,875 | 100 | | | | | |
| Acute | 482,695 | 97.0 | | | | | |
| Extended | 15,180 | 3.0 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bed Days | N | % | | | | | |
| Total | 3,151,749 | 100 | | | | | |
| Acute | 2,166,558 | 68.7 | | | | | |
| Extended | 985,191 | 31.3 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Length of Stay | | Mean | | | | | |
| Total | | 6.3 | | | | | |
| Acute | | 4.5 | | | | | |
| Extended | | 64.9 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Top 20 P | rincipal Procedure Blocks ^b | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|--|--------|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 49,070 | 15.5 | 11.4 | 7.8 |
| 1952 | Computerised tomography of brain | 30,790 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 5.3 |
| 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 11,605 | 3.7 | 6.6 | 5.0 |
| 2015 | Magnetic resonance imaging | 7,604 | 2.4 | 10.3 | 6.8 |
| 1963 | Computerised tomography of abdomen and pelvis | 7,568 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 5.4 |
| 1008 | Panendoscopy with excision | 7,283 | 2.3 | 8.8 | 6.5 |
| 1893 | Administration of blood and blood products | 6,888 | 2.2 | 8.0 | 5.9 |
| 0926 | Appendicectomy | 6,562 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| 1966 | Other computerised tomography | 6,438 | 2.0 | 7.6 | 6.0 |
| 0668 | Coronary angiography | 5,929 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 4.6 |
| 0412 | Tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy | 4,881 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1489 | Arthroplasty of hip | 4,793 | 1.5 | 11.3 | 7.9 |
| 0965 | Cholecystectomy | 3,895 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| 0570 | Noninvasive ventilatory support | 3,731 | 1.2 | 13.8 | 9.0 |
| 0569 | Ventilatory support | 3,396 | 1.1 | 21.7 | 8.6 |
| 1961 | Computerised tomography of chest, abdomen and pelvis | 3,245 | 1.0 | 10.5 | 8.0 |
| 1960 | Computerised tomography of chest | 3,162 | 1.0 | 9.7 | 7.4 |
| 0671 | Transluminal coronary angioplasty with stenting | 3,099 | 1.0 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| 0030 | Lumbar puncture | 3,036 | 1.0 | 7.6 | 5.2 |
| 1962 | Computerised tomography of abdomen | 3,000 | 0.9 | 6.8 | 5.5 |

| Admission Source | N | % |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Home | 453,077 | 91.0 |
| Long stay accommodation | 8,999 | 1.8 |
| Transfer from other hospital | 23,600 | 4.7 |
| New born | 8,913 | 1.8 |
| Other | 3,286 | 0.7 |
| | | |
| | | |
| Discharge Destination | N | % |
| Discharge Destination Home | N 434,554 | % 87.3 |
| <u> </u> | | |
| Home | 434,554 | 87.3 |
| Home Long stay accommodation | 434,554 23,121 | 87.3 4.6 |

| 253,103 244,772 | 50.8 |
|--------------------|--|
| 244,772 | 40.0 |
| | 49.2 |
| | |
| N | % |
| 29,819 | 6.0 |
| 59,851 | 12.0 |
| 32,257 | 6.5 |
| 37,675 | 7.6 |
| 44,166 | 8.9 |
| 52,660 | 10.6 |
| 63,929 | 12.8 |
| 72,897 | 14.6 |
| 71,388 | 14.3 |
| 33,233 | 6.7 |
| | 29,819 59,851 32,257 37,675 44,166 52,660 63,929 72,897 71,388 |

| Top 10 A | R-DRGs | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|---|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| F74Z | Chest pain | 18,943 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| G66Z | Abdominal pain or mesenteric adenitis | 10,841 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| G67B | Oesophagitis and gastroenteritis w/o cat/sev cc | 10,747 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| E65B | Chronic obstructive airways disease w/o cat cc | 10,059 | 2.0 | 6.2 | 5.6 |
| G70B | Other digestive system diagnoses w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 9,167 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| D63Z | Otitis media and URI | 9,107 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| B77Z | Headache | 8,421 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| E75C | Other respiratory system diagnosis w/o cc | 7,401 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| L63B | Kidney and urinary tract infections w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 7,149 | 1.4 | 5.2 | 4.4 |
| F73B | Syncope and collapse w/o | 7,115 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| | catastrophic or severe cc | | | | |

Percentage columns are subject to rounding. Notes:

- ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes are analysed at three-digit level.
- ACHI Procedure codes are analysed at block level. The percentage (%) is based on in-patients with principal d procedure reported.

Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) and extended stay in-patients (length of stay greater than 30 days). Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients only.

3.3.2.1 Elective In-Patient Activity

An elective in-patient is an admission that has been arranged in advance (Department of Health and Children, 2001). Table 3.8 presents a summary of elective in-patient activity reported to HIPE.

Elective In-Patients – Profile

- Elective in-patient discharges accounted for 7.6 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) and 21.5 per cent of in-patients.
- Elective in-patient discharges accounted for 699,940 bed days, or 22.2 per cent of total in-patient bed days (see Table 3.7).
- Almost 90 per cent of elective in-patient discharges were admitted from home and a further 10.1 per cent were admitted by transfer from another hospital.
- Over 92 per cent of elective in-patient discharges were discharged home.

Elective In-Patients – Top 20 Principal Diagnoses

- Elective in-patients with a principal diagnosis of care involving use of rehabilitation procedures accounted for 4.6 per cent of elective in-patient discharges and reported the longest acute mean length of stay of the top 20 principal diagnoses for elective in-patient discharges, at 13.4 days.
- *Chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids* accounted for 4.5 per cent of elective in-patient discharges.

Elective In-Patients – Top 20 Principal Procedure Blocks

- A principal procedure was recorded for 89.7 per cent of elective in-patient discharges (see Table 3.4).
- The procedure block *generalised allied health interventions* was reported for 9.8 per cent of elective in-patients who had a principal procedure reported.
- Five per cent of elective in-patient discharges had a principal procedure from the block tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy reported, with an acute mean length of stay of 1.3 days.

Elective In-Patients – Top 10 Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs)

- The top three AR-DRGs accounted for 11.4 per cent of elective in-patient discharges reported to HIPE when analysed by case mix.²¹
- Tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy accounted for 4.6 per cent, rehabilitation w/o catastrophic cc accounted for 3.9 per cent, and hip replacement w/o catastrophic cc accounted for 2.9 per cent of elective in-patient discharges.

TABLE 3.8 Elective In-Patient Activity (N, %, and Length of Stay)

| Top 20 | Principal Diagnoses ^a | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|--------|---|-------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Z50 | Care involving use of rehabilitation procedures | 4,951 | 4.6 | 25.7 | 13.4 |
| J35 | Chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids | 4,852 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| M16 | Coxarthrosis [arthrosis of hip] | 3,184 | 3.0 | 6.2 | 6.0 |
| K80 | Cholelithiasis | 2,620 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| G47 | Sleep disorders | 2,384 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| M17 | Gonarthrosis [arthrosis of knee] | 2,313 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| 125 | Chronic ischaemic heart disease | 2,121 | 2.0 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| Z48 | Other surgical follow-up care | 2,007 | 1.9 | 10.1 | 6.2 |
| C50 | Malignant neoplasm of breast | 1,995 | 1.9 | 6.1 | 4.3 |
| K40 | Inguinal hernia | 1,624 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| N81 | Female genital prolapse | 1,515 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| C34 | Malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung | 1,430 | 1.3 | 10.6 | 7.8 |
| N39 | Other disorders of urinary system | 1,026 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 3.1 |
| C18 | Malignant neoplasm of colon | 1,014 | 0.9 | 11.5 | 8.6 |
| C67 | Malignant neoplasm of bladder | 900 | 0.8 | 6.1 | 5.1 |
| C61 | Malignant neoplasm of prostate | 873 | 0.8 | 12.3 | 6.3 |
| K81 | Cholecystitis | 831 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| M25 | Other joint disorders, not elsewhere classified | 822 | 0.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| E11 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus | 810 | 0.8 | 6.7 | 4.9 |
| R06 | Abnormalities of breathing | 797 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 1.5 |

| Elective In-Patients 106,807 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Discharges | N | % | | | | |
| Total | 106,807 | 100 | | | | |
| Acute | 103,150 | 96.6 | | | | |
| Extended | 3,657 | 3.4 | | | | |
| Bed Days | N | % | | | | |
| Total | 699,940 | 100 | | | | |
| Acute | 470,480 | 67.2 | | | | |
| Extended | 229,460 | 32.8 | | | | |
| Length of Stay | | Mean | | | | |
| Total | | 6.6 | | | | |
| Acute | | 4.6 | | | | |

62.7

Extended

| Top 20 P | rincipal Procedure Blocks ⁶ | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|--|-------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 9,402 | 9.8 | 18.7 | 10.9 |
| 0412 | Tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy | 4,828 | 5.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 3,341 | 3.5 | 7.5 | 4.8 |
| 1489 | Arthroplasty of hip | 3,272 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| 0965 | Cholecystectomy | 2,947 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| 1828 | Sleep study | 2,635 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 1518 | Arthroplasty of knee | 2,164 | 2.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| 1893 | Administration of blood and blood products | 1,680 | 1.8 | 4.9 | 3.7 |
| 0990 | Repair of inguinal hernia | 1,576 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| 1268 | Abdominal hysterectomy | 1,525 | 1.6 | 6.3 | 6.0 |
| 0668 | Coronary angiography | 1,220 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 3.0 |
| 0671 | Transluminal coronary angioplasty with stenting | 1,174 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| 1008 | Panendoscopy with excision | 975 | 1.0 | 5.7 | 4.5 |
| 1620 | Excision of lesion(s) of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 928 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| 1269 | Vaginal hysterectomy | 903 | 0.9 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
| 0913 | Colectomy | 889 | 0.9 | 13.4 | 10.5 |
| 1744 | Excision of lesion of breast | 879 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 2015 | Magnetic resonance imaging | 878 | 0.9 | 7.7 | 5.8 |
| 1748 | Simple mastectomy | 824 | 0.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| 1283 | Repair of prolapse of uterus, pelvic floor or enterocele | 770 | 8.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 |

| Admission Source | N | % |
|------------------------------|--------|------|
| Home | 95,525 | 89.4 |
| Long stay accommodation | 476 | 0.4 |
| Transfer from other hospital | 10,750 | 10.1 |
| Other (includes new born) | 56 | 0.1 |

| Discharge Destination | N | % |
|----------------------------|--------|------|
| Home | 98,326 | 92.1 |
| Long stay accommodation | 3,267 | 3.1 |
| Transfer to other hospital | 3,513 | 3.3 |
| Died | 1,255 | 1.2 |
| Other | 446 | 0.4 |

| JUN | | ,,, |
|----------------------|--------|------|
| Male | 52,331 | 49.0 |
| Female | 54,476 | 51.0 |
| | | |
| Age Group | N | % |
| < 1 Years | 1,720 | 1.6 |
| 1–14 Years | 10,668 | 10.0 |
| 15-24 Years | 5,507 | 5.2 |
| 25-34 Years | 7,105 | 6.7 |
| 35-44 Years | 10,274 | 9.6 |
| 45-54 Years | 14,230 | 13.3 |
| 55-64 Years | 18,623 | 17.4 |
| 65-74 Years | 20,104 | 18.8 |
| 75-84 Years | 14,659 | 13.7 |
| 85 Years and Over | 3,917 | 3.7 |
| | | |

| Top 10 A | R-DRGs | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|---|-------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| D11Z | Tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy | 4,880 | 4.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Z60B | Rehabilitation w/o catastrophic cc | 4,146 | 3.9 | 21.1 | 13.3 |
| 103B | Hip replacement w/o catastrophic cc | 3,132 | 2.9 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| H08B | Laparoscopic cholecystectomy w/o closed CDE w/o cat or sev cc | 2,553 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Z63B | Other surgical follow up and medical care w/o catastrophic cc | 2,263 | 2.1 | 9.5 | 7.3 |
| G10B | Hernia procedures w/o cc | 2,130 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| E63Z | Sleep apnoea | 2,094 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 104B | Knee replacement w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 1,876 | 1.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| J06Z | Major procedures for breast conditions | 1,874 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| N04B | Hysterectomy for non-malignancy w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 1,790 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

- ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes are analysed at three-digit level.
- b ACHI Procedure codes are analysed at block level. The percentage (%) is based on elective in- patients with d Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients only. principal procedure reported.
- c Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) and extended stay in-patients (length of stay greater than 30 days).

3.3.2.2 Emergency In-Patient Activity

An emergency in-patient admission is unforeseen and requires urgent care (Department of Health and Children, 2001).²² Table 3.9 presents a summary of emergency in-patient activity reported to HIPE.²³

Emergency In-Patients - Profile

- Emergency in-patient discharges accounted for 27.9 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) and 78.5 per cent of in-patients.
- Emergency in-patient discharges accounted for 77.8 per cent of in-patient bed days (see Table 3.7).
- Seventy-four per cent of emergency in-patient discharges were admitted from an Emergency Department, with 5.0 per cent admitted via a medical assessment unit (where they were treated as an in-patient).

Emergency In-Patients – Top 20 Principal Diagnoses

- Emergency in-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis of *pain in throat and chest* accounted for 5.0 per cent of emergency in-patients.
- Emergency in-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis of unspecified acute lower respiratory infection and those with a principal diagnosis of other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease each accounted for over 3 per cent of emergency in-patients.

Emergency In-Patients - Top 20 Principal Procedure Blocks

- A principal procedure was recorded for 56.5 per cent of emergency in-patient discharges (see Table 3.4).
- Procedures from the block *generalised allied health interventions* were reported for 17.9 per cent of emergency in-patient discharges with a procedure recorded.

Emergency In-Patient – Top 10 Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRGs)

- The top three AR-DRGs accounted for 10.1 per cent of emergency in-patient discharges reported to HIPE when analysed by case mix.²⁴
- Chest pain accounted for 4.7 per cent of emergency in-patient discharges. Abdominal pain or mesenteric adenitis and oesophagitis and gastroenteritis w/o cat/sev cc each accounted for 2.7 per cent of emergency in-patient discharges.

HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

²³ See Section 1.5 for notes on emergency in-patients and data reporting guidelines.

²⁴ See Section Five for details of the case mix classification.

TABLE 3.9 Emergency In-Patient Activity (N, %, and Length of Stay)

| Top 20 | Principal Diagnoses ^a | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|--------|--|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| R07 | Pain in throat and chest | 19,658 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| J22 | Unspecified acute lower respiratory infection | 12,847 | 3.3 | 6.3 | 5.1 |
| J44 | Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | 12,143 | 3.1 | 8.2 | 6.5 |
| R10 | Abdominal and pelvic pain | 11,385 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| J18 | Pneumonia, organism unspecified | 9,939 | 2.5 | 9.5 | 6.8 |
| N39 | Other disorders of urinary system | 8,837 | 2.3 | 8.2 | 5.6 |
| R55 | Syncope and collapse | 8,230 | 2.1 | 5.2 | 3.7 |
| A09 | Other gastroenteritis and colitis of infectious and unspecified origin | 6,617 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| K35 | Acute appendicitis | 5,940 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| 121 | Acute myocardial infarction | 5,838 | 1.5 | 7.1 | 5.8 |
| 148 | Atrial fibrillation and flutter | 5,641 | 1.4 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| R51 | Headache | 5,397 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| 150 | Heart failure | 5,323 | 1.4 | 11.8 | 8.1 |
| L03 | Cellulitis | 5,063 | 1.3 | 6.4 | 5.3 |
| S52 | Fracture of forearm | 4,478 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| 163 | Cerebral infarction | 4,212 | 1.1 | 20.6 | 9.8 |
| R56 | Convulsions, not elsewhere classified | 4,077 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 2.8 |
| B34 | Viral infection of unspecified site | 3,970 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| S72 | Fracture of femur | 3,947 | 1.0 | 16.7 | 10.7 |
| 120 | Angina pectoris | 3,709 | .9 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| | | | | | |

| | Patients | |
|----------------|-----------|------|
| 39 | 1,068 | |
| Discharges | N | % |
| Total | 391,068 | 100 |
| Acute | 379,545 | 97.1 |
| Extended | 11,523 | 2.9 |
| Bed Days | N | % |
| Total | 2,451,809 | 100 |
| Acute | 1,696,078 | 69.2 |
| Extended | 755,731 | 30.8 |
| Length of Stay | / | Mean |
| Total | | 6.3 |
| Acute | | 4.5 |
| Extended | | 65.6 |

| Top 20 P | rincipal Procedure Blocks ^b | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|----------|--|--------|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 39,668 | 17.9 | 9.7 | 7.1 |
| 1952 | Computerised tomography of brain | 30,197 | 13.7 | 9.3 | 5.2 |
| 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 8,264 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 5.1 |
| 1963 | Computerised tomography of abdomen and pelvis | 7,287 | 3.3 | 6.4 | 5.3 |
| 2015 | Magnetic resonance imaging | 6,726 | 3.0 | 10.7 | 7.0 |
| 0926 | Appendicectomy | 6,418 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| 1008 | Panendoscopy with excision | 6,308 | 2.9 | 9.3 | 6.8 |
| 1966 | Other computerised tomography | 6,166 | 2.8 | 7.5 | 5.9 |
| 1893 | Administration of blood and blood products | 5,208 | 2.4 | 9.0 | 6.6 |
| 0668 | Coronary angiography | 4,709 | 2.1 | 5.9 | 5.0 |
| 0569 | Ventilatory support | 3,291 | 1.5 | 21.5 | 8.6 |
| 0570 | Noninvasive ventilatory support | 3,105 | 1.4 | 15.6 | 10.3 |
| 1961 | Computerised tomography of chest, abdomen and pelvis | 2,903 | 1.3 | 10.7 | 8.1 |
| 1960 | Computerised tomography of chest | 2,901 | 1.3 | 9.9 | 7.5 |
| 1962 | Computerised tomography of abdomen | 2,878 | 1.3 | 6.8 | 5.5 |
| 0030 | Lumbar puncture | 2,823 | 1.3 | 7.4 | 5.2 |
| 1005 | Panendoscopy | 2,604 | 1.2 | 10.1 | 7.0 |
| 1427 | Closed reduction of fracture of radius | 2,166 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 0911 | Fibreoptic colonoscopy with excision | 2,057 | 0.9 | 11.5 | 8.2 |
| 0671 | Transluminal coronary angioplasty with stenting | 1,925 | 0.9 | 4.9 | 4.2 |

| Admission Source | N | % |
|--|---------|------|
| Home | 357,552 | 91.4 |
| Long stay accommodation | 8,523 | 2.2 |
| Transfer from other hospital | 12,850 | 3.3 |
| New born | 8,906 | 2.3 |
| Other | 3,237 | 0.8 |
| | | |
| Discharge Destination | N | % |
| Home | 336,228 | 86.0 |
| Long stay accommodation | 19,854 | 5.1 |
| Transfer to other hospital | 20,206 | 5.2 |
| Died | 9,946 | 2.5 |
| Other | 4,834 | 1.2 |
| | | |
| Mode of Emergency Admission | N | % |
| Emergency Department | 289,327 | 74.0 |
| Medical assessment unit - admitted as in-patient | 19,480 | 5.0 |
| Medical assessment unit - day only | 31,383 | 8.0 |
| Other | 50,710 | 13.0 |
| Unknown | 168 | 0.0 |
| Unknown | 168 | 0.0 |

| Sex | N | % |
|-------------|---------|------|
| Male | 200,772 | 51.3 |
| Female | 190,296 | 48.7 |
| | | |
| Age Group | N | % |
| < 1 Years | 28,099 | 7.2 |
| 1-14 Years | 49,183 | 12.6 |
| 15-24 Years | 26,750 | 6.8 |
| 25-34 Years | 30,570 | 7.8 |
| 35-44 Years | 33,892 | 8.7 |
| 45-54 Years | 38,430 | 9.8 |
| 55-64 Years | 45,306 | 11.6 |
| 65-74 Years | 52,793 | 13.5 |
| 75-84 Years | 56,729 | 14.5 |
| 85 Years | 29,316 | 7.5 |
| and Over | | |

| Top 10 AR | t-DRGs | N | % | Total Mean LOS ^c | Acute Mean LOS ^d |
|-----------|---|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| F74Z | Chest pain | 18,517 | 4.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| G66Z | Abdominal pain or mesenteric adenitis | 10,569 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| G67B | Oesophagitis and gastroenteritis w/o cat/sev cc | 10,553 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| E65B | Chronic obstructive airways disease w/o catastrophic cc | 9,311 | 2.4 | 6.0 | 5.5 |
| D63Z | Otitis media and URI | 8,809 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| G70B | Other digestive system diagnoses w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 8,490 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| B77Z | Headache | 8,238 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| E75C | Other respiratory system diagnosis w/o cc | 7,252 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| F73B | Syncope and collapse w/o catastrophic or severe CC | 6,963 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| L63B | Kidney and urinary tract infections w/o catastrophic or severe cc | 6,942 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 4.4 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

- a ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes are analysed at three-digit level.
- b ACHI Procedure codes are analysed at block level. The percentage (%) is based on emergency in-patients with d principal procedure reported.
- c Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) and extended stay in-patients (length of stay greater than 30 days).
 - Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients only.

3.4 MORBIDITY ANALYSIS: TOTAL DISCHARGE ACTIVITY (EXCL. **MATERNITY**)

The analysis presented in Section 3.4 is based on total discharges (excl. *Maternity*). 25 Morbidity data are presented by chapter within the ICD-10-AM diagnosis coding scheme, with certain specific conditions within these chapters reported separately. Procedures are generally reported by block at chapter level with certain specific procedures reported separately. Discussion of morbidity analysis will be limited to chapter level. Diagnosis and procedure tables are cross tabulated by sex and age group.

Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age Group

Table 3.10 presents the distribution of total discharges (excl. Maternity) by sex, age group and principal diagnosis.

- Over 28 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity) had a principal diagnosis of factors influencing health status and contact with health services; this includes persons encountering health services for examination and investigation or for specific procedures and health care (e.g., chemotherapy, radiotherapy²⁶ and dialysis).
- The chapter diseases of the digestive system had the second largest number of principal diagnoses, with 10.1 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- For discharges aged less than 15 years (including discharges < 1 year), the most common principal diagnosis came from the chapter diseases of the respiratory system, which accounted for 15.0 per cent of total discharges within this age category.
- Diagnoses from the chapter factors influencing health status and contact with health services were the most common principal diagnosis for the remaining age categories.

Acute In-Patient Mean Length of Stay by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age 3.4.2

Table 3.11 presents the acute in-patient mean length of stay for principal diagnosis by sex and age group. The analysis presented here is limited to the mean length of stay for acute in-patient discharges (excl. Maternity) with a length of stay of 30 days or less, and excluding day patients. It should also be noted that the analysis by mean length of stay does not take into account the status of the patient on discharge. For example, a patient with a length of stay of one day for a diagnosis of chronic

See Section Four for details of the diagnoses and procedures reported for Maternity discharges.

Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

ischaemic heart disease may be transferred to another facility on discharge. Care must be taken, therefore, in interpreting the data on mean length of stay presented in Table 3.11, in the absence of information on discharge destination.²⁷ Discussion of acute in-patient mean length of stay is limited to ICD-10-AM chapter level.

- The longest acute in-patient mean length of stay was recorded for acute inpatient discharges with a principal diagnosis of neoplasms (7.0 days). When analysed by sex, male discharges reported 7.4 days and females reported 6.7 days.
- For discharges aged less than 15 years, those with a principal diagnosis of certain conditions originating in the perinatal period recorded an acute in-patient mean length of stay of 5.8 days.
- The longest acute in-patient mean lengths of stay for discharges aged 15-44 years and 45-64 years were reported for those with a principal diagnosis of neoplasms, at 5.4 and 6.8 days respectively.
- The shortest acute in-patient mean length of stay (2.4 days) was recorded for acute in-patient discharges with a principal diagnosis from the chapter diseases of the ear and mastoid process. When analysed by sex, 2.4 days was reported for male discharges and 2.5 days for female discharges.

All-Listed Diagnoses by Sex and Age Group

Table 3.12 provides details of all-listed diagnoses reported by sex and age group. Over 3.6 million diagnoses were recorded for total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) reported to HIPE. As one principal diagnosis and up to 29 secondary diagnoses may be collected per discharge, the number of diagnoses will not equal the number of discharges.

- The chapter factors influencing health status and contact with health services was the most frequently reported diagnosis across both sexes and all age groups for total discharges (excl. Maternity). It accounted for 804,185 diagnoses, or 22.2 per cent of all-listed diagnoses (excl. Maternity) reported.
- Neoplasms accounted for 467,029 diagnoses or 12.9 per cent of all-listed diagnoses reported for total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- For total discharges (excl. Maternity) aged less than 15 years, external causes of morbidity and mortality, accounted for 12.0 per cent of all-listed diagnoses reported for this age group.²⁸

See Section Two for details of discharge destination.

The codes in this chapter [chapter 20] allow the classification of "environmental events and circumstances as the cause of injury, poisoning and other adverse effects. Where a code from this section is applicable, it is intended that it shall be used in addition to a code from another chapter of the Classification indicating the nature of the condition." Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008, External Causes.

 TABLE 3.10
 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Principal Diagnosis by Sex and Age Group (N)

| | ICD-10-AM | | | Male | | | | Femal | e (excl. <i>Mate</i> | ernitv) | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Principal Diagnosis | Code | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total |
| Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | - | 77.329 | 144.090 | 213.962 | 270.798 | 706,179 | 60.417 | 178.553 | 218.066 | 240.347 | 697.383 | 137,746 | 322.643 | 432,028 | 511.145 | 1,403,562 |
| Certain infectious and parasitic diseases | A00-B99 | 6.298 | 3.216 | 1.931 | 1.969 | 13.414 | 5.755 | 3,229 | 2.041 | 2.461 | 13.486 | 12.053 | 6.445 | 3.972 | 4,430 | 26.900 |
| Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea | A00-A09 | 3,819 | 1,090 | 797 | 913 | 6,619 | 3,608 | 1,467 | 1,116 | 1,458 | 7,649 | 7,427 | 2,557 | 1,913 | 2,371 | 14,268 |
| Tuberculosis | A15-A19 | 9 | 151 | 77 | 38 | 275 | 16 | 86 | 35 | 23 | 160 | 25 | 237 | 112 | 61 | 435 |
| Septicaemia | A40-A41 | 90 | 95 | 230 | 651 | 1,066 | 60 | 69 | 214 | 543 | 886 | 150 | 164 | 444 | 1,194 | 1,952 |
| Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease | B20-B24 | ~ | 72 | 39 | ~ | 113 | ~ | 57 | 8 | ~ | 68 | ~ | 129 | 47 | ~ | 181 |
| Neoplasms | C00-D48 | 2,716 | 7,664 | 19,640 | 28,956 | 58,976 | 2,952 | 15,258 | 21,150 | 22,897 | 62,257 | 5,668 | 22,922 | 40,790 | 51,853 | 121,233 |
| Malignant neoplasms | C00-C96 | 2,037 | 4,013 | 14,973 | 22,281 | 43,304 | 2,089 | 4,863 | 14,586 | 17,136 | 38,674 | 4,126 | 8,876 | 29,559 | 39,417 | 81,978 |
| Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus | C18-C21 | ~ | 165 | 1,768 | 2,675 | 4,610 | 0 | 164 | 1,128 | 1,538 | 2,830 | ~ | 329 | 2,896 | 4,213 | 7,440 |
| (primary) | | | | _, | _, | ., | | | -, | _, | _, | | | _,=== | ., | ., |
| Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung | C33-C34 | 0 | 63 | 1,320 | 1,965 | 3,348 | 0 | 94 | 1,076 | 1,649 | 2,819 | 0 | 157 | 2,396 | 3,614 | 6,167 |
| (primary) | | _ | | _, | _, | -, | _ | | _, | _, | _, | | | _, | -, | -, |
| Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) | C43-C44 | ~ | 346 | 1,434 | 4,362 | 6,145 | 10 | 371 | 1,057 | 2,986 | 4,424 | 13 | 717 | 2,491 | 7,348 | 10,569 |
| Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) | C50 | 0 | ~ | 27 | 30 | 62 | 0 | 1,310 | 4,104 | 2,486 | 7,900 | 0 | 1,315 | 4,131 | 2,516 | 7,962 |
| Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs | C51-C58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 590 | 1,541 | 1,281 | 3,427 | 15 | 590 | 1,541 | 1,281 | 3,427 |
| (primary) | | - | - | - | - | - | | | _, | -, | -, | | | _, | -, | -, |
| Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) | C61 | 0 | 34 | 1,625 | 2,581 | 4,240 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 34 | 1,628 | 2,581 | 4,243 |
| Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) | C67 | 0 | 34 | 367 | 1,204 | 1,605 | 0 | 22 | 179 | 438 | 639 | 0 | 56 | 546 | 1.642 | 2.244 |
| Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic | C81-C96 | 1,043 | 1,608 | 4,074 | 4,514 | 11,239 | 885 | 1,413 | 2,405 | 3,303 | 8,006 | 1,928 | 3,021 | 6,479 | 7,817 | 19,245 |
| and related tissue | | , | , | ,- | ,- | , | | , - | , | -, | -, | , | -,- | -, | ,- | |
| Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or | D10-D48 | 678 | 3,620 | 4,311 | 5,792 | 14,401 | 860 | 7,859 | 5,577 | 4,623 | 18,919 | 1,538 | 11,479 | 9,888 | 10,415 | 33,320 |
| unknown behaviour | | | -,- | ,- | -, - | , | | , | -,- | ,- | -,- | , | , - | -, | -, | ,- |
| Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and | D50-D89 | 2,190 | 2,167 | 2,236 | 3,622 | 10,215 | 1,547 | 2,951 | 2,771 | 4,096 | 11,365 | 3,737 | 5,118 | 5,007 | 7,718 | 21,580 |
| certain disorders involving the immune mechanism | | _, | _, | _, | 5,522 | , | _, | _, | _, | ,,,,, | , | 5,151 | -, | -, | ., | , |
| Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases | E00-E89 | 1,570 | 7,379 | 12,420 | 8,212 | 29,581 | 1,365 | 3,619 | 5,626 | 6,544 | 17,154 | 2,935 | 10,998 | 18,046 | 14,756 | 46,735 |
| Diabetes mellitus | E10-E14 | 336 | 1,178 | 2,655 | 3,822 | 7,991 | 301 | 783 | 1,362 | 2,975 | 5,421 | 637 | 1,961 | 4,017 | 6,797 | 13,412 |
| Cystic fibrosis | E84 | 475 | 709 | 22 | 0 | 1,206 | 375 | 639 | 33 | ~ | 1,048 | 850 | 1,348 | 55 | ~ | 2,254 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders | F00-F99 | 364 | 1,196 | 1,079 | 742 | 3,381 | 266 | 878 | 683 | 838 | 2,665 | 630 | 2,074 | 1,762 | 1,580 | 6,046 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to alcohol | F10 | 27 | 668 | 736 | 238 | 1,669 | 42 | 279 | 303 | 72 | 696 | 69 | 947 | 1,039 | 310 | 2,365 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of other psychoactive substance | F11-F19 | ~ | 94 | 19 | ~ | 121 | 0 | 75 | 15 | 10 | 100 | ~ | 169 | 34 | 15 | 221 |
| Diseases of nervous system | G00-G99 | 1.592 | 4.024 | 4.574 | 3.835 | 14,025 | 1,357 | 6.342 | 5.136 | 3,855 | 16,690 | 2.949 | 10,366 | 9.710 | 7.690 | 30,715 |
| Multiple sclerosis | G35 | 0 | 1,011 | 531 | 40 | 1,582 | ~ | 2,295 | 1,097 | 65 | 3,459 | ~ | 3,306 | 1,628 | 105 | 5,041 |
| Epilepsy | G40, G41 | 679 | 817 | 496 | 307 | 2,299 | 630 | 701 | 326 | 266 | 1,923 | 1,309 | 1,518 | 822 | 573 | 4,222 |
| Transient cerebral ischaemic attacks and related | G45 | ~ | 76 | 455 | 1,085 | 1,617 | 0 | 59 | 367 | 1,208 | 1,634 | ~ | 135 | 822 | 2,293 | 3,251 |
| syndromes | | | | | , | ŕ | | | | ŕ | , | | | | , | |
| Diseases of the eye and adnexa | H00-H59 | 769 | 1,714 | 3,706 | 9,958 | 16,147 | 722 | 1,626 | 3,449 | 13,858 | 19,655 | 1,491 | 3,340 | 7,155 | 23,816 | 35,802 |
| Diseases of the ear and mastoid process | H60-H95 | 2,443 | 1,213 | 1,015 | 661 | 5,332 | 1,866 | 1,185 | 959 | 692 | 4,702 | 4,309 | 2,398 | 1,974 | 1,353 | 10,034 |
| Diseases of the circulatory system | 100-199 | 614 | 5,843 | 16,079 | 22,443 | 44,979 | 548 | 5,817 | 8,945 | 17,561 | 32,871 | 1,162 | 11,660 | 25,024 | 40,004 | 77,850 |
| Hypertensive diseases | I10-I15 | 32 | 302 | 452 | 380 | 1,166 | 17 | 268 | 366 | 556 | 1,207 | 49 | 570 | 818 | 936 | 2,373 |
| Angina pectoris | 120 | 0 | 147 | 1,501 | 1,790 | 3,438 | 0 | 61 | 596 | 1,025 | 1,682 | 0 | 208 | 2,097 | 2,815 | 5,120 |
| Acute myocardial infarction | 121-122 | 0 | 278 | 1,907 | 2,300 | 4,485 | 0 | 56 | 493 | 1,563 | 2,112 | 0 | 334 | 2,400 | 3,863 | 6,597 |
| Other ischaemic heart disease | 123-125 | ~ | 245 | 3,101 | 3,643 | 6,990 | ~ | 87 | 970 | 1,829 | 2,888 | ~ | 332 | 4,071 | 5,472 | 9,878 |
| Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary | 126-128 | 10 | 154 | 294 | 397 | 855 | 33 | 206 | 263 | 559 | 1,061 | 43 | 360 | 557 | 956 | 1,916 |
| circulation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conduction disorders and cardiac arrhythmias | 144-149 | 102 | 680 | 2,528 | 3,762 | 7,072 | 48 | 351 | 1,027 | 3,134 | 4,560 | 150 | 1,031 | 3,555 | 6,896 | 11,632 |
| Heart failure | 150 | 6 | 30 | 420 | 2,792 | 3,248 | 9 | 16 | 174 | 2,365 | 2,564 | 15 | 46 | 594 | 5,157 | 5,812 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | 160-169 | 44 | 248 | 1,062 | 2,598 | 3,952 | 22 | 248 | 731 | 2,488 | 3,489 | 66 | 496 | 1,793 | 5,086 | 7,441 |
| Atherosclerosis (non-coronary) | 170 | 0 | 44 | 316 | 703 | 1,063 | 0 | 15 | 106 | 415 | 536 | 0 | 59 | 422 | 1,118 | 1,599 |
| Diseases of the respiratory system | J00-J99 | 11,680 | 5,960 | 7,027 | 15,639 | 40,306 | 8,933 | 7,214 | 7,414 | 15,186 | 38,747 | 20,613 | 13,174 | 14,441 | 30,825 | 79,053 |
| Acute upper respiratory infections and influenza | J00-J11 | 3,300 | 842 | 201 | 129 | 4,472 | 2,453 | 1,332 | 286 | 175 | 4,246 | 5,753 | 2,174 | 487 | 304 | 8,718 |
| Pneumonia | J12-J18 | 927 | 542 | 942 | 3,306 | 5,717 | 834 | 572 | 753 | 3,226 | 5,385 | 1,761 | 1,114 | 1,695 | 6,532 | 11,102 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

 TABLE 3.10
 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Principal Diagnosis by Sex and Age Group (N) (contd.)

| | ICD-10-AM | | | Male | | | | Fe <u>mal</u> | e (excl. <i>Mate</i> | rnity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------------|--------|---------|------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|-------|--|
| Principal Diagnosis | Code | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Tota | |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis | J40–J44, J47 | 45 | 321 | 1,905 | 5,801 | 8,072 | 20 | 322 | 2,338 | 5,352 | 8,032 | 65 | 643 | 4,243 | 11,153 | 16,1 | |
| Asthma | J45-J46 | 1.408 | 493 | 735 | 193 | 2,829 | 791 | 1.021 | 1,105 | 466 | 3,383 | 2.199 | 1,514 | 1,840 | 659 | 6.2 | |
| Diseases of the digestive system | K00-K93 | 6,234 | 22,184 | 23,215 | 18,883 | 70,516 | 5,103 | 24,514 | 23,128 | 18,920 | 71,665 | 11,337 | 46,698 | 46,343 | 37,803 | 142,1 | |
| Diseases of oesophagus, stomach and duodenum | K20-K31 | 749 | 6.216 | 7.389 | 5.339 | 19.693 | 697 | 6.309 | 7.390 | 5,586 | 19.982 | 1.446 | 12.525 | 14.779 | 10.925 | 39.6 | |
| Diseases of appendix | K35-K38 | 1,086 | 1,954 | 346 | 88 | 3,474 | 914 | 1,876 | 301 | 75 | 3,166 | 2,000 | 3,830 | 647 | 163 | 6,6 | |
| Inguinal hernia | K40 | 511 | 789 | 1,182 | 1,161 | 3,643 | 102 | 55 | 68 | 101 | 326 | 613 | 844 | 1,250 | 1,262 | 3,9 | |
| Noninfective enteritis and colitis | K50-K52 | 276 | 3,811 | 1,553 | 757 | 6,397 | 206 | 3,519 | 1,647 | 837 | 6,209 | 482 | 7,330 | 3,200 | 1,594 | 12,6 | |
| Alcoholic liver disease | K70 | 0 | 242 | 524 | 100 | 866 | 0 | 102 | 224 | 37 | 363 | 0 | 344 | 748 | 137 | 1,2 | |
| Cholelithiasis | K80 | 12 | 456 | 887 | 1,227 | 2,582 | 18 | 2,449 | 1,661 | 1,428 | 5,556 | 30 | 2,905 | 2,548 | 2,655 | 8,1 | |
| Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue | L00-L99 | 1,757 | 12,155 | 8,265 | 6,289 | 28,466 | 1,590 | 10,806 | 7,235 | 6,895 | 26,526 | 3,347 | 22,961 | 15,500 | 13,184 | 54,9 | |
| Cutaneous abscess, furuncle and carbuncle and cellulitis | L02-L03 | 426 | 1,213 | 1,018 | 1,073 | 3,730 | 370 | 727 | 693 | 1,229 | 3,019 | 796 | 1,940 | 1,711 | 2,302 | 6,7 | |
| Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue | M00-M99 | 1,779 | 8,945 | 11,452 | 8,591 | 30,767 | 1,743 | 8,705 | 15,562 | 14,103 | 40,113 | 3,522 | 17,650 | 27,014 | 22,694 | 70,8 | |
| Rheumatoid arthritis | M05-M06 | 0 | 314 | 923 | 708 | 1,945 | ~ | 788 | 1,918 | 1,353 | 4,062 | ~ | 1,102 | 2,841 | 2,061 | 6,0 | |
| Coxarthrosis and Gonarthrosis | M16-M17 | ~ | 338 | 1,660 | 2,076 | 4,075 | 0 | 236 | 1,873 | 3,090 | 5,199 | ~ | 574 | 3,533 | 5,166 | 9,2 | |
| Intervertebral disc disorders | M50-M51 | ~ | 590 | 510 | 215 | 1,316 | ~ | 540 | 673 | 342 | 1,556 | ~ | 1,130 | 1,183 | 557 | 2,8 | |
| Dorsalgia (back pain) | M54 | 54 | 1,729 | 2,002 | 1,194 | 4,979 | 97 | 2,192 | 3,050 | 2,356 | 7,695 | 151 | 3,921 | 5,052 | 3,550 | 12,6 | |
| Diseases of the genitourinary system | N00-N99 | 4,084 | 4,567 | 6,228 | 9,201 | 24,080 | 2,217 | 21,289 | 14,897 | 9,387 | 47,790 | 6,301 | 25,856 | 21,125 | 18,588 | 71,8 | |
| Chronic kidney disease | N18 | 264 | 219 | 392 | 694 | 1,569 | 207 | 244 | 192 | 442 | 1,085 | 471 | 463 | 584 | 1,136 | 2,6 | |
| Urolithiasis | N20-N23 | 69 | 1,318 | 1,547 | 553 | 3,487 | 33 | 805 | 809 | 293 | 1,940 | 102 | 2,123 | 2,356 | 846 | 5,4 | |
| Hyperplasia of prostate | N40 | 0 | 60 | 1,196 | 2,700 | 3,956 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 1,196 | 2,700 | 3,9 | |
| Disorders of breast | N60-N64 | 17 | 98 | 26 | 20 | 161 | 19 | 1,277 | 1,159 | 300 | 2,755 | 36 | 1,375 | 1,185 | 320 | 2,9 | |
| Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs | N70-N77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 1,328 | 409 | 81 | 1,835 | 17 | 1,328 | 409 | 81 | 1,8 | |
| Noninflammatory disorders of female genital tract | N80-N98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 14,308 | 9,030 | 2,307 | 25,846 | 201 | 14,308 | 9,030 | 2,307 | 25,8 | |
| Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium ^a | 000-099 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | ~ | 0 | 71 | 0 | 69 | ~ | 0 | | |
| Pregnancy with abortive outcome | 000-008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | ~ | 0 | 32 | 0 | 31 | ~ | 0 | | |
| Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period | P00-P96 | 5,656 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,656 | 4,348 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,348 | 10,004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,0 | |
| Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities | Q00-Q99 | 5,184 | 602 | 180 | 107 | 6,073 | 3,570 | 780 | 255 | 84 | 4,689 | 8,754 | 1,382 | 435 | 191 | 10,7 | |
| Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified | R00-R99 | 6,408 | 15,169 | 18,713 | 18,819 | 59,109 | 5,620 | 23,385 | 19,670 | 18,807 | 67,482 | 12,028 | 38,554 | 38,383 | 37,626 | 126,5 | |
| Abdominal and pelvic pain | R10 | 1,018 | 2,399 | 1,827 | 1,055 | 6,299 | 1,259 | 7,479 | 3,114 | 1,550 | 13,402 | 2,277 | 9,878 | 4,941 | 2,605 | 19, | |
| Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of | S00-T98 | 7,220 | 13,642 | 5,887 | 5,309 | 32,058 | 4,798 | 6,471 | 4,995 | 8,337 | 24,601 | 12,018 | 20,113 | 10,882 | 13,646 | 56,6 | |
| external causes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intracranial injury | S06 | 186 | 639 | 307 | 368 | 1,500 | 112 | 210 | 151 | 326 | 799 | 298 | 849 | 458 | 694 | 2,2 | |
| Other injuries to the head (including skull fracture) | S00–S05, S07–S09 | 2,138 | 2,775 | 600 | 555 | 6,068 | 1,377 | 696 | 274 | 662 | 3,009 | 3,515 | 3,471 | 874 | 1,217 | 9,0 | |
| Fracture of femur | S72 | 137 | 125 | 227 | 823 | 1,312 | 61 | 44 | 266 | 2,324 | 2,695 | 198 | 169 | 493 | 3,147 | 4,0 | |
| Poisonings by drugs, medicaments and biological substances and toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source | T36-T65 | 219 | 1,066 | 420 | 116 | 1,821 | 230 | 1,387 | 569 | 142 | 2,328 | 449 | 2,453 | 989 | 258 | 4,1 | |
| Factors influencing health status and contact with health services ^b | U00–U49, Z00–Z99 | 8,771 | 26,450 | 70,315 | 107,562 | 213,098 | 6,117 | 34,415 | 74,148 | 75,826 | 190,506 | 14,888 | 60,865 | 144,463 | 183,388 | 403,6 | |
| Other medical care (including radiotherapy and chemotherapy sessions) | Z51 | 2,896 | 5,193 | 30,036 | 42,221 | 80,346 | 2,472 | 12,449 | 46,083 | 29,891 | 90,895 | 5,368 | 17,642 | 76,119 | 72,112 | 171,2 | |

Notes: ~ Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.

a Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of Maternity. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.

b This category includes discharges in the code range U00–U49 'codes for special purposes'.

 TABLE 3.11
 Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age Group^a

| | ICD-10-AM | | | Male | | | | Femal | e (excl. <i>Mat</i> | ernitv) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | |
|---|--------------|------|-------|-------|------|----------------|-------|-------|---------------------|---------|-------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| Principal Diagnosis | Code | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total |
| Acute In-Patient Discharges | - | 2.7 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 4.5 |
| Certain infectious and parasitic diseases | A00-B99 | 2.0 | 4.2 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 5.3 | 7.1 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 7.3 | 3.5 |
| Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea | A00-A09 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 6.1 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 2.8 |
| Tuberculosis | A15-A19 | 1.6 | 10.1 | 11.5 | 12.4 | 10.4 | 6.2 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 4.3 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 9.8 |
| Septicaemia | A40-A41 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 4.4 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 8.5 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.6 |
| Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease | B20-B24 | - | 12.6 | 9.5 | ~ | 11.5 | | 11.7 | 20.3 | ~ | 12.9 | | 12.2 | 11.2 | ~ | 12.0 |
| Neoplasms | C00-D48 | 4.0 | 6.1 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 7.0 |
| Malignant neoplasms | C00-C96 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 7.3 | 3.9 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 7.5 |
| Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) | C18-C21 | ~ | 7.3 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 9.4 | - | 9.0 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 9.4 | ~ | 8.1 | 8.4 | 10.1 | 9.4 |
| Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) | C33-C34 | _ | 9.0 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 8.4 | - | 10.1 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 9.0 | - | 9.5 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 8.6 |
| Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) | C43-C44 | ~ | 7.0 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 5.6 | ~ | 2.7 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 4.8 | ~ | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) | C50 | _ | - | 3.8 | 6.1 | 5.2 | - | 3.9 | 4.4 | 6.6 | 5.1 | - | 3.9 | 4.4 | 6.6 | 5.1 |
| Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) | C51-C58 | - | _ | - | - | J. <u>z</u> | 2.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 8.1 | 7.1 |
| Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) | C61 | | 5.9 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 6.8 | | - | ~ | - | ~ | | 5.9 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 6.8 |
| Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) | C67 | | 6.1 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.1 | _ | 8.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | _ | 7.0 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related | C81-C96 | 3.9 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 4.1 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.5 |
| tissue | CO1 C50 | 3.3 | 7.0 | 0.1 | 7.0 | ,. | 7.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 7.0 | 4.0 | ,., | 0.2 | 0.0 | 7.5 |
| Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behaviour | D10-D48 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 4.6 |
| Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain | D50-D89 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 4.6 |
| disorders involving the immune mechanism | 200 200 | | | 5 | • | | | • | ••• | 3.0 | | 5.0 | | | 5.5 | |
| Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases | E00-E89 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 5.5 |
| Diabetes mellitus | E10-E14 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 5.4 |
| Cystic fibrosis | E84 | 7.7 | 11.3 | 12.0 | | 10.3 | 8.7 | 12.4 | 14.0 | ~ | 11.3 | 8.1 | 11.7 | 13.2 | ~ | 10.7 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders | F00-F99 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 8.2 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 8.0 | 4.8 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to alcohol | F10 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 6.0 | 3.5 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of other psychoactive | F11-F19 | ~ | 10.7 | 7.8 | ~ | 10.0 | - 1.2 | 13.1 | 14.6 | 10.7 | 13.1 | ~ | 11.7 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 11.4 |
| substance | 111 113 | | 10.7 | 7.0 | | 10.0 | | 13.1 | 14.0 | 10.7 | 13.1 | | 11.7 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 11.7 |
| Diseases of nervous system | G00-G99 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 3.9 |
| Multiple sclerosis | G35 | - | 4.4 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 5.5 | - | 5.0 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 5.3 | - | 4.8 | 5.6 | 7.4 | 5.4 |
| Epilepsy | G40, G41 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 5.7 | 3.7 |
| Transient cerebral ischaemic attacks and related syndromes | G45 | ~ | 3.5 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 | - | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.5 | ~ | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| Diseases of the eye and adnexa | H00-H59 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Diseases of the ear and mastoid process | H60-H95 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.4 |
| Diseases of the circulatory system | 100-199 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| Hypertensive diseases | I10-I15 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| Angina pectoris | 120 | - | 2.3 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | - | 3.0 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 3.9 | - | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Acute myocardial infarction | 121-122 | - | 3.6 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 5.3 | - | 4.2 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 6.3 | _ | 3.7 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 5.6 |
| Other ischaemic heart disease | 123-125 | | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | - | 3.9 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.1 | _ | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary circulation | 126-128 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 6.9 | 9.1 | 7.8 |
| Conduction disorders and cardiac arrhythmias | 144-149 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 4.0 |
| Heart failure | 150 | ~ | 8.5 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | 160–169 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 9.5 | 8.9 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 8.7 |
| Atherosclerosis (non-coronary) | 170 | - | 7.0 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 7.8 | - | 6.4 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 7.8 | - | 6.9 | 6.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 |
| Diseases of the respiratory system | J00-J99 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 7.3 | 4.8 |
| Acute upper respiratory infections and influenza | J00-J11 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 1.9 |
| Pneumonia | J12-J18 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 6.9 |
| Chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids | J35 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis | J40–J44, J47 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
| Asthma | J45-J46 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 2.7 |
| Diseases of the digestive system | K00-K93 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 4.6 |
| Diseases of oesophagus, stomach and duodenum | K20-K31 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 3.7 |
| Diseases of desopriagus, stornach and duodendin | K35-K38 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 3.3 |
| Discuses of appendix | 133 130 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 3.3 |

TABLE 3.11 Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Diagnosis, Sex and Age Group^a (contd.)

| 21.12 | ICD-10-AM | | | Male | | | | Fem <u>ale</u> | e (excl. <i>Mat</i> | ernity) | | | Total Disch | arges (excl. | Materni <u>ty</u>) | |
|--|---------------------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|----------------|---------------------|---------|-------|------|-------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|
| Principal Diagnosis | Code | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total |
| Inguinal hernia | K40 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.2 |
| Noninfective enteritis and colitis | K50-K52 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.1 |
| Alcoholic liver disease | K70 | - | 7.2 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 8.4 | - | 8.6 | 9.2 | 12.0 | 9.2 | - | 7.7 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 8.6 |
| Cholelithiasis | K80 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 6.3 | 4.3 |
| Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue | L00-L99 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 7.1 | 4.6 |
| Cutaneous abscess, furuncle and carbuncle and cellulitis | L02-L03 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 5.1 |
| Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue | M00-M99 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 4.3 |
| Rheumatoid arthritis | M05-M06 | - | 4.8 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.7 | ~ | 3.1 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.6 | ~ | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| Coxarthrosis and Gonarthrosis | M16-M17 | - | 4.8 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 5.8 | - | 4.7 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 6.0 | - | 4.7 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 5.9 |
| Intervertebral disc disorders | M50-M51 | ~ | 3.2 | 3.9 | 7.0 | 4.0 | ~ | 3.7 | 4.1 | 7.0 | 4.5 | ~ | 3.4 | 4.0 | 7.0 | 4.3 |
| Dorsalgia (back pain) | M54 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 5.9 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 3.9 |
| Diseases of the genitourinary system | N00-N99 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 6.6 | 4.3 |
| Chronic kidney disease | N18 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 5.8 |
| Urolithiasis | N20-N23 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 3.0 |
| Hyperplasia of prostate | N40 | - | - | 4.0 | 5.2 | 4.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | 5.2 | 4.9 |
| Disorders of breast | N60-N64 | 1.8 | 1.6 | ~ | ~ | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs | N70-N77 | - | - | - | - | - | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 6.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 6.7 | 3.0 |
| Noninflammatory disorders of female genital tract | N80-N98 | - | - | - | - | - | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.0 |
| Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium ^b | 000-099 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.2 | ~ | - | 3.4 | - | 3.2 | ~ | - | 3.4 |
| Pregnancy with abortive outcome | 000-008 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.6 | ~ | - | 4.5 | - | 4.6 | ~ | - | 4.5 |
| Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period | P00-P96 | 5.7 | - | - | - | 5.7 | 6.0 | - | - | - | 6.0 | 5.8 | - | - | - | 5.8 |
| Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal | Q00-Q99 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| abnormalities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not | R00-R99 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 2.7 |
| elsewhere classified | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Abdominal and pelvic pain | R10 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 2.3 |
| Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes | S00-T98 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 7.0 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 7.7 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 7.4 | 3.9 |
| Intracranial injury | S06 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 4.2 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 5.7 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 4.5 |
| Other injuries to the head (including skull fracture) | S00–S05, S07–S09 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 2.2 |
| Fracture of femur | S72 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 10.1 | 11.8 | 10.0 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 9.3 | 11.6 | 10.7 |
| Poisonings by drugs, medicaments and biological substances and toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source | T36-T65 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 4.9 | 2.3 |
| Factors influencing health status and contact with health services ^c | U00–U49, Z00–Z99 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 8.8 | 5.6 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 6.9 | 11.7 | 7.3 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 6.4 | 10.4 | 6.5 |
| Other medical care (including radiotherapy and chemotherapy sessions) | Z51 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 3.1 | 12.6 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 11.5 | 9.1 |

Notes:

- ~ Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.
- Mean length of stay cannot be calculated as no acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) reported.
- a Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) only. Excludes extended stay in-patients and day patients.
- b Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of *Maternity*. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.
- c This category includes discharges in the code range U00–U49 'codes for special purposes'.

 TABLE 3.12 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): All-Listed Diagnoses by Sex and Age Group (N)

| Diagnosis Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) All Conditions Certain infectious and parasitic diseases Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasms of ladder (primary) | A00-B99 A00-A09 A15-A19 A40-A41 B20-B24 C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | <15 77,329 177,566 9,364 4,454 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ 0 ~ 0 | 15-44 144,090 322,487 8,793 1,816 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 45–64 213,962 539,168 7,903 1,664 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 265 270,798 831,474 11,192 2,551 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 10,670 | Total 706,179 1,870,695 37,252 10,485 352 3,959 486 212,423 | <15 60,417 134,751 8,681 4,142 42 124 | 15–44 178,553 350,571 8,629 2,425 106 278 | 45–64 218,066 526,651 7,469 2,093 | ≥65 240,347 736,139 13,554 3,674 | Total 697,383 1,748,112 38,333 12,334 | < 15 137,746 312,317 18,045 8,596 | 15–44 322,643 673,058 17,422 4,241 | 45–64 432,028 1,065,819 15,372 3,757 | ≥65 511,145 1,567,613 24,746 6,225 | 3,618,807 75,58 5 |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| All Conditions Certain infectious and parasitic diseases Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of iymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A00–A09 A15–A19 A40–A41 B20–B24 C00–D48 C00–C96 C18–C21 C33–C34 C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | 177,566 9,364 4,454 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ 0 | 322,487 8,793 1,816 186 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 539,168 7,903 1,664 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 831,474 11,192 2,551 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 1,870,695 37,252 10,485 352 3,959 486 212,423 | 134,751 8,681 4,142 42 124 | 350,571 8,629 2,425 | 526,651 7,469 2,093 | 736,139 13,554 3,674 | 1,748,112 38,333 | 312,317 18,045 8,596 | 673,058 17,422 | 1,065,819 15,372 | 1,567,613 24,746 | 3,618,807 75,58 5 |
| All Conditions Certain infectious and parasitic diseases Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of iymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A00–A09 A15–A19 A40–A41 B20–B24 C00–D48 C00–C96 C18–C21 C33–C34 C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | 177,566 9,364 4,454 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ 0 | 8,793 1,816 186 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 7,903 1,664 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 831,474 11,192 2,551 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 1,870,695 37,252 10,485 352 3,959 486 212,423 | 134,751 8,681 4,142 42 124 | 350,571 8,629 2,425 | 526,651 7,469 2,093 | 13,554 3,674 | 1,748,112 38,333 | 312,317 18,045 8,596 | 17,422 | 1,065,819 15,372 | 1,567,613 24,746 | 3,618,807 75,585 |
| Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A00–A09 A15–A19 A40–A41 B20–B24 C00–D48 C00–C96 C18–C21 C33–C34 C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | 9,364 4,454 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ | 1,816 186 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 7,903 1,664 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 11,192 2,551 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 37,252 10,485 352 3,959 486 212,423 | 8,681 4,142 42 124 | 8,629 2,425 | 7,469 2,093 | 13,554 3,674 | 38,333 | 18,045 8,596 | | 15,372 | 24,746 | |
| Intestinal infectious diseases including diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A00–A09 A15–A19 A40–A41 B20–B24 C00–D48 C00–C96 C18–C21 C33–C34 C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | 4,454 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ 0 | 1,816 186 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 1,664 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 2,551 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 352 3,959 486 212,423 | 4,142 42 124 | 2,425 106 | 2,093 | 3,674 | | 8,596 | | | | |
| diarrhoea Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (spimary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A15-A19 A40-A41 B20-B24 C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 10 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ | 186 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 95 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 61 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 352 3,959 486 212,423 | 42 124 | 106 | · | , | , | | , | -, - | | 22,819 |
| Tuberculosis Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of pladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of iymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A40-A41 B20-B24 C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ | 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 3,959 486 212,423 | 124 | | 55 | | | | | | | , |
| Septicaemia Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | A40-A41 B20-B24 C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 173 ~ 6,326 5,429 ~ | 400 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 979 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 2,407 11 110,078 99,480 | 3,959 486 212,423 | 124 | | | 34 | 237 | 52 | 292 | 150 | 95 | 589 |
| Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | B20-B24 C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 6,326 5,429 0 | 261 18,034 13,502 997 | 210 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 11 110,078 99,480 | 486 212,423 | | | 824 | 2097 | 3,323 | 297 | 678 | 1,803 | 4.504 | 7,282 |
| Neoplasms Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of remate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of iymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C00-D48 C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 5,429 | 18,034 13,502 997 | 77,985 71,152 8,567 | 110,078 99,480 | 212,423 | | 335 | 82 | ~ | 421 | 6 | 596 | 292 | 13 | 907 |
| Malignant neoplasms Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasms of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of iymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C00-C96 C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 5,429 | 13,502 997 | 71,152 8,567 | 99,480 | | 6,287 | 41,517 | 117,087 | 89,715 | 254,606 | 12,613 | 59,551 | 195,072 | 199,793 | 467,029 |
| Malignant neoplasm of colon, rectum and anus (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C18-C21 C33-C34 C43-C44 C50 C51-C58 | 0 | 997 | 8,567 | | 189,563 | 5,254 | 28,419 | 105,383 | 80,584 | 219,640 | 10,683 | 41,921 | 176,535 | 180,064 | 409,203 |
| (primary) Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C33–C34 C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | ~ | | | | 20,236 | 0 | 678 | 5,421 | 5,906 | 12,005 | ~ | 1,675 | 13,988 | 16,576 | 32,241 |
| lung (primary) Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C43–C44 C50 C51–C58 | ~ | 204 | | | | ~ | | | | | ~ | | | | |
| Malignant neoplasm of skin (primary) Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C50 C51–C58 | | | 4,912 | 6,680 | 11,796 | ~ | 286 | 3,738 | 4,686 | 8,712 | ~ | 490 | 8,650 | 11,366 | 20,508 |
| Malignant neoplasm of breast (primary) Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C50 C51–C58 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malignant neoplasms of female genital organs (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C51–C58 | 0 | 621 | 2,284 | 6,939 | 9,849 | 12 | 537 | 1,443 | 4,323 | 6,315 | 17 | 1,158 | 3,727 | 11,262 | 16,164 |
| (primary) Malignant neoplasm of prostate (primary) Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C61 | | 70 | 156 | 121 | 347 | | 8,921 | 32,852 | 14,886 | 56,659 | 0 | 8,991 | 33,008 | 15,007 | 57,006 |
| Malignant neoplasm of bladder (primary) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 2,399 | 7,085 | 5,608 | 15,123 | 31 | 2,399 | 7,085 | 5,608 | 15,123 |
| Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | | 0 | 116 | 9,444 | 20,543 | 30,103 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 116 | 9,448 | 20,543 | 30,107 |
| haematopoietic and related tissue Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C67 | 0 | 62 | 853 | 2,570 | 3,485 | 0 | 68 | 386 | 878 | 1,332 | 0 | 130 | 1,239 | 3,448 | 4,817 |
| Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain | C81-C96 | 3,076 | 3,564 | 9,667 | 13,103 | 29,410 | 2,343 | 3,171 | 6,166 | 8,860 | 20,540 | 5,419 | 6,735 | 15,833 | 21,963 | 49,950 |
| or unknown behaviour | D10-D48 | 896 | 4,488 | 6,310 | 9,339 | 21,033 | 1,030 | 9,592 | 8,001 | 6,973 | 25,596 | 1,926 | 14,080 | 14,311 | 16,312 | 46,629 |
| Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs | D50-D89 | 4,043 | 4,513 | 7,491 | 15,211 | 31,258 | 2,729 | 5,367 | 7,795 | 15,125 | 31,016 | 6,772 | 9,880 | 15,286 | 30,336 | 62,274 |
| and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases | E00-E89 | 5,948 | 14,410 | 38,614 | 62,705 | 121,677 | 5,068 | 10,530 | 23,142 | 50,655 | 89,395 | 11,016 | 24,940 | 61,756 | 113,360 | 211,072 |
| Diabetes mellitus | E10-E14 | 497 | 3,995 | 16,707 | 38,225 | 59,424 | 493 | 3,352 | 9,660 | 24,098 | 37,603 | 990 | 7,347 | 26,367 | 62,323 | 97.027 |
| Cystic fibrosis | E84 | 590 | 1,112 | 37 | 0 | 1,739 | 476 | 953 | 46 | 6 | 1,481 | 1,066 | 2,065 | 83 | 6 | 3,220 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders | F00-F99 | 1,751 | 7,743 | 8,441 | 9,734 | 27,669 | 926 | 5,238 | 5,454 | 11,512 | 23,130 | 2,677 | 12,981 | 13,895 | 21,246 | 50,799 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to alcohol | F10 | 39 | 3,593 | 4,892 | 2,340 | 10,864 | 51 | 1,395 | 1,739 | 777 | 3,962 | 90 | 4,988 | 6,631 | 3,117 | 14,826 |
| Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of other psychoactive substance | F11-F19 | 10 | 1,541 | 374 | 40 | 1,965 | ~ | 729 | 156 | 70 | 958 | 13 | 2,270 | 530 | 110 | 2,923 |
| Diseases of nervous system | G00-G99 | 3,851 | 7,356 | 8,929 | 12,134 | 32,270 | 3,053 | 9,053 | 8,856 | 11,641 | 32,603 | 6,904 | 16,409 | 17,785 | 23,775 | 64,873 |
| Multiple sclerosis | G35 | 0 | 1,127 | 814 | 208 | 2,149 | ~ | 2,551 | 1,671 | 343 | 4,568 | ~ | 3,678 | 2,485 | 551 | 6,717 |
| Epilepsy | G40, G41 | 1,282 | 1,708 | 1,124 | 904 | 5,018 | 1,162 | 1,187 | 835 | 822 | 4,006 | 2,444 | 2,895 | 1,959 | 1,726 | 9,024 |
| Transient cerebral ischaemic attacks and | G45 | ~ | 91 | 512 | 1,270 | 1,874 | 0 | 73 | 428 | 1,451 | 1,952 | ~ | 164 | 940 | 2,721 | 3,826 |
| related syndromes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Diseases of the eye and adnexa | H00-H59 | 1,564 | 3,107 | 6,501 | 16,050 | 27,222 | 1,351 | 2,817 | 5,469 | 20,778 | 30,415 | 2,915 | 5,924 | 11,970 | 36,828 | 57,637 |
| Diseases of the ear and mastoid process | H60-H95 | 3,749 | 1,679 | 1,450 | 1,231 | 8,109 | 2,795 | 1,628 | 1,318 | 1,317 | 7,058 | 6,544 | 3,307 | 2,768 | 2,548 | 15,167 |
| Diseases of the circulatory system | 100-199 | 1,711 | 13,123 | 51,825 | 114,305 | 180,964 | 1,251 | 10,881 | 27,807 | 92,604 | 132,543 | 2,962 | 24,004 | 79,632 | 206,909 | 313,507 |
| Hypertensive diseases | I10-I15 | 380 | 3,814 | 17,307 | 35,499 | 57,000 | 139 | 2,330 | 9,958 | 32,549 | 44,976 | 519 | 6,144 | 27,265 | 68,048 | 101,976 |
| Angina pectoris | 120 | 0 | 174 | 1,913 | 2,837 | 4,924 | 0 | 76 | 760 | 1,891 | 2,727 | 0 | 250 | 2,673 | 4,728 | 7,651 |
| Acute myocardial infarction | 121-122 | 0 | 318 | 2,243 | 3,159 | 5,720 | 0 | 71 | 610 | 2,248 | 2,929 | 0 | 389 | 2,853 | 5,407 | 8,649 |
| Other ischaemic heart disease | 123-125 | 7 | 735 | 9,541 | 17,820 | 28,103 | ~ | 208 | 2,809 | 9,249 | 12,270 | 11 | 943 | 12,350 | 27,069 | 40,373 |
| Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary circulation | 126–128 | 92 | 272 | 624 | 1,182 | 2,170 | 115 | 300 | 568 | 1,418 | 2,401 | 207 | 572 | 1,192 | 2,600 | 4,571 |
| Conduction disorders and cardiac arrhythmias | 144-149 | 270 | 1,250 | 5,785 | 21,501 | 28,806 | 144 | 654 | 2,529 | 17,129 | 20,456 | 414 | 1,904 | 8,314 | 38,630 | 49,262 |
| Heart failure | 150 | 35 | 115 | 1,298 | 9,344 | 10,792 | 40 | 59 | 726 | 8,362 | 9,187 | 75 | 174 | 2,024 | 17,706 | 19,979 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | 160-169 | 118 | 435 | 2,026 | 5,778 | 8,357 | 89 | 417 | 1,332 | 5,229 | 7,067 | 207 | 852 | 3,358 | 11,007 | 15,424 |
| Atherosclerosis (non-coronary) | 170 | 0 | 94 | 879 | 2,500 | 3,473 | 0 | 38 | 289 | 1,280 | 1,607 | 0 | 132 | 1,168 | 3,780 | 5,080 |
| Diseases of the respiratory system | 100-199 | 15,679 | 10,591 | 16,059 | 38,786 | 81,115 | 11,951 | 11,513 | 15,038 | 35,998 | 74,500 | 27,630 | 22,104 | 31,097 | 74,784 | 155,615 |
| Acute upper respiratory infections and influenza | J00-J11 | 4,316 | 1,070 | 331 | 278 | 5,995 | 3,285 | 1,647 | 452 | 368 | 5,752 | 7,601 | 2,717 | 783 | 646 | 11,747 |
| Pneumonia | | 4 4 4 4 4 | 1,256 | 4.700 | 6,059 | 10,194 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids | J12-J18 | 1,119 | | 1,760 | 0.059 | 10.194 | 986 | 1,146 | 1,369 | 5,775 | 9,276 | 2,105 | 2,402 | 3,129 | 11,834 | 19,470 |

 TABLE 3.12 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): All-Listed Diagnoses by Sex and Age Group (N) (contd.)

| Diagnosis | ICD-10-AM | | | Male | | | | Fema | le (excl. Mate | nity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|----------------|---------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--|
| | Code | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15–44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45–64 | ≥65 | Total | |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis | J40-J44, J47 | 77 | 610 | 4,027 | 13,174 | 17,888 | 40 | 585 | 4,197 | 11,208 | 16,030 | 117 | 1,195 | 8,224 | 24,382 | 33,91 | |
| Asthma | J45-J46 | 2,236 | 1,280 | 1,472 | 862 | 5,850 | 1,315 | 2,023 | 2,146 | 1,723 | 7,207 | 3,551 | 3,303 | 3,618 | 2,585 | 13,05 | |
| Diseases of the digestive system | K00-K93 | 8,362 | 36,373 | 45,978 | 43,897 | 134,610 | 6,827 | 38,271 | 43,697 | 44,059 | 132,854 | 15,189 | 74,644 | 89,675 | 87,956 | 267,46 | |
| Diseases of oesophagus, stomach and duodenum | K20-K31 | 1,440 | 12,421 | 16,907 | 13,711 | 44,479 | 1,187 | 11,328 | 15,625 | 13,787 | 41,927 | 2,627 | 23,749 | 32,532 | 27,498 | 86,40 | |
| Diseases of appendix | K35-K38 | 1,100 | 1,998 | 369 | 108 | 3,575 | 933 | 1,934 | 322 | 99 | 3,288 | 2,033 | 3,932 | 691 | 207 | 6,86 | |
| Inguinal hernia | K40 | 655 | 807 | 1,246 | 1,410 | 4,118 | 106 | 59 | 69 | 134 | 368 | 761 | 866 | 1,315 | 1,544 | 4,48 | |
| Noninfective enteritis and colitis | K50-K52 | 350 | 4,648 | 2,287 | 1,415 | 8,700 | 260 | 4,609 | 2,386 | 1,699 | 8,954 | 610 | 9,257 | 4,673 | 3,114 | 17,65 | |
| Alcoholic liver disease | K70 | 0 | 624 | 1,432 | 476 | 2,532 | 0 | 290 | 584 | 157 | 1,031 | 0 | 914 | 2,016 | 633 | 3,56 | |
| Cholelithiasis | K80 | 18 | 556 | 1,153 | 1,840 | 3,567 | 29 | 2,761 | 2,028 | 2,235 | 7,053 | 47 | 3,317 | 3,181 | 4,075 | 10,62 | |
| Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue | L00-L99 | 2,643 | 13,795 | 10,796 | 11,458 | 38,692 | 2,255 | 12,197 | 9,332 | 12,074 | 35,858 | 4,898 | 25,992 | 20,128 | 23,532 | 74,55 | |
| Cutaneous abscess, furuncle and carbuncle and cellulitis | L02-L03 | 554 | 1,693 | 1,771 | 2,624 | 6,642 | 474 | 994 | 1,199 | 2,875 | 5,542 | 1,028 | 2,687 | 2,970 | 5,499 | 12,18 | |
| Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue | M00-M99 | 2,695 | 11,657 | 16,530 | 16,779 | 47,661 | 2,569 | 12,098 | 21,788 | 27,895 | 64,350 | 5,264 | 23,755 | 38,318 | 44,674 | 112,01 | |
| Rheumatoid arthritis | M05-M06 | 0 | 359 | 1,149 | 1.152 | 2.660 | ~ | 941 | 2.412 | 2,277 | 5.633 | ~ | 1,300 | 3,561 | 3.429 | 8.29 | |
| Coxarthrosis and Gonarthrosis | M16-M17 | ~ | 410 | 1,959 | 2,939 | 5,309 | ~ | 290 | 2,200 | 4,386 | 6,877 | ~ | 700 | 4,159 | 7,325 | 12,18 | |
| Intervertebral disc disorders | M50-M51 | 62 | 709 | 758 | 570 | 2,099 | ~ | 695 | 929 | 829 | 2,457 | 66 | 1,404 | 1,687 | 1,399 | 4,55 | |
| Dorsalgia (back pain) | M54 | 102 | 2,074 | 2,521 | 1,792 | 6,489 | 151 | 2,743 | 3,736 | 3,291 | 9,921 | 253 | 4,817 | 6,257 | 5,083 | 16,41 | |
| Diseases of the genitourinary system | N00-N99 | 7,546 | 16,567 | 32.384 | 68,689 | 125,186 | 3,264 | 37,895 | 35.149 | 53.167 | 129,475 | 10,810 | 54,462 | 67,533 | 121,856 | 254,66 | |
| Chronic kidney disease | N18 | 1,384 | 8,991 | 20,722 | 45,046 | 76,143 | 377 | 7,421 | 11,578 | 29,228 | 48,604 | 1,761 | 16,412 | 32,300 | 74,274 | 124,74 | |
| Urolithiasis | N20-N23 | 112 | 1,478 | 1,788 | 816 | 4,194 | 42 | 917 | 960 | 494 | 2,413 | 154 | 2,395 | 2,748 | 1,310 | 6,60 | |
| Hyperplasia of prostate | N40 | 0 | 89 | 1,748 | 5,174 | 7,011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 89 | 1,748 | 5,174 | 7,01 | |
| Disorders of breast | N60-N64 | 18 | 111 | 49 | 45 | 223 | 25 | 1,535 | 1,520 | 467 | 3,547 | 43 | 1,646 | 1,569 | 512 | 3,77 | |
| Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs | N70-N77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 2,405 | 881 | 256 | 3,596 | 54 | 2,405 | 881 | 256 | 3,59 | |
| Noninflammatory disorders of female genital tract | N80-N98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 302 | 19,005 | 13,002 | 4,022 | 36,331 | 302 | 19,005 | 13,002 | 4,022 | 36,33 | |
| Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium ^a | 000-099 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 343 | 12 | 0 | 355 | 0 | 343 | 12 | 0 | 35 | |
| Pregnancy with abortive outcome | 000-008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 | ~ | 0 | 67 | 0 | 64 | ~ | 0 | 6 | |
| Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period | P00-P96 | 15,282 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 15,295 | 11,887 | ~ | 0 | Ō | 11,892 | 27,169 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 27,18 | |
| Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities | Q00-Q99 | 15,375 | 2,040 | 1,107 | 559 | 19,081 | 10,969 | 2,425 | 1,579 | 1,157 | 16,130 | 26,344 | 4,465 | 2,686 | 1,716 | 35,21 | |
| Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified | R00-R99 | 13,671 | 27,285 | 35,861 | 48,766 | 125,583 | 11,444 | 38,326 | 35,821 | 48,751 | 134,342 | 25,115 | 65,611 | 71,682 | 97,517 | 259,92 | |
| Abdominal and pelvic pain | R10 | 1,239 | 3,135 | 2,542 | 1,659 | 8,575 | 1,508 | 9,155 | 4,172 | 2,410 | 17,245 | 2,747 | 12,290 | 6,714 | 4,069 | 25,82 | |
| Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes | S00-T98 | 8,917 | 22,694 | 11,067 | 10,790 | 53,468 | 6,001 | 10,313 | 8,514 | 14,647 | 39,475 | 14,918 | 33,007 | 19,581 | 25,437 | 92,94 | |
| Intracranial injury | S06 | 261 | 1,240 | 576 | 665 | 2,742 | 151 | 356 | 266 | 554 | 1,327 | 412 | 1,596 | 842 | 1,219 | 4,06 | |
| Other injuries to the head (including skull fracture) | S00–S05, S07–S09 | 2,460 | 4,281 | 1,230 | 1,299 | 9,270 | 1,587 | 1,043 | 529 | 1,549 | 4,708 | 4,047 | 5,324 | 1,759 | 2,848 | 13,97 | |
| Fracture of femur | S72 | 156 | 168 | 291 | 1,101 | 1,716 | 65 | 59 | 367 | 3,084 | 3,575 | 221 | 227 | 658 | 4,185 | 5,29 | |
| Poisonings by drugs, medicaments and biological substances and toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source | T36-T65 | 274 | 1,937 | 741 | 224 | 3,176 | 310 | 2,478 | 1,100 | 271 | 4,159 | 584 | 4,415 | 1,841 | 495 | 7,33 | |
| External causes of morbidity and mortality | U50-Y98 | 22,470 | 46,292 | 23,910 | 27,738 | 120,410 | 15,133 | 22,851 | 19,798 | 38,565 | 96,347 | 37,603 | 69,143 | 43,708 | 66,303 | 216,75 | |
| Transport accidents | V01-V99 | 658 | 1,732 | 639 | 291 | 3,320 | 432 | 743 | 290 | 258 | 1,723 | 1,090 | 2,475 | 929 | 549 | 5,04 | |
| Factors influencing health status and contact with health services ^b | U00–U49, Z00–Z99 | 26,619 | 56,422 | 136,337 | 211,372 | 430,750 | 20,310 | 68,674 | 131,526 | 152,925 | 373,435 | 46,929 | 125,096 | 267,863 | 364,297 | 804,18 | |
| Other medical care (including radiotherapy and chemotherapy sessions) | Z51 | 2,995 | 5,503 | 31,789 | 46,008 | 86,295 | 2,625 | 12,962 | 47,723 | 33,298 | 96,608 | 5,620 | 18,465 | 79,512 | 79,306 | 182,90 | |

Notes:

Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.

a Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of *Maternity*. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.

b This category includes discharges in the code range U00–U49 'codes for special purposes'.

3.4.4 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*) by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group

In 2012, over 83 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) had a principal procedure recorded (see Table 3.4). Discussion of procedures is confined to ACHI chapter level.

Table 3.13 provides a breakdown of principal procedure by sex and age group.

- Procedures from the chapter non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified accounted for 22.0 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity) with a principal procedure reported. Over 31 per cent of discharges aged less than 15 years and 22.3 per cent aged between 45–64 years had a procedure from this chapter recorded as a principal procedure. For the 15–44 year age group, the most common principal procedure was from the chapter procedures on digestive system, at 19.9 per cent. For discharges aged 65 years and older, the most common principal procedure was from the chapter procedures on urinary system, at 23.8 per cent.
- The chapter *procedures on urinary system* accounted for 20.4 per cent of all principal procedures for male discharges.
- The chapter non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified accounted for 23.8 per cent of all principal procedures for female discharges.
- Over 64 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) with a principal procedure from the chapter *procedures on cardiovascular system* were male discharges.
- Over 75 per cent of total discharges (excl. Maternity) with a principal procedure from the chapter procedures on endocrine system were female discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Over 65 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) with a principal procedure from the chapter *procedures on eye and adnexa* were aged 65 years and over.

3.4.5 Acute In-Patient Mean Length of Stay by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group

Table 3.14 presents the acute in-patient mean length of stay for principal procedure by sex and age group. The analysis presented here is limited to the mean length of stay for acute in-patient discharges (excl. *Maternity*), with a length of stay of 30 days or less and excluding day patients. This measure includes pre-operative and post-operative length of stay. It should also be noted that this analysis by mean length of stay does not take into account the status of the patient on discharge. For example, a patient may be transferred to another facility on discharge. Care must be taken,

therefore, in interpreting the data on mean length of stay presented in Table 3.14, in the absence of information on discharge destination.²⁹

- At chapter level, the longest acute in-patient mean length of stay was reported for radiation oncology procedures at 9.7 days, with male and female discharges reporting at 10.3 and 9.3 days respectively for this chapter. It should be noted that the majority of discharges with radiation oncology recorded as a principal procedure were day patients.
- The longest acute in-patient mean length of stay for those less than 15 years was reported for the chapter procedures on respiratory system at 9.1 days.
- The shortest acute in-patient mean length of stay was reported for the chapter procedures on nose, mouth and pharynx at 2.1 days for total discharges (excl. Maternity); across the age groups this ranged from 1.3 days for discharges aged less than 15 years to 4.7 days for those aged 65 years and over.

3.4.6 All-Listed Procedures by Sex and Age Group

Table 3.15 provides details of all-listed procedures reported by sex and age group for total discharges (excl. Maternity). As one principal procedure and up to 19 secondary procedures may be collected as applicable per discharge, the total number of procedures will not equal the number of total discharges (excl. Maternity).

- Over 2 million procedures were reported for total discharges (excl. *Maternity*).
- Procedures within the chapter non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified accounted for 887,233 of all-listed procedures or 42.3 per cent of all procedures reported for total discharges (excl. Maternity).
- Total discharges (excl. Maternity) aged 65 years and older accounted for over 64 per cent of procedures from the chapter procedures on eye and adnexa.
- Total discharges (excl. Maternity) aged less than 15 years accounted for over 50 per cent of procedures from the chapter procedures on ear and mastoid process.

 TABLE 3.13 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): Principal Procedure by Sex and Age Group (N)

| Principal Procedure | Procedure | | | Male | _ | | _ | Femal | le (excl. <i>Mate</i> | ernity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | |
| Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | 77,329 | 144,090 | 213,962 | 270,798 | 706,179 | 60,417 | 178,553 | 218,066 | 240,347 | 697,383 | 137,746 | 322,643 | 432,028 | 511,145 | 1,403,56 | |
| All Principal Procedures | 0001-2016 | 45,658 | 119,157 | 185,611 | 235,620 | 586,046 | 34,042 | 147,836 | 192,009 | 205,765 | 579,652 | 79,700 | 266,993 | 377,620 | 441,385 | 1,165,69 | |
| Procedures on nervous system | 0001-0086 | 920 | 3,534 | 3,651 | 2,271 | 10,376 | 670 | 4,035 | 5,150 | 3,600 | 13,455 | 1,590 | 7,569 | 8,801 | 5,871 | 23,83 | |
| Lumbar puncture | 0030 | 659 | 483 | 295 | 170 | 1.607 | 502 | 890 | 412 | 207 | 2,011 | 1,161 | 1,373 | 707 | 377 | 3,61 | |
| Procedures on endocrine system | 0110-0129 | 29 | 113 | 159 | 119 | 420 | 26 | 465 | 490 | 287 | 1,268 | 55 | 578 | 649 | 406 | 1,68 | |
| Procedures on eye and adnexa | 0160-0256 | 835 | 1,746 | 4,324 | 10,201 | 17,106 | 721 | 1,248 | 3,377 | 13,448 | 18,794 | 1,556 | 2,994 | 7,701 | 23,649 | 35,90 | |
| Lens extraction | 0195-0202 | 35 | 152 | 786 | 3,519 | 4.492 | 30 | 99 | 843 | 5,060 | 6.032 | 65 | 251 | 1,629 | 8.579 | 10.52 | |
| Procedures on ear and mastoid process | 0300-0333 | 2,246 | 1,075 | 798 | 505 | 4,624 | 1,686 | 1,001 | 711 | 473 | 3,871 | 3,932 | 2,076 | 1,509 | 978 | 8,49 | |
| Myringotomy | 0309 | 1,667 | 339 | 301 | 220 | 2,527 | 1,207 | 351 | 304 | 190 | 2,052 | 2,874 | 690 | 605 | 410 | 4,57 | |
| Procedures on nose, mouth and pharynx | 0370-0422 | 3,057 | 2,822 | 2,101 | 1,412 | 9,392 | 2,530 | 3,122 | 1,710 | 1,228 | 8,590 | 5,587 | 5,944 | 3,811 | 2,640 | 17,98 | |
| Tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy | 0412 | 1,811 | 461 | 34 | 10 | 2,316 | 1,759 | 1,175 | 29 | ~ | 2,967 | 3,570 | 1,636 | 63 | 14 | 5,28 | |
| Dental services | 0450-0490 | 2,170 | 730 | 225 | 84 | 3,209 | 1,867 | 963 | 186 | 76 | 3,092 | 4,037 | 1,693 | 411 | 160 | 6,30 | |
| Procedures on respiratory system | 0520-0570 | 2,005 | 2,108 | 3,836 | 4,840 | 12,789 | 1,404 | 1,603 | 3,218 | 3,948 | 10,173 | 3,409 | 3,711 | 7,054 | 8,788 | 22,96 | |
| Bronchoscopy with/without biopsy | 0543-0544, 41892-01[0545] | 242 | 786 | 1,614 | 1,987 | 4,629 | 156 | 659 | 1,434 | 1,628 | 3,877 | 398 | 1,445 | 3,048 | 3,615 | 8,50 | |
| Procedures on cardiovascular system | 0600-0777 | 759 | 7,298 | 17,894 | 13,479 | 39,430 | 724 | 3,819 | 8,737 | 8,128 | 21,408 | 1,483 | 11,117 | 26,631 | 21,607 | 60,83 | |
| Coronary angiography | 0668 | 158 | 762 | 4,524 | 4,459 | 9,903 | 142 | 339 | 2,556 | 3,051 | 6,088 | 300 | 1,101 | 7,080 | 7,510 | 15,99 | |
| Transluminal coronary angioplasty with/without stenting | 0670-0671 | 0 | 160 | 1,500 | 1,352 | 3,012 | 0 | 23 | 293 | 593 | 909 | 0 | 183 | 1,793 | 1,945 | 3,92 | |
| CABG | 0672-0679 | 0 | 15 | 288 | 343 | 646 | 0 | ~ | 41 | 95 | 141 | 0 | 20 | 329 | 438 | 78 | |
| Leg varicose vein ligation | 0727-0728 | 0 | 320 | 429 | 136 | 885 | ~ | 929 | 808 | 190 | 1,928 | ~ | 1,249 | 1,237 | 326 | 2,81 | |
| Procedures on blood and blood-forming organs | 0800-0817 | 179 | 456 | 811 | 907 | 2,353 | 145 | 501 | 898 | 747 | 2,291 | 324 | 957 | 1,709 | 1,654 | 4,64 | |
| Procedures on digestive system | 0850-1011 | 2,843 | 23,665 | 30,205 | 25,723 | 82,436 | 2,105 | 29,427 | 30,441 | 24,565 | 86,538 | 4.948 | 53,092 | 60,646 | 50,288 | 168,97 | |
| Fibreoptic colonoscopy with/without excision | 0905, 0911 | 70 | 7,379 | 11,350 | 9,713 | 28,512 | 52 | 8,942 | 11,914 | 9,246 | 30,154 | 122 | 16,321 | 23,264 | 18,959 | 58,66 | |
| Appendicectomy | 0926 | 1,057 | 1,935 | 309 | 81 | 3,382 | 906 | 1,965 | 277 | 58 | 3,206 | 1,963 | 3,900 | 586 | 139 | 6,58 | |
| Procedures for haemorrhoids | 0941 | 0 | 980 | 937 | 272 | 2,189 | ~ | 891 | 692 | 281 | 1,865 | ~ | 1,871 | 1,629 | 553 | 4,05 | |
| Cholecystectomy | 0965 | ~ | 327 | 535 | 416 | 1,281 | 7 | 1,885 | 1,246 | 486 | 3,624 | 10 | 2,212 | 1,781 | 902 | 4,90 | |
| Division of abdominal adhesions | 0986 | 9 | 40 | 45 | 65 | 159 | 7 | 369 | 155 | 68 | 599 | 16 | 409 | 200 | 133 | 75 | |
| Repair of inguinal and obstructed hernia | 0990, 0997 | 473 | 765 | 1,164 | 1,110 | 3,512 | 92 | 64 | 99 | 127 | 382 | 565 | 829 | 1,263 | 1,237 | 3,89 | |
| Panendoscopy with/without excision | 1005-1008 | 276 | 9,075 | 11,358 | 9,517 | 30,226 | 311 | 10,851 | 12,486 | 10,331 | 33,979 | 587 | 19,926 | 23,844 | 19,848 | 64,20 | |
| Procedures on urinary system | 1040-1129 | 1,564 | 16,595 | 36,830 | 64,686 | 119,675 | 454 | 14,080 | 21,751 | 40,568 | 76,853 | 2,018 | 30,675 | 58,581 | 105,254 | 196,52 | |
| Examination procedures on bladder (includes cystoscopy) | 1089 | 63 | 1,138 | 2,712 | 5,067 | 8,980 | 48 | 1,279 | 1,797 | 2,195 | 5,319 | 111 | 2,417 | 4,509 | 7,262 | 14,29 | |
| Procedures on male genital organs | 1160-1203 | 3,629 | 1,665 | 2,873 | 2,845 | 11,012 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 3,629 | 1,665 | 2,875 | 2,845 | 11,01 | |
| Prostatectomy | 1165-1167 | 0 | 9 | 517 | 801 | 1,327 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 9 | 518 | 801 | 1,32 | |
| Circumcision | 30653-00[1196] | 1,942 | 517 | 220 | 121 | 2,800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,942 | 517 | 220 | 121 | 2,80 | |
| Gynaecological procedures | 1240-1299 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 97 | 21,128 | 11,986 | 2,536 | 35,747 | 97 | 21,128 | 11,987 | 2,536 | 35,74 | |
| Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy | 1243, 1252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 337 | 351 | 85 | 785 | 12 | 337 | 351 | 85 | 78 | |
| Salpingectomy | 1251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 92 | 16 | ~ | 114 | ~ | 92 | 16 | ~ | 11 | |
| Examination procedures on uterus | 1259 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,955 | 2,657 | 518 | 5,130 | 0 | 1,955 | 2,657 | 518 | 5,13 | |
| Curettage and evacuation of uterus | 1265 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 1,538 | 2,238 | 378 | 4,157 | ~ | 1,538 | 2,238 | 378 | 4,15 | |
| Hysterectomy | 1268-1269 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 549 | 1,455 | 558 | 2,562 | 0 | 549 | 1,455 | 558 | 2,56 | |
| Repair of prolapse of uterus, pelvic floor or enterocele | 1283 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 403 | 305 | 778 | 0 | 70 | 403 | 305 | 77 | |
| Obstetric procedures ^a | 1330-1347 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 13 | 0 | 0 | 14 | ~ | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Induction and augmentation of labour | 1334, 1335 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Vacuum extraction | 1338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Caesarean section | 1340 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Episiotomy associated with delivery | 90472-00[1343] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Postpartum suture | 1344 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | ~ | 0 | 0 | 6 | ~ | ~ | 0 | 0 | | |
| Procedures on musculoskeletal system | 1360-1579 | 3,886 | 11,997 | 8,785 | 6,717 | 31,385 | 2,981 | 6,215 | 10,501 | 11,726 | 31,423 | 6,867 | 18,212 | 19,286 | 18,443 | 62,80 | |
| Arthroplasty of hip | 1489 | ~ | 110 | 740 | 1,343 | 2,194 | 0 | 78 | 609 | 1,912 | 2,599 | ~ | 188 | 1,349 | 3,255 | 4,79 | |

TABLE 3.13 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Principal Procedure by Sex and Age Group (N) (contd.)

| Principal Procedure | Procedure | | | Male | | | | Femal | e (excl. <i>Mate</i> | ernity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|----------------------|---------|---------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | |
| Arthroplasty of knee | 1518-1519 | 0 | 27 | 324 | 508 | 859 | 0 | 6 | 457 | 862 | 1,325 | 0 | 33 | 781 | 1,370 | 2,184 | |
| Dermatological and plastic procedures | 1600-1718 | 3,529 | 15,421 | 11,094 | 11,503 | 41,547 | 3,037 | 15,764 | 10,615 | 10,936 | 40,352 | 6,566 | 31,185 | 21,709 | 22,439 | 81,899 | |
| Excision of lesion(s) of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 1620 | 545 | 5,241 | 4,967 | 6,476 | 17,229 | 629 | 6,904 | 5,377 | 5,748 | 18,658 | 1,174 | 12,145 | 10,344 | 12,224 | 35,887 | |
| Other debridement of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 1628 | 187 | 489 | 331 | 251 | 1,258 | 129 | 157 | 179 | 196 | 661 | 316 | 646 | 510 | 447 | 1,919 | |
| Skin graft | 1640-1650 | 17 | 60 | 51 | 57 | 185 | 24 | 32 | 30 | 44 | 130 | 41 | 92 | 81 | 101 | 315 | |
| Procedures on breast | 1740-1759 | ~ | 93 | 35 | 43 | 172 | 15 | 3,650 | 4,114 | 1,664 | 9,443 | 16 | 3,743 | 4,149 | 1,707 | 9,615 | |
| Breast biopsy | 1743-1744 | 0 | 30 | 24 | 26 | 80 | 10 | 2,666 | 2,792 | 1,235 | 6,703 | 10 | 2,696 | 2,816 | 1,261 | 6,783 | |
| Mastectomy | 1747-1748 | 0 | 38 | ~ | 9 | 52 | 0 | 178 | 429 | 239 | 846 | 0 | 216 | 434 | 248 | 898 | |
| Radiation oncology procedures | 1786-1799 | 329 | 1,789 | 15,258 | 22,938 | 40,314 | 281 | 5,169 | 19,210 | 10,716 | 35,376 | 610 | 6,958 | 34,468 | 33,654 | 75,690 | |
| Non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified | 1820-1922 | 13,637 | 19,459 | 35,489 | 49,524 | 118,109 | 11,651 | 26,327 | 48,570 | 51,304 | 137,852 | 25,288 | 45,786 | 84,059 | 100,828 | 255,961 | |
| Administration of blood and blood products | 1893 | 1,626 | 1,259 | 2,407 | 6,006 | 11,298 | 1,184 | 1,281 | 2,498 | 4,650 | 9,613 | 2,810 | 2,540 | 4,905 | 10,656 | 20,911 | |
| Conduction anaesthesia | 1909 | ~ | 12 | 16 | ~ | 34 | 0 | 15 | 22 | 9 | 46 | ~ | 27 | 38 | 14 | 80 | |
| Cerebral anaesthesia | 1910 | 9 | 17 | 20 | 10 | 56 | 7 | 20 | 19 | 12 | 58 | 16 | 37 | 39 | 22 | 114 | |
| Imaging services | 1940-2016 | 4,040 | 8,591 | 11,242 | 17,823 | 41,696 | 3,647 | 9,306 | 10,342 | 19,815 | 43,110 | 7,687 | 17,897 | 21,584 | 37,638 | 84,806 | |
| Computerised tomography scan | 1952-1966 | 961 | 6,743 | 8,542 | 14,413 | 30,659 | 726 | 6,925 | 7,981 | 16,302 | 31,934 | 1,687 | 13,668 | 16,523 | 30,715 | 62,593 | |
| Magnetic resonance imaging | 2015 | 1,737 | 1,002 | 1,178 | 1,284 | 5,201 | 1,481 | 1,403 | 1,165 | 1,287 | 5,336 | 3,218 | 2,405 | 2,343 | 2,571 | 10,537 | |

Notes:

Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.

a Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of *Maternity*. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.

 TABLE 3.14
 Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. Maternity): Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group^a

| Principal Procedure | Procedure | | _ | Male | _ | | | Femal | e (excl. <i>Mate</i> | rnity) | | _ | Total Disch | arges (excl. 1 | Naternity) | |
|--|---------------------------------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|----------------------|--------|-------|------|-------------|----------------|------------|-------|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total |
| Acute In-Patient Discharges | - | 2.7 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 4.5 |
| All Principal Procedures | 0001–2016 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 7.8 | 5.7 |
| Procedures on nervous system | 0001-0086 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 5.7 |
| Lumbar puncture | 0030 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 5.2 |
| Procedures on endocrine system | 0110-0129 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 4.2 |
| Procedures on eye and adnexa | 0160-0256 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| Lens extraction | 0195-0202 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Procedures on ear and mastoid process | 0300-0333 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 5.5 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 2.3 |
| Myringotomy | 0309 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.4 | ~ | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | ~ | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| Procedures on nose, mouth and pharynx | 0370-0422 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 4.6 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.1 |
| Tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy | 0412 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 | ~ | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| Dental services | 0450-0490 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 6.8 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 6.5 | 2.5 |
| Procedures on respiratory system | 0520-0570 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 10.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 7.2 | 7.9 | 9.7 | 8.7 |
| Bronchoscopy with/without biopsy | 0543-0544, 41892-1 [0545] | 5.6 | 8.2 | 9.5 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 11.2 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 8.3 | 9.5 | 10.7 | 9.5 |
| Procedures on cardiovascular system | 0600-0777 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 |
| Coronary angiography | 0668 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 4.6 |
| Transluminal coronary angioplasty with/without stenting | 0670-0671 | - | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.1 | - | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.6 | - | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| CABG | 0672-0679 | - | 9.7 | 11.1 | 14.0 | 12.6 | - | ~ | 12.8 | 14.9 | 14.2 | - | 10.9 | 11.3 | 14.2 | 12.9 |
| Leg varicose vein ligation | 0727-0728 | - | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | - | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | - | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Procedures on blood and blood-forming organs | 0800-0817 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 8.4 |
| Procedures on digestive system | 0850-1011 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 7.8 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 5.9 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 8.1 | 5.9 |
| Fibreoptic colonoscopy with/without excision | 0905, 0911 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 6.6 |
| Appendicectomy | 0926 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 3.2 |
| Procedures for haemorrhoids | 0941 | - | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 2.7 | - | 1.7 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.3 | - | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.5 |
| Cholecystectomy | 0965 | ~ | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 3.4 |
| Division of abdominal adhesions | 0986 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 9.5 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 6.2 | 3.8 | 6.4 | 11.5 | 5.7 | 7.1 | 4.2 | 7.2 | 11.9 | 6.7 |
| Repair of inguinal and obstructed hernia | 0990, 0997 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.6 |
| Panendoscopy with/without excision | 1005-1008 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 6.7 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 6.5 |
| Procedures on urinary system | 1040-1129 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 5.6 |
| Examination procedures on bladder (includes cystoscopy) | 1089 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 9.2 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 5.3 |
| Procedures on male genital organs | 1160-1203 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 3.9 | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | 1.4 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 3.9 |
| Prostatectomy | 1165-1167 | - | 9.1 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | - | 9.1 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| Circumcision | 30653-00 [1196] | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.5 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| Gynaecological procedures | 1240-1299 | - | - | - | - | - | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 4.0 |
| Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy | 1243, 1252 | - | - | - | - | - | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 4.3 |
| Salpingectomy | 1251 | - | - | - | - | - | ~ | 3.0 | 2.9 | ~ | 2.9 | ~ | 3.0 | 2.9 | ~ | 2.9 |
| Examination procedures on uterus | 1259 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 2.1 | - | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 2.1 |
| Curettage and evacuation of uterus | 1265 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.1 | - | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.1 |
| Hysterectomy | 1268-1269 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 5.7 | - | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 5.7 |
| Repair of prolapse of uterus, pelvic floor or enterocele | 1283 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.9 | - | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| Obstetric procedures ^b | 1330-1347 | - | - | - | - | - | ~ | 2.8 | - | - | 2.7 | ~ | 2.8 | - | - | 2.7 |
| Induction and augmentation of labour | 1334, 1335 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | - | - | ~ |
| Vacuum extraction | 1338 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Caesarean section | 1340 | | | | | | - | ~ | _ | | ~ | | ~ | _ | _ | ~ |

TABLE 3.14 Acute In-Patient Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Mean Length of Stay (Days) by Principal Procedure, Sex and Age Group^a (contd.)

| Principal Procedure | Procedure | | | Male | | | | Female | e (excl. <i>Mate</i> | rnity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|---|-----------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|--------|----------------------|--------|-------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|--|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | |
| Episiotomy associated with delivery | 90472-00 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | |
| | [1343] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Postpartum suture | 1344 | _ | - | - | - | - | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | |
| Procedures on musculoskeletal system | 1360-1579 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 7.7 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 4.7 | |
| Arthroplasty of hip | 1489 | ~ | 5.2 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 7.2 | - | 5.8 | 6.2 | 9.3 | 8.5 | ~ | 5.4 | 5.8 | 8.9 | 7.9 | |
| Arthroplasty of knee | 1518-1519 | - | 7.0 | 5.3 | 6.6 | 6.1 | - | 7.5 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.3 | - | 7.1 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 6.2 | |
| Dermatological and plastic procedures | 1600-1718 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 3.8 | |
| Excision of lesion(s) of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 1620 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 3.4 | |
| Other debridement of skin and subcutaneous tissue | 1628 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 9.1 | 5.2 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 7.6 | 11.3 | 6.5 | 1.6 | 4.1 | 7.0 | 10.0 | 5.6 | |
| Skin graft | 1640-1650 | 7.5 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 12.3 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.1 | |
| Procedures on breast | 1740-1759 | ~ | 1.8 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.3 | ~ | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.4 | ~ | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.4 | |
| Breast biopsy | 1743-1744 | - | ~ | ~ | - | ~ | - | 1.9 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 2.4 | - | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 | |
| Mastectomy | 1747-1748 | - | 1.9 | ~ | 3.7 | 2.3 | - | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.8 | - | 4.1 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.8 | |
| Radiation oncology procedures | 1786-1799 | - | 8.8 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 10.3 | - | 5.3 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 9.3 | - | 6.1 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 9.7 | |
| Non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, not elsewhere classified | 1820-1922 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 8.8 | 7.0 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 8.4 | 6.6 | |
| Administration of blood and blood products | 1893 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 5.9 | |
| Conduction anaesthesia | 1909 | ~ | ~ | ~ | - | 5.7 | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | 3.7 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 4.6 | |
| Cerebral anaesthesia | 1910 | ~ | ~ | 3.1 | ~ | 2.1 | ~ | ~ | 2.3 | ~ | 4.5 | ~ | 2.6 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 3.3 | |
| Imaging services | 1940-2016 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 7.6 | 5.8 | |
| Computerised tomography scan | 1952-1966 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 5.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 7.4 | 5.7 | |
| Magnetic resonance imaging | 2015 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 7.2 | 9.3 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 6.6 | 9.4 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 9.3 | 6.8 | |

- Notes: ~ Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.
 - Mean length of stay cannot be calculated as no acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) reported.
 - a Includes mean length of stay for acute in-patients (length of stay of 30 days or less) only. Excludes extended stay in-patients and day patients.
 - b Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of Maternity. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.

 TABLE 3.15
 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): All-Listed Procedures by Sex and Age Group (N)

| All Procedures | Procedure | | | Male | | | | Femal | e (excl. Mat | ternity) | | Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|--------------|----------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | |
| Total Discharges (excl. Maternity) | - | 77,329 | 144,090 | 213,962 | 270,798 | 706,179 | 60,417 | 178,553 | 218,066 | 240,347 | 697,383 | 137,746 | 322,643 | 432,028 | 511,145 | 1,403,562 | |
| All Procedures | 0001-2016 | 99,529 | 212,101 | 319,707 | 415,037 | 1,046,374 | 73,962 | 262,645 | 331,414 | 382,637 | 1,050,658 | 173,491 | 474,746 | 651,121 | 797,674 | 2,097,032 | |
| Procedures on nervous system | 0001-0086 | 1,922 | 4,813 | 4,856 | 3,150 | 14,741 | 1,460 | 5,323 | 6,613 | 4,766 | 18,162 | 3,382 | 10,136 | 11,469 | 7,916 | 32,903 | |
| Lumbar puncture | 0030 | 1,430 | 968 | 616 | 411 | 3,425 | 1,142 | 1,506 | 779 | 453 | 3,880 | 2,572 | 2,474 | 1,395 | 864 | 7,305 | |
| Procedures on endocrine system | 0110-0129 | 41 | 123 | 195 | 152 | 511 | 36 | 488 | 551 | 324 | 1,399 | 77 | 611 | 746 | 476 | 1,910 | |
| Procedures on eye and adnexa | 0160-0256 | 1,088 | 2,032 | 4,739 | 10,896 | 18,755 | 882 | 1,402 | 3,684 | 14,156 | 20,124 | 1,970 | 3,434 | 8,423 | 25,052 | 38,879 | |
| Lens extraction | 0195-0202 | 38 | 162 | 804 | 3,547 | 4,551 | 32 | 100 | 859 | 5,105 | 6,096 | 70 | 262 | 1,663 | 8,652 | 10,647 | |
| Procedures on ear and mastoid process | 0300-0333 | 3,027 | 1,199 | 908 | 589 | 5,723 | 2,271 | 1,140 | 782 | 544 | 4,737 | 5,298 | 2,339 | 1,690 | 1,133 | 10,460 | |
| Myringotomy | 0309 | 2,129 | 368 | 328 | 236 | 3,061 | 1,561 | 382 | 323 | 209 | 2,475 | 3,690 | 750 | 651 | 445 | 5,536 | |
| Procedures on nose, mouth and pharynx | 0370-0422 | 3,681 | 3,564 | 2,827 | 1,821 | 11,893 | 2,966 | 3,676 | 2,138 | 1,456 | 10,236 | 6,647 | 7,240 | 4,965 | 3,277 | 22,129 | |
| Tonsillectomy or adenoidectomy | 0412 | 1,951 | 467 | 40 | 13 | 2,471 | 1,867 | 1,186 | 30 | 8 | 3,091 | 3,818 | 1,653 | 70 | 21 | 5,562 | |
| Dental services | 0450-0490 | 4,805 | 1,155 | 365 | 129 | 6,454 | 3,796 | 1,294 | 255 | 97 | 5,442 | 8,601 | 2,449 | 620 | 226 | 11,896 | |
| Procedures on respiratory system | 0520-0570 | 3,468 | 3,270 | 6,149 | 7,986 | 20,873 | 2,503 | 2,228 | 4,578 | 6,076 | 15,385 | 5,971 | 5,498 | 10,727 | 14,062 | 36,258 | |
| Bronchoscopy with/without biopsy | 0543-0544, 41892-01[0545] | 331 | 924 | 1,900 | 2,380 | 5,535 | 220 | 734 | 1,619 | 1,905 | 4,478 | 551 | 1,658 | 3,519 | 4,285 | 10,013 | |
| Procedures on cardiovascular system | 0600-0777 | 2,480 | 9,143 | 25,259 | 22,108 | 58,990 | 2,081 | 4,991 | 11,866 | 13,095 | 32,033 | 4,561 | 14,134 | 37,125 | 35,203 | 91,023 | |
| Coronary angiography | 0668 | 189 | 939 | 5,955 | 5,851 | 12,934 | 169 | 378 | 2,849 | 3,683 | 7,079 | 358 | 1,317 | 8,804 | 9,534 | 20,013 | |
| Transluminal coronary angioplasty with/without | 0670-0671 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| stenting | | 0 | 205 | 1,928 | 1,810 | 3,943 | ~ | 34 | 375 | 799 | 1,209 | ~ | 239 | 2,303 | 2,609 | 5,152 | |
| CABG | 0672-0679 | 0 | 33 | 678 | 825 | 1,536 | ~ | 8 | 91 | 230 | 330 | ~ | 41 | 769 | 1,055 | 1,866 | |
| Leg varicose vein ligation | 0727-0728 | 0 | 326 | 438 | 139 | 903 | ~ | 946 | 828 | 195 | 1,970 | ~ | 1,272 | 1,266 | 334 | 2,873 | |
| Procedures on blood and blood-forming organs | 0800-0817 | 363 | 692 | 1,266 | 1,487 | 3,808 | 318 | 1,129 | 2,558 | 1,800 | 5,805 | 681 | 1,821 | 3,824 | 3,287 | 9,613 | |
| Procedures on digestive system | 0850-1011 | 3,321 | 28,870 | 38,728 | 34,657 | 105,576 | 2,496 | 36,325 | 38,666 | 32,596 | 110,083 | 5,817 | 65,195 | 77,394 | 67,253 | 215,659 | |
| Fibreoptic colonoscopy with/without excision | 0905, 0911 | 179 | 9,318 | 14,422 | 12,868 | 36,787 | 150 | 11,504 | 15,147 | 12,193 | 38,994 | 329 | 20,822 | 29,569 | 25,061 | 75,781 | |
| Appendicectomy | 0926 | 1,083 | 1,981 | 333 | 108 | 3,505 | 926 | 2,071 | 402 | 130 | 3,529 | 2,009 | 4,052 | 735 | 238 | 7,034 | |
| Procedures for haemorrhoids | 0941 | ~ | 1,823 | 1,765 | 602 | 4,191 | ~ | 1,693 | 1,360 | 586 | 3,640 | ~ | 3,516 | 3,125 | 1,188 | 7,831 | |
| Cholecystectomy | 0965 | ~ | 346 | 597 | 464 | 1,410 | 7 | 1,913 | 1,295 | 529 | 3,744 | 10 | 2,259 | 1,892 | 993 | 5,154 | |
| Division of abdominal adhesions | 0986 | 35 | 167 | 273 | 314 | 789 | 30 | 1,004 | 590 | 340 | 1,964 | 65 | 1,171 | 863 | 654 | 2,753 | |
| Repair of inguinal and obstructed hernia | 0990, 0997 | 509 | 779 | 1,188 | 1,137 | 3,613 | 92 | 68 | 101 | 137 | 398 | 601 | 847 | 1,289 | 1,274 | 4,011 | |
| Panendoscopy with/without excision | 1005-1008 | 298 | 9,925 | 12,970 | 11,692 | 34,885 | 334 | 11,796 | 13,911 | 12,290 | 38,331 | 632 | 21,721 | 26,881 | 23,982 | 73,216 | |
| Procedures on urinary system | 1040-1129 | 1,815 | 17,465 | 39,021 | 68,894 | 127,195 | 605 | 14,939 | 23,088 | 42,168 | 80,800 | 2,420 | 32,404 | 62,109 | 111,062 | 207,995 | |
| Examination procedures on bladder (includes cystoscopy) | 1089 | 86 | 1,194 | 2,877 | 5,390 | 9,547 | 54 | 1,424 | 2,071 | 2,396 | 5,945 | 140 | 2,618 | 4,948 | 7,786 | 15,492 | |
| Procedures on male genital organs | 1160-1203 | 3,961 | 1,816 | 3,181 | 3,184 | 12,142 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 3,961 | 1,816 | 3,184 | 3,184 | 12,145 | |
| Prostatectomy | 1165-1167 | 0 | 9 | 544 | 880 | 1,433 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 9 | 546 | 880 | 1,435 | |
| Circumcision | 30653-00[1196] | 2,020 | 526 | 229 | 130 | 2,905 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,020 | 526 | 229 | 130 | 2,905 | |
| Gynaecological procedures | 1240-1299 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 122 | 35,123 | 20,657 | 4,001 | 59,903 | 122 | 35,123 | 20,658 | 4,001 | 59,904 | |
| Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy | 1243, 1252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 371 | 409 | 112 | 904 | 12 | 371 | 409 | 112 | 904 | |
| Salpingectomy | 1251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 133 | 32 | ~ | 175 | ~ | 133 | 32 | ~ | 175 | |
| Examination procedures on uterus | 1259 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 3,676 | 4,352 | 775 | 8,804 | ~ | 3,676 | 4,352 | 775 | 8,804 | |
| Curettage and evacuation of uterus | 1265 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 3,440 | 4,615 | 817 | 8,875 | ~ | 3,440 | 4,615 | 817 | 8,875 | |
| Hysterectomy | 1268-1269 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 562 | 1,494 | 585 | 2,641 | 0 | 562 | 1,494 | 585 | 2,641 | |
| Repair of prolapse of uterus, pelvic floor or enterocele | 1283 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 749 | 608 | 1,477 | 0 | 120 | 749 | 608 | 1,477 | |
| Obstetric procedures ^a | 1330-1347 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 21 | 0 | 0 | 22 | ~ | 21 | 0 | 0 | 22 | |
| Induction and augmentation of labour | 1334, 1335 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | |
| Vacuum extraction | 1338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Caesarean section | 1340 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | |
| Episiotomy associated with delivery | 90472-00[1343] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | 0 | 0 | ~ | |
| Postpartum suture | 1344 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | ~ | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |

 TABLE 3.15 Total Discharges (excl. Maternity): All-Listed Procedures by Sex and Age Group (N) (contd.)

| All Procedures | Procedure | | | Male | | | | Fema | le (excl. <i>Mat</i> | ernity) | | | Total Disc | narges (excl. | Maternity) | |
|--|-----------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|----------------------|---------|---------|--------|------------|---------------|------------|--------|
| | Block | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total | < 15 | 15-44 | 45-64 | ≥65 | Total |
| Procedures on musculoskeletal system | 1360-1579 | 5,045 | 14,893 | 10,928 | 8,193 | 39,059 | 3,969 | 7,783 | 12,841 | 13,978 | 38,571 | 9,014 | 22,676 | 23,769 | 22,171 | 77,630 |
| Arthroplasty of hip | 1489 | ~ | 112 | 749 | 1,366 | 2,228 | 0 | 78 | 617 | 1,939 | 2,634 | ~ | 190 | 1,366 | 3,305 | 4,86 |
| Arthroplasty of knee | 1518-1519 | 0 | 27 | 324 | 509 | 860 | 0 | 6 | 458 | 863 | 1,327 | 0 | 33 | 782 | 1,372 | 2,18 |
| Dermatological and plastic procedures | 1600-1718 | 5,307 | 18,577 | 13,568 | 14,897 | 52,349 | 4,332 | 17,792 | 12,661 | 13,501 | 48,286 | 9,639 | 36,369 | 26,229 | 28,398 | 100,63 |
| Excision of lesion(s) of skin and subcutaneous | 1620 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tissue | | 602 | 5,919 | 5,671 | 7,614 | 19,806 | 668 | 7,802 | 6,181 | 6,673 | 21,324 | 1,270 | 13,721 | 11,852 | 14,287 | 41,13 |
| Other debridement of skin and subcutaneous | 1628 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tissue | | 490 | 1,597 | 1,001 | 757 | 3,845 | 366 | 506 | 589 | 540 | 2,001 | 856 | 2,103 | 1,590 | 1,297 | 5,84 |
| Skin graft | 1640-1650 | 50 | 186 | 250 | 553 | 1,039 | 69 | 109 | 168 | 443 | 789 | 119 | 295 | 418 | 996 | 1,82 |
| Procedures on breast | 1740-1759 | ~ | 98 | 37 | 45 | 181 | 15 | 4,189 | 5,297 | 1,986 | 11,487 | 16 | 4,287 | 5,334 | 2,031 | 11,66 |
| Breast biopsy | 1743-1744 | 0 | 31 | 26 | 27 | 84 | 10 | 2,759 | 2,929 | 1,307 | 7,005 | 10 | 2,790 | 2,955 | 1,334 | 7,08 |
| Mastectomy | 1747-1748 | 0 | 38 | ~ | 9 | 52 | 0 | 188 | 437 | 242 | 867 | 0 | 226 | 442 | 251 | 91 |
| Radiation oncology procedures | 1786-1799 | 367 | 2,055 | 17,476 | 25,426 | 45,324 | 296 | 5,966 | 20,837 | 11,835 | 38,934 | 663 | 8,021 | 38,313 | 37,261 | 84,25 |
| Non-invasive, cognitive and other interventions, | 1820-1922 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| not elsewhere classified | | 51,530 | 84,591 | 122,382 | 170,435 | 428,938 | 39,455 | 99,573 | 139,624 | 179,643 | 458,295 | 90,985 | 184,164 | 262,006 | 350,078 | 887,23 |
| Administration of blood and blood products | 1893 | 2,987 | 2,444 | 5,009 | 11,280 | 21,720 | 2,327 | 2,307 | 4,801 | 9,523 | 18,958 | 5,314 | 4,751 | 9,810 | 20,803 | 40,67 |
| Conduction anaesthesia | 1909 | 184 | 1,452 | 2,925 | 4,772 | 9,333 | 75 | 1,080 | 3,173 | 6,074 | 10,402 | 259 | 2,532 | 6,098 | 10,846 | 19,73 |
| Cerebral anaesthesia | 1910 | 24,559 | 44,313 | 49,833 | 45,603 | 164,308 | 17,040 | 52,900 | 56,786 | 43,569 | 170,295 | 41,599 | 97,213 | 106,619 | 89,172 | 334,60 |
| Imaging services | 1940-2016 | 7,307 | 17,745 | 27,821 | 40,988 | 93,861 | 6,358 | 19,263 | 24,715 | 40,615 | 90,951 | 13,665 | 37,008 | 52,536 | 81,603 | 184,81 |
| Computerised tomography scan | 1952-1966 | 1,387 | 11,891 | 16,957 | 28,482 | 58,717 | 1,078 | 11,033 | 14,823 | 29,355 | 56,289 | 2,465 | 22,924 | 31,780 | 57,837 | 115,00 |
| Magnetic resonance imaging | 2015 | 2,254 | 2,453 | 3,303 | 3,678 | 11,688 | 1,977 | 3,223 | 3,064 | 3,645 | 11,909 | 4,231 | 5,676 | 6,367 | 7,323 | 23,59 |

Notes:

[~] Denotes five or less discharges reported to HIPE.

a Discharges reported within this chapter were not assigned admission type of *Maternity*. Their admission was for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but they received obstetric care during this episode of care. See Section Four for details of morbidity analysis for *Maternity* discharges.

Maternity Discharges

2012

SECTION

Table of Contents

| 4.1 | Introduction | 95 |
|-----|---|-----|
| 4.2 | MATERNITY DISCHARGES – TOTAL | 96 |
| | 4.2.1 Maternity Discharges: Profile | 96 |
| 4.3 | MATERNITY DISCHARGES – DELIVERY | 99 |
| | 4.3.1 <i>Delivery</i> Discharges: Outcome of Delivery | 99 |
| | 4.3.2 <i>Delivery</i> Discharges: Method of Delivery | |
| | 4.3.3 Delivery Discharges: Age | |
| | 4.3.4 Delivery Discharges: Marital/Civil Status | |
| | 4.3.5 Delivery Discharges: Public/Private Status | |
| | 4.3.6 Delivery Discharges: Day of Admission | 107 |
| | 4.3.7 Delivery Discharges: Morbidity Analysis | |
| | 4.3.8 Delivery Discharges: Caesarean Section Deliveries | 111 |
| 4.4 | MATERNITY DISCHARGES – NON-DELIVERIES | 114 |
| | 4.4.1 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Activity | 114 |
| | 4.4.2 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Activity | 114 |

Total Discharges 1,541,084

Discharges excluding Maternity 1,403,562

Maternity 137.522

4.1 **INTRODUCTION**

Section Four examines Maternity discharges only. In 2012, 8.9 per cent of total discharges were categorised as Maternity discharges. Maternity discharges in HIPE are those who were admitted in relation to their obstetrical experience (from conception to 6 weeks post delivery); that is, they were allocated to Admission Type code Maternity.1

The Health Research and Information Division at the ESRI also publish the annual series Perinatal Statistics Reports using data from the National Perinatal Reporting System (NPRS) which presents national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland. The analysis of *Deliveries* here is intended to complement these publications by reporting on variables which are currently not available in the NPRS. These variables include public/private status and detailed data on maternal diagnoses and procedures, including the elective or emergency nature of Caesarean section. It must be emphasised that the Delivery section here reports on women with a diagnosis of outcome of delivery (ICD-10-AM - Z37) in acute public hospitals with an allocated admission type of *Maternity* only.³ There are a number of key differences between the number of deliveries reported here and the number published by the NPRS which means, on balance, that the number of deliveries reported by NPRS will be more comprehensive due to a number of factors including:

- The NPRS includes all deliveries in Ireland including those in public and private hospitals and domiciliary births. HIPE does not currently collect data from private hospitals or domiciliary births.
- Delivery data in the NPRS is reported based on date of delivery, HIPE data is reported on the date of discharge of the mother. For example, a delivery that occurs on 27 December 2011 and the mother is discharged on 1 January 2012 will be recorded as a 2011 delivery in NPRS and a 2012 delivery in HIPE.
- In accordance with the World Health Organization (WHO) guidelines the NPRS does not include births weighing less than 500 grams; these deliveries would be reported by HIPE.

Hospital In-Patient Enquiry Scheme (HIPE) Data Dictionary 2012 Version 4.0 available at www.esri.ie

See www.nprs.ie

There were a small number of women who were admitted for reasons other than their obstetric condition, but received obstetric care and, in some cases (< 10 cases), delivered during this episode. These women are not included here.

The remainder of Section Four is divided into three sections:

- Section 4.2 provides an overview of Maternity discharges, disaggregated according to whether they delivered during this episode of care.
- Section 4.3 examines *Delivery* discharges. Method of delivery is analysed by selected demographic and administrative variables, including maternal parity.⁴ Top 10 diagnoses and Top 10 procedure blocks are provided, along with further details on Caesarean section deliveries.
- Section 4.4 provides a summary of *Non-Delivery* discharges and reports on age, marital/civil status and public/private status for day patients and in-patients. Top 10 principal diagnoses and procedure blocks are also presented.

4.2 **MATERNITY DISCHARGES – TOTAL**

This section provides an overview of the 137,522 Maternity discharges reported to HIPE. Of those discharges registered as Maternity, there were 68,990 (50.2 per cent) Delivery discharges and 68,532 (49.8 per cent) Non-Delivery discharges.

Maternity Discharges: Profile

Table 4.1 disaggregates Maternity discharges and bed days by patient type (day patient and in-patient) and delivery status. 5 Mean and median lengths of stay for inpatient discharges are also presented.6

Discharges

- Day patients accounted for 10,331 (7.5 per cent) of Maternity discharges. The remaining 127,191 (92.5 per cent) of Maternity discharges were in-patients.
- 56.7 per cent of *Maternity* discharges were aged 25–34 years (see Figure 4.1).
- Single women accounted for 38.5 per cent of Maternity discharges while married women accounted for 58.7 per cent (see Figure 4.2).
- Just over 17 per cent of Maternity discharges were discharged on a private basis and 82.9 per cent on a public basis (see Figure 4.3).

Length of Stay

The cumulative proportion of discharges and bed days differ for *Delivery* and Non-Delivery discharges (see Figures 4.4a-4.4c). For example, for discharges staying 3 days or less, 63.1 per cent of *Delivery* in-patient discharges used 39.8 per cent of bed days, whereas a higher proportion of Non-Delivery discharges (93.8 per cent) were discharged in the same time period using 75.1 per cent of bed days.

Maternal parity is the number of previous live births and number of previous stillbirths (>500g). Maternal parity was introduced to the HIPE system in 2011 and is collected for all cases with admission type code Maternity. Data from 2012 provide the first complete year that parity data are available for analysis.

Non-Delivery discharges are Maternity discharges where admission was related to their obstetrical experience but who did not deliver during that episode of care.

By definition, Maternity discharges with a diagnosis of delivery are in-patients.

TABLE 4.1 *Maternity* Discharges: Patient Type by Delivery Status (N, %, Bed Days, %, and In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | | | Discharges | and Bed | l Days | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--------|------|---------|------|-------|------|------------|---------|--------|----------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------------|------|
| | Day | | | | | | | | -Patients | | | | | | Total | Materr | ity Discharg | es |
| | Patients 0–7 Days > 7 Days Total <i>Maternity</i> In-Patient | | | | | | | | | | | | t | | | | | |
| | N | % N % Bed Days % N % Bed Days % N % Bed Days % | | | | | | | | N | % | Bed Days | % | | | | | |
| Delivery ^{a,b} | - | - | 66,577 | 53.7 | 202,462 | 70.9 | 2,413 | 77.8 | 33,635 | 79.2 | 68,990 | 54.2 | 236,097 | 71.9 | 68,990 | 50.2 | 236,097 | 69.7 |
| Non-Delivery | 10,331 | 0,331 100 57,512 46.3 83,226 29.1 689 22.2 8,859 20.8 58,201 45.8 92,085 28.3 | | | | | | | | | 28.1 | 68,532 | 49.8 | 102,416 | 30.3 | | | |
| Total Maternity | 10,331 | 10,331 100 124,089 100 285,688 100 3,102 100 42,494 100 127,191 100 328,182 | | | | | | | | | | | 100 | 137,522 | 100 | 338,513 | 100 | |

| | In-Patient Length of Stay | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------|--------|-----------------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 0–7 Days > 7 Days Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | Mean | Median | | | | | | |
| Delivery | 3.0 | 3 | Delivery | 13.9 | 10 | Delivery | 3.4 | 3 | | | | | | |
| Non-Delivery | 1.4 | 1 | Non-Delivery | 12.9 | 10 | Non-Delivery | 1.6 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Total Maternity | 2.3 | 2 | Total Maternity | 13.7 | 10 | Total Maternity | 2.6 | 2 | | | | | | |

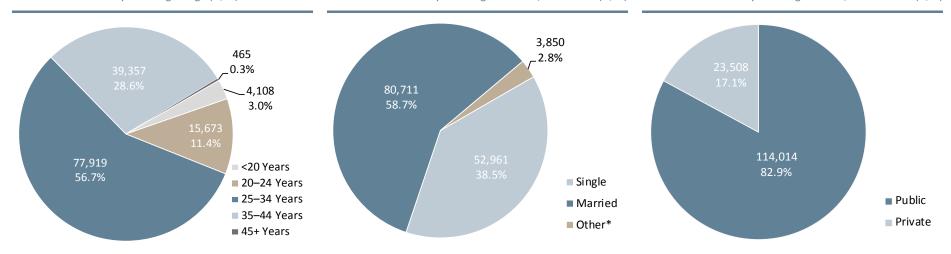
Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

- a Delivery discharges are all in-patients.
- b Data represent *Delivery* discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type *Maternity*. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the *National Perinatal Reporting System* (www.nprs.ie).

FIGURE 4.1 Maternity Discharges: Age (N, %)

FIGURE 4.2 Maternity Discharges: Marital/Civil Status (N, %) FIGURE 4.3 Maternity Discharges: Public/Private Status (N, %)



Notes: Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

^{*} Other includes widowed, separated, divorced, civil partner, former civil partner, surviving civil partner and unknown.

FIGURE 4.4a Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage)^{a,b}

FIGURE 4.4b Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage)

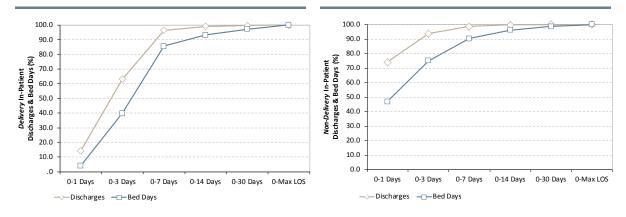
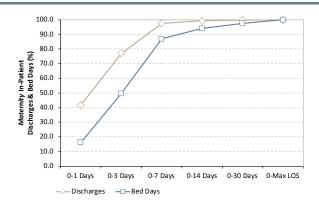


FIGURE 4.4c Maternity Discharges: In-Patient Length of Stay by Discharges and Bed Days (Cumulative Percentage)



Notes: а Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

Delivery discharges are all in-patients.

4.3 MATERNITY DISCHARGES - DELIVERY

There were 68,990 Maternity discharges with a diagnosis of outcome of delivery reported to HIPE (50.2 per cent of Maternity discharges and 4.5 per cent of total HIPE discharges).7,8

4.3.1 **Delivery Discharges: Outcome of Delivery**

Table 4.2 disaggregates *Delivery* discharges by outcome of delivery.⁹

- Single deliveries accounted for 98.2 per cent of total Delivery discharges while multiple deliveries accounted for 1.8 per cent.
- The in-patient mean length of stay for a single delivery was 3.4 days compared to 6.7 days for a multiple delivery.

TABLE 4.2 *Delivery* Discharges: Outcome of Delivery (N, % and Length of Stay)

| | | <i>Delivery</i> D | ischarges ^a | In-Patient Le | ngth of Stay ^b |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | | N | % | Mean | Median |
| Z37.0-Z37.1 | Single Deliveries | 67,749 | 98.2 | 3.4 | 3 |
| Z37.2-Z37.7 | Multiple Deliveries | 1,222 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 5 |
| Z37.9 | Unspecified | 19 | 0.0 | 5.5 | 4 |
| Total Delivery | Discharges | 68,990 | 100 | 3.4 | 3 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

ICD-10-AM (any) diagnosis codes are analysed at four-digit level and include live births and stillbirths.

b Delivery discharges are all in-patients.

See Section Three for details of clinical coding and classification.

ICD-10-AM Diagnosis Code Z37 (Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008: Factors Affecting Health Status.)

As a delivery can result in either single or multiple outcomes, the number of deliveries will not equal the number of births. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

4.3.2 Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery

Method of delivery is derived from delivery procedure codes and for the purposes of this report are grouped into non-instrumental, instrumental and elective or emergency Caesarean section. ^{10,11,12,13,14} Figures 4.5a and 4.5b show the proportion of *Delivery* discharges by method of delivery and maternal parity. Table 4.3 disaggregates *Delivery* discharges by method of delivery and outcome of delivery. Figure 4.6 shows the proportion of *Delivery* discharges by method of delivery and inpatient length of stay.

Discharges

Maternal Parity

- Figures 4.5a and 4.5b show that primiparous *Delivery* discharges recorded lower proportions of both non-instrumental (41.3 per cent) and elective Caesarean section deliveries (7.9 per cent) than multiparous *Delivery* discharges (65.9 per cent and 19.1 per cent respectively).
- Instrumental deliveries accounted for 28.9 per cent of primiparous *Delivery* discharges and 7.0 per cent of multiparous *Delivery* discharges.
- Emergency Caesarean section deliveries accounted for 21.9 per cent of primiparous and 8.1 per cent of multiparous *Delivery* discharges.

Single and Multiple Deliveries

- Non-instrumental deliveries accounted for 57.0 per cent of single deliveries and
 24.1 per cent of multiple deliveries.
- Caesarean section accounted for 27.5 per cent of single deliveries and 65.1 per cent of multiple deliveries.
- The method of delivery categories reported here are not directly comparable with those published in the *Perinatal Statistics Reports*.
- Non-instrumental deliveries *exclude* forceps delivery, vacuum extraction with delivery, breech with forceps to aftercoming head or Caesarean section.
- Instrumental deliveries include deliveries with one or a combination of forceps (ACHI Procedure Block 1337 excluding failed forceps) or vacuum extraction (ACHI Procedure Block 1338 excluding failed vacuum extraction), and breech with forceps to after-coming head (ACHI Procedure Codes 90470-02, 90470-04) [Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008, Obstetric Procedures].
- ¹³ The term 'elective' is not an indication of maternal choice.
- ¹⁴ An **elective** Caesarean (ACHI Procedure Codes 16520-00, 16520-02) is defined as a Caesarean section carried out as a planned procedure before the onset of labour or following the onset of labour, when the decision was made before labour.
 - An emergency Caesarean (ACHI Procedure Codes 16520-01, 16520-03) is defined as a Caesarean required because of an emergency situation (e.g. obstructed labour, fetal distress). It is best described as 'when the Caesarean section is performed having not been considered necessary previously'. Caesarean section after failed trial of scar would be an emergency Caesarean section.
 - Source: Australian Coding Standard 1541 [Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008, Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium]
- Primiparous *Delivery* discharges are deliveries to women who have had no previous pregnancy resulting in a live birth or stillbirth (>500g).
 - Multiparous *Delivery* discharges are deliveries to women who have had at least one previous pregnancy resulting in a live birth or stillbirth (>500g).

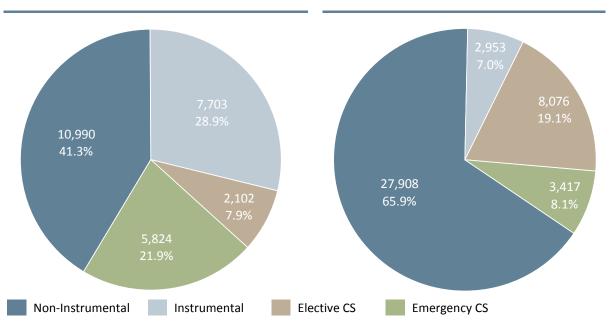
The proportions of elective and emergency Caesarean sections were similar for both the single and multiple deliveries (see Table 4.3).

Length of Stay

- The in-patient mean length of stay was 2.5 days for non-instrumental, 3.3 days for instrumental, and 5.3 days for Caesarean section deliveries.
- In-patient mean length of stay was shorter for single deliveries compared to multiple deliveries for all methods of delivery (see Table 4.3).
- For singleton deliveries, in-patient mean length of stay was shorter for elective (4.8 days) than emergency (5.5 days) Caesarean section deliveries. For multiple deliveries, the in-patient mean length of stay was similar for elective (7.9 days) and emergency (7.8 days) Caesarean section deliveries.
- Only 3.5 per cent of total Delivery discharges had an in-patient length of stay of more than 7 days (see Figure 4.6).

FIGURE 4.5a Primiparous *Delivery* Discharges: Method of Delivery (%)

FIGURE 4.5b Multiparous Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery (%)



Notes: Percentage values are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). There were 17 discharges with 'unknown' parity; these were excluded from these figures.

TABLE 4.3 *Delivery* Discharges: Method of Delivery by Outcome of Delivery (N, % and Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | | Delivery D | Discharges | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------|------|---------|-------------------|
| | | Non-Instr | u ve o etal | Instrur | w a u ta l | | | Caesarea | n Section | | | Total D | elivery |
| | | Non-instr | rumentai | instrur | nentai | Elective CS | | Emerge | Emergency CS | | I CS | Discha | rges ^a |
| | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| a | 0–7 Days | 38,122 | 58.1 | 10,329 | 15.7 | 9,136 | 13.9 | 7,996 | 12.2 | 17,132 | 26.1 | 65,583 | 100 |
| Single | > 7 Days | 481 | 22.2 | 195 | 9.0 | 606 | 28.0 | 884 | 40.8 | 1,490 | 68.8 | 2,166 | 100 |
| | Total Single | 38,603 | 57.0 | 10,524 | 15.5 | 9,742 | 14.4 | 8,880 | 13.1 | 18,622 | 27.5 | 67,749 | 100 |
| ole | 0–7 Days | 264 | 27.0 | 118 | 12.1 | 341 | 34.9 | 255 | 26.1 | 596 | 60.9 | 978 | 100 |
| Multiple | > 7 Days | 31 | 12.7 | 14 | 5.7 | 93 | 38.1 | 106 | 43.4 | 199 | 81.6 | 244 | 100 |
| ž | Total Multiple | 295 | 24.1 | 132 | 10.8 | 434 | 35.5 | 361 | 29.5 | 795 | 65.1 | 1,222 | 100 |
| | 0–7 Days | 38,386 | 57.7 | 10,447 | 15.7 | 9,477 | 14.2 | 8,251 | 12.4 | 17,728 | 26.6 | 66,561 | 100 |
| tal ^a | > 7 Days | 512 | 21.2 | 209 | 8.7 | 699 | 29.0 | 990 | 41.1 | 1,689 | 70.1 | 2,410 | 100 |
| Total | Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 38,898 | 56.4 | 10,656 | 15.4 | 10,176 | 14.8 | 9,241 | 13.4 | 19,417 | 28.2 | 68,971 | 100 |

| | | | | | | Del | ivery In-Patier | t Length of S | Stay ^b | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|------|--------|----------------|---------|
| | | Non-Inst | rumontal | Inctru | mental | | | Caesarea | an Section | | | Total <i>C</i> | elivery |
| | | NOII-IIISC | Tullielitai | mstru | illelitai | Elect | ive CS | Emerg | ency CS | Tot | al CS | Disch | arges |
| | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| a | 0–7 Days | 2.4 | 2 | 3.1 | 3 | 4.1 | 4 | 4.7 | 5 | 4.4 | 4 | 3.0 | 3 |
| Single | > 7 Days | 13.0 | 10 | 11.4 | 9 | 15.7 | 11 | 13.2 | 10 | 14.2 | 11 | 13.7 | 10 |
| S | Total Single | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 | 3 | 4.8 | 4 | 5.5 | 5 | 5.1 | 4 | 3.4 | 3 |
| <u>e</u> | 0–7 Days | 3.5 | 3 | 4.1 | 4 | 4.8 | 5 | 5.0 | 5 | 4.9 | 5 | 4.4 | 4 |
| Multiple | > 7 Days | 12.5 | 11 | 10.1 | 10 | 19.4 | 14 | 14.7 | 11 | 16.8 | 12 | 15.9 | 11 |
| Ž | Total Multiple | 4.4 | 3 | 4.7 | 4 | 7.9 | 5 | 7.8 | 6 | 7.9 | 5 | 6.7 | 5 |
| | 0–7 Days | 2.4 | 2 | 3.1 | 3 | 4.1 | 4 | 4.7 | 5 | 4.4 | 4 | 3.0 | 3 |
| Total | > 7 Days | 13.0 | 10 | 11.3 | 9 | 16.2 | 12 | 13.4 | 10 | 14.6 | 11 | 13.9 | 10 |
| Tot | Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 | 3 | 4.9 | 4 | 5.6 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 3.4 | 3 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent *Delivery* discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type *Maternity*. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the *National Perinatal Reporting System* (www.nprs.ie).

a There were 19 discharges with 'unspecified' outcome of delivery; these were excluded from this table.

b *Delivery* discharges are all in-patients.

100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 Delivery Discharges (%) 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 **Elective CS Emergency CS** Total CS Instrumental Caesarean Section Total Instrumental ■ >7 Days 1.3 2.0 6.9 10.7 8.7 3.5 ■ 4–7 Days 15.0 32.7 66.4 75.4 70.7 33.4 ■ 0-3 Days 26.7 83.6 65.4 13.8 20.6 63.1

Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by In-Patient Length of Stay (%) FIGURE 4.6

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

4.3.3 **Delivery Discharges: Age**

Table 4.4 disaggregates *Delivery* discharges by method of delivery and mother's age. Figure 4.7 shows the proportion of Delivery discharges by method of delivery, mother's age and parity.

Discharges

- With the exception of mothers aged 45 years and over, the majority of mothers in the younger age groups had non-instrumental deliveries.
- A larger proportion of older mothers delivered by elective Caesarean section (22.4 per cent for mothers aged 35–44 compared to 12.6 per cent for mothers aged 25-34).
- With the exception of mothers aged 45 years and over, a similar proportion of mothers delivered by emergency Caesarean section in all age groups.
- For mothers aged 45 years and over, 63.1 per cent delivered by Caesarean section and 30.1 per cent had non-instrumental deliveries.
- Seven per cent of primiparous Delivery discharges aged 25-34 years had an elective Caesarean section compared to 16.5 per cent of multiparous Delivery discharges in the same age group.
- Almost 22 per cent of primiparous Delivery discharges aged 25–34 years had an emergency Caesarean section compared to 7.8 per cent of multiparous Delivery discharges in the same age group.

Length of Stay

- In-patient mean length of stay was shortest for non-instrumental deliveries for all age groups, this ranged from 2.5 days to 2.9 days.
- In-patient mean length of stay was longest for emergency Caesarean section deliveries for all age groups, this ranged from 5.4 days to 7.2 days.
- In-patient mean length of stay varied from 3.3 days for mothers aged 20–34 years to 4.9 days for mothers aged 45 years and over for total *Delivery* discharges.

TABLE 4.4 Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Mother's Age (N, % and Length of Stay)

| | | | | | | Deliver | y Dischar | ges | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------------------|----------|--------|------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| | Noi | | Instrum | nental | | | Caesarea | n Sectio | | | Total <i>Delivery</i> | | |
| | Instrum | nental | | | Electi | ve CS | Emergency CS | | Total | CS | Disch | arges | |
| | N | ,. | | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | |
| <20 Years | 1,011 | 63.0 | 316 | 19.7 | 56 | 3.5 | 223 | 13.9 | 279 | 17.4 | 1,606 | 100 | |
| 20–24 Years | 4,290 | 63.1 | 1,127 | 16.6 | 451 | 6.6 | 931 | 13.7 | 1,382 | 20.3 | 6,799 | 100 | |
| 25-34 Years | 22,951 | 57.2 | 6,686 | 16.7 | 5,053 | 12.6 | 5,417 | 13.5 | 10,470 | 26.1 | 40,107 | 100 | |
| 35–44 Years | 10,604 | 52.2 | 2,517 | 12.4 | 4,548 | 22.4 | 2,633 | 13.0 | 7,181 | 35.4 | 20,302 | 100 | |
| 45 Years and Over | 53 | 30.1 | 12 | 6.8 | 72 | 40.9 | 39 | 22.2 | 111 | 63.1 | 176 | 100 | |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 38,909 | 56.4 | 10,658 | 15.4 | 10,180 | 14.8 | 9,243 | 13.4 | 19,423 | 28.2 | 68,990 | 100 | |

| | | | | | Deliver | y In-Patie | nt Lengi | th of Stay | 1 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|-------------|--------|---------|------------|----------|------------|------|--------|---------|----------|
| | N | on- | Instru | mental | | | Caesare | an Section | | | Total I | Delivery |
| | Instru | ımental | | | Elect | tive CS | Emerg | gency CS | Tot | al CS | Discl | narges |
| | Mean | Median | Mean Median | | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| <20 Years | 2.9 | 3 | 3.2 | 3 | 4.6 | 4 | 5.4 | 5 | 5.2 | 5 | 3.4 | 3 |
| 20-24 Years | 2.6 | 2 | 3.2 | 3 | 5.0 | 4 | 5.7 | 5 | 5.5 | 5 | 3.3 | 3 |
| 25-34 Years | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 | 3 | 4.8 | 4 | 5.4 | 5 | 5.1 | 4 | 3.3 | 3 |
| 35-44 Years | 2.6 | 2 | 3.4 | 3 | 5.1 | 4 | 5.9 | 5 | 5.4 | 4 | 3.7 | 3 |
| 45 Years and Over | 2.5 | 2 | 4.0 | 3 | 5.5 | 5 | 7.2 | 6 | 6.1 | 5 | 4.9 | 4 |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 | 3 | 4.9 | 4 | 5.6 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 3.4 | 3 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent *Delivery* discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type *Maternity*. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the *National Perinatal Reporting System* (www.nprs.ie).

a Delivery discharges are all in-patients.

100.0 90.0 80.0 Delivery Discharges (%) 70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 20-24 25-34 35-44 45 Years <20 20-24 25-34 35-44 45 Years <20 and Over and Over Years Years Years Years Years Years Years Years Primiparous Women Multiparous Women Non-Instrumental Instrumental ■ Elective CS Emergency CS

Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Mother's Age and Parity (%)

Notes: Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). There were 17 discharges with 'unknown' parity; these were excluded from these figures.

Delivery Discharges: Marital/Civil Status 4.3.4

Marital/Civil status for *Delivery* discharges is presented in Figure 4.8 and shows that 61.8 per cent of *Delivery* discharges were married while 35.9 per cent were single.

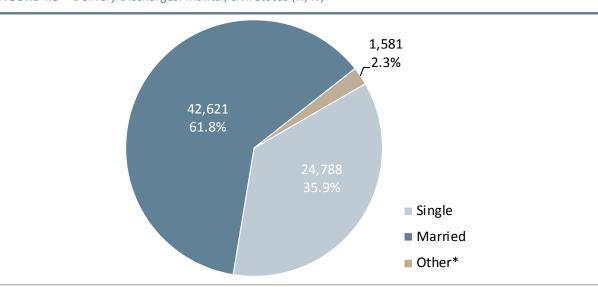


FIGURE 4.8 Delivery Discharges: Marital/Civil Status (N, %)

Notes:

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

Other includes widowed, separated, divorced, civil partner, former civil partner, surviving civil partner and unknown.

4.3.5 Delivery Discharges: Public/Private Status¹⁶

Table 4.5 and Figure 4.9 disaggregate *Delivery* discharges by method of delivery and public/private status.

Discharges

- Over 80 per cent of *Delivery* discharges were treated on a public basis (see Figure 4.10).
- Of *Delivery* discharges treated on a public basis, 58.7 per cent had a non-instrumental delivery, 15.3 per cent had an instrumental delivery, while the remaining 25.9 per cent delivered by Caesarean Section.
- Of *Delivery* discharges treated on a private basis, 46.9 per cent had a non-instrumental delivery, 15.9 per cent had an instrumental delivery, while the remaining 37.3 per cent delivered by Caesarean Section.
- Over 24 per cent of *Delivery* discharges treated on a private basis had an elective
 Caesarean section compared to 12.5 per cent of discharges who were treated
 publicly. Similar proportions of public (13.4 per cent) and private (13.2 per cent) *Delivery* discharges had an emergency Caesarean section.

Length of Stay

- *Delivery* discharges treated on a private basis had a longer in-patient mean length of stay than those treated on a public basis for all methods of delivery.
- In-patient mean length of stay recorded for total Caesarean section deliveries was the same for discharges treated on a private or public basis.

TABLE 4.5 Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Public/Private Status (N, % and Length of Stay)

| | | | | | De | livery Di | scharges | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|------|-----------|--------|
| | Non | | l m a t w | ontol | | С | aesarean | Section | n . | | Total Del | livery |
| | Instrume | ental | Instrum | ientai | Electiv | re CS | Emerge | ncy CS | Total | CS | Dischar | ges |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| Public | 32,519 | 58.7 | 8,497 | 15.3 | 6,900 | 12.5 | 7,446 | 13.4 | 14,346 | 25.9 | 55,362 | 100 |
| Private | 6,390 | 46.9 | 2,161 | 15.9 | 3,280 | 24.1 | 1,797 | 13.2 | 5,077 | 37.3 | 13,628 | 100 |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 38,909 | 56.4 | 10,658 | 15.4 | 10,180 | 14.8 | 9,243 | 13.4 | 19,423 | 28.2 | 68,990 | 100 |

| | | Delivery In-Patient Length of Stay | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|--------|----------|------------|------|--------|---------|----------|
| | N | on- | Inctru | mental | | (| Caesarea | an Section | | | Total I | Delivery |
| | Instru | mental | IIIStru | memai | Elect | ive CS | Emerg | ency CS | Tot | al CS | Discl | narges |
| | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median |
| Public | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 | 3 | 4.9 | 4 | 5.5 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 3.3 | 3 |
| Private | 2.8 | 3 | 3.4 | 3 | 5.0 | 4 | 5.8 | 5 | 5.3 | 5 | 3.8 | 3 |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 2.5 | 2 | 3.3 3 | | 4.9 | 4 | 5.6 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 3.4 | 3 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent *Delivery* discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type *Maternity*. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the *National Perinatal Reporting System* (www.nprs.ie).

a Delivery discharges are all in-patients.

100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 Delivery Discharges (%) 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 **Elective CS** Emergency CS Total CS Non-Instrumental Caesarean Section Total Instrumental Private 16.4 20.3 32.2 19.4 26.1 19.8 Public 83.6 79.7 67.8 80.6 73.9 80.2

FIGURE 4.9 Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Public/Private Status (%)

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

Delivery Discharges: Day of Admission

Table 4.6 disaggregates Delivery discharges by method of delivery and day of admission.

- Admissions were most frequent midweek with 16.6 per cent of Delivery discharges admitted on Thursday.
- Caesarean section admissions were most frequent on Wednesdays (18.4 per cent). The highest proportion of emergency Caesarean sections were admitted on Mondays (17.0 per cent).
- Over 92 per cent of elective Caesarean sections were admitted on a weekday compared to 78.2 per cent of emergency Caesarean sections.

TABLE 4.6 Delivery Discharges: Method of Delivery by Day of Admission (N, %)

| | Nor | Non- | | nental | | | Caesarea | n Section | า | | Total | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------|--------|--------|-------------|------|--------------|-----------|--------|------|----------------|------|
| | Instrumental | | | | Elective CS | | Emergency CS | | Total | l CS | Deliver Discha | |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| Monday | 5,956 | 15.3 | 1,693 | 15.9 | 1,869 | 18.4 | 1,568 | 17.0 | 3,437 | 17.7 | 11,086 | 16.1 |
| Tuesday | 5,930 | 15.2 | 1,625 | 15.2 | 1,932 | 19.0 | 1,526 | 16.5 | 3,458 | 17.8 | 11,013 | 16.0 |
| Wednesday | 6,122 | 15.7 | 1,696 | 15.9 | 2,076 | 20.4 | 1,489 | 16.1 | 3,565 | 18.4 | 11,383 | 16.5 |
| Thursday | 6,177 | 15.9 | 1,728 | 16.2 | 2,070 | 20.3 | 1,481 | 16.0 | 3,551 | 18.3 | 11,456 | 16.6 |
| Friday | 5,663 | 14.6 | 1,396 | 13.1 | 1,437 | 14.1 | 1,169 | 12.6 | 2,606 | 13.4 | 9,665 | 14.0 |
| Saturday | 4,426 | 11.4 | 1,165 | 10.9 | 255 | 2.5 | 886 | 9.6 | 1,141 | 5.9 | 6,732 | 9.8 |
| Sunday | 4,635 | 11.9 | 1,355 | 12.7 | 541 | 5.3 | 1,124 | 12.2 | 1,665 | 8.6 | 7,655 | 11.1 |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 38,909 | 100 | 10,658 | 100 | 10,180 | 100 | 9,243 | 100 | 19,423 | 100 | 68,990 | 100 |

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie).

4.3.7 Delivery Discharges: Morbidity Analysis

Section 4.3.7 focuses on the diagnoses and procedures recorded for *Delivery* discharges reported to HIPE by acute public hospitals.

4.3.7.1 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses

The mean number of all diagnoses recorded was 3.4 for total *Delivery* discharges, 3.7 for primiparous *Delivery* discharges, and 3.3 for multiparous *Delivery* discharges. Table 4.7 outlines the top 10 principal diagnoses recorded for *Delivery* discharges by parity.

- Just over 81 per cent of primiparous *Delivery* discharges record one of the top 10 principal diagnoses compared to almost 83 per cent for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.¹⁷
- A principal diagnosis of labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress]
 was recorded for 22.8 per cent of primiparous Delivery discharges. This was
 followed by perineal laceration during delivery (15.7 per cent).
- A principal diagnosis of perineal laceration during delivery was recorded for 23.4
 per cent of multiparous Delivery discharges. This was followed by single
 spontaneous delivery (18.0 per cent).
- For *Delivery* in-patient discharges staying seven days or less, mean length of stay for primiparous *Delivery* discharges was 3.5 days compared to 2.7 days for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.

TABLE 4.7 Delivery Discharges: Top 10 Principal Diagnoses by parity (N, % and Length of Stay)

| | ICD-10-AM Code | Principal Diagnosis | N | % of Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Deliveries | % of Total Deliveries | In-Patient Mean LOS ^a (0–7 Days) |
|-------------|------------------------|--|--------|--|--------------------------|--|
| | O68 | Labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress] | 6,078 | 28.2 | 22.8 | 3.5 |
| | 070 | Perineal laceration during delivery | 4,184 | 19.4 | 15.7 | 2.8 |
| | 042 | Premature rupture of membranes | 2,008 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 3.6 |
| | O48 | Prolonged pregnancy | 1,859 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 3.9 |
| Primiparous | 080 | Single spontaneous delivery ^b | 1,642 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 2.5 |
| arc | 063 | Long labour | 1,453 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 3.7 |
| Ē | O62 | Abnormalities of forces of labour | 1,364 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 3.6 |
| P. | 036 | Maternal care for other known or suspected fetal problems | 1,192 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| | O32 | Maternal care for known or suspected malpresentation of fetus | 1,090 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| | 013 | Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria | 709 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 4.7 |
| To | p 10 Principal | Diagnoses for Primiparous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 21,579 | 100 | 81.1 | 3.4 |
| Pri | miparous <i>Deli</i> | very Discharges – Total | 26,619 | - | - | 3.5 |
| | 070 | Perineal laceration during delivery | 9,919 | 28.3 | 23.4 | 2.1 |
| | 080 | Single spontaneous delivery | 7,626 | 21.8 | 18.0 | 1.9 |
| | 034 | Maternal care for known or suspected abnormality of pelvic organs | 6,159 | 17.6 | 14.5 | 3.9 |
| S | O68 | Labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress] | 3,947 | 11.3 | 9.3 | 2.7 |
| Multiparous | O48 | Prolonged pregnancy | 1,837 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 2.6 |
| ipa | O36 | Maternal care for other known or suspected fetal problems | 1,518 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| 불 | O42 | Premature rupture of membranes | 1,413 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| 2 | O32 | Maternal care for known or suspected malpresentation of fetus | 1,080 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.1 |
| | 099 | Other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium | 816 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 3.1 |
| | 024 | Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy | 729 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.9 |
| To | p 10 Principal | Diagnoses for Multiparous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 35,044 | 100 | 82.7 | 2.6 |
| Mι | ıltiparous <i>Deli</i> | ivery Discharges – Total | 42,354 | - | - | 2.7 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). Parity is 'unknown' for 17 discharges; these are not included here due to the small numbers.

4.3.7.2 Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks

In 2012, 97.9 per cent of primiparous Delivery discharges and 91.3 per cent of multiparous Delivery discharges had a principal procedure reported. For those discharges that underwent at least one procedure, the mean number of procedures recorded was 2.7 for total Delivery discharges, 3.2 for primiparous Delivery discharges and 2.3 for multiparous Delivery discharges. 18

- The top principal procedure for primiparous *Delivery* discharges with a principal procedure was Caesarean section (29.8 per cent) compared to postpartum suture (31.1 per cent) for multiparous Delivery discharges. 19
- For Delivery in-patient discharges staying seven days or less with a principal procedure, mean length of stay for primiparous Delivery discharges was 3.6 days compared to 2.8 days for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.

Delivery discharges are all in-patients.

O80 Single spontaneous delivery is intended for single spontaneous vaginal deliveries: without abnormality/complication classifiable elsewhere in Chapter 15 Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium and without manipulation or instrumentation. [Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008, Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium.]

See Section Three for details of clinical coding and classification.

See Section 4.3.8 for more information on Caesarean section deliveries.

Delivery Discharges: Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks by parity (N, % and Length of Stay) **TABLE 4.8**

| | Princip | al Procedure Block | N | % of Top 10 Procedure Blocks for Deliveries | % of Deliveries with a Principal Procedure | In-Patient Mean LOS ^a (0–7 Days) |
|-------------|--|--|--------|---|--|--|
| | 1340 | Caesarean section ^b | 7,768 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 4.7 |
| | 1344 | Postpartum suture | 5,759 | 22.3 | 22.1 | 2.9 |
| | 1338 | Vacuum extraction | 4,452 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 3.2 |
| snc | 1343 | Other procedures associated with delivery ^c | 3,035 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 3.1 |
| arc | 1337 | Forceps delivery | 1,793 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 3.5 |
| Primiparous | 1334 | Medical or surgical induction of labour | 1,044 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Pri | 1333 | Analgesia and anaesthesia during labour and delivery procedure | 885 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| | 1335 | Medical or surgical augmentation of labour | 786 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| | 1345 | Postpartum evacuation of uterus | 164 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 3.4 |
| | 1336 | Spontaneous vertex delivery ^d | 160 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 2.3 |
| То | p 10 Prin | cipal Procedure Blocks for Primiparous Delivery Discharges | 25,846 | 100 | 99.1 | 3.6 |
| Pri | miparou | s <i>Delivery</i> Discharges with a Principal Procedure – Total | 26,073 | - | - | 3.6 |
| | | s <i>Delivery</i> Discharges – Total hose with and without a Principal Procedure) | 26,619 | - | - | 3.5 |
| | 1344 | Postpartum suture | 12,011 | 31.9 | 31.1 | 2.2 |
| | 1340 | Caesarean section ^b | 11,443 | 30.4 | 29.6 | 4.1 |
| | 1334 | Medical or surgical induction of labour | 3,301 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 2.7 |
| Multiparous | 1335 | Medical or surgical augmentation of labour | 3,117 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 2.0 |
| arc | 1333 | Analgesia and anaesthesia during labour and delivery procedure | 2,777 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 2.3 |
| 휼 | 1338 | Vacuum extraction | 1,946 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 2.6 |
| Σ | 1343 | Other procedures associated with delivery ^c | 1,578 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 2.4 |
| | 1336 | Spontaneous vertex delivery ^d | 755 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| | 1337 | Forceps delivery | 414 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.9 |
| | 1345 | Postpartum evacuation of uterus | 354 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 2.8 |
| То | Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks for Multiparous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | | 37,696 | 100 | 97.5 | 2.8 |
| M | ultiparou | s Delivery Discharges with a Principal Procedure – Total | 38,669 | - | - | 2.8 |
| | | s <i>Delivery</i> Discharges – Total hose with and without a Principal Procedure) | 42,354 | - | - | 2.7 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). Parity is 'unknown' for 17 discharges; these are not included here due to the small numbers.

- Delivery discharges are all in-patients.
- b As one principal procedure and up to 19 secondary procedures may be collected as applicable for each discharge, the number of principal procedure Caesarean sections may not equal the number of total Caesarean sections.
- Includes episiotomy.
- d This code is not required for all spontaneous vertex deliveries as the delivery can be assumed to be normal when there is an absence of procedure codes for interventions such as Caesarean, forceps delivery, etc. [Coding Matters Newsletter, NCCH, Volume 5 Number 3, January 1999]

Delivery Discharges: Caesarean Section Deliveries 4.3.8

A Caesarean section was reported for 19,423 (28.2 per cent) Delivery discharges. 20 Section 4.3.8 presents additional information on discharges who underwent a Caesarean section procedure.

Caesarean Section by Hospital²¹ 4.3.8.1

Figure 4.10 presents the proportion of *Delivery* discharges with an emergency/ elective Caesarean section procedure by (anonymised) hospital. It shows that the proportion ranged from 21.4 per cent to 38.0 per cent, compared to the national proportion of 28.2 per cent.

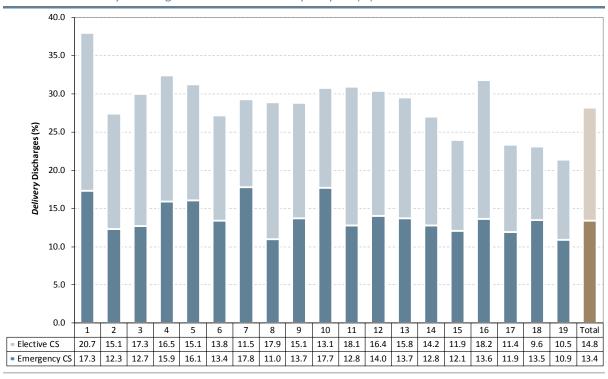


FIGURE 4.10 Delivery Discharges: Caesarean Section by Hospital (%)

Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

The hospital numbering presented here is comparable to that presented in Activity in Acute Public Hospitals in Ireland, Annual Reports, 2010 and 2011. See www.hipe.ie for the latest versions of these reports.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). Four hospitals had <10 deliveries and were excluded from this presentation.

As one principal procedure and up to 19 secondary procedures may be collected as applicable for each discharge, the total number of Caesarean sections may not equal the number of principal procedure Caesarean sections as presented in Table

The national Caesarean section rate, which is based on total number of maternities or births occurring in Ireland, is reported in the Perinatal Statistics Reports. See www.nprs.ie

4.3.8.2 Previous Caesarean Section by Method of Delivery

Table 4.9 disaggregates multiparous *Delivery* discharges into two categories according to their Caesarean section history. Previous Caesarean refers to mothers with a diagnosis of *outcome of delivery* and had evidence of a previous Caesarean section coded.²²

- Over 20 per cent of multiparous *Delivery* discharges had a previous Caesarean section.
- Of those multiparous *Delivery* discharges who had a previous Caesarean section, 85.6 per cent delivered by Caesarean section this episode (72.3 per cent by elective Caesarean section), 10.2 per cent had a non-instrumental delivery and 4.2 per cent had an instrumental delivery.
- Of those multiparous *Delivery* discharges who did not have a Caesarean section previously, 11.6 per cent delivered by Caesarean section this episode, 80.6 per cent had a non-instrumental delivery, and 7.7 per cent had an instrumental delivery.

TABLE 4.9 Multiparous Delivery Discharges: Previous Caesarean Section by Method of Delivery (N, %)

| | | Previous Caesarean Delivery ^a | | n-Caesarean /ery ^b | Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|---|--------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| | N % | | N | % | N | % | |
| Non-Instrumental | 908 | 10.2 | 27,000 | 80.6 | 27,908 | 65.9 | |
| Instrumental | 372 | 4.2 | 2,581 | 7.7 | 2,953 | 7.0 | |
| Caesarean Section | 7,594 | 85.6 | 3,899 | 11.6 | 11,493 | 27.1 | |
| Elective | 6,415 | 72.3 | 1,661 | 5.0 | 8,076 | 19.1 | |
| Emergency | 1,179 | 13.3 | 2,238 | 6.7 | 3,417 | 8.1 | |
| Total <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 8,874 | 100 | 33,480 | 100 | 42,354 | 100 | |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent *Delivery* discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type *Maternity*. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the *National Perinatal Reporting System* (www.nprs.ie).

- a Includes Maternal care due to uterine scar from previous surgery (O34.2) and Vaginal delivery following previous Caesarean section (O75.7), which should be assigned for all cases where a trial of Caesarean scar proceeds to a vaginal delivery.
- b These are mothers for whom no evidence of a previous Caesarean section has been coded. This category includes mothers that have previously delivered vaginally.

4.3.8.3 Caesarean Section Deliveries: Top 10 Principal Diagnoses

Table 4.10 presents the top 10 principal diagnoses for *Delivery* discharges with a Caesarean section procedure by parity. The top three principal diagnoses accounted for 43.7 per cent of all principal diagnoses for primiparous *Delivery* discharges and 69.0 per cent for multiparous *Delivery* discharges.

 Just over 23 per cent of Caesarean section primiparous Delivery discharges had a principal diagnosis of labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress].
 Of these, over 95 per cent were emergency Caesarean sections.

Evidence of a previous Caesarean section includes *Maternal care due to uterine scar from previous surgery* (O34.2) and *Vaginal delivery following previous Caesarean section* (O75.7), which should be assigned for all cases where a trial of Caesarean scar proceeds to a vaginal delivery.

Over 52 per cent of Caesarean section multiparous Delivery discharges had a principal diagnosis of maternal care for known or suspected abnormality of pelvic organs. Of these, 94.2 per cent were elective Caesarean sections.

Delivery Discharges: Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Discharges with a Caesarean Section Procedure **TABLE 4.10** by Parity (N, Col % and Row %)

| | | | | | | Caesa | rean Sec | tion | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|--|-------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|--------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | | El | ective C | 5 | Em | ergency | CS | Caesar | Total ean Sec y Discha | |
| | | | N | Col % | Row % | N | Col % | Row % | N | Col % | Row % |
| | 068 | Labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress] | 78 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 1,759 | 30.2 | 95.8 | 1,837 | 23.2 | 100 |
| | 032 | Maternal care for known or suspected malpresentation of fetus | 933 | 44.4 | 88.9 | 117 | 2.0 | 11.1 | 1,050 | 13.2 | 100 |
| | 048 | Prolonged pregnancy | 20 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 561 | 9.6 | 96.6 | 581 | 7.3 | 100 |
| | 062 | Abnormalities of forces of labour | 11 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 490 | 8.4 | 97.8 | 501 | 6.3 | 100 |
| 2 | 036 | Maternal care for other known or suspected fetal problems | 181 | 8.6 | 36.6 | 314 | 5.4 | 63.4 | 495 | 6.2 | 100 |
| JO. | 042 | Premature rupture of membranes | 26 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 449 | 7.7 | 94.5 | 475 | 6.0 | 100 |
| ipa | 063 | Long labour | 12 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 353 | 6.1 | 96.7 | 365 | 4.6 | 100 |
| Primiparous | 064 | Labour and delivery affected by malposition and malpresentation of fetus | 72 | 3.4 | 24.3 | 224 | 3.8 | 75.7 | 296 | 3.7 | 100 |
| | 013 | Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria | 46 | 2.2 | 15.7 | 247 | 4.2 | 84.3 | 293 | 3.7 | 100 |
| | 014 | Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension with significant proteinuria | 41 | 2.0 | 14.5 | 241 | 4.1 | 85.5 | 282 | 3.6 | 100 |
| | All Oth | All Other Diagnoses | | 32.4 | 38.9 | 1,069 | 18.4 | 61.1 | 1,751 | 22.1 | 100 |
| | Total Caesarean Section | | 2,102 | 100 | 26.5 | 5,824 | 100 | 73.5 | 7,926 | 100 | 100 |
| | Primip | arous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 2,102 | 100 | 20.3 | 3,024 | 100 | 73.3 | 7,320 | 100 | 100 |
| | O34 ^a | Maternal care for known or suspected abnormality of pelvic organs | 5,690 | 70.5 | 94.2 | 351 | 10.3 | 5.8 | 6,041 | 52.6 | 100 |
| | 068 | Labour and delivery complicated by fetal stress [distress] | 61 | 0.8 | 6.4 | 888 | 26.0 | 93.6 | 949 | 8.3 | 100 |
| | 032 | Maternal care for known or suspected malpresentation of fetus | 798 | 9.9 | 85.3 | 138 | 4.0 | 14.7 | 936 | 8.1 | 100 |
| sno | 036 | Maternal care for other known or suspected fetal problems | 203 | 2.5 | 53.1 | 179 | 5.2 | 46.9 | 382 | 3.3 | 100 |
| Multiparous | 064 | Labour and delivery affected by malposition and malpresentation of fetus | 79 | 1.0 | 24.0 | 250 | 7.3 | 76.0 | 329 | 2.9 | 100 |
| Σ | O82 | Single delivery by caesarean section | 271 | 3.4 | 94.4 | 16 | 0.5 | 5.6 | 287 | 2.5 | 100 |
| | 062 | Abnormalities of forces of labour | 11 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 271 | 7.9 | 96.1 | 282 | 2.5 | 100 |
| | 042 | Premature rupture of membranes | 62 | 0.8 | 24.9 | 187 | 5.5 | 75.1 | 249 | 2.2 | 100 |
| | 063 | Long labour | 9 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 193 | 5.6 | 95.5 | 202 | 1.8 | 100 |
| | 044 | Placenta praevia | 116 | 1.4 | 58.0 | 84 | 2.5 | 42.0 | 200 | 1.7 | 100 |
| | All Oth | er Diagnoses | 776 | 9.6 | 47.4 | 860 | 25.2 | 52.6 | 1,636 | 14.2 | 100 |
| | | aesarean Section arous <i>Delivery</i> Discharges | 8,076 | 100 | 70.3 | 3,417 | 100 | 29.7 | 11,493 | 100 | 100 |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Data represent Delivery discharges in acute public hospitals reporting to HIPE which have been allocated an admission type Maternity. For national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland see the National Perinatal Reporting System (www.nprs.ie). There were <5 discharges with 'unknown' parity; these were excluded from this table.

Includes Maternal care due to uterine scar from previous surgery (O34.2).

4.4 MATERNITY DISCHARGES - NON-DELIVERIES

Non-Delivery discharges are Maternity discharges where admission was related to their obstetrical experience but they did not deliver during that episode of care. In 2012 there were 68,532 Non-Delivery discharges reported to HIPE (49.8 per cent of total Maternity discharges and 4.4 per cent of total HIPE discharges). Non-Delivery discharges are examined by day patient activity in Tables 4.11–4.12 and Figures 4.11–4.13 and in-patient activity in Tables 4.13–4.14 and Figures 4.14–4.16.

4.4.1 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Activity

Day patients accounted for 15.1 per cent (10,331) of *Non-Delivery* discharges.

- The top two principal diagnoses for Non-Delivery day patient discharges were; special screening examination for other diseases and disorders (29.5 per cent), followed by other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (15.7 per cent).
- Non-Delivery day patient discharges recorded a principal procedure for 30.8 per cent of discharges. Of these, the top two principal procedure blocks were; curettage and evacuation of uterus (56.1 per cent), and administration of pharmacotherapy (21.9 per cent).

4.4.2 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Activity

In-patients accounted for 84.9 per cent (58,201) of Non-Delivery discharges.

- The top two principal diagnoses for Non-Delivery in-patient discharges were; other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (24.0 per cent), followed by false labour (12.3 per cent).
- At 1.9 days, the longest mean length of stay, for *Non-Delivery* in-patient discharges staying seven days or less in the top 10 principal diagnoses, was recorded for *excessive vomiting in pregnancy*.
- Non-Delivery in-patient discharges recorded a principal procedure for 17.9 per cent of discharges. Of these the top two principal procedures were; curettage and evacuation of uterus (27.6 per cent), and administration of pharmacotherapy (19.9 per cent).
- In the top 10 principal procedure blocks for Non-Delivery in-patient discharges staying seven days or less, mean length of stay ranged from 1.3 days for curettage and evacuation of uterus to 2.3 days for generalised allied health interventions, procedures for management of ectopic pregnancy and postpartum suture.

TABLE 4.11 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Top 10 Principal Diagnoses (N, %)

| N % of Total Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients 213 Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders O99 Other maternal diseases 1,620 17.4 15.7 classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of conception 236 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 003 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 013 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | | | | | |
|--|--------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------|----------|
| Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients | | | N | | |
| Z13 Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders O99 Other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria Prognancy D14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria Prognancy D14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | | | Top 10 | Day |
| Top 10 Patients Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders | | | | Principal | Patients |
| Z13 Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders O99 Other maternal diseases 1,620 17.4 15.7 classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of 1,287 13.8 12.5 conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 10.5 O14.5 O15 O15 O15 O15 O15 O15 O15 O15 O15 O1 | | | | Diagnoses | |
| Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders | | | | for Day | |
| for other diseases and disorders O99 Other maternal diseases 1,620 17.4 15.7 classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of 1,287 13.8 12.5 conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O3 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 2.5 2.3 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 469 hypertension with significant proteinuria C31 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | | | Patients | |
| O99 Other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | Z13 | Special screening examination | 3,047 | 32.7 | 29.5 |
| classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of 1,287 13.8 12.5 conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | for other diseases and disorders | | | |
| complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | 099 | Other maternal diseases | 1,620 | 17.4 | 15.7 |
| childbirth and the puerperium O02 Other abnormal products of conception Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | classifiable elsewhere but | | | |
| O02 Other abnormal products of conception 1,287 13.8 12.5 Z36 Antenatal screening 1,082 11.6 10.5 O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria 463 5.0 4.5 O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal pregnancy 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy 014 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension with significant proteinuria 206 2.2 2 2 O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | | complicating pregnancy, | | | |
| Conception Con | | childbirth and the puerperium | | | |
| 236 | 002 | Other abnormal products of | 1,287 | 13.8 | 12.5 |
| O03 Spontaneous abortion 923 9.9 8.9 O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 463 5.0 4.5 hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | conception | | | |
| O13 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 C34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | Z36 | Antenatal screening | 1,082 | 11.6 | 10.5 |
| hypertension without significant proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | 003 | Spontaneous abortion | 923 | 9.9 | 8.9 |
| proteinuria O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day 9,317 100 90.3 | 013 | Gestational [pregnancy-induced] | 463 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| O24 Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy 308 3.3 3 Z34 Supervision of normal 233 2.5 2.3 pregnancy 233 2.5 2.3 hypertension with significant proteinuria 2021 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total | | hypertension without significant | | | |
| 234 Supervision of normal pregnancy 233 2.5 2.3 | | proteinuria | | | |
| pregnancy O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | 024 | Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy | 308 | 3.3 | 3 |
| O14 Gestational [pregnancy-induced] 206 2.2 2 hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | Z34 | Supervision of normal | 233 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| hypertension with significant proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | | pregnancy | | | |
| proteinuria O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | 014 | Gestational [pregnancy-induced] | 206 | 2.2 | 2 |
| O21 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy 148 1.6 1.4 Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | | hypertension with significant | | | |
| Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for Day 9,317 100 90.3 | | proteinuria | | | |
| Patients – Total 9,317 100 90.3 | 021 | Excessive vomiting in pregnancy | 148 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Patients – Total | Top 10 | Principal Diagnoses for Day | 0.217 | 100 | 00.2 |
| Dou Potients Total 10 221 | Patien | ts – Total | 9,31/ | 100 | 90.3 |
| Day Patients – Total 10,331 - 100 | Day Pa | tients – Total | 10,331 | - | 100 |

TABLE 4.12 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks (N, %)

| | 1265 Curettage and evacuation of | | % of Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks for Day Patients | % of Total Day Patients with a Principal Procedure |
|----------------------|---|--------|---|---|
| 1265 | Curettage and evacuation of uterus | 1,788 | 58.2 | 56.1 |
| 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 697 | 22.7 | 21.9 |
| 1857 | Other cardiovascular diagnostic tests, measures or investigations | 271 | 8.8 | 8.5 |
| 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 83 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| 1893 | Administration of blood and blood products | 73 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| 1256 | Procedures for management of ectopic pregnancy | 49 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| 1274 | Application, insertion or removal procedures on cervix | 43 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 63 | Administration of anaesthetic agent around other peripheral nerve | 40 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1259 | Examination procedures on uterus | 16 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 1943 | Ultrasound of abdomen or pelvis | 14 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Top 10 F Patients | Principal Procedure Blocks for Day = Total | 3,074 | 100 | 96.5 |
| Day Pati Total | ients with a Principal Procedure – | 3,187 | - | 100 |
| | ients – Total (including those with hout a procedure | 10,331 | - | - |

FIGURE 4.11 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Age (N, %)

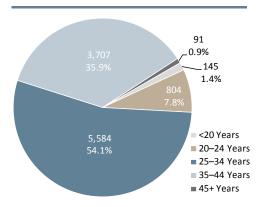


FIGURE 4.12 *Non-Delivery* Discharges: Day Patient Marital/Civil Status (N, %)

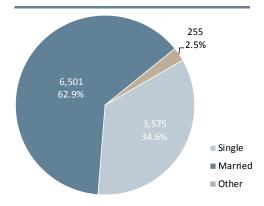


FIGURE 4.13 Non-Delivery Discharges: Day Patient Public/Private Status (N, %)

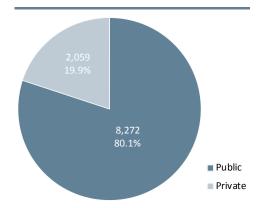


TABLE 4.13 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Top 10 Principal Diagnoses (N, %, and Length of Stay)

| | | N | % of Top 10 Principal Diagnoses for In-Patients | % of Total In-Patients | Mean LOS (0–7 Days) |
|------------|---|----------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| O99 | Other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium | 13,975 | 31.6 | 24.0 | 1.5 |
| 047 | False labour | 7,135 | 16.2 | 12.3 | 1.2 |
| 003 | Spontaneous abortion | 3,828 | 8.7 | 6.6 | 1.3 |
| 021 | Excessive vomiting in pregnancy | 3,354 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 1.9 |
| Z13 | Special screening examination for other diseases and disorders | 2,972 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 1.0 |
| Z36 O13 | Antenatal screening Gestational [pregnancy-induced] hypertension without significant proteinuria | 2,803 2,667 | 6.3 6.0 | 4.8 4.6 | 1.1 1.5 |
| O46 | Antepartum haemorrhage, not elsewhere classified | 2,661 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 1.5 |
| 020 | Haemorrhage in early pregnancy | 2,494 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 1.1 |
| 002 | Other abnormal products of conception | 2,288 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 1.2 |
| | O Principal Diagnoses for ients – Total | 44,177 | 100 | 76.0 | 1.4 |
| In-Pat | ients – Total | 58,201 | - | 100 | 1.4 |

TABLE 4.14 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks (N, %, and Length of Stay)

| | | N | % of Top 10 Principal Procedure Blocks for In-Patients | % of Total In-Patients with a Principal Procedure | Mean LOS (0–7 Days) |
|----------|--|--------|--|---|------------------------------|
| 1265 | Curettage and evacuation of uterus | 2,884 | 32.1 | 27.6 | 1.3 |
| 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 2,073 | 23.1 | 19.9 | 1.7 |
| 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 1,317 | 14.7 | 12.6 | 2.3 |
| 1884 | Immunisation | 847 | 9.4 | 8.1 | 1.4 |
| 1256 | Procedures for management of ectopic pregnancy | 724 | 8.1 | 6.9 | 2.3 |
| 1330 | Antepartum application, insertion or removal procedures | 354 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 1.4 |
| 1274 | Application, insertion or removal procedures on cervix | 253 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.4 |
| 1344 | Postpartum suture | 224 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| 1334 | Medical or surgical induction of labour | 160 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| 1345 | Postpartum evacuation of uterus | 148 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| Blocks f | Principal Procedure or In-Patients – Total | 8,984 | 100 | 86.1 | 1.7 |
| | nts with a Principal ure – Total | 10,432 | - | 100 | 1.8 |
| | nts – Total (including rith and without a ure | 58,201 | - | - | 1.4 |

FIGURE 4.14 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Age (N, %)

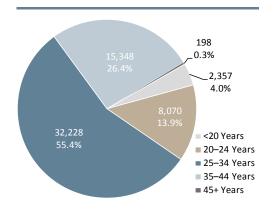


FIGURE 4.15 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Marital/Civil Status (N, %)

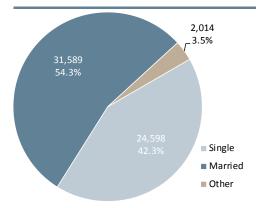
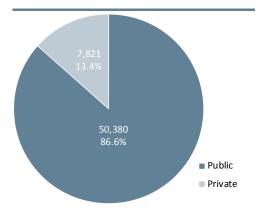


FIGURE 4.16 Non-Delivery Discharges: In-Patient Public/Private Status (N, %)



Case Mix Analysis SECTION
2012

118 | Activity in Acute Public Hospitals 2012

Table of Contents

| 5.1 | INTRO | DUCTION | 119 |
|-----|-------|--|-----|
| | 5.1.1 | Case Mix Classification | 119 |
| | 5.1.2 | Assignment of Discharges to MDC and AR-DRG | 120 |
| 5.2 | ANALY | YSIS OF HIPE DATA BY CASE MIX | 122 |
| | 5.2.1 | Analysis of Day Patients by MDC and AR-DRG | 123 |
| | 5.2.2 | Analysis of In-Patients by MDC and AR-DRG | 124 |

Total Discharges 1,541,084

5.1 Introduction

The analysis in this Section focuses on the case mix classification for all discharges reported to the Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE) scheme in 2012. Hospital case mix may be defined as 'the proportion of cases of each disease and health problem treated in the hospital'.¹

- Section 5.1 presents background to the case mix classification applied and details of the assignment of discharges to Major Diagnostic Categories (MDC) and Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (AR-DRG).
- Section 5.2 presents analysis of HIPE data by case mix for day patient, in-patient, and total discharges.

5.1.1 Case Mix Classification

- The Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) scheme enables the disaggregation of patients into homogeneous groups, which undergo similar treatment processes and incur similar levels of resource use.
- The data required for DRG assignment include principal and secondary diagnoses, procedures performed, age, sex and patient destination on discharge from hospital.
- Since the inception of the national case mix programme, the DRG classification scheme has been adopted as the national standard for Ireland.^{2, 3}
- One of the key features of this methodology is the classification of cases into different levels of complexity within AR-DRGs. ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS was the coding system used for AR-DRG grouping in 2012.⁴ As all of the data required for AR-DRG classification are available on the HIPE system, and since diagnoses and procedures are coded with ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS, discharges are directly assigned to the AR-DRG system from this database. AR-DRG version 6.0 has been in use in Ireland since 2009.⁵

Hornbrook, M.C., 1985. Techniques for Assessing Hospital Case Mix', Annual Review of Public Health, Vol. 6. pp. 295–324.

Wiley, M.M., 2005. 'Diagnosis Related Groups (DRGs): Measuring Hospital Case Mix', in P. Armitage and T. Colton (eds.) Encyclopaedia of Biostatistics. Chichester: Wiley and Sons. See also Department of Health and Children, 2004, The Modernisation of the National Case Mix Programme in Ireland. Dublin: Department of Health and Children, for information on development of case mix in Ireland.

For further information on the National Casemix Programme, HSE, see www.casemix.ie

See Section Three for further details on ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS.

For a more detailed description of case mix and its application in Ireland see O'Reilly J., McCarthy B., Wiley, M. M., 'Ireland: A review of Casemix applications within the acute public hospital system' in R. Busse, A. Geissler, W. Quentin & M. M. Wiley (eds), *Diagnosis-Related Groups in Europe: Moving Towards Transparency, Efficiency and Quality in Hospitals.* Maidenhead: Open University Press and WHO Regional Office for Europe, 2011.

5.1.2 Assignment of Discharges to MDC and AR-DRG

Figure 5.1 shows the steps in AR-DRG assignment;

- The first step in assignment is the classification of discharges by Major Diagnostic Category (MDC). There are 23 MDCs which are essentially primary diagnostic groupings based on the systems of the body, for example nervous system (MDC 1), eye (MDC 2), circulatory system (MDC 5), etc. As not all discharges can be assigned directly to a MDC, there is a category entitled 'unassignable to MDC'.
- To deal with certain categories of high cost discharges, the second step involves a Pre-MDC analysis which can override the initial MDC assignment. Examples of discharges affected include transplants, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease, and multiple significant trauma.⁶
- After assignment to the appropriate MDCs, discharges are assigned to an AR-DRG. In total, there are 698 AR-DRGs in version 6.0 of the AR-DRG classification.

FIGURE 5.1 Steps in AR-DRG Assignment



An AR-DRG consists of four alphanumeric characters in the form of 'ADDS':

- 'A' is either a letter (indicating the broad group of the DRG) or an '8' or a '9' (indicating an unrelated operating room procedure DRG or an error DRG, respectively).⁷
- 'DD' identifies the partition to which the adjacent DRG belongs. Both characters are numbers whose values indicate whether the code is surgical, medical or other. Discharges with a surgical procedure performed are assigned to the surgical AR-DRGs where classification is based on the most resource intensive procedure performed. Medical discharges are assigned to an AR-DRG on the basis of principal diagnosis.

^{&#}x27;Some episodes involving procedures that are particularly resource-intensive may be assigned to the *Pre-MDC* category (AR-DRGs A01Z–A41B), irrespective of the MDC that would have been assigned on the basis of the principal diagnosis.' Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (2009) Australian Hospital Statistics 2007–08. Canberra: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. p. 276.

⁷ 'Episodes that contain clinically atypical or invalid information are assigned Error DRGs.' Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (2009) Australian hospital statistics 2007–08. Canberra: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. p 276.

^{&#}x27;An adjacent DRG (ADRG) consists of one or more DRGs generally defined by the same diagnosis or procedure code list. DRGs within an ADRG have differing levels of resource consumption, and are partitioned on the basis of several factors, including complicating diagnoses/procedures, age, and level of comorbid disease and/or clinical complication.' Commonwealth of Australia (Department of Health and Ageing) 2008, *Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups, Version 6.0, Definitions Manual*, Volume 1. Canberra: Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing. p. 9.

⁹ 'The separate ranges - 01 to 39, 40 to 59 and 60 to 99 - are used to indicate the surgical, other and medical partitions respectively.' Commonwealth of Australia (Department of Health and Ageing) 2008, Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups, Version 6.0, Definitions Manual, Volume 1. Canberra: Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing. p. 10.

'S' is a complexity split indicator that ranks DRGs within adjacent DRGs on the basis of their level of complexity/resource use. It is either 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D' or 'Z' with 'A' being the most complex or 'Z' indicating that there is no complexity ${\sf split.}^{10,\,11}$ The complexity of the case is determined by particular variables, such as the presence of complications and/or comorbidities (cc), age, or discharge status, which influence the treatment process and/or the pattern of resource utilisation.12

5.1.2.1 AR-DRG Complexity Split

The AR-DRG complexity split for total discharges is presented in Table 5.1, close to half of total discharges had no complexity split. Over 53 per cent of extended stay inpatients were assigned to complexity group A 'Highest consumption of resources', compared to 11.5 per cent of acute in-patients. Acute in-patients therefore accounted for 82.1 per cent of discharges within this AR-DRG complexity level.

TABLE 5.1 Total Discharges: AR-DRG Complexity Split by Patient Type (N, %)

| | | | | | | Dischar | ges | | | | |
|------------|--|---------|------|----------------------------|------|----------|------|------------|------|-----------|------|
| | | Day | | | | In-Patie | ents | | | Tota | |
| | | Patier | | Acute Extended (0–30 Days) | | Tota | al | Discharges | | | |
| | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | A Highest consumption of resources | 7,163 | 0.8 | 70,387 | 11.5 | 8,159 | 53.1 | 78,546 | 12.6 | 85,709 | 5.6 |
| Complexity | B Second highest consumption of resources | 214,409 | 23.4 | 284,003 | 46.6 | 4,958 | 32.3 | 288,961 | 46.2 | 503,370 | 32.7 |
| G Com | C Third highest consumption of resources | 167,230 | 18.3 | 34,262 | 5.6 | 510 | 3.4 | 34,772 | 5.6 | 202,002 | 13.1 |
| AR-DRG | D Fourth highest consumption of resources | 422 | 0.0 | 5,122 | 0.8 | 47 | 0.3 | 5,169 | 0.8 | 5,591 | 0.4 |
| ٩ | Z No complexity split | 526,794 | 57.5 | 215,938 | 35.4 | 1,680 | 10.9 | 217,618 | 34.8 | 744,412 | 48.3 |
| | Total Discharges | 916,018 | 100 | 609,712 | 100 | 15,354 | 100 | 625,066 | 100 | 1,541,084 | 100 |

Note: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

For a more detailed description of how AR-DRGs are numbered see Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care, 2008. Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups Version 6.0 Definitions Manual, Volume 1. Canberra: Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing. pp. 4–15.

¹¹ Aisbett, C., Wiley, M.M., McCarthy, B., and Mulligan, A., 2007. *Measuring Hospital Case Mix: Evaluation of Alternative* Approaches for the Irish Hospital System, Working Paper No. 192, Dublin: The Economic and Social Research Institute. pp.9-10.

Complications may arise during the hospital stay, while comorbidities are assumed to be prior existing conditions which were present at the time of admission.

5.2 ANALYSIS OF HIPE DATA BY CASE MIX

This section includes all discharges reported to HIPE (including *Maternity*).

- Analysis of 2012 HIPE data by MDC is presented in Table 5.2 and Figures 5.2 and 5.3.
- Tables 5.3 to 5.27 represent each MDC (including unassignable to MDC and pre-MDC) and their associated AR-DRGs.¹³

The following analysis is provided for Tables 5.3 to 5.15 and 5.17 to 5.27 for each MDC and its associated AR-DRGs.

| Total Day Patients | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| In-Patients | | Elective In-Patients | | | | |
| | Discharges | Emergency In-Patients 14 | | | | |
| | | Total In-Patients | | | | |
| | | Elective In-Patients | | | | |
| | Mean Length of Stay | Emergency In-Patients | | | | |
| | | Total In-Patients | | | | |
| Total Discharges | | | | | | |

In-patient discharges are made up of elective, emergency, and *Maternity* in-patients. The analysis of in-patients presented in this section is based on admission type, indicating the priority of admission, elective or emergency. The majority of *Maternity* in-patients (97.2 per cent) are assigned to MDC 14, *Pregnancy*, *Childbirth* and the *Puerperium* and its associated AR-DRGs (see Tables 5.2 and 5.16). The remaining *Maternity* in-patients (2.8 per cent) assigned to other MDCs and their associated AR-DRGs cannot be differentiated between elective and emergency in-patients but are included in the overall figure for total in-patients. The sum of elective in-patients and emergency in-patients will therefore not equal total in-patients.¹⁵

See Glossary & Abbreviations for details of the abbreviations used in this section.

HIPE includes patients who attended the Emergency Department and were subsequently admitted to hospital. As just a proportion of those attending the Emergency Department will subsequently be admitted to hospital, it is not possible to use emergency admissions reported to HIPE to draw conclusions about the total volume of activity in Emergency Departments.

As DRG assignment is the result of a multivariate process, the confidentiality of individual discharges is ensured. In this context, cells in this section with small numbers have not been suppressed.

5.2.1 Analysis of Day Patients by MDC and AR-DRG

- The MDC with the largest proportion of day patients reported was *Neoplastic* Disorders (Haematological and Solid Neoplasms) (MDC 17), which accounted for 191,022 discharges or 20.9 per cent of day patients (see Tables 5.2 and 5.19 and Figure 5.3)
 - Chemotherapy (AR-DRG R63Z) and Radiotherapy (AR-DRG R64Z) accounted for 48.9 per cent and 38.4 per cent respectively of day patients within this MDC; they accounted for 10.2 per cent and 8.0 per cent respectively of total day patients.
- Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract (MDC 11), with 187,839 discharges accounted for 20.5 per cent of day patients (see Tables 5.2 and 5.13 and Figure 5.3).
 - Haemodialysis (AR-DRG L61Z) accounted for 87.5 per cent of day patients within this MDC and 17.9 per cent of total day patients.

Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

5.2.2 Analysis of In-Patients by MDC and AR-DRG

- The MDC with the largest proportion of in-patient discharges was *Pregnancy*,
 Childbirth and the Puerperium (MDC 14), with 123,680 discharges, which
 accounted for 19.8 per cent of in-patients (see Tables 5.2 and 5.16 and Figure
 5.3).
 - * Vaginal Delivery (AR-DRG O60Z) accounted for 39.1 per cent of inpatients within this MDC and 7.7 per cent of total in-patient discharges.
 - * Antenatal and Other Obstetric Admission (AR-DRG O66Z) accounted for 30.3 per cent of in-patients within this MDC and 6.0 per cent of total inpatients.
 - * Caesarean Delivery without Catastrophic or Severe Complication and/or Comorbidity (AR-DRG 001B) accounted for 13.0 per cent of in-patients within this MDC and 2.6 per cent of total in-patients.
- Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue (MDC 8) accounted for 16,357 elective in-patients or 15.3 per cent of total elective in-patients (see Tables 5.2 and 5.10).
 - * Within this MDC, the AR-DRG Hip Replacement without Catastrophic Complication and/or Comorbidity (AR-DRG I03B) accounted for 4,303 inpatients, of which 3,132 or 72.8 per cent were elective in-patient discharges. The mean length of stay was 6.1 days for elective in-patients; emergency in-patients reported a mean length of stay of 14.0 days.
- The largest proportion of emergency in-patients was accounted for by *Diseases* and *Disorders of the Circulatory System* (MDC 5) at 65,698 discharges, or 16.8 per cent of total emergency in-patients (see Tables 5.2 and 5.7).
 - * Chest Pain (AR-DRG F74Z) accounted for 28.2 per cent of emergency inpatients within MDC 5 and 4.7 per cent of total emergency in-patients.

TABLE 5.2 Total Discharges: MDC by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, %)

| | | Day | | In-Patients | | | | | | | | Total | |
|---|-----------------------|------|----------|-------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|---------|------|-------------------------|-------|--|
| Major Diagnostic Category | Patients ^a | | Elective | | Emergency | | Maternity | | Total | | Discharges ^b | | |
| | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % | |
| 01 Diseases and disorders of the nervous system | | 2.0 | 4,139 | 3.9 | 41,353 | 10.6 | 17 | 0.0 | 45,509 | 7.3 | 63,924 | 4.1 | |
| 02 Diseases and disorders of the eye | | 4.4 | 2,414 | 2.3 | 2,855 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.0 | 5,270 | 0.8 | 45,131 | 2.9 | |
| 03 Diseases and disorders of the ear, nose, mouth and throat | | 3.0 | 10,311 | 9.7 | 17,660 | 4.5 | 3 | 0.0 | 27,974 | 4.5 | 55,800 | 3.6 | |
| 04 Diseases and disorders of the respiratory system | | 1.8 | 7,300 | 6.8 | 59,269 | 15.2 | 5 | 0.0 | 66,574 | 10.7 | 82,916 | 5.4 | |
| 05 Diseases and disorders of the circulatory system | | 2.7 | 9,505 | 8.9 | 65,698 | 16.8 | 15 | 0.0 | 75,218 | 12.0 | 99,885 | 6.5 | |
| 06 Diseases and disorders of the digestive system | | 12.8 | 11,449 | 10.7 | 58,123 | 14.9 | 95 | 0.1 | 69,667 | 11.1 | 187,272 | 12.2 | |
| 07 Diseases and disorders of the hepatobiliary system and pancreas | | 0.8 | 5,069 | 4.7 | 10,516 | 2.7 | 4 | 0.0 | 15,589 | 2.5 | 22,625 | 1.5 | |
| 08 Diseases and disorders of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue | | 6.1 | 16,357 | 15.3 | 31,412 | 8.0 | 13 | 0.0 | 47,782 | 7.6 | 104,005 | 6.7 | |
| 09 Diseases and disorders of the skin, subcutaneous tissue and breast | 82,925 | 9.1 | 5,210 | 4.9 | 12,658 | 3.2 | 7 | 0.0 | 17,875 | 2.9 | 100,800 | 6.5 | |
| 10 Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases and disorders | 5,539 | 0.6 | 2,909 | 2.7 | 7,887 | 2.0 | 6 | 0.0 | 10,802 | 1.7 | 16,341 | 1.1 | |
| 11 Diseases and disorders of the kidney and urinary tract | 187,839 | 20.5 | 5,219 | 4.9 | 19,451 | 5.0 | 15 | 0.0 | 24,685 | 3.9 | 212,524 | 13.8 | |
| 12 Diseases and disorders of the male reproductive system | 12,707 | 1.4 | 2,570 | 2.4 | 2,457 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 5,027 | 0.8 | 17,734 | 1.2 | |
| 13 Diseases and disorders of the female reproductive system | | 3.3 | 8,431 | 7.9 | 4,611 | 1.2 | 141 | 0.1 | 13,183 | 2.1 | 43,181 | 2.8 | |
| 14 Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium | | 0.8 | 8 | 0.0 | 45 | 0.0 | 123,627 | 97.2 | 123,680 | 19.8 | 130,924 | 8.5 | |
| 15 Newborns and other neonates | | 0.1 | 257 | 0.2 | 14,778 | 3.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 15,035 | 2.4 | 15,626 | 1.0 | |
| 16 Diseases and disorders of blood, blood forming organs, immunological disorders | 39,632 | 4.3 | 1,128 | 1.1 | 5,002 | 1.3 | 1 | 0.0 | 6,131 | 1.0 | 45,763 | 3.0 | |
| 17 Neoplastic disorders (haematological and solid neoplasms) ^c | | 20.9 | 2,794 | 2.6 | 2,524 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 5,318 | 0.9 | 196,340 | 12.7 | |
| 18 Infectious and parasitic diseases, systemic or unspecified sites | 1,481 | 0.2 | 459 | 0.4 | 9,152 | 2.3 | 10 | 0.0 | 9,621 | 1.5 | 11,102 | 0.7 | |
| 19 Mental diseases and disorders | 769 | 0.1 | 435 | 0.4 | 1,861 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.0 | 2,297 | 0.4 | 3,066 | 0.2 | |
| 20 Alcohol/drug use and alcohol/drug induced organic mental disorders | 6 | 0.0 | 171 | 0.2 | 2,091 | 0.5 | 2 | 0.0 | 2,264 | 0.4 | 2,270 | 0.1 | |
| 21 Injuries, poisonings and toxic effects of drugs | | 0.1 | 383 | 0.4 | 14,464 | 3.7 | 137 | 0.1 | 14,984 | 2.4 | 16,176 | 1.0 | |
| 22 Burns | 54 | 0.0 | 65 | 0.1 | 555 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 620 | 0.1 | 674 | 0.0 | |
| 23 Factors influencing health status and other contacts with health services | | 5.1 | 8,904 | 8.3 | 3,500 | 0.9 | 3,081 | 2.4 | 15,485 | 2.5 | 61,846 | 4.0 | |
| 00 Unassignable to MDC | | 0.1 | 498 | 0.5 | 1,007 | 0.3 | 2 | 0.0 | 1,507 | 0.2 | 2,015 | 0.1 | |
| Pre-MDC | 175 | 0.0 | 822 | 0.8 | 2,139 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.0 | 2,969 | 0.5 | 3,144 | 0.2 | |
| Total Discharges | 916,018 | 100 | 106,807 | 100 | 391,068 | 100 | 127,191 | 100 | 625,066 | 100 | 1,541,084 | 100 | |

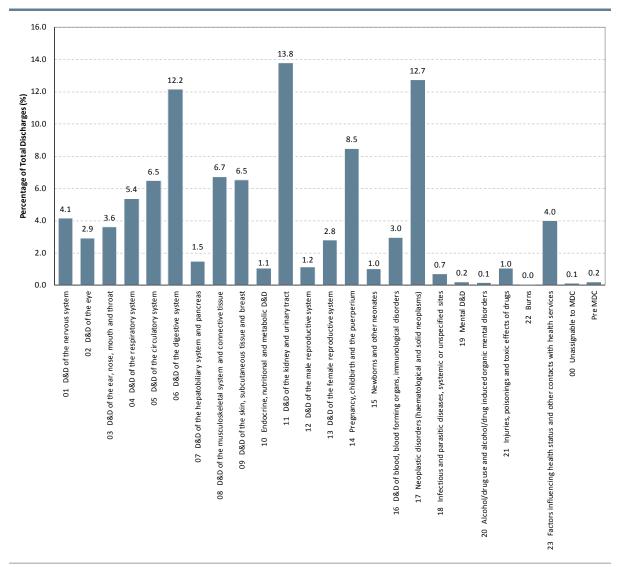
Notes: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

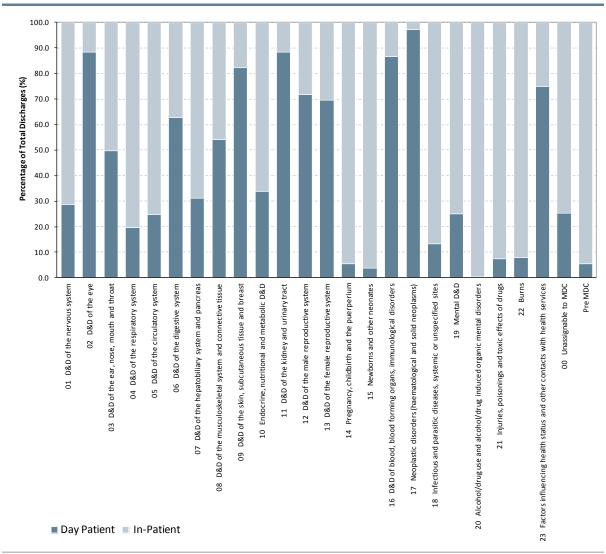
c Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

FIGURE 5.2 Total Discharges: Major Diagnostic Category (MDC) (%)



Note: D&D = Diseases and disorders

FIGURE 5.3 Total Discharges: Major Diagnostic Category by Day Patient and In-Patient Discharges (%)



Note: D&D = Diseases and disorders

 TABLE 5.3
 Total Discharges: MDC 1 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | _1 | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-------|------------|----------|----------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length o | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 1 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Ele | ctive | Emerg | gency | To | otal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| B01A Ventricular Shunt Revision W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 9 | 22 | 31 | 3.2 | 3 | 5.1 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 31 |
| B01B Ventricular Shunt Revision W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 19 | 50 | 69 | 4.9 | 3 | 4.3 | 3 | 4.4 | 3 | 69 |
| B02A Cranial Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 28 | 125 | 153 | 15.6 | 9 | 21.5 | 12 | 20.4 | 12 | 153 |
| B02B Cranial Procedures W Sev CC | 0 | 72 | 236 | 308 | 9.6 | 7 | 13.7 | 10 | 12.7 | 9 | 308 |
| B02C Cranial Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 7 | 521 | 579 | 1,100 | 6.5 | 5 | 9.0 | 7 | 7.8 | 6 | 1,107 |
| B03A Spinal Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 15 | 22 | 37 | 18.5 | 9 | 15.3 | 11 | 16.6 | 11 | 37 |
| B03B Spinal Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 44 | 109 | 49 | 158 | 6.1 | 4 | 10.0 | 5 | 7.3 | 4 | 202 |
| B04A Extracranial Vascular Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 21 | 45 | 66 | 10.4 | 6 | 36.8 | 17 | 28.4 | 14 | 66 |
| B04B Extracranial Vascular Procedures W/O Cat CC | 2 | 180 | 143 | 323 | 5.0 | 4 | 11.5 | 9 | 7.9 | 6 | 325 |
| B05Z Carpal Tunnel Release | 1,644 | 63 | 11 | 74 | 1.5 | 1 | 3.4 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1,718 |
| B06A Procs for Cerebral Palsy, Muscular Dystrophy, Neuropathy W CC | 9 | 17 | 61 | 78 | 11.1 | 3 | 57.5 | 36 | 47.4 | 26 | 87 |
| B06B Procs for Cerebral Palsy, Muscular Dystrophy, Neuropathy W/O CC | 157 | 99 | 28 | 127 | 2.3 | 1 | 17.8 | 10 | 5.7 | 2 | 284 |
| B07A Peripheral and Cranial Nerve and Other Nervous System Procedures W CC | 5 | 9 | 68 | 77 | 10.6 | 3 | 19.8 | 6 | 18.7 | 6 | 82 |
| B07B Peripheral and Cranial Nerve and Other Nervous System Procedures W/O CC | 68 | 76 | 395 | 471 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.4 | 2 | 539 |
| B40Z Plasmapheresis W Neurological Disease, Sameday | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 29 |
| B41Z Telemetric EEG Monitoring | 16 | 145 | 133 | 278 | 4.1 | 3 | 7.4 | 4 | 5.7 | 4 | 294 |
| B42A Nervous System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W Cat CC | 0 | 1.3 | 37 | 38 | 156 | 156 | 17.9 | 10 | 21.6 | 10 | 38 |
| B42B Nervous System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W/O Cat CC | 0 | 2 | 179 | 181 | 12.5 | 13 | 11.4 | 4 | 11.4 | 4 | 181 |
| B60A Acute Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procs W Cat CC | 0 | 1 | 16 | 17 | 153.0 | 153 | 26.2 | 19 | 33.6 | 21 | 17 |
| B60B Acute Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procs W/O Cat CC | 7 | 22 | 36 | 58 | 36.4 | 29 | 10.9 | 7 | 20.6 | 9 | 65 |
| B61A Spinal Cord Conditions W or W/O OR Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 8 | 39 | 47 | 50.4 | 16 | 25.1 | 21 | 29.4 | 20 | 47 |
| B61B Spinal Cord Conditions W or W/O OR Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 21 | 16 | 92 | 108 | 7.0 | 5 | 9.9 | 6 | 9.5 | 6 | 129 |
| B62Z Apheresis | 210 | 6 | 6 | 12 | 3.5 | 3 | 2.7 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 222 |
| B63Z Dementia and Other Chronic Disturbances of Cerebral Function | 202 | 49 | 697 | 746 | 27.5 | 13 | 39.4 | 16 | 38.6 | 15 | 948 |
| B64A Delirium W Cat CC | 0 | 7 | 203 | 210 | 25.7 | 15 | 40.7 | 15 | 40.2 | 15 | 210 |
| B64B Delirium W/O Cat CC | 170 | 44 | 1,524 | 1,568 | 16.2 | 5 | 10.4 | 4 | 10.5 | 4 | 1,738 |
| B65Z Cerebral Palsy | 268 | 41 | 22 | 63 | 11.4 | 2 | 7.7 | 4 | 10.1 | 3 | 331 |
| B66A Nervous System Neoplasm W Cat or Sev CC | 58 | 99 | 282 | 381 | 15.1 | 11 | 15.8 | 8 | 15.7 | 9 | 439 |
| B66B Nervous System Neoplasm W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,210 | 280 | 535 | 815 | 13.5 | 5 | 7.5 | 4 | 9.5 | 5 | 2,025 |
| B67A Degenerative Nervous System Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 15 | 52 | 346 | 398 | 19.8 | 12 | 34.0 | 13 | 32.1 | 13 | 413 |
| B67B Degenerative Nervous System Disorders W Moderate CC | 42 | 62 | 297 | 359 | 13.5 | 8 | 13.2 | 7 | 13.2 | 7 | 401 |
| B67C Degenerative Nervous System Disorders W/O CC | 796 | 226 | 507 | 733 | 8.1 | 4 | 8.2 | 4 | 8.1 | 4 | 1,529 |
| B68A Multiple Sclerosis and Cerebellar Ataxia W CC | 23 | 48 | 159 | 207 | 8.6 | 4 | 19.3 | 10 | 16.8 | 8 | 230 |
| B68B Multiple Sclerosis and Cerebellar Ataxia W/O CC | 4,315 | 202 | 434 | 636 | 3.9 | 3 | 5.9 | 4 | 5.3 | 4 | 4,951 |
| B69A TIA and Precerebral Occlusion W Cat or Sev CC | 4,313 | 23 | 657 | 680 | 7.3 | 7 | 9.2 | 5 | 9.1 | 5 | 684 |
| B69B TIA and Precerebral Occlusion W/O Cat or Sev CC | 89 | 87 | 2,340 | 2,427 | 4.4 | 3 | 4.0 | 3 | 4.0 | 3 | 2,516 |

TABLE 5.3 Total Discharges: MDC 1 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | 1 | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|----------|----------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 1 Discourse and Discourse of the Name of Contract | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length o | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 1 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Ele | ective | Emer | gency | To | otal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| B70A Stroke and Other Cerebrovascular Disorders W Cat CC | 0 | 23 | 954 | 977 | 45.4 | 33 | 46.8 | 25 | 46.8 | 25 | 977 |
| B70B Stroke and Other Cerebrovascular Disorders W Sev CC | 2 | 39 | 1,427 | 1,467 | 24.1 | 15 | 19.4 | 11 | 19.5 | 11 | 1,469 |
| B70C Stroke and Other Cerebrovascular Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 38 | 83 | 2,632 | 2,715 | 11.8 | 7 | 11.1 | 7 | 11.1 | 7 | 2,753 |
| B70D Stroke and Other Cerebrovascular Disorders, Died or Transferred <5 Days | 3 | 14 | 608 | 622 | 2.4 | 2 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 625 |
| B71A Cranial and Peripheral Nerve Disorders W CC | 181 | 60 | 277 | 337 | 8.1 | 4 | 13.0 | 6 | 12.1 | 5 | 518 |
| B71B Cranial and Peripheral Nerve Disorders W/O CC | 3,169 | 124 | 731 | 855 | 5.9 | 4 | 3.7 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 4,024 |
| B72A Nervous System Infection Except Viral Meningitis W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 10 | 95 | 105 | 32.3 | 17 | 24.1 | 14 | 24.9 | 14 | 105 |
| B72B Nervous System Infection Except Viral Meningitis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 142 | 17 | 265 | 283 | 11.9 | 8 | 8.4 | 6 | 8.6 | 6 | 425 |
| B73Z Viral Meningitis | 9 | 2 | 241 | 243 | 5.5 | 6 | 5.4 | 5 | 5.4 | 5 | 252 |
| B74A Nontraumatic Stupor and Coma W CC | 6 | 6 | 122 | 128 | 6.5 | 6 | 7.4 | 4 | 7.4 | 4 | 134 |
| B74B Nontraumatic Stupor and Coma W/O CC | 48 | 12 | 79 | 91 | 1.0 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 139 |
| B75Z Febrile Convulsions | 29 | 2 | 859 | 861 | 1.5 | 2 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 890 |
| B76A Seizure W Cat or Sev CC | 10 | 28 | 983 | 1,012 | 8.6 | 6 | 10.5 | 5 | 10.4 | 5 | 1,022 |
| B76B Seizure W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,129 | 249 | 5,420 | 5,669 | 4.4 | 3 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 6,798 |
| B77Z Headache | 1,269 | 183 | 8,238 | 8,426 | 3.0 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 9,695 |
| B78A Intracranial Injury W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 7 | 194 | 201 | 69.6 | 55 | 25.1 | 12 | 26.7 | 13 | 201 |
| B78B Intracranial Injury W/O Cat or Sev CC | 3 | 13 | 606 | 619 | 12.4 | 6 | 6.8 | 3 | 7.0 | 3 | 622 |
| B79A Skull Fractures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 1 | 39 | 40 | 117 | 117 | 11.8 | 6 | 14.4 | 7 | 40 |
| B79B Skull Fractures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 3 | 5 | 383 | 388 | 7.4 | 3 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 391 |
| B80Z Other Head Injury | 6 | 1 | 2,937 | 2,943 | 1.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 2,949 |
| B81A Other Disorders of the Nervous System W Cat or Sev CC | 35 | 51 | 733 | 784 | 14.3 | 8 | 21.3 | 9 | 20.8 | 9 | 819 |
| B81B Other Disorders of the Nervous System W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2,611 | 260 | 2,761 | 3,021 | 4.4 | 2 | 4.8 | 2 | 4.8 | 2 | 5,632 |
| B82A Chronic and Unspecified Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procs W Cat CC | 1 | 55 | 82 | 138 | 83.5 | 67 | 34.8 | 18 | 54.0 | 30 | 139 |
| B82B Chronic and Unspecified Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procs W Sev CC | 15 | 76 | 114 | 190 | 67.0 | 42 | 20.4 | 9 | 39.0 | 12 | 205 |
| B82C Chronic and Unspecified Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Pr W/O Cat/Sev CC | 295 | 159 | 198 | 360 | 41.9 | 13 | 8.7 | 4 | 23.3 | 6 | 655 |
| Total Discharges | 18,415 | 4,139 | 41,353 | 45,509 | 11.8 | 4 | 8.3 | 2 | 8.6 | 3 | 63,924 |

⁻ Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes Maternity day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.4 Total Discharges: MDC 2 Diseases and Disorders of the Eye: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | | In-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 2 Diseases and Disorders of the Eye | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 2 Diseases and Disorders of the Eye | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| CO1Z Procedures for Penetrating Eye Injury | 6 | 5 | 111 | 116 | 2.8 | 2 | 4.8 | 4 | 4.7 | 4 | 122 |
| CO2Z Enucleations and Orbital Procedures | 56 | 75 | 26 | 101 | 2.2 | 2 | 6.6 | 6 | 3.3 | 2 | 157 |
| C03Z Retinal Procedures | 14,432 | 731 | 387 | 1,118 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.9 | 3 | 3.3 | 3 | 15,550 |
| CO4Z Major Corneal, Scleral and Conjunctival Procedures | 26 | 145 | 10 | 155 | 2.8 | 2 | 8.1 | 7 | 3.1 | 2 | 181 |
| C05Z Dacryocystorhinostomy | 128 | 93 | 7 | 100 | 1.2 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 228 |
| C10Z Strabismus Procedures | 590 | 167 | 8 | 175 | 1.2 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 765 |
| C11Z Eyelid Procedures | 773 | 35 | 84 | 119 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.6 | 1 | 892 |
| C12Z Other Corneal, Scleral and Conjunctival Procedures | 249 | 27 | 49 | 76 | 1.5 | 1 | 4.6 | 3 | 3.5 | 2 | 325 |
| C13Z Lacrimal Procedures | 525 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 1.3 | 1 | 3.2 | 2 | 2.1 | 1 | 540 |
| C14Z Other Eye Procedures | 1,938 | 43 | 120 | 163 | 3.0 | 2 | 4.4 | 3 | 4.0 | 2 | 2,101 |
| C15A Glaucoma and Complex Cataract Procedures | 0 | 213 | 66 | 279 | 2.4 | 2 | 4.8 | 4 | 3.0 | 2 | 279 |
| C15B Glaucoma and Complex Cataract Procedures, Sameday | 520 | 3 | 9 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 532 |
| C16Z Lens Procedures | 9,584 | 587 | 37 | 624 | 1.9 | 2 | 2.4 | 1 | 1.9 | 2 | 10,208 |
| C60A Acute and Major Eye Infections W CC | 4 | 4 | 61 | 65 | 34.3 | 18 | 7.8 | 6 | 9.4 | 6 | 69 |
| C60B Acute and Major Eye Infections W/O CC | 47 | 10 | 144 | 154 | 7.7 | 6 | 5.5 | 4 | 5.6 | 4 | 201 |
| C61A Neurological and Vascular Disorders of the Eye W CC | 52 | 12 | 119 | 131 | 9.1 | 6 | 5.1 | 4 | 5.5 | 4 | 183 |
| C61B Neurological and Vascular Disorders of the Eye W/O CC | 752 | 37 | 352 | 389 | 4.1 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 1,141 |
| C62Z Hyphema and Medically Managed Trauma to the Eye | 115 | 9 | 448 | 457 | 1.3 | 1 | 3.6 | 1 | 3.6 | 1 | 572 |
| C63Z Other Disorders of the Eye | 10,064 | 209 | 811 | 1,021 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 11,085 |
| Total Discharges | 39,861 | 2,414 | 2,855 | 5,270 | 2.5 | 2 | 3.8 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 45,131 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.5 Total Discharges: MDC 3 Diseases and Disorders of the Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | li | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| NADC 2 Discours and Discours of the Few Name Name to and Thursday | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 3 Diseases and Disorders of the Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | To | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| D01Z Cochlear Implant | 0 | 94 | 1 | 95 | 3.9 | 3 | 3.0 | 3 | 3.9 | 3 | 95 |
| D02A Head and Neck Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 48 | 15 | 63 | 15.6 | 10 | 37.7 | 23 | 20.8 | 14 | 63 |
| D02B Head and Neck Procedures W Malignancy or Moderate CC | 1 | 78 | 15 | 93 | 12.1 | 9 | 12.3 | 9 | 12.2 | 9 | 94 |
| D02C Head and Neck Procedures W/O Malignancy W/O CC | 18 | 100 | 12 | 112 | 3.7 | 3 | 7.2 | 3 | 4.1 | 3 | 130 |
| D03Z Surgical Repair for Cleft Lip or Palate Diagnosis | 15 | 133 | 2 | 135 | 3.3 | 3 | 5.5 | 6 | 3.3 | 3 | 150 |
| D04A Maxillo Surgery W CC | 3 | 18 | 49 | 67 | 2.8 | 3 | 5.2 | 4 | 4.6 | 4 | 70 |
| D04B Maxillo Surgery W/O CC | 90 | 230 | 459 | 689 | 2.5 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 | 779 |
| D05Z Parotid Gland Procedures | 4 | 166 | 5 | 171 | 3.7 | 3 | 4.6 | 4 | 3.7 | 3 | 175 |
| D06Z Sinus and Complex Middle Ear Procedures | 101 | 254 | 15 | 269 | 2.0 | 1 | 4.7 | 4 | 2.1 | 1 | 370 |
| D10Z Nasal Procedures | 498 | 692 | 27 | 719 | 1.4 | 1 | 4.2 | 3 | 1.5 | 1 | 1,217 |
| D11Z Tonsillectomy and/or Adenoidectomy | 557 | 4,880 | 413 | 5,293 | 1.3 | 1 | 2.7 | 2 | 1.4 | 1 | 5,850 |
| D12Z Other Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat Procedures | 1,314 | 558 | 262 | 820 | 2.2 | 1 | 3.9 | 1 | 2.8 | 1 | 2,134 |
| D13Z Myringotomy W Tube Insertion | 2,718 | 179 | 21 | 200 | 1.3 | 1 | 5.9 | 4 | 1.8 | 1 | 2,918 |
| D14Z Mouth and Salivary Gland Procedures | 1,000 | 197 | 151 | 348 | 3.8 | 2 | 5.6 | 3 | 4.6 | 3 | 1,348 |
| D15Z Mastoid Procedures | 15 | 211 | 18 | 229 | 2.5 | 2 | 8.7 | 7 | 3.0 | 2 | 244 |
| D40Z Dental Extractions and Restorations | 5,619 | 143 | 91 | 234 | 1.4 | 1 | 9.3 | 2 | 4.5 | 1 | 5,853 |
| D60A Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat Malignancy W Cat or Sev CC | 63 | 128 | 128 | 256 | 27.5 | 22 | 17.9 | 10 | 22.7 | 16 | 319 |
| D60B Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat Malignancy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 693 | 401 | 186 | 587 | 9.6 | 4 | 9.4 | 6 | 9.5 | 4 | 1,280 |
| D61Z Dysequilibrium | 657 | 66 | 2,795 | 2,863 | 3.7 | 3 | 2.6 | 1 | 2.7 | 1 | 3,520 |
| D62Z Epistaxis | 559 | 43 | 965 | 1,009 | 2.5 | 1 | 3.4 | 3 | 3.4 | 3 | 1,568 |
| D63Z Otitis Media and URI | 2,279 | 298 | 8,809 | 9,107 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 11,386 |
| D64Z Laryngotracheitis and Epiglottitis | 23 | 7 | 473 | 480 | 2.1 | 2 | 1.6 | 1 | 1.6 | 1 | 503 |
| D65Z Nasal Trauma and Deformity | 1,125 | 91 | 399 | 490 | 1.4 | 1 | 2.4 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 1,615 |
| D66A Other Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat Diagnoses W CC | 272 | 175 | 146 | 321 | 3.8 | 1 | 6.2 | 3 | 4.9 | 2 | 593 |
| D66B Other Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat Diagnoses W/O CC | 8,355 | 1,033 | 779 | 1,812 | 1.4 | 1 | 2.5 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 10,167 |
| D67A Oral and Dental Disorders Except Extractions and Restorations | 0 | 63 | 890 | 953 | 4.1 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 953 |
| D67B Oral and Dental Disorders Except Extractions and Restorations, | 1,847 | 25 | 534 | 559 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 2,406 |
| Sameday | · | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Discharges | 27,826 | 10,311 | 17,660 | 27,974 | 2.5 | 1 | 2.6 | 1 | 2.6 | 1 | 55,800 |

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

⁻ Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

 TABLE 5.6
 Total Discharges: MDC 4 Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | | In-Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^t |
| MDC 4 Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| E01A Major Chest Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 270 | 150 | 420 | 13.1 | 11 | 20.2 | 16 | 15.7 | 13 | 420 |
| E01B Major Chest Procedures W/O Cat CC | 30 | 316 | 187 | 503 | 8.8 | 8 | 11.6 | 9 | 9.8 | 8 | 533 |
| E02A Other Respiratory System OR Procedures W Cat CC | 5 | 35 | 149 | 184 | 14.0 | 7 | 30.9 | 19 | 27.7 | 16 | 189 |
| E02B Other Respiratory System OR Procedures W Sev or Moderate CC | 28 | 67 | 59 | 126 | 7.0 | 6 | 15.8 | 12 | 11.1 | 8 | 154 |
| E02C Other Respiratory System OR Procedures W/O CC | 83 | 130 | 58 | 188 | 3.8 | 2 | 10.8 | 9 | 6.0 | 3 | 271 |
| E40A Respiratory System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W Cat CC | 0 | 5 | 139 | 144 | 21.2 | 15 | 17.0 | 11 | 17.1 | 12 | 144 |
| E40B Respiratory System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W/O Cat CC | 0 | 4 | 88 | 92 | 7.8 | 7 | 9.8 | 8 | 9.7 | 8 | 92 |
| E41Z Respiratory System Diagnosis W Non-Invasive Ventilation | 0 | 80 | 1,181 | 1,261 | 17.1 | 10 | 15.9 | 11 | 16.0 | 11 | 1,261 |
| E42A Bronchoscopy W Cat CC | 0 | 38 | 250 | 288 | 17.8 | 13 | 23.7 | 19 | 22.9 | 18 | 288 |
| E42B Bronchoscopy W/O Cat CC | 0 | 306 | 907 | 1,213 | 6.0 | 3 | 10.9 | 9 | 9.7 | 8 | 1,213 |
| E42C Bronchoscopy, Sameday | 5,701 | 14 | 24 | 38 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 5,739 |
| E60A Cystic Fibrosis W Cat or Sev CC | 130 | 117 | 288 | 408 | 15.0 | 13 | 16.5 | 14 | 16.0 | 14 | 538 |
| E60B Cystic Fibrosis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 999 | 362 | 345 | 707 | 9.5 | 10 | 9.4 | 9 | 9.4 | 9 | 1,706 |
| E61A Pulmonary Embolism W Cat CC | 0 | 3 | 173 | 176 | 14.0 | 14 | 15.0 | 12 | 15.0 | 12 | 176 |
| E61B Pulmonary Embolism W/O Cat CC | 52 | 52 | 1,283 | 1,335 | 6.4 | 5 | 7.2 | 6 | 7.2 | 6 | 1,387 |
| E62A Respiratory Infections/Inflammations W Cat CC | 2 | 65 | 2,860 | 2,925 | 16.8 | 9 | 17.0 | 10 | 17.0 | 10 | 2,927 |
| E62B Respiratory Infections/Inflammations W Sev or Moderate CC | 36 | 104 | 4,381 | 4,485 | 9.1 | 7 | 9.1 | 6 | 9.1 | 6 | 4,521 |
| E62C Respiratory Infections/Inflammations W/O CC | 114 | 95 | 4,082 | 4,177 | 4.9 | 4 | 4.2 | 3 | 4.2 | 3 | 4,291 |
| E63Z Sleep Apnoea | 72 | 2,094 | 86 | 2,180 | 1.2 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 1.3 | 1 | 2,252 |
| E64A Pulmonary Oedema and Respiratory Failure W Cat CC | 2 | 8 | 208 | 216 | 35.3 | 14 | 14.0 | 8 | 14.8 | 8 | 218 |
| E64B Pulmonary Oedema and Respiratory Failure W/O Cat CC | 7 | 24 | 407 | 431 | 7.8 | 3 | 6.9 | 5 | 7.0 | 5 | 438 |
| E65A Chronic Obstructive Airways Disease W Cat CC | 43 | 130 | 2,326 | 2,456 | 12.2 | 9 | 12.5 | 8 | 12.5 | 8 | 2,499 |
| E65B Chronic Obstructive Airways Disease W/O Cat CC | 1,544 | 748 | 9,311 | 10,059 | 8.0 | 6 | 6.0 | 4 | 6.2 | 5 | 11,603 |
| E66A Major Chest Trauma W Cat CC | 0 | 0 | 32 | 32 | - | - | 16.7 | 10 | 16.7 | 10 | 32 |
| E66B Major Chest Trauma W Sev or Moderate CC | 0 | 1 | 188 | 189 | 1 | 1 | 7.1 | 4 | 7.0 | 4 | 189 |
| E66C Major Chest Trauma W/O CC | 0 | 1 | 197 | 198 | 1 | 1 | 3.7 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 198 |
| E67A Respiratory Signs and Symptoms W Cat or Sev CC | 125 | 56 | 577 | 633 | 11.7 | 4 | 5.3 | 3 | 5.9 | 3 | 758 |
| E67B Respiratory Signs and Symptoms W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,537 | 226 | 4,121 | 4,348 | 2.4 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 5,885 |
| E68A Pneumothorax W CC | 3 | 14 | 252 | 266 | 14.4 | 9 | 9.1 | 6 | 9.4 | 6 | 269 |
| E68B Pneumothorax W/O CC | 9 | 8 | 376 | 384 | 2.1 | 2 | 4.2 | 3 | 4.1 | 3 | 393 |
| E69A Bronchitis and Asthma W CC | 33 | 41 | 499 | 540 | 8.3 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 5.5 | 4 | 573 |
| E69B Bronchitis and Asthma W/O CC | 1,951 | 131 | 3,646 | 3,777 | 3.6 | 2 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 5,728 |
| E70A Whooping Cough and Acute Bronchiolitis W CC | 2 | 9 | 289 | 298 | 10.0 | 10 | 6.0 | 4 | 6.1 | 4 | 300 |
| E70B Whooping Cough and Acute Bronchiolitis W/O CC | 22 | 25 | 3,206 | 3,231 | 2.5 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 3,253 |
| E71A Respiratory Neoplasms W Cat CC | 167 | 119 | 454 | 573 | 13.4 | 9 | 14.6 | 9 | 14.4 | 9 | 740 |
| E71B Respiratory Neoplasms W/O Cat CC | 2,537 | 891 | 1,013 | 1,904 | 7.6 | 4 | 8.0 | 5 | 7.8 | 5 | 4,441 |
| E72Z Respiratory Problems Arising from Neonatal Period | 14 | 14 | 73 | 87 | 5.7 | 2 | 2.5 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 101 |
| E73A Pleural Effusion W Cat CC | 2 | 13 | 177 | 190 | 9.5 | 7 | 15.2 | 12 | 14.8 | 11 | 192 |
| E73B Pleural Effusion W Sev or Moderate CC | 53 | 59 | 375 | 434 | 8.8 | 7 | 8.2 | 6 | 8.2 | 6 | 487 |

TABLE 5.6 Total Discharges: MDC 4 Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | l | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 4 Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| wide 4 diseases and disorders of the Respiratory System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| E73C Pleural Effusion W/O CC | 84 | 28 | 209 | 237 | 5.4 | 5 | 4.7 | 3 | 4.8 | 3 | 321 |
| E74A Interstitial Lung Disease W Cat CC | 13 | 33 | 107 | 140 | 6.0 | 3 | 16.0 | 10 | 13.6 | 9 | 153 |
| E74B Interstitial Lung Disease W Sev or Moderate CC | 47 | 60 | 211 | 271 | 9.1 | 7 | 9.5 | 6 | 9.4 | 6 | 318 |
| E74C Interstitial Lung Disease W/O CC | 250 | 85 | 298 | 383 | 4.8 | 3 | 4.9 | 2 | 4.9 | 3 | 633 |
| E75A Other Respiratory System Diagnosis W Cat CC | 8 | 46 | 1,604 | 1,650 | 10.8 | 8 | 14.0 | 9 | 13.9 | 9 | 1,658 |
| E75B Other Respiratory System Diagnosis W Sev or Moderate CC | 102 | 197 | 5,022 | 5,219 | 8.4 | 6 | 6.9 | 5 | 7.0 | 5 | 5,321 |
| E75C Other Respiratory System Diagnosis W/O CC | 507 | 149 | 7,252 | 7,402 | 4.2 | 3 | 3.2 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 7,909 |
| E76Z Respiratory Tuberculosis | 28 | 27 | 149 | 176 | 13.8 | 7 | 11.7 | 7 | 12.0 | 7 | 204 |
| Total Discharges | 16,342 | 7,300 | 59,269 | 66,574 | 6.4 | 3 | 7.0 | 4 | 6.9 | 4 | 82,916 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

 TABLE 5.7
 Total Discharges: MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | | In-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-------------|----------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length (| of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emerg | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| F01A Implantation or Replacement of AICD, Total System W Cat CC | 7 | 28 | 55 | 83 | 10.5 | 2 | 23.3 | 19 | 19.0 | 11 | 90 |
| F01B Implantation or Replacement of AICD, Total System W/O Cat CC | 103 | 148 | 84 | 232 | 2.5 | 1 | 7.3 | 7 | 4.2 | 1 | 335 |
| F02Z Other AICD Procedures | 12 | 21 | 21 | 42 | 2.5 | 2 | 5.0 | 4 | 3.7 | 2 | 54 |
| F03A Cardiac Valve Proc W CPB Pump W Invasive Cardiac Investigation W Cat CC | 0 | 15 | 25 | 40 | 25.3 | 26 | 39.2 | 31 | 34.0 | 27 | 40 |
| F03B Cardiac Valve Proc W CPB Pump W Invasive Cardiac Investigation W/O Cat CC | 0 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 5.0 | 5 | 19.9 | 21 | 14.5 | 16 | 11 |
| F04A Cardiac Valve Proc W CPB Pump W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves W Cat CC | 0 | 198 | 89 | 287 | 14.7 | 12 | 16.6 | 12 | 15.3 | 12 | 287 |
| F04B Cardiac Valve Proc W CPB Pump W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves W/O Cat CC | 3 | 185 | 37 | 222 | 10.0 | 9 | 14.2 | 12 | 10.7 | 9 | 225 |
| F05A Coronary Bypass W Invasive Cardiac Investigation W Reoperation or W Cat CC | 0 | 18 | 65 | 83 | 21.4 | 21 | 26.3 | 23 | 25.2 | 23 | 83 |
| F05B Coronary Bypass W Invasive Cardiac Investigation W/O Reoperation W/O Cat CC | 0 | 21 | 77 | 98 | 18.0 | 17 | 18.9 | 18 | 18.7 | 18 | 98 |
| F06A Coronary Bypass W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves W Reoperation or W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 223 | 226 | 449 | 12.3 | 10 | 13.8 | 11 | 13.0 | 10 | 449 |
| F06B Coronary Bypass W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves W/O Reoperation W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 115 | 46 | 161 | 9.9 | 9 | 12.3 | 9 | 10.6 | 9 | 161 |
| F07A Other Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures W CPB Pump W Cat CC | 0 | 28 | 16 | 44 | 14.5 | 12 | 21.0 | 19 | 16.8 | 13 | 44 |
| F07B Other Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures W CPB Pump W Sev or Moderate CC | 0 | 33 | 9 | 42 | 11.4 | 9 | 17.9 | 21 | 12.8 | 10 | 42 |
| F07C Other Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures W CPB Pump W/O CC | 0 | 70 | 9 | 79 | 10.0 | 8 | 8.9 | 9 | 9.8 | 8 | 79 |
| F08A Major Reconstruct Vascular Procedures W/O CPB Pump W Cat CC | 1 | 106 | 135 | 241 | 21.8 | 16 | 36.1 | 23 | 29.8 | 19 | 242 |
| F08B Major Reconstruct Vascular Procedures W/O CPB Pump W/O Cat CC | 16 | 360 | 202 | 562 | 8.4 | 7 | 13.2 | 10 | 10.1 | 8 | 578 |
| F09A Other Cardiothoracic Procedures W/O CPB Pump W Cat CC | 1 | 14 | 49 | 63 | 12.1 | 11 | 14.1 | 9 | 13.7 | 9 | 64 |
| F09B Other Cardiothoracic Procedures W/O CPB Pump W Sev or Moderate CC | 6 | 27 | 29 | 56 | 7.4 | 5 | 7.4 | 6 | 7.4 | 6 | 62 |
| F09C Other Cardiothoracic Procedures W/O CPB Pump W/O CC | 34 | 35 | 41 | 76 | 4.1 | 3 | 6.7 | 4 | 5.5 | 3 | 110 |
| F10A Interventional Coronary Procedures W AMI W Cat CC | 0 | 11 | 132 | 143 | 5.8 | 4 | 13.8 | 8 | 13.2 | 8 | 143 |
| F10B Interventional Coronary Procedures W AMI W/O Cat CC | 142 | 128 | 1,317 | 1,445 | 2.4 | 1 | 3.9 | 3 | 3.8 | 3 | 1,587 |
| F11A Amputation for Circ System Except Upper Limb and Toe W Cat CC | 0 | 17 | 52 | 69 | 26.6 | 16 | 61.3 | 45 | 52.8 | 40 | 69 |
| F11B Amputation for Circ System Except Upper Limb and Toe W/O Cat CC | 0 | 35 | 62 | 97 | 26.9 | 17 | 28.2 | 20 | 27.8 | 19 | 97 |
| F12A Implantation or Replacement of Pacemaker, Total System W Cat CC | 3 | 15 | 81 | 96 | 14.8 | 7 | 15.4 | 10 | 15.3 | 9 | 99 |
| F12B Implantation or Replacement of Pacemaker, Total System W/O Cat CC | 320 | 196 | 426 | 622 | 2.2 | 1 | 6.6 | 5 | 5.2 | 3 | 942 |
| F13A Upper Limb and Toe Amputation for Circulatory Sys Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 4 | 10 | 43 | 53 | 24.7 | 16 | 18.0 | 14 | 19.2 | 14 | 57 |
| F13B Upper Limb and Toe Amputation for Circulatory Sys Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 5 | 18 | 24 | 42 | 14.2 | 9 | 13.1 | 12 | 13.6 | 11 | 47 |

 TABLE 5.7
 Total Discharges: MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | | In-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| F14A Vascular Procs Except Major Reconstruction W/O CPB Pump W Cat CC | 0 | 65 | 176 | 241 | 12.5 | 7 | 20.1 | 14 | 18.0 | 12 | 241 |
| F14B Vascular Procs Except Major Reconstruction W/O CPB Pump W Sev or Mod CC | 25 | 174 | 163 | 337 | 4.9 | 2 | 9.5 | 7 | 7.1 | 5 | 362 |
| F14C Vascular Procs Except Major Reconstruction W/O CPB Pump W/O CC | 171 | 402 | 165 | 567 | 3.1 | 2 | 6.4 | 5 | 4.1 | 2 | 738 |
| F15A Interventional Coronary Procs W/O AMI W Stent Implantation W Cat or Sev CC | 24 | 187 | 242 | 429 | 2.4 | 1 | 9.6 | 5 | 6.4 | 3 | 453 |
| F15B Interventional Coronary Procs W/O AMI W Stent Implantation W/O Cat or Sev CC | 607 | 998 | 754 | 1,752 | 1.3 | 1 | 3.4 | 2 | 2.2 | 1 | 2,359 |
| F16A Interventional Coronary Procedures W/O AMI W/O Stent Implantation W CC | 3 | 18 | 26 | 44 | 5.1 | 1 | 8.0 | 5 | 6.8 | 3 | 47 |
| F16B Interventional Coronary Procedures W/O AMI W/O Stent Implantation W/O CC | 21 | 31 | 29 | 60 | 1.4 | 1 | 4.6 | 4 | 2.9 | 2 | 81 |
| F17A Insertion or Replacement of Pacemaker Generator W Cat or Sev CC | 8 | 6 | 17 | 23 | 1.5 | 1 | 21.4 | 7 | 16.2 | 4 | 31 |
| F17B Insertion or Replacement of Pacemaker Generator W/O Cat or Sev CC | 134 | 42 | 39 | 81 | 2.0 | 1 | 5.0 | 4 | 3.5 | 2 | 215 |
| F18A Other Pacemaker Procedures W CC | 5 | 11 | 25 | 36 | 8.3 | 2 | 14.5 | 7 | 12.6 | 6 | 41 |
| F18B Other Pacemaker Procedures W/O CC | 13 | 12 | 26 | 38 | 2.2 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 51 |
| F19Z Trans-Vascular Percutaneous Cardiac Intervention | 46 | 188 | 26 | 214 | 2.4 | 2 | 15.1 | 10 | 4.0 | 2 | 260 |
| F20Z Vein Ligation and Stripping | 2,953 | 561 | 16 | 577 | 1.2 | 1 | 3.6 | 1 | 1.2 | 1 | 3,530 |
| F21A Other Circulatory System OR Procedures W Cat CC | 1 | 9 | 46 | 55 | 12.7 | 4 | 22.2 | 14 | 20.6 | 12 | 56 |
| F21B Other Circulatory System OR Procedures W/O Cat CC | 17 | 37 | 59 | 96 | 8.1 | 3 | 9.9 | 7 | 9.2 | 5 | 113 |
| F40A Circulatory System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W Cat CC | 0 | 1 | 60 | 61 | 23.0 | 23 | 15.2 | 7 | 15.3 | 7 | 61 |
| F40B Circulatory System Diagnosis W Ventilator Support W/O Cat CC | 0 | 2 | 58 | 60 | 22.5 | 23 | 5.8 | 3 | 6.4 | 3 | 60 |
| F41A Circulatory Disorders W AMI W Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc W Cat or Sev CC | 8 | 8 | 182 | 190 | 4.5 | 2 | 10.7 | 8 | 10.5 | 8 | 198 |
| F41B Circulatory Disorders W AMI W Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc W/O Cat or Sev CC | 135 | 36 | 510 | 546 | 3.6 | 1 | 4.6 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 681 |
| F42A Circulatory Disorders W/O AMI W Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 110 | 533 | 643 | 8.0 | 4 | 11.5 | 8 | 10.9 | 8 | 643 |
| F42B Circulatory Disorders W/O AMI W Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 609 | 2,351 | 2,960 | 3.0 | 1 | 4.1 | 3 | 3.9 | 3 | 2,960 |
| F42C Circulatory Disorders W/O AMI W Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc, Sameday | 9,167 | 237 | 378 | 615 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 9,782 |
| F43Z Circulatory System Diagnosis W Non-Invasive Ventilation | 0 | 6 | 136 | 142 | 12.8 | 14 | 19.6 | 12 | 19.3 | 12 | 142 |
| F60A Circulatory Disorders W AMI W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves Proc W Cat CC | 0 | 8 | 483 | 491 | 16.4 | 14 | 15.7 | 11 | 15.7 | 11 | 491 |
| F60B Circulatory Disorders W AMI W/O Invasive Cardiac Inves Pr W/O Cat CC | 16 | 234 | 2,833 | 3,067 | 3.9 | 2 | 5.6 | 4 | 5.5 | 4 | 3,083 |

TABLE 5.7 Total Discharges: MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | | In-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC F Discours and Discours of the Circulaters Contains | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 5 Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | To | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| F61A Infective Endocarditis W Cat CC | 1 | 4 | 38 | 42 | 26.8 | 24 | 30.6 | 31 | 30.2 | 29 | 43 |
| F61B Infective Endocarditis W/O Cat CC | 66 | 13 | 42 | 55 | 12.5 | 10 | 21.0 | 13 | 19.0 | 13 | 121 |
| F62A Heart Failure and Shock W Cat CC | 3 | 48 | 1,237 | 1,285 | 22.8 | 11 | 20.1 | 12 | 20.2 | 12 | 1,288 |
| F62B Heart Failure and Shock W/O Cat CC | 141 | 184 | 3,788 | 3,974 | 8.8 | 5 | 8.2 | 6 | 8.2 | 6 | 4,115 |
| F63A Venous Thrombosis W Cat or Sev CC | 13 | 15 | 278 | 293 | 6.6 | 5 | 11.2 | 7 | 10.9 | 7 | 306 |
| F63B Venous Thrombosis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 323 | 68 | 1,332 | 1,400 | 2.9 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 1,723 |
| F64A Skin Ulcers in Circulatory Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 9 | 104 | 113 | 30.3 | 29 | 21.0 | 14 | 21.7 | 14 | 113 |
| F64B Skin Ulcers in Circulatory Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 66 | 39 | 147 | 186 | 10.6 | 6 | 8.9 | 7 | 9.2 | 7 | 252 |
| F65A Peripheral Vascular Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 28 | 90 | 286 | 376 | 10.9 | 6 | 11.4 | 7 | 11.3 | 6 | 404 |
| F65B Peripheral Vascular Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 846 | 291 | 680 | 971 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.7 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 1,817 |
| F66A Coronary Atherosclerosis W Cat or Sev CC | 19 | 97 | 304 | 401 | 6.4 | 4 | 7.9 | 6 | 7.5 | 5 | 420 |
| F66B Coronary Atherosclerosis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 386 | 373 | 1,669 | 2,043 | 3.1 | 1 | 3.5 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 2,429 |
| F67A Hypertension W Cat or Sev CC | 11 | 5 | 145 | 150 | 4.6 | 4 | 6.4 | 3 | 6.3 | 3 | 161 |
| F67B Hypertension W/O Cat or Sev CC | 319 | 90 | 1,508 | 1,599 | 2.5 | 2 | 2.4 | 1 | 2.4 | 1 | 1,918 |
| F68A Congenital Heart Disease W CC | 103 | 37 | 25 | 62 | 5.6 | 2 | 6.4 | 4 | 6.0 | 2 | 165 |
| F68B Congenital Heart Disease W/O CC | 446 | 107 | 47 | 154 | 2.5 | 1 | 4.3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 600 |
| F69A Valvular Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 40 | 40 | 259 | 299 | 7.0 | 6 | 9.4 | 6 | 9.1 | 6 | 339 |
| F69B Valvular Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 856 | 165 | 2,422 | 2,588 | 2.9 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 3,444 |
| F72A Unstable Angina W Cat or Sev CC | 2 | 32 | 286 | 318 | 4.4 | 2 | 7.2 | 5 | 6.9 | 5 | 320 |
| F72B Unstable Angina W/O Cat or Sev CC | 44 | 167 | 1,589 | 1,756 | 2.8 | 1 | 3.8 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 1,800 |
| F73A Syncope and Collapse W Cat or Sev CC | 10 | 43 | 2,072 | 2,115 | 12.9 | 5 | 11.6 | 5 | 11.6 | 5 | 2,125 |
| F73B Syncope and Collapse W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2,861 | 152 | 6,963 | 7,117 | 5.2 | 3 | 3.1 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 9,978 |
| F74Z Chest Pain | 1,485 | 426 | 18,517 | 18,948 | 2.0 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 20,433 |
| F75A Other Circulatory System Diagnoses W Cat CC | 0 | 15 | 185 | 201 | 11.4 | 8 | 14.7 | 9 | 14.4 | 9 | 201 |
| F75B Other Circulatory System Diagnoses W Sev or Moderate CC | 135 | 128 | 884 | 1,012 | 5.9 | 4 | 6.8 | 4 | 6.7 | 4 | 1,147 |
| F75C Other Circulatory System Diagnoses W/O CC | 319 | 121 | 829 | 950 | 4.7 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 1,269 |
| F76A Arrhythmia, Cardiac Arrest and Conduction Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 46 | 68 | 1,406 | 1,474 | 7.4 | 5 | 9.0 | 6 | 8.9 | 5 | 1,520 |
| F76B Arrhythmia, Cardiac Arrest and Conduction Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2,087 | 607 | 5,964 | 6,573 | 2.5 | 1 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 8,660 |
| Total Discharges | 24.667 | 9,505 | 65.698 | 75.218 | 5.0 | 2 | 5.0 | 2 | 5.0 | 2 | 99.885 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

 TABLE 5.8
 Total Discharges: MDC 6 Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|----------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stav ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 6 Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | <u> </u> | gency | To | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| G01A Rectal Resection W Cat CC | 0 | 130 | 98 | 228 | 23.8 | 18 | 37.1 | 24 | 29.5 | 21 | 228 |
| G01B Rectal Resection W/O Cat CC | 1 | 489 | 110 | 599 | 11.2 | 9 | 16.2 | 14 | 12.1 | 10 | 600 |
| G02A Major Small and Large Bowel Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 266 | 579 | 845 | 20.7 | 16 | 31.3 | 23 | 27.9 | 20 | 845 |
| G02B Major Small and Large Bowel Procedures W/O Cat CC | 113 | 1,002 | 748 | 1,750 | 9.3 | 8 | 14.7 | 12 | 11.6 | 9 | 1,863 |
| G03A Stomach, Oesophageal and Duodenal Procedure W Malignancy or W Cat CC | 5 | 232 | 117 | 349 | 18.3 | 14 | 25.0 | 21 | 20.6 | 15 | 354 |
| G03B Stomach, Oesophageal and Duodenal Procedures W/O Malignancy W Sev or Mod CC | 2 | 46 | 61 | 107 | 7.0 | 4 | 13.5 | 8 | 10.7 | 7 | 109 |
| G03C Stomach, Oesophageal and Duodenal Procedures W/O Malignancy W/O CC | 64 | 216 | 83 | 299 | 3.0 | 2 | 7.3 | 6 | 4.2 | 3 | 363 |
| G04A Peritoneal Adhesiolysis W Cat CC | 0 | 13 | 61 | 74 | 28.2 | 18 | 24.7 | 18 | 25.3 | 18 | 74 |
| G04B Peritoneal Adhesiolysis W Sev or Moderate CC | 1 | 48 | 99 | 147 | 11.1 | 7 | 13.6 | 11 | 12.8 | 9 | 148 |
| G04C Peritoneal Adhesiolysis W/O CC | 68 | 200 | 356 | 556 | 3.6 | 2 | 6.2 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 624 |
| G05A Minor Small and Large Bowel Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 28 | 7 | 35 | 13.4 | 9 | 28.4 | 22 | 16.4 | 11 | 35 |
| G05B Minor Small and Large Bowel Procedures W Sev or Moderate CC | 2 | 73 | 16 | 89 | 9.0 | 7 | 22.6 | 11 | 11.4 | 8 | 91 |
| G05C Minor Small and Large Bowel Procedures W/O CC | 21 | 242 | 11 | 253 | 6.6 | 6 | 8.8 | 10 | 6.7 | 6 | 274 |
| G06Z Pyloromyotomy Procedure | 0 | 3 | 67 | 70 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.6 | 4 | 3.6 | 4 | 70 |
| G07A Appendicectomy W Malignancy or Peritonitis or W Cat or Sev CC | 3 | 16 | 1,058 | 1,074 | 4.3 | 4 | 5.2 | 4 | 5.2 | 4 | 1,077 |
| G07B Appendicectomy W/O Malignancy or Peritonitis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 18 | 105 | 5,164 | 5,270 | 1.8 | 1 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 5,288 |
| G10A Hernia Procedures W CC | 36 | 318 | 218 | 536 | 4.9 | 3 | 10.6 | 8 | 7.2 | 5 | 572 |
| G10B Hernia Procedures W/O CC | 2,493 | 2,130 | 456 | 2,586 | 1.8 | 1 | 3.5 | 3 | 2.1 | 1 | 5,079 |
| G11Z Anal and Stomal Procedures | 4,277 | 645 | 968 | 1,615 | 2.9 | 1 | 3.9 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 | 5,892 |
| G12A Other Digestive System OR Procedures W Cat CC | 6 | 32 | 131 | 163 | 18.2 | 13 | 26.2 | 18 | 24.6 | 17 | 169 |
| G12B Other Digestive System OR Procedures W Sev or Moderate CC | 70 | 116 | 180 | 296 | 6.1 | 4 | 11.9 | 9 | 9.6 | 6 | 366 |
| G12C Other Digestive System OR Procedures W/O CC | 444 | 173 | 478 | 654 | 3.9 | 2 | 5.9 | 4 | 5.4 | 4 | 1,098 |
| G46A Complex Gastroscopy W Cat CC | 0 | 23 | 203 | 226 | 14.4 | 14 | 22.7 | 15 | 21.8 | 15 | 226 |
| G46B Complex Gastroscopy W/O Cat CC | 0 | 633 | 1,466 | 2,099 | 4.1 | 2 | 8.8 | 7 | 7.4 | 5 | 2,099 |
| G46C Complex Gastroscopy, Sameday | 12,005 | 25 | 29 | 54 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 12,059 |
| G47A Other Gastroscopy W Cat CC | 0 | 28 | 352 | 380 | 12.7 | 9 | 18.0 | 11 | 17.6 | 11 | 380 |
| G47B Other Gastroscopy W/O Cat CC | 0 | 599 | 4,686 | 5,285 | 3.7 | 2 | 5.0 | 3 | 4.8 | 3 | 5,285 |
| G47C Other Gastroscopy, Sameday | 39,935 | 31 | 361 | 392 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 40,327 |
| G48A Colonoscopy W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 104 | 497 | 601 | 7.0 | 4 | 15.4 | 10 | 13.9 | 9 | 601 |
| G48B Colonoscopy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 809 | 1,950 | 2,759 | 2.7 | 2 | 6.1 | 5 | 5.1 | 4 | 2,759 |
| G48C Colonoscopy, Sameday | 41,565 | 60 | 64 | 124 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 41,689 |
| G60A Digestive Malignancy W Cat CC | 87 | 107 | 252 | 359 | 17.0 | 9 | 13.1 | 9 | 14.3 | 9 | 446 |
| G60B Digestive Malignancy W/O Cat CC | 4,346 | 894 | 774 | 1,668 | 9.4 | 3 | 8.0 | 5 | 8.7 | 4 | 6,014 |
| G61A GI Haemorrhage W Cat or Sev CC | 13 | 13 | 382 | 395 | 6.9 | 3 | 8.5 | 4 | 8.4 | 4 | 408 |
| G61B GI Haemorrhage W/O Cat or Sev CC | 276 | 42 | 1,195 | 1,238 | 4.3 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 1,514 |
| G62Z Complicated Peptic Ulcer | 81 | 7 | 75 | 82 | 1.9 | 1 | 5.4 | 3 | 5.1 | 3 | 163 |
| G63Z Uncomplicated Peptic Ulcer | 9 | 4 | 74 | 78 | 4.0 | 4 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 87 |

TABLE 5.8 Total Discharges: MDC 6 Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | li | n-Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|------------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC C Discours and Discours of the Discours Contains | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 6 Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| G64A Inflammatory Bowel Disease W CC | 87 | 26 | 169 | 195 | 6.6 | 5 | 8.3 | 6 | 8.0 | 6 | 282 |
| G64B Inflammatory Bowel Disease W/O CC | 4,804 | 101 | 761 | 863 | 3.9 | 4 | 4.3 | 3 | 4.3 | 3 | 5,667 |
| G65A GI Obstruction W Cat or Sev CC | 5 | 12 | 371 | 383 | 15.8 | 11 | 10.7 | 7 | 10.9 | 7 | 388 |
| G65B GI Obstruction W/O Cat or Sev CC | 5 | 13 | 816 | 829 | 8.1 | 4 | 4.4 | 3 | 4.4 | 3 | 834 |
| G66Z Abdominal Pain or Mesenteric Adenitis | 920 | 272 | 10,569 | 10,909 | 2.9 | 2 | 2.1 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 11,829 |
| G67A Oesophagitis and Gastroenteritis W Cat/Sev CC | 36 | 55 | 1,327 | 1,382 | 11.1 | 6 | 7.9 | 4 | 8.1 | 4 | 1,418 |
| G67B Oesophagitis and Gastroenteritis W/O Cat/Sev CC | 657 | 194 | 10,553 | 10,755 | 3.4 | 2 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 11,412 |
| G70A Other Digestive System Diagnoses W Cat or Sev CC | 155 | 197 | 1,641 | 1,838 | 7.7 | 4 | 7.4 | 4 | 7.4 | 4 | 1,993 |
| G70B Other Digestive System Diagnoses W/O Cat or Sev CC | 4,995 | 677 | 8,490 | 9,178 | 3.9 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 14,173 |
| Total Discharges | 117,605 | 11,449 | 58,123 | 69,667 | 6.0 | 3 | 4.7 | 2 | 4.9 | 2 | 187,272 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes Maternity in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.9 Total Discharges: MDC 7 Diseases and Disorders of the Hepatobiliary System and Pancreas: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 7 Diseases and Disorders of the Hepatobiliary System and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Pancreas | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| H01A Pancreas, Liver and Shunt Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 84 | 53 | 137 | 16.8 | 11 | 30.5 | 22 | 22.1 | 15 | 137 |
| H01B Pancreas, Liver and Shunt Procedures W/O Cat CC | 8 | 144 | 47 | 191 | 8.6 | 7 | 14.1 | 12 | 10.0 | 8 | 199 |
| H02A Major Biliary Tract Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 28 | 50 | 78 | 22.0 | 17 | 25.5 | 23 | 24.3 | 22 | 78 |
| H02B Major Biliary Tract Procedures W Sev CC | 2 | 23 | 42 | 65 | 8.9 | 7 | 17.1 | 15 | 14.2 | 10 | 67 |
| H02C Major Biliary Tract Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 28 | 55 | 68 | 123 | 6.3 | 6 | 13.3 | 11 | 10.2 | 9 | 151 |
| H05A Hepatobiliary Diagnostic Procedures W Cat CC | 3 | 14 | 13 | 27 | 16.4 | 11 | 20.7 | 17 | 18.5 | 13 | 30 |
| H05B Hepatobiliary Diagnostic Procedures W/O Cat CC | 99 | 57 | 46 | 103 | 3.9 | 3 | 13.1 | 10 | 8.0 | 5 | 202 |
| H06A Other Hepatobiliary and Pancreas OR Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 19 | 56 | 75 | 9.2 | 10 | 32.2 | 23 | 26.3 | 17 | 75 |
| H06B Other Hepatobiliary and Pancreas OR Procedures W/O Cat CC | 20 | 106 | 64 | 170 | 4.2 | 2 | 14.7 | 12 | 8.1 | 4 | 190 |
| H07A Open Cholecystectomy W Closed CDE or W Cat CC | 0 | 16 | 30 | 46 | 13.0 | 11 | 18.8 | 17 | 16.8 | 16 | 46 |
| H07B Open Cholecystectomy W/O Closed CDE W/O Cat CC | 14 | 198 | 68 | 266 | 5.1 | 5 | 10.0 | 10 | 6.4 | 5 | 280 |
| H08A Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy W Closed CDE or W (Cat or Sev CC) | 10 | 138 | 174 | 312 | 5.2 | 3 | 12.3 | 10 | 9.2 | 7 | 322 |
| H08B Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy W/O Closed CDE W/O Cat or Sev CC | 984 | 2,553 | 651 | 3,204 | 1.7 | 1 | 5.6 | 5 | 2.5 | 2 | 4,188 |
| H40A Endoscopic Procedures for Bleeding Oesophageal Varices W Cat CC | 0 | 0 | 29 | 29 | - | - | 16.9 | 14 | 16.9 | 14 | 29 |
| H40B Endoscopic Procedures for Bleeding Oesophageal Varices W/O Cat CC | 6 | 7 | 60 | 67 | 7.3 | 2 | 10.4 | 8 | 10.1 | 7 | 73 |
| H43A ERCP Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 23 | 50 | 246 | 296 | 10.9 | 6 | 16.8 | 12 | 15.8 | 12 | 319 |
| H43B ERCP Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,415 | 272 | 625 | 897 | 3.2 | 1 | 7.9 | 7 | 6.5 | 5 | 2,312 |
| H60A Cirrhosis and Alcoholic Hepatitis W Cat CC | 9 | 28 | 264 | 292 | 19.3 | 7 | 20.0 | 13 | 19.9 | 12 | 301 |
| H60B Cirrhosis and Alcoholic Hepatitis W Sev or Moderate CC | 122 | 64 | 521 | 585 | 7.6 | 3 | 10.0 | 6 | 9.7 | 6 | 707 |
| H60C Cirrhosis and Alcoholic Hepatitis W/O CC | 328 | 32 | 138 | 170 | 2.6 | 1 | 5.8 | 4 | 5.2 | 3 | 498 |
| H61A Malignancy of Hepatobiliary System, Pancreas W Cat CC | 43 | 45 | 211 | 256 | 11.0 | 8 | 16.2 | 11 | 15.3 | 11 | 299 |
| H61B Malignancy of Hepatobiliary System, Pancreas W/O Cat CC | 1,264 | 332 | 562 | 894 | 6.2 | 3 | 9.3 | 7 | 8.2 | 5 | 2,158 |
| H62A Disorders of Pancreas Except for Malignancy W Cat or Sev CC | 13 | 20 | 362 | 382 | 26.4 | 11 | 11.1 | 8 | 11.9 | 8 | 395 |
| H62B Disorders of Pancreas Except for Malignancy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 369 | 46 | 1,263 | 1,309 | 5.2 | 4 | 5.3 | 4 | 5.3 | 4 | 1,678 |
| H63A Disorders of Liver Except Malig, Cirrhosis, Alcoholic Hepatitis W Cat/Sev CC | 55 | 41 | 396 | 437 | 7.2 | 2 | 10.7 | 7 | 10.4 | 7 | 492 |
| H63B Disorders of Liver Excep Malig, Cirrhosis, Alcoholic Hepatitis W/O Cat/Sev CC | 1,626 | 296 | 749 | 1,047 | 2.1 | 1 | 4.6 | 3 | 3.9 | 2 | 2,673 |
| H64A Disorders of the Biliary Tract W CC | 53 | 120 | 969 | 1,089 | 5.4 | 3 | 8.8 | 7 | 8.4 | 7 | 1,142 |
| H64B Disorders of the Biliary Tract W/O CC | 542 | 281 | 2,759 | 3,042 | 2.7 | 2 | 4.2 | 3 | 4.1 | 3 | 3,584 |
| Total Discharges | 7,036 | 5,069 | 10,516 | 15,589 | 3.8 | 2 | 8.0 | 5 | 6.7 | 4 | 22,625 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include Maternity in-patients.

Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.10 Total Discharges: MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Connective Tissue | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| IO1A Bilateral/Multiple Major Joint Proc of Lower Extremity W Revision or W Cat CC | 0 | 19 | 15 | 34 | 32.9 | 21 | 127.6 | 71 | 74.7 | 38 | 34 |
| IO1B Bilateral/Multiple Major Joint Pr of Lower Extremity W/O Revision W/O Cat CC | 0 | 34 | 1 | 35 | 10.7 | 7 | 17.0 | 17 | 10.9 | 7 | 35 |
| ${\sf IO2A}$ Microvascular Tissue Transfer or (Skin Graft W Cat or Sev CC), Excluding Hand | 1 | 16 | 34 | 50 | 12.9 | 9 | 41.1 | 29 | 32.0 | 21 | 51 |
| IO2B Skin Graft W/O Cat or Sev CC, Excluding Hand | 12 | 41 | 38 | 79 | 3.9 | 2 | 15.0 | 11 | 9.3 | 3 | 91 |
| IO3A Hip Replacement W Cat CC | 0 | 100 | 296 | 396 | 14.7 | 11 | 34.6 | 21 | 29.6 | 18 | 396 |
| IO3B Hip Replacement W/O Cat CC | 0 | 3,132 | 1,171 | 4,303 | 6.1 | 6 | 14.0 | 10 | 8.3 | 6 | 4,303 |
| 104A Knee Replacement W Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 291 | 1 | 292 | 10.2 | 8 | 14.0 | 14 | 10.2 | 8 | 293 |
| IO4B Knee Replacement W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 1,876 | 11 | 1,887 | 5.8 | 5 | 8.6 | 6 | 5.8 | 5 | 1,888 |
| 105A Other Joint Replacement W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 19 | 10 | 29 | 6.8 | 5 | 27.5 | 13 | 14.0 | 7 | 29 |
| IO5B Other Joint Replacement W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2 | 148 | 68 | 216 | 3.8 | 3 | 5.4 | 4 | 4.3 | 3 | 218 |
| 106Z Spinal Fusion W Deformity | 19 | 148 | 2 | 150 | 8.7 | 7 | 11.5 | 12 | 8.7 | 7 | 169 |
| IO7Z Amputation | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 7.3 | 5 | 80.7 | 35 | 56.2 | 20 | 30 |
| IO8A Other Hip and Femur Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 19 | 409 | 428 | 21.2 | 14 | 33.3 | 24 | 32.7 | 24 | 428 |
| 108B Other Hip and Femur Procedures W/O Cat CC | 39 | 329 | 1,873 | 2,202 | 5.7 | 3 | 12.7 | 9 | 11.7 | 8 | 2,241 |
| IO9A Spinal Fusion W Cat CC | 0 | 21 | 32 | 53 | 26.3 | 14 | 20.5 | 11 | 22.8 | 13 | 53 |
| 109B Spinal Fusion W/O Cat CC | 1 | 262 | 139 | 401 | 6.3 | 4 | 9.7 | 7 | 7.5 | 5 | 402 |
| I10A Other Back and Neck Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 4 | 66 | 53 | 119 | 10.6 | 6 | 23.2 | 8 | 16.2 | 7 | 123 |
| I10B Other Back and Neck Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 930 | 805 | 281 | 1,086 | 2.8 | 2 | 4.7 | 3 | 3.3 | 2 | 2,016 |
| I11Z Limb Lengthening Procedures | 2 | 49 | 2 | 51 | 5.4 | 5 | 9.0 | 9 | 5.5 | 5 | 53 |
| I12A Infect/Inflam of Bone and Joint W Misc Musculoskeletal Procs W Cat CC | 1 | 10 | 48 | 58 | 23.9 | 18 | 37.3 | 27 | 35.0 | 26 | 59 |
| I 12B Infect/Inflam of Bone and Joint W Misc Musculoskeletal Procs W Sev or Mod CC | 3 | 24 | 79 | 103 | 12.0 | 10 | 20.6 | 16 | 18.6 | 16 | 106 |
| I12C Infect/Inflam of Bone and Joint W Misc Musculoskeletal Procs W/O CC | 52 | 115 | 154 | 269 | 5.2 | 2 | 11.1 | 8 | 8.6 | 5 | 321 |
| I13A Humerus, Tibia, Fibula and Ankle Procedures W CC | 2 | 74 | 438 | 512 | 4.1 | 3 | 12.7 | 6 | 11.5 | 6 | 514 |
| I13B Humerus, Tibia, Fibula and Ankle Procedures W/O CC | 148 | 594 | 3,064 | 3,658 | 2.4 | 2 | 3.2 | 2 | 3.1 | 2 | 3,806 |
| I15Z Cranio-Facial Surgery | 0 | 76 | 2 | 78 | 4.0 | 4 | 8.0 | 8 | 4.1 | 4 | 78 |
| I16Z Other Shoulder Procedures | 227 | 828 | 45 | 873 | 1.5 | 1 | 3.4 | 2 | 1.6 | 1 | 1,100 |
| I17A Maxillo-Facial Surgery W CC | 0 | 5 | 8 | 13 | 3.0 | 4 | 5.5 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 13 |
| I17B Maxillo-Facial Surgery W/O CC | 5 | 21 | 27 | 48 | 3.8 | 3 | 3.6 | 3 | 3.7 | 3 | 53 |
| I18Z Other Knee Procedures | 2,564 | 386 | 206 | 592 | 1.5 | 1 | 4.2 | 3 | 2.4 | 1 | 3,156 |
| I19A Other Elbow or Forearm Procedures W CC | 9 | 24 | 264 | 288 | 7.1 | 2 | 5.5 | 3 | 5.6 | 3 | 297 |
| I19B Other Elbow or Forearm Procedures W/O CC | 367 | 337 | 2,420 | 2,757 | 1.5 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 3,124 |
| I20Z Other Foot Procedures | 436 | 766 | 431 | 1,197 | 1.8 | 1 | 3.8 | 2 | 2.5 | 2 | 1,633 |

TABLE 5.10 Total Discharges: MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | <u>In-</u> | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Connective Tissue | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| I21Z Local Excision and Removal of Internal Fixation Devices of Hip and | 112 | 76 | 5 | 81 | 2.7 | 1 | 10.0 | 9 | 3.2 | 1 | 193 |
| Femur | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I23Z Local Excision and Removal of Internal Fixation Devices Excl Hip and | 2,485 | 444 | 43 | 487 | 2.0 | 1 | 8.6 | 2 | 2.5 | 1 | 2,972 |
| Femur | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I24Z Arthroscopy | 928 | 201 | 77 | 278 | 1.3 | 1 | 4.9 | 2 | 2.3 | 1 | 1,206 |
| I25A Bone and Joint Diagnostic Procedures Including Biopsy W CC | 22 | 12 | 32 | 44 | 5.3 | 1 | 33.0 | 21 | 25.4 | 17 | 66 |
| I25B Bone and Joint Diagnostic Procedures Including Biopsy W/O CC | 89 | 26 | 35 | 61 | 3.4 | 2 | 5.7 | 3 | 4.7 | 2 | 150 |
| I27A Soft Tissue Procedures W CC | 39 | 57 | 100 | 157 | 5.5 | 3 | 19.7 | 11 | 14.6 | 7 | 196 |
| I27B Soft Tissue Procedures W/O CC | 656 | 221 | 316 | 537 | 2.6 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 1,193 |
| I28A Other Musculoskeletal Procedures W CC | 14 | 45 | 91 | 136 | 7.4 | 4 | 14.6 | 10 | 12.2 | 7 | 150 |
| I28B Other Musculoskeletal Procedures W/O CC | 179 | 239 | 314 | 553 | 2.2 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 732 |
| 129Z Knee Reconstruction or Revision | 17 | 569 | 20 | 589 | 1.4 | 1 | 2.3 | 2 | 1.4 | 1 | 606 |
| I30Z Hand Procedures | 1,825 | 562 | 1,783 | 2,345 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.6 | 1 | 4,170 |
| I31A Hip Revision W Cat CC | 0 | 21 | 26 | 47 | 20.0 | 15 | 44.2 | 31 | 33.4 | 22 | 47 |
| I31B Hip Revision W/O Cat CC | 0 | 420 | 87 | 507 | 8.2 | 7 | 23.1 | 13 | 10.8 | 7 | 507 |
| I32A Knee Revision W Cat CC | 0 | 9 | 7 | 16 | 16.8 | 17 | 42.1 | 26 | 27.9 | 19 | 16 |
| I32B Knee Revision W Sev CC | 0 | 32 | 0 | 32 | 11.1 | 8 | - | - | 11.1 | 8 | 32 |
| I32C Knee Revision W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 90 | 14 | 104 | 9.0 | 7 | 16.5 | 12 | 10.0 | 7 | 105 |
| I60Z Femoral Shaft Fractures | 4 | 3 | 89 | 92 | 9.3 | 1 | 5.9 | 3 | 6.1 | 3 | 96 |
| I61A Distal Femoral Fractures W CC | 0 | 1 | 26 | 27 | 98.0 | 98 | 18.5 | 8 | 21.4 | 8 | 27 |
| I61B Distal Femoral Fractures W/O CC | 2 | 6 | 70 | 76 | 3.3 | 3 | 3.6 | 2 | 3.6 | 2 | 78 |
| I63A Sprains, Strains and Dislocations of Hip, Pelvis and Thigh W CC | 0 | 1 | 37 | 38 | 8.0 | 8 | 13.9 | 8 | 13.8 | 8 | 38 |
| I63B Sprains, Strains and Dislocations of Hip, Pelvis and Thigh W/O CC | 1 | 2 | 148 | 150 | 5.0 | 5 | 4.7 | 1 | 4.7 | 1 | 151 |
| I64A Osteomyelitis W Cat or Sev CC | 6 | 19 | 107 | 126 | 17.1 | 12 | 23.5 | 15 | 22.6 | 15 | 132 |
| I64B Osteomyelitis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 323 | 36 | 173 | 209 | 17.5 | 6 | 9.8 | 7 | 11.1 | 7 | 532 |
| I65A Musculoskeletal Malignant Neoplasms W Cat CC | 10 | 22 | 75 | 97 | 9.9 | 7 | 14.9 | 9 | 13.8 | 9 | 107 |
| I65B Musculoskeletal Malignant Neoplasms W/O Cat CC | 869 | 372 | 375 | 747 | 5.8 | 4 | 8.1 | 5 | 7.0 | 4 | 1,616 |
| 166A Inflammatory Musculoskeletal Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 92 | 52 | 158 | 210 | 11.0 | 5 | 16.7 | 10 | 15.3 | 9 | 302 |
| I66B Inflammatory Musculoskeletal Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 7,698 | 282 | 551 | 833 | 4.2 | 4 | 5.5 | 3 | 5.0 | 3 | 8,531 |
| 167A Septic Arthritis W Cat or Sev CC | 2 | 3 | 37 | 40 | 42.3 | 42 | 21.8 | 15 | 23.3 | 16 | 42 |
| I67B Septic Arthritis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 42 | 12 | 77 | 89 | 7.3 | 7 | 6.8 | 5 | 6.9 | 5 | 131 |
| 168A Non-surgical Spinal Disorders W CC | 0 | 115 | 904 | 1,019 | 9.3 | 4 | 12.8 | 7 | 12.4 | 6 | 1,019 |
| I68B Non-surgical Spinal Disorders W/O CC | 0 | 323 | 1,722 | 2,049 | 4.0 | 2 | 5.1 | 3 | 5.0 | 3 | 2,049 |
| 168C Non-surgical Spinal Disorders, Sameday | 13,144 | 40 | 589 | 630 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 13,774 |
| 169A Bone Diseases and Arthropathies W Cat or Sev CC | 27 | 47 | 186 | 233 | 5.2 | 2 | 14.1 | 8 | 12.3 | 7 | 260 |
| 169B Bone Diseases and Arthropathies W/O Cat or Sev CC | 5.417 | 374 | 693 | 1.067 | 2.9 | 2 | 5.5 | 2 | 4.6 | 2 | 6,484 |
| 171A Other Musculotendinous Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 72 | 19 | 280 | 299 | 9.7 | 5 | 9.5 | 4 | 9.5 | 4 | 371 |
| I71B Other Musculotendinous Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 10,052 | 338 | 3,072 | 3,414 | 3.2 | 2 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 13,466 |

TABLE 5.10 Total Discharges: MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and Connective Tissue: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | ln- | Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|----------------------|------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 8 Diseases and Disorders of the Musculoskeletal System and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^D |
| Connective Tissue | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emerg | gency | Tot | al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| 172A Specific Musculotendinous Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 16 | 7 | 92 | 99 | 45.3 | 28 | 12.8 | 8 | 15.1 | 9 | 115 |
| 172B Specific Musculotendinous Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 3,362 | 97 | 673 | 770 | 3.7 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 4,132 |
| 173A Aftercare of Musculoskeletal Implants/Prostheses W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 14 | 39 | 53 | 34.9 | 31 | 20.4 | 13 | 24.2 | 16 | 53 |
| 173B Aftercare of Musculoskeletal Implants/Prostheses W/O Cat or Sev | 1,522 | 102 | 243 | 345 | 7.9 | 2 | 5.4 | 3 | 6.2 | 2 | 1,867 |
| CC | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 174Z Injury to Forearm, Wrist, Hand or Foot | 398 | 82 | 2,468 | 2,552 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 2,950 |
| 175A Injury to Shoulder, Arm, Elbow, Knee, Leg or Ankle W CC | 6 | 9 | 438 | 447 | 20.6 | 9 | 16.4 | 7 | 16.5 | 7 | 453 |
| I75B Injury to Shoulder, Arm, Elbow, Knee, Leg or Ankle W/O CC | 236 | 69 | 1,639 | 1,710 | 4.0 | 1 | 2.5 | 1 | 2.5 | 1 | 1,946 |
| I76A Other Musculoskeletal Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 27 | 13 | 136 | 149 | 7.1 | 3 | 14.5 | 7 | 13.9 | 7 | 176 |
| I76B Other Musculoskeletal Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,675 | 189 | 641 | 830 | 2.6 | 1 | 3.3 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 2,505 |
| 177A Fractures of Pelvis W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 3 | 214 | 217 | 12.3 | 12 | 24.7 | 16 | 24.5 | 15 | 217 |
| I77B Fractures of Pelvis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 2 | 357 | 359 | 9.0 | 9 | 10.1 | 6 | 10.1 | 6 | 360 |
| I78A Fractures of Neck of Femur W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 6 | 84 | 90 | 19.3 | 18 | 23.9 | 11 | 23.6 | 13 | 90 |
| I78B Fractures of Neck of Femur W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 13 | 184 | 197 | 19.0 | 14 | 7.2 | 3 | 7.9 | 4 | 198 |
| I79A Pathological Fracture W Cat CC | 0 | 0 | 35 | 35 | - | - | 36.8 | 22 | 36.8 | 22 | 35 |
| I79B Pathological Fracture W/O Cat CC | 25 | 15 | 208 | 223 | 10.2 | 7 | 12.6 | 8 | 12.4 | 8 | 248 |
| Total Discharges | 56,223 | 16,357 | 31,412 | 47,782 | 4.7 | 3 | 6.8 | 2 | 6.1 | 2 | 104,005 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- Total in-patients include Maternity in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.11 Total Discharges: MDC 9 Diseases and Disorders of the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | ln- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 9 Diseases and Disorders of the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Breast | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| J01A Microvas Tiss Transf for Skin, Subcutaneous Tiss & Breast Disd W Cat/Sev CC | 0 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 18.6 | 14 | 59 | 59 | 25.3 | 21 | 6 |
| JO1B Microvas Tiss Transf for Skin, Subcutaneous Tiss & Breast Disd W/O Cat/Sev CC | 2 | 31 | 0 | 31 | 8.2 | 7 | - | - | 8.2 | 7 | 33 |
| J06Z Major Procedures for Breast Conditions | 654 | 1,874 | 55 | 1,929 | 3.1 | 2 | 2.9 | 1 | 3.1 | 2 | 2,583 |
| J07Z Minor Procedures for Breast Conditions | 2,101 | 280 | 20 | 300 | 2.3 | 1 | 8.3 | 4 | 2.7 | 1 | 2,401 |
| J08A Other Skin Graft and/or Debridement Procedures W CC | 15 | 91 | 59 | 150 | 9.8 | 6 | 20.8 | 12 | 14.2 | 8 | 165 |
| JO8B Other Skin Graft and/or Debridement Procedures W/O CC | 790 | 244 | 80 | 324 | 2.7 | 2 | 7.1 | 4 | 3.8 | 2 | 1,114 |
| J09Z Perianal and Pilonidal Procedures | 368 | 188 | 121 | 309 | 1.9 | 1 | 2.1 | 2 | 2.0 | 1 | 677 |
| J10Z Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast Plastic OR Procedures | 1,000 | 276 | 10 | 286 | 3.6 | 2 | 7.5 | 4 | 3.8 | 2 | 1,286 |
| J11Z Other Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast Procedures | 38,088 | 652 | 363 | 1,015 | 2.8 | 1 | 5.8 | 2 | 3.9 | 2 | 39,103 |
| J12A Lower Limb Procs W Ulcer/Cellulitis W Cat CC | 0 | 6 | 24 | 30 | 22.0 | 11 | 41.8 | 23 | 37.8 | 21 | 30 |
| J12B Lower Limb Procs W Ulcer/Cellulitis W/O Cat CC W Skin Graft/Flap Repair | 2 | 13 | 9 | 22 | 7.8 | 8 | 12.0 | 11 | 9.5 | 9 | 24 |
| J12C Lower Limb Procs W Ulcer/Cellulitis W/O Cat CC W/O Skin Graft/Flap Repair | 13 | 20 | 51 | 71 | 19.9 | 12 | 12.7 | 10 | 14.7 | 11 | 84 |
| J13A Lower Limb Procs W/O Ulcer/Cellulitis W Cat CC or W (Skin Graft and Sev CC) | 2 | 23 | 8 | 31 | 9.9 | 8 | 26.8 | 21 | 14.3 | 10 | 33 |
| J13B Lower Limb Procs W/O Ulcer/Cellulitis W/O Cat CC W/O (Skin Graft and Sev CC) | 95 | 94 | 26 | 120 | 4.0 | 2 | 9.3 | 6 | 5.2 | 2 | 215 |
| J14Z Major Breast Reconstructions | 6 | 212 | 5 | 217 | 6.7 | 7 | 6.2 | 7 | 6.7 | 7 | 223 |
| J60A Skin Ulcers W Cat CC | 0 | 8 | 72 | 80 | 47.6 | 20 | 44.0 | 19 | 44.4 | 19 | 80 |
| J60B Skin Ulcers W/O Cat CC | 0 | 52 | 354 | 406 | 9.1 | 6 | 13.2 | 7 | 12.7 | 7 | 406 |
| J60C Skin Ulcers, Sameday | 792 | 0 | 34 | 34 | | | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 826 |
| J62A Malignant Breast Disorders W CC | 2,057 | 227 | 381 | 608 | 16.0 | 9 | 11.7 | 7 | 13.3 | 8 | 2,665 |
| J62B Malignant Breast Disorders W/O CC | 2,595 | 132 | 51 | 183 | 20.1 | 18 | 4.0 | 2 | 15.6 | 6 | 2,778 |
| J63A Non-Malignant Breast Disorders W CC | 27 | 3 | 34 | 37 | 2.7 | 2 | 6.7 | 5 | 6.4 | 4 | 64 |
| J63B Non-Malignant Breast Disorders W/O CC | 3,122 | 23 | 271 | 295 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 3,417 |
| J64A Cellulitis W Cat or Sev CC | 12 | 45 | 874 | 919 | 15.6 | 12 | 13.3 | 8 | 13.5 | 8 | 931 |
| J64B Cellulitis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 522 | 209 | 5,545 | 5,755 | 5.3 | 3 | 4.2 | 3 | 4.3 | 3 | 6,277 |
| ${\sf J65A}$ Trauma to the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 1 | 185 | 186 | 4 | 4 | 15.3 | 7 | 15.2 | 7 | 186 |
| J65B Trauma to the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast W/O Cat or Sev CC | 63 | 10 | 1,159 | 1,171 | 6.4 | 3 | 2.6 | 1 | 2.7 | 1 | 1,234 |
| J67A Minor Skin Disorders | 0 | 219 | 1,136 | 1,356 | 3.3 | 2 | 2.9 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 1,356 |
| J67B Minor Skin Disorders, Sameday | 11,719 | 28 | 642 | 671 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 12,390 |
| J68A Major Skin Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 10 | 86 | 97 | 12.2 | 5 | 10.4 | 7 | 10.5 | 7 | 97 |
| J68B Major Skin Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 73 | 694 | 767 | 4.8 | 4 | 4.0 | 3 | 4.1 | 3 | 767 |
| J68C Major Skin Disorders, Sameday | 17,472 | 5 | 211 | 216 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 17,688 |

TABLE 5.11 Total Discharges: MDC 9 Diseases and Disorders of the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and Breast: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 9 Diseases and Disorders of the Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue and | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Breast | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| J69A Skin Malignancy W Cat CC | 0 | 21 | 26 | 47 | 26.9 | 14 | 16.6 | 13 | 21.2 | 13 | 47 |
| J69B Skin Malignancy W/O Cat CC | 0 | 130 | 64 | 194 | 13.4 | 8 | 9.8 | 7 | 12.2 | 7 | 194 |
| J69C Skin Malignancy, Sameday | 1,408 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1,420 |
| Total Discharges | 82,925 | 5,210 | 12,658 | 17,875 | 5.2 | 2 | 5.5 | 2 | 5.4 | 2 | 100,800 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.12 Total Discharges: MDC 10 Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic Diseases and Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | <u>In</u> | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|------------|
| NADO 10 Fudamina Natritianal and Natrabalia Discours and Discours | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges |
| MDC 10 Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic Diseases and Disorders | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | ctive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | b |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| K01A OR Procedures for Diabetic Complications W Cat CC | 0 | 27 | 94 | 121 | 26.0 | 19 | 41.8 | 24 | 38.2 | 23 | 121 |
| KO1B OR Procedures for Diabetic Complications W/O Cat CC | 10 | 45 | 117 | 162 | 9.6 | 7 | 19.7 | 12 | 16.9 | 10 | 172 |
| KO2A Pituitary Procedures W CC | 0 | 36 | 8 | 44 | 9.4 | 8 | 16.4 | 15 | 10.7 | 9 | 44 |
| K02B Pituitary Procedures W/O CC | 0 | 62 | 2 | 64 | 5.4 | 4 | 3.5 | 4 | 5.3 | 4 | 64 |
| K03Z Adrenal Procedures | 1 | 40 | 15 | 55 | 9.2 | 6 | 25.2 | 23 | 13.6 | 8 | 56 |
| KO4A Major Procedures for Obesity W CC | 1 | 11 | 2 | 13 | 4.2 | 5 | 13.5 | 14 | 5.6 | 5 | 14 |
| KO4B Major Procedures for Obesity W/O CC | 0 | 31 | 1 | 32 | 6.5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6.4 | 4 | 32 |
| K05A Parathyroid Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 13 | 5 | 18 | 6.0 | 5 | 38.6 | 15 | 15.1 | 7 | 19 |
| K05B Parathyroid Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 23 | 109 | 7 | 116 | 2.2 | 2 | 8.7 | 8 | 2.6 | 2 | 139 |
| K06A Thyroid Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 52 | 6 | 58 | 6.2 | 5 | 16.7 | 13 | 7.3 | 5 | 58 |
| K06B Thyroid Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 10 | 755 | 29 | 784 | 3.1 | 3 | 7.5 | 7 | 3.2 | 3 | 794 |
| K07Z Obesity Procedures | 9 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 3.4 | 3 | - | - | 3.4 | 3 | 48 |
| K08Z Thyroglossal Procedures | 6 | 55 | 2 | 57 | 2.1 | 2 | 3.5 | 4 | 2.2 | 2 | 63 |
| K09A Other Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic OR Procedures W Cat ${\sf CC}$ | 0 | 9 | 26 | 35 | 22.0 | 17 | 27.2 | 20 | 25.9 | 19 | 35 |
| K09B Other Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic OR Procs W Sev or Moderate CC | 8 | 14 | 22 | 36 | 9.9 | 7 | 14.0 | 15 | 12.4 | 10 | 44 |
| K09C Other Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic OR Procedures W/O CC | 45 | 37 | 12 | 49 | 3.6 | 2 | 10.5 | 8 | 5.3 | 2 | 94 |
| K40A Endoscopic or Investigative Proc for Metabolic Disorders W Cat CC | 0 | 10 | 58 | 68 | 18.5 | 10 | 33.6 | 20 | 31.4 | 17 | 68 |
| K40B Endoscopic or Investigative Proc for Metabolic Disorders W/O Cat ${\sf CC}$ | 0 | 122 | 229 | 351 | 5.1 | 4 | 11.9 | 8 | 9.5 | 7 | 351 |
| K40C Endoscopic or Investigative Procedure for Metabolic Disorders, Sameday | 1,044 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1,050 |
| K60A Diabetes W Cat or Sev CC | 23 | 57 | 760 | 817 | 11.2 | 8 | 11.4 | 7 | 11.4 | 7 | 840 |
| K60B Diabetes W/O Cat or Sev CC | 284 | 371 | 2,903 | 3,275 | 3.9 | 3 | 4.3 | 3 | 4.2 | 3 | 3,559 |
| K61Z Sev Nutritional Disturbance | 0 | 4 | 39 | 43 | 34.5 | 30 | 54.9 | 20 | 53.0 | 20 | 43 |
| K62A Miscellaneous Metabolic Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 91 | 69 | 897 | 966 | 8.5 | 4 | 10.2 | 6 | 10.1 | 6 | 1,057 |
| K62B Miscellaneous Metabolic Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,145 | 341 | 1,830 | 2,175 | 3.6 | 2 | 3.6 | 2 | 3.6 | 2 | 3,320 |
| K63A Inborn Errors of Metabolism W CC | 64 | 45 | 30 | 75 | 7.5 | 4 | 9.1 | 5 | 8.1 | 4 | 139 |
| K63B Inborn Errors of Metabolism W/O CC | 770 | 89 | 75 | 164 | 2.6 | 2 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.4 | 2 | 934 |
| K64A Endocrine Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 82 | 54 | 121 | 175 | 5.5 | 4 | 12.3 | 8 | 10.2 | 6 | 257 |
| K64B Endocrine Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,922 | 410 | 593 | 1,004 | 3.4 | 3 | 3.9 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 2,926 |
| Total Discharges | 5,539 | 2,909 | 7,887 | 10,802 | 4.5 | 3 | 7.1 | 3 | 6.4 | 3 | 16,341 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes Maternity day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

 TABLE 5.13
 Total Discharges: MDC 11 Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|------------|
| MADO 44 D' | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges |
| MDC 11 Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emerg | gency | To | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| LO2A Operative Insertion of Peritoneal Catheter for Dialysis W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 22 | 22 | 44 | 5.0 | 4 | 17.0 | 14 | 11.0 | 7 | 4 |
| LO2B Operative Insertion of Peritoneal Catheter for Dialysis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 51 | 17 | 68 | 3.6 | 2 | 9.0 | 8 | 5.0 | 3 | 6 |
| LO3A Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Neoplasm W Cat CC | 0 | 81 | 40 | 121 | 16.4 | 14 | 25.9 | 23 | 19.5 | 16 | 12 |
| LO3B Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Neoplasm W Sev CC | 1 | 101 | 17 | 118 | 11.2 | 8 | 14.6 | 13 | 11.7 | 9 | 11 |
| L03C Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Neoplasm W/O Cat or Sev CC | 10 | 303 | 33 | 336 | 7.3 | 6 | 11.9 | 8 | 7.8 | 6 | 34 |
| LO4A Kidney, Ureter & Major Bladder Procedures for Non-Neoplasm W Cat CC | 6 | 42 | 100 | 142 | 13.5 | 9 | 25.5 | 19 | 22.0 | 17 | 14 |
| LO4B Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Non-Neoplasm W Sev CC | 15 | 74 | 85 | 159 | 6.9 | 6 | 15.8 | 9 | 11.6 | 8 | 17 |
| LO4C Kidney, Ureter & Major Bladder Procedures for Non-Neoplasm W/O Cat or Sev CC | 226 | 522 | 188 | 710 | 4.7 | 4 | 7.5 | 6 | 5.4 | 4 | 93 |
| LO5A Transurethral Prostatectomy W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 16 | 25 | 41 | 9.0 | 7 | 26.4 | 15 | 19.6 | 13 | 4 |
| LO5B Transurethral Prostatectomy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 7 | 90 | 31 | 121 | 4.4 | 4 | 12.3 | 10 | 6.5 | 5 | 12 |
| LO6A Minor Bladder Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 17 | 35 | 62 | 97 | 10.0 | 5 | 15.3 | 9 | 13.4 | 8 | 11 |
| LO6B Minor Bladder Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 556 | 187 | 105 | 292 | 3.5 | 3 | 6.2 | 5 | 4.5 | 3 | 84 |
| LO7A Transurethral Procedures Except Prostatectomy W CC | 55 | 287 | 202 | 489 | 5.2 | 3 | 9.1 | 6 | 6.8 | 4 | 54 |
| LO7B Transurethral Procedures Except Prostatectomy W/O CC | 701 | 638 | 412 | 1,050 | 2.6 | 2 | 3.4 | 3 | 2.9 | 2 | 1,75 |
| LO8A Urethral Procedures W CC | 3 | 17 | 10 | 27 | 4.2 | 3 | 5.0 | 5 | 4.5 | 3 | 3 |
| LO8B Urethral Procedures W/O CC | 80 | 107 | 28 | 135 | 2.8 | 2 | 3.4 | 3 | 2.9 | 2 | 21 |
| L09A Other Procedures for Kidney and Urinary Tract Disorders W Cat CC | 1 | 33 | 59 | 92 | 14.1 | 5 | 28.2 | 18 | 23.2 | 13 | g |
| LO9B Other Procedures for Kidney and Urinary Tract Disorders W Sev CC | 9 | 54 | 27 | 81 | 4.8 | 2 | 14.7 | 12 | 8.1 | 5 | g |
| L09C Other Procedures for Kidney and Urinary Tract Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 98 | 126 | 50 | 176 | 2.7 | 2 | 14.7 | 7 | 6.1 | 2 | 27 |
| L40Z Ureteroscopy | 74 | 47 | 114 | 161 | 2.5 | 2 | 4.3 | 3 | 3.8 | 2 | 23 |
| L41Z Cystourethroscopy, Sameday | 9,103 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 9,15 |
| L42Z ESW Lithotripsy for Urinary Stones | 1,647 | 22 | 39 | 61 | 2.0 | 1 | 4.0 | 4 | 3.3 | 2 | 1,70 |
| L60A Renal Failure W Cat CC | 3 | 28 | 387 | 415 | 11.0 | 8 | 19.6 | 13 | 19.0 | 12 | 41 |
| L60B Renal Failure W Sev CC | 296 | 117 | 682 | 799 | 6.6 | 4 | 9.6 | 7 | 9.2 | 6 | 1,09 |
| L60C Renal Failure W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,018 | 206 | 999 | 1,205 | 3.7 | 2 | 6.5 | 4 | 6.0 | 4 | 2,22 |
| L61Z Haemodialysis | 164,399 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 2.0 | 1 | - | - | 2.0 | 1 | 164,41 |
| L62A Kidney and Urinary Tract Neoplasms W Cat or Sev CC | 339 | 82 | 236 | 318 | 10.2 | 8 | 11.9 | 8 | 11.5 | 8 | 65 |
| L62B Kidney and Urinary Tract Neoplasms W/O Cat or Sev CC | 948 | 245 | 199 | 444 | 6.3 | 3 | 5.2 | 3 | 5.8 | 3 | 1,39 |
| L63A Kidney and Urinary Tract Infections W Cat or Sev CC | 10 | 70 | 2,603 | 2,673 | 16.0 | 6 | 14.4 | 7 | 14.4 | 7 | 2,68 |
| L63B Kidney and Urinary Tract Infections W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,353 | 207 | 6,942 | 7,160 | 6.8 | 4 | 5.2 | 3 | 5.2 | 3 | 8,51 |

TABLE 5.13 Total Discharges: MDC 11 Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| NADC 44 Discours and Discours of the Videous and University | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 11 Diseases and Disorders of the Kidney and Urinary Tract | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| L64Z Urinary Stones and Obstruction | 379 | 310 | 2,181 | 2,491 | 3.4 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 2,870 |
| L65A Kidney and Urinary Tract Signs and Symptoms W Cat or Sev CC | 23 | 51 | 401 | 452 | 5.8 | 3 | 9.7 | 5 | 9.2 | 5 | 475 |
| L65B Kidney and Urinary Tract Signs and Symptoms W/O Cat or Sev CC | 1,795 | 239 | 1,449 | 1,689 | 2.6 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 3,484 |
| L66Z Urethral Stricture | 196 | 82 | 30 | 112 | 2.3 | 2 | 4.2 | 4 | 2.8 | 2 | 308 |
| L67A Other Kidney and Urinary Tract Diagnoses W Cat or Sev CC | 192 | 124 | 584 | 708 | 7.4 | 4 | 11.9 | 8 | 11.1 | 7 | 900 |
| L67B Other Kidney and Urinary Tract Diagnoses W/O Cat or Sev CC | 4,133 | 566 | 1,067 | 1,636 | 2.8 | 2 | 4.9 | 3 | 4.2 | 2 | 5,769 |
| L68Z Peritoneal Dialysis | 146 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 147 |
| Total Discharges | 187,839 | 5,219 | 19,451 | 24,685 | 5.0 | 3 | 7.3 | 4 | 6.8 | 4 | 212,524 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.14 Total Discharges: MDC 12 Diseases and Disorders of the Male Reproductive System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | ln- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 12 Diseases and Disorders of the Male Reproductive System | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| ivide 12 diseases and disorders of the ividie Reproductive System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| M01A Major Male Pelvic Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 58 | 1 | 59 | 10.4 | 8 | 7.0 | 7 | 10.4 | 8 | 59 |
| M01B Major Male Pelvic Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2 | 384 | 3 | 387 | 6.0 | 6 | 7.7 | 6 | 6.0 | 6 | 389 |
| M02A Transurethral Prostatectomy W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 79 | 22 | 101 | 7.5 | 6 | 17.1 | 13 | 9.6 | 7 | 101 |
| M02B Transurethral Prostatectomy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 13 | 578 | 69 | 647 | 4.5 | 4 | 8.9 | 8 | 5.0 | 4 | 660 |
| M03Z Penis Procedures | 437 | 191 | 38 | 229 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.9 | 1 | 3.2 | 2 | 666 |
| M04Z Testes Procedures | 1,255 | 388 | 402 | 790 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 2,045 |
| M05Z Circumcision | 2,442 | 218 | 44 | 262 | 1.3 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 1.5 | 1 | 2,704 |
| M06A Other Male Reproductive System OR Procedures W CC | 20 | 15 | 23 | 38 | 4.7 | 4 | 10.5 | 7 | 8.2 | 6 | 58 |
| M06B Other Male Reproductive System OR Procedures W/O CC | 320 | 40 | 12 | 52 | 2.4 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 2.6 | 1 | 372 |
| M40Z Cystourethroscopy, Sameday | 1,631 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1.0 | 1 | - | - | 1.0 | 1 | 1,633 |
| M60A Malignancy, Male Reproductive System W Cat or Sev CC | 245 | 118 | 242 | 360 | 12.5 | 5 | 11.4 | 8 | 11.8 | 7 | 605 |
| M60B Malignancy, Male Reproductive System W/O Cat or Sev CC | 2,949 | 352 | 174 | 526 | 18.8 | 6 | 7.1 | 5 | 14.9 | 5 | 3,475 |
| M61Z Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy | 1,634 | 75 | 84 | 159 | 2.3 | 1 | 4.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 2 | 1,793 |
| M62Z Inflammation of the Male Reproductive System | 772 | 25 | 822 | 847 | 2.0 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 1,619 |
| M63Z Sterilisation, Male | 372 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 1.0 | 1 | - | - | 1.0 | 1 | 380 |
| M64Z Other Male Reproductive System Diagnoses | 615 | 39 | 521 | 560 | 1.5 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 2.1 | 1 | 1,175 |
| Total Discharges | 12,707 | 2,570 | 2,457 | 5,027 | 6.3 | 3 | 4.2 | 2 | 5.3 | 2 | 17,734 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.15 Total Discharges: MDC 13 Diseases and Disorders of the Female Reproductive System: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| NADC 12 Discours and Discours of the Ferral a December 1: Contains | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 13 Diseases and Disorders of the Female Reproductive System | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| N01Z Pelvic Evisceration and Radical Vulvectomy | 0 | 37 | 8 | 45 | 12.1 | 8 | 26.6 | 12 | 14.6 | 8 | 45 |
| N04A Hysterectomy for Non-Malignancy W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 164 | 9 | 173 | 7.6 | 7 | 11.7 | 9 | 7.8 | 7 | 173 |
| NO4B Hysterectomy for Non-Malignancy W/O Cat or Sev CC | 8 | 1,790 | 55 | 1,849 | 4.9 | 5 | 7.2 | 7 | 5.0 | 5 | 1,857 |
| N05A Oophorectomies and Complex Fallopian Tube Procs for Non-Malig W Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 32 | 15 | 47 | 11.4 | 8 | 8.9 | 7 | 10.6 | 7 | 48 |
| N05B Oophorectomies & Complex Fallopian Tube Procs for Non-Malig W/O Cat or Sev CC | 68 | 429 | 127 | 557 | 3.2 | 3 | 5.0 | 4 | 3.6 | 3 | 625 |
| N06A Female Reproductive System Reconstructive Procs W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 93 | 4 | 97 | 5.7 | 4 | 13.8 | 14 | 6.0 | 4 | 97 |
| N06B Female Reproductive System Reconstructive Procs W/O Cat or Sev CC | 122 | 1,468 | 11 | 1,485 | 3.0 | 3 | 5.2 | 3 | 3.1 | 3 | 1,607 |
| N07Z Other Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Non-Malignancy | 2,403 | 1,282 | 416 | 1,705 | 2.4 | 2 | 3.9 | 3 | 2.8 | 2 | 4,108 |
| N08Z Endoscopic and Laparoscopic Procedures for Female Reproductive System | 1,722 | 473 | 284 | 765 | 1.6 | 1 | 4.2 | 2 | 2.5 | 1 | 2,487 |
| N09Z Conisation, Vagina, Cervix and Vulva Procedures | 10,329 | 624 | 298 | 928 | 4.8 | 1 | 4.4 | 2 | 4.6 | 1 | 11,257 |
| N10Z Diagnostic Curettage or Diagnostic Hysteroscopy | 7,077 | 633 | 145 | 787 | 1.6 | 1 | 3.9 | 3 | 2.0 | 1 | 7,864 |
| N11Z Other Female Reproductive System OR Procedures | 38 | 80 | 59 | 139 | 7.8 | 6 | 17.6 | 9 | 11.9 | 7 | 177 |
| N12A Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Malignancy W Cat CC | 0 | 63 | 18 | 81 | 17.5 | 10 | 22.7 | 22 | 18.6 | 13 | 81 |
| N12B Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Malignancy W/O Cat CC | 18 | 499 | 80 | 580 | 6.1 | 6 | 10.5 | 8 | 6.7 | 6 | 598 |
| N60A Malignancy, Female Reproductive System W Cat CC | 45 | 39 | 117 | 156 | 13.5 | 7 | 15.4 | 11 | 14.9 | 10 | 201 |
| N60B Malignancy, Female Reproductive System W/O Cat CC | 1,267 | 318 | 336 | 656 | 9.7 | 3 | 7.2 | 5 | 8.4 | 4 | 1,923 |
| N61Z Infections, Female Reproductive System | 211 | 9 | 342 | 357 | 1.3 | 1 | 3.4 | 2 | 3.3 | 2 | 568 |
| N62Z Menstrual and Other Female Reproductive System Disorders | 6,689 | 398 | 2,287 | 2,776 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 9,465 |
| Total Discharges | 29,998 | 8,431 | 4,611 | 13,183 | 4.1 | 3 | 4.1 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 | 43,181 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes Maternity day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.16 Total Discharges: MDC 14 Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Davi | | | | | | In-Patients | ; | | | | | | Tatal |
|---|------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|------|-------------|------|--------|----------------------|---------|------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| MDC 14 Pregnancy, Childbirth and the Puerperium | Day Patients ^a | | Disch | arges | | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | | Total Discharges ^b |
| WDC 14 Fleghancy, Chilabitti and the Fuerperium | ratients | Elective | Emergency | Maternity | Total ^d | Ele | ctive | Eme | rgency | Mat | ternity | To | otal ^e | Discharges |
| | N | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| O01A Caesarean Delivery W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3,367 | 3,368 | - | - | 3.0 | 3 | 8.5 | 6 | 8.5 | 6 | 3,368 |
| O01B Caesarean Delivery W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,053 | 16,053 | - | - | - | - | 4.6 | 4 | 4.6 | 4 | 16,053 |
| O02A Vaginal Delivery W OR Procedure W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 189 | 189 | - | - | - | - | 5.1 | 4 | 5.1 | 4 | 189 |
| O02B Vaginal Delivery W OR Procedure W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 992 | 992 | - | - | - | - | 3.3 | 3 | 3.3 | 3 | 992 |
| O03A Ectopic Pregnancy W CC | 2 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 33 | - | - | - | - | 4.2 | 3 | 4.2 | 3 | 35 |
| O03B Ectopic Pregnancy W/O CC | 45 | 0 | 2 | 692 | 694 | - | - | 3.5 | 4 | 2.3 | 2 | 2.3 | 2 | 739 |
| O04A Postpartum and Post Abortion W OR Procedure W Cat or Sev CC ^f | 2 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 38 | - | - | - | - | 4.8 | 3 | 4.8 | 3 | 40 |
| O04B Postpartum and Post Abortion W OR Procedure W/O Cat or Sev CC^{f} | 34 | 0 | 0 | 217 | 217 | - | - | - | - | 2.6 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 | 251 |
| O05Z Abortion W OR Procedure ^f | 1,763 | 0 | 1 | 2,833 | 2,834 | - | - | 5.0 | 5 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 4,597 |
| O60Z Vaginal Delivery | 0 | 1 | 2 | 48,382 | 48,385 | 4.0 | 4 | 2.0 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 48,385 |
| O61Z Postpartum and Post Abortion W/O OR Procedure ^f | 75 | 2 | 9 | 2,856 | 2,867 | 3.0 | 3 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.2 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 | 2,942 |
| O63Z Abortion W/O OR Procedure ^f | 523 | 2 | 4 | 3,347 | 3,353 | 3.5 | 4 | 7.3 | 3 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 3,876 |
| O64Z False Labour | 22 | 0 | 0 | 7,133 | 7,133 | - | - | - | - | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 7,155 |
| O66Z Antenatal and Other Obstetric Admission | 4,778 | 3 | 26 | 37,495 | 37,524 | 2.7 | 3 | 2.8 | 2 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 42,302 |
| Total Discharges | 7,244 | 8 | 45 | 123,627 | 123,680 | 3.1 | 4 | 3.2 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 | 130,924 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.
- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include Maternity in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.
- f This includes pregnancy with abortive outcome.

 TABLE 5.17
 Total Discharges: MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-----------|
| MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharge |
| WIDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| P01Z Neonate, Died or Transferred <5 Days of Admission W Significant | 2 | 0 | 23 | 23 | - | - | 2.8 | 3 | 2.8 | 3 | : |
| OR Procedure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P02Z Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures for Neonates | 0 | 4 | 58 | 62 | 18.8 | 18 | 38.2 | 20 | 37.0 | 20 | |
| P03Z Neonate, AdmWt 1000-1499 g W Significant OR Procedure | 0 | 3 | 238 | 241 | 32.0 | 33 | 46.5 | 46 | 46.3 | 46 | 2 |
| P04Z Neonate, AdmWt 1500-1999 g W Significant OR Procedure | 0 | 5 | 140 | 145 | 31.6 | 42 | 33.7 | 29 | 33.7 | 29 | 1 |
| P05Z Neonate, AdmWt 2000-2499 g W Significant OR Procedure | 0 | 4 | 87 | 91 | 71.8 | 31 | 27.6 | 19 | 29.5 | 19 | |
| P06A Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W Significant OR Procedure W Multi Major Problems | 0 | 13 | 161 | 174 | 22.9 | 15 | 28.3 | 18 | 27.9 | 18 | 1 |
| P06B Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W Significant OR Procedure W/O Multi Major Problems | 4 | 17 | 146 | 163 | 6.0 | 5 | 14.2 | 11 | 13.4 | 10 | 1 |
| PGOA Neonate, Died or Transferred <5 Days of Adm, W/O Significant DR Proc, Newborn | 0 | 0 | 467 | 467 | - | - | 1.4 | 1 | 1.4 | 1 | 4 |
| P60B Neonate, Died or Transf <5 Days of Adm, W/O Significant OR Proc, Not Newborn | 4 | 5 | 186 | 191 | 1.2 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 |
| P61Z Neonate, AdmWt <750 g | 0 | 0 | 74 | 74 | - | - | 69.1 | 79 | 69.1 | 79 | |
| 262Z Neonate, AdmWt 750-999 g | 22 | 2 | 141 | 143 | 20.5 | 21 | 58.1 | 63 | 57.6 | 63 | |
| P63Z Neonate, AdmWt 1000-1249 g W/O Significant OR Procedure | 0 | 3 | 75 | 78 | 40.0 | 46 | 30.1 | 35 | 30.4 | 35 | |
| P64Z Neonate, AdmWt 1250-1499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure | 2 | 5 | 127 | 132 | 32.0 | 30 | 29.9 | 30 | 30.0 | 30 | |
| P65A Neonate, AdmWt 1500-1999 g W/O Significant OR Proc W Multi Major Problems | 0 | 2 | 47 | 49 | 28.5 | 29 | 26.9 | 26 | 27.0 | 26 | |
| P65B Neonate, AdmWt 1500-1999 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Major Problem | 1 | 7 | 232 | 239 | 31.4 | 34 | 22.8 | 21 | 23.1 | 22 | : |
| P65C Neonate, AdmWt 1500-1999 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Other Problem | 0 | 2 | 274 | 276 | 35.5 | 36 | 17.4 | 16 | 17.5 | 17 | : |
| P65D Neonate, AdmWt 1500-1999 g W/O Significant OR Procedure N/O Problem | 2 | 10 | 158 | 168 | 15.9 | 16 | 13.3 | 12 | 13.5 | 12 | : |
| 266A Neonate, AdmWt 2000-2499 g W/O Significant OR Proc W Multi Major Problems | 0 | 9 | 49 | 58 | 24.4 | 10 | 19.0 | 14 | 19.9 | 14 | |
| 266B Neonate, AdmWt 2000-2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Major Problem | 2 | 8 | 277 | 285 | 25.9 | 26 | 14.2 | 13 | 14.5 | 13 | |
| 66C Neonate, AdmWt 2000-2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Other Problem | 0 | 9 | 744 | 753 | 8.8 | 6 | 9.1 | 8 | 9.1 | 8 | |
| 66D Neonate, AdmWt 2000-2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure V/O Problem | 11 | 8 | 477 | 485 | 9.1 | 8 | 5.0 | 3 | 5.1 | 3 | |
| P67A Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Multi Major Problems | 20 | 33 | 313 | 346 | 10.4 | 7 | 10.5 | 7 | 10.5 | 7 | : |
| 67B Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Major Problem | 105 | 42 | 1,388 | 1,430 | 7.9 | 5 | 6.7 | 5 | 6.7 | 5 | 1, |
| PGC Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W Other Problem | 10 | 24 | 5,160 | 5,184 | 8.5 | 3 | 2.9 | 2 | 2.9 | 2 | 5, |

TABLE 5.17 Total Discharges: MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay) (contd.)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 15 Newborns and Other Neonates | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| P67D Neonate, AdmWt >2499 g W/O Significant OR Procedure W/O | 406 | 42 | 3,736 | 3,778 | 4.5 | 2 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 4,184 |
| Problem | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Discharges | 591 | 257 | 14,778 | 15,035 | 13.6 | 7 | 7.5 | 3 | 7.6 | 3 | 15,626 |

Notes: - Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.18 Total Discharges: MDC 16 Diseases and Disorders of Blood, Blood Forming Organs, Immunological Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 16 Diseases and Disorders of Blood, Blood Forming Organs, | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ⁵ |
| Immunological Disorders | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| Q01Z Splenectomy | 0 | 22 | 26 | 48 | 6.1 | 6 | 10.4 | 8 | 8.4 | 7 | 48 |
| Q02A Other OR Procedure of Blood and Blood Forming Organs W Cat or Sev CC | 24 | 24 | 41 | 65 | 10.0 | 4 | 22.4 | 14 | 17.8 | 11 | 89 |
| Q02B Other OR Procedure of Blood and Blood Forming Organs W/O Cat or Sev CC | 493 | 137 | 59 | 196 | 2.6 | 2 | 7.9 | 5 | 4.2 | 2 | 689 |
| Q60A Reticuloendothelial and Immunity Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 168 | 120 | 528 | 648 | 7.2 | 6 | 8.3 | 6 | 8.1 | 6 | 816 |
| Q60B Reticuloendothelial and Immunity Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC W Malignancy | 148 | 66 | 238 | 304 | 4.6 | 4 | 4.7 | 4 | 4.6 | 4 | 452 |
| Q60C Reticuloendothelial and Immunity Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC W/O Malignancy | 2,918 | 102 | 527 | 629 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.4 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 3,547 |
| Q61A Red Blood Cell Disorders W Cat or Sev CC | 214 | 102 | 695 | 797 | 7.4 | 3 | 9.6 | 6 | 9.3 | 6 | 1,011 |
| Q61B Red Blood Cell Disorders W/O Cat or Sev CC | 31,998 | 422 | 1,738 | 2,161 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.9 | 2 | 3.7 | 2 | 34,159 |
| Q62Z Coagulation Disorders | 3,669 | 133 | 1,150 | 1,283 | 3.4 | 1 | 3.8 | 1 | 3.8 | 1 | 4,952 |
| Total Discharges | 39,632 | 1,128 | 5,002 | 6,131 | 4.2 | 2 | 5.3 | 3 | 5.1 | 3 | 45,763 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.19 Total Discharges: MDC 17 Neoplastic Disorders (Haematological and Solid Neoplasms): AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 17 Neoplastic Disorders (Haematological and Solid Neoplasms) | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MIDC 17 Neoplastic Disorders (maematological and Solid Neoplastils) | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| R01A Lymphoma and Leukaemia W Major OR Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 1 | 16 | 37 | 53 | 19.4 | 16 | 34.4 | 21 | 29.8 | 21 | 54 |
| R01B Lymphoma and Leukaemia W Major OR Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 21 | 37 | 45 | 82 | 6.9 | 6 | 14.1 | 11 | 10.9 | 8 | 103 |
| R02A Other Neoplastic Disorders W Major OR Procedures W Cat CC | 0 | 8 | 9 | 17 | 21.5 | 18 | 31.9 | 36 | 27.0 | 18 | 17 |
| R02B Other Neoplastic Disorders W Major OR Procedures W Sev or Moderate CC | 5 | 47 | 12 | 59 | 9.3 | 7 | 22.8 | 20 | 12.0 | 9 | 64 |
| R02C Other Neoplastic Disorders W Major OR Procedures W/O CC | 43 | 115 | 12 | 127 | 4.8 | 4 | 10.5 | 9 | 5.4 | 4 | 170 |
| R03A Lymphoma and Leukaemia W Other OR Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 3 | 32 | 105 | 137 | 23.9 | 15 | 31.7 | 26 | 29.9 | 24 | 140 |
| R03B Lymphoma and Leukaemia W Other OR Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 159 | 109 | 97 | 206 | 5.0 | 3 | 11.8 | 9 | 8.2 | 5 | 365 |
| R04A Other Neoplastic Disorders W Other OR Procedures W CC | 75 | 39 | 31 | 70 | 9.1 | 4 | 21.5 | 16 | 14.6 | 10 | 145 |
| RO4B Other Neoplastic Disorders W Other OR Procedures W/O CC | 909 | 62 | 15 | 77 | 4.5 | 3 | 7.4 | 4 | 5.1 | 3 | 986 |
| R60A Acute Leukaemia W Cat CC | 103 | 103 | 150 | 253 | 26.7 | 27 | 21.3 | 15 | 23.5 | 22 | 356 |
| R60B Acute Leukaemia W/O Cat CC | 4,208 | 343 | 361 | 704 | 8.7 | 5 | 6.9 | 2 | 7.8 | 3 | 4,912 |
| R61A Lymphoma and Non-Acute Leukaemia W Cat CC | 0 | 118 | 300 | 418 | 16.7 | 12 | 18.9 | 12 | 18.3 | 12 | 418 |
| R61B Lymphoma and Non-Acute Leukaemia W/O Cat CC | 0 | 1,510 | 1,044 | 2,554 | 5.3 | 3 | 8.9 | 6 | 6.8 | 4 | 2,554 |
| R61C Lymphoma and Non-Acute Leukaemia, Sameday | 16,214 | 17 | 99 | 116 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 16,330 |
| R62A Other Neoplastic Disorders W CC | 443 | 105 | 123 | 228 | 8.6 | 5 | 11.1 | 7 | 9.9 | 6 | 671 |
| R62B Other Neoplastic Disorders W/O CC | 1,986 | 133 | 84 | 217 | 6.3 | 3 | 7.7 | 5 | 6.8 | 3 | 2,203 |
| R63Z Chemotherapy | 93,479 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 93,479 |
| R64Z Radiotherapy ^t | 73,373 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | | - | - | 73,373 |
| Total Discharges | 191,022 | 2,794 | 2,524 | 5,318 | 7.6 | 4 | 12.1 | 7 | 9.7 | 5 | 196,340 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.
- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include Maternity in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes Maternity in-patient length of stay.
- f Activity from the St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network centres in Beaumont and St. James's Hospitals, estimated at 64,000 day cases, are not included in this report as these data were not submitted to HIPE.

TABLE 5.20 Total Discharges: MDC 18 Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, Systemic or Unspecified Sites: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | ln- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 18 Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, Systemic or Unspecified | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Sites | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | :al ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| S60Z HIV, Sameday | 93 | 2 | 8 | 10 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 103 |
| S65A HIV-Related Diseases W Cat CC | 0 | 4 | 56 | 60 | 30.3 | 31 | 28.7 | 15 | 28.8 | 17 | 60 |
| S65B HIV-Related Diseases W Sev CC | 0 | 11 | 59 | 70 | 6.6 | 5 | 11.8 | 8 | 11.0 | 8 | 70 |
| S65C HIV-Related Diseases W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 109 | 55 | 164 | 135.3 | 18 | 11.4 | 5 | 93.7 | 12 | 164 |
| TO1A OR Procedures for Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W Cat CC | 6 | 9 | 124 | 133 | 41.0 | 10 | 32.1 | 21 | 32.7 | 20 | 139 |
| T01B OR Procedures for Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W Sev or | 7 | 21 | 120 | 141 | 14.1 | 8 | 17.9 | 14 | 17.4 | 13 | 148 |
| Moderate CC | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TO1C OR Procedures for Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W/O CC | 40 | 51 | 175 | 226 | 9.6 | 7 | 10.0 | 7 | 9.9 | 7 | 266 |
| T40Z Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W Ventilator Support | 0 | 0 | 26 | 26 | - | - | 13.2 | 5 | 13.2 | 5 | 26 |
| T60A Septicaemia W Cat CC | 0 | 8 | 718 | 726 | 15.1 | 14 | 17.5 | 10 | 17.5 | 10 | 726 |
| T60B Septicaemia W/O Cat CC | 15 | 22 | 1,045 | 1,067 | 9.7 | 8 | 8.0 | 6 | 8.1 | 6 | 1,082 |
| T61A Postoperative and Post-Traumatic Infections W Cat or Sev CC | 8 | 19 | 208 | 227 | 16.8 | 11 | 11.2 | 7 | 11.6 | 7 | 235 |
| T61B Postoperative and Post-Traumatic Infections W/O Cat or Sev CC | 150 | 66 | 846 | 918 | 6.8 | 5 | 5.3 | 4 | 5.3 | 4 | 1,068 |
| T62A Fever of Unknown Origin W CC | 22 | 33 | 266 | 300 | 4.3 | 3 | 5.3 | 3 | 5.2 | 3 | 322 |
| T62B Fever of Unknown Origin W/O CC | 36 | 26 | 470 | 498 | 3.4 | 2 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.8 | 2 | 534 |
| T63Z Viral Illness | 1,008 | 59 | 4,664 | 4,723 | 3.5 | 2 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 5,731 |
| T64A Other Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W Cat CC | 0 | 3 | 37 | 40 | 8.3 | 10 | 14.0 | 12 | 13.6 | 11 | 40 |
| T64B Other Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W Sev or Moderate CC | 8 | 7 | 84 | 91 | 11.0 | 8 | 9.0 | 7 | 9.2 | 7 | 99 |
| T64C Other Infectious and Parasitic Diseases W/O CC | 88 | 9 | 191 | 201 | 3.6 | 3 | 3.8 | 3 | 3.8 | 3 | 289 |
| Total Discharges | 1,481 | 459 | 9,152 | 9,621 | 38.7 | 6 | 5.8 | 2 | 7.4 | 2 | 11,102 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.21 Total Discharges: MDC 19 Mental Diseases and Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 10 Montal Discours and Discours | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 19 Mental Diseases and Disorders | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| U40Z Mental Health Treatment, Sameday, W ECT | 101 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 101 |
| U60Z Mental Health Treatment, Sameday, W/O ECT | 668 | 10 | 753 | 763 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1,431 |
| U61Z Schizophrenia Disorders | 0 | 23 | 89 | 112 | 124.4 | 45 | 32.1 | 15 | 51.0 | 19 | 112 |
| U62A Paranoia & Acute Psych Disorder W Cat/Sev CC or W Mental Health | 0 | 3 | 14 | 17 | 47.0 | 61 | 30.3 | 17 | 33.2 | 17 | 17 |
| Legal Status | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U62B Paranoia & Acute Psych Disorder W/O Cat/Sev CC W/O Mental | 0 | 7 | 53 | 60 | 21.0 | 6 | 9.3 | 6 | 10.6 | 6 | 60 |
| Health Legal Status | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U63Z Major Affective Disorders | 0 | 37 | 129 | 166 | 24.3 | 15 | 26.6 | 15 | 26.1 | 15 | 166 |
| U64Z Other Affective and Somatoform Disorders | 0 | 12 | 157 | 169 | 8.2 | 7 | 8.4 | 4 | 8.4 | 4 | 169 |
| U65Z Anxiety Disorders | 0 | 266 | 348 | 615 | 2.5 | 1 | 7.9 | 3 | 5.6 | 1 | 615 |
| U66Z Eating and Obsessive-Compulsive Disorders | 0 | 35 | 91 | 126 | 22.2 | 6 | 16.5 | 8 | 18.1 | 7 | 126 |
| U67Z Personality Disorders and Acute Reactions | 0 | 18 | 186 | 204 | 6.4 | 4 | 20.8 | 4 | 19.5 | 4 | 204 |
| U68Z Childhood Mental Disorders | 0 | 24 | 41 | 65 | 1.7 | 1 | 3.3 | 2 | 2.7 | 2 | 65 |
| Total Discharges | 769 | 435 | 1,861 | 2,297 | 13.2 | 1 | 9.4 | 1 | 10.1 | 1 | 3,066 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.22 Total Discharges: MDC 20 Alcohol/Drug Use and Alcohol/Drug Induced Organic Mental Disorders: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 20 Alcohol/Drug Use and Alcohol/Drug Induced Organic Mental | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges [®] |
| Disorders | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| V60Z Alcohol Intoxication and Withdrawal | 3 | 15 | 1,273 | 1,290 | 3.8 | 3 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.4 | 2 | 1,293 |
| V61Z Drug Intoxication and Withdrawal | 1 | 0 | 55 | 55 | - | - | 5.5 | 2 | 5.5 | 2 | 56 |
| V62A Alcohol Use Disorder and Dependence | 0 | 30 | 574 | 604 | 14.6 | 14 | 4.8 | 3 | 5.3 | 3 | 604 |
| V62B Alcohol Use Disorder and Dependence, Sameday | 2 | 0 | 155 | 155 | - | - | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 157 |
| V63Z Opioid Use Disorder and Dependence | 0 | 70 | 13 | 83 | 18.1 | 19 | 4.5 | 1 | 16.0 | 16 | 83 |
| V64Z Other Drug Use Disorder and Dependence | 0 | 56 | 21 | 77 | 19.7 | 20 | 10.1 | 1 | 17.1 | 15 | 77 |
| Total Discharges | 6 | 171 | 2,091 | 2,264 | 16.8 | 17 | 3.7 | 2 | 4.7 | 2 | 2,270 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes Maternity in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.23 Total Discharges: MDC 21 Injuries, Poisonings and Toxic Effects of Drugs: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | <u>ln</u> | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 24 Let the Detection and Table 500 at a figure | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 21 Injuries, Poisonings and Toxic Effects of Drugs | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Ele | ctive | Eme | rgency | To | otal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| W01Z Ventilation or Cranial Procedures for Multiple Significant Trauma | 0 | 1 | 31 | 32 | 180 | 180 | 26.8 | 17 | 31.6 | 18 | 32 |
| W02A Hip, Femur & Limb Pr for Mult Signif Trauma, Incl Implantation W Cat/Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 27 | 27 | - | - | 36.7 | 30 | 36.7 | 30 | 27 |
| W02B Hip, Femur & Limb Pr for Mult Signif Trauma, Incl Implantation W/O Cat/Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 33 | 33 | - | - | 16.6 | 12 | 16.6 | 12 | 33 |
| W03Z Abdominal Procedures for Multiple Significant Trauma | 0 | 0 | 17 | 17 | - | - | 22.5 | 15 | 22.5 | 15 | 17 |
| W04A Other OR Procs for Multiple Significant Trauma W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 | - | - | 31.1 | 15 | 31.1 | 15 | 13 |
| W04B Other OR Procs for Multiple Significant Trauma W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 1 | 40 | 42 | 10.0 | 10 | 15.6 | 10 | 15.3 | 10 | 42 |
| W60Z Multiple Trauma, Died or Transferred to Another Acute Care Facility <5 Days | 0 | 0 | 63 | 63 | - | - | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 63 |
| W61A Multiple Trauma W/O Significant Procedures W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 4 | 35 | 39 | 75.3 | 77 | 21.8 | 13 | 27.3 | 16 | 39 |
| W61B Multiple Trauma W/O Significant Procedures W/O Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 5 | 86 | 91 | 17.0 | 20 | 11.1 | 8 | 11.5 | 8 | 91 |
| X02A Microvascular Tiss Transfer or (Skin Graft W Cat/Sev CC) for Injuries to Hand | 0 | 1 | 22 | 23 | 2.0 | 2 | 6.0 | 3 | 5.8 | 3 | 23 |
| X02B Skin Graft for Injuries to Hand W/O Cat or Sev CC | 7 | 5 | 74 | 79 | 1.8 | 1 | 3.2 | 2 | 3.1 | 1 | 86 |
| X04A Other Procedures for Injuries to Lower Limb W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 4 | 23 | 27 | 16.5 | 19 | 20.6 | 12 | 20.0 | 13 | 27 |
| X04B Other Procedures for Injuries to Lower Limb W/O Cat or Sev CC | 13 | 13 | 126 | 139 | 6.9 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 4.3 | 2 | 152 |
| X05A Other Procedures for Injuries to Hand W CC | 4 | 2 | 63 | 65 | 2.0 | 2 | 3.4 | 3 | 3.4 | 3 | 69 |
| X05B Other Procedures for Injuries to Hand W/O CC | 170 | 38 | 1,214 | 1,252 | 1.4 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 1,422 |
| X06A Other Procedures for Other Injuries W Cat or Sev CC | 11 | 24 | 208 | 233 | 14.5 | 10 | 16.0 | 9 | 15.8 | 9 | 244 |
| X06B Other Procedures for Other Injuries W/O Cat or Sev CC | 141 | 87 | 968 | 1,055 | 3.2 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 1,196 |
| X07A Skin Graft for Injuries Ex Hand W Microvascular Tiss Tfr or W (Cat or Sev CC) | 0 | 8 | 26 | 34 | 12.8 | 9 | 29.1 | 17 | 25.2 | 12 | 34 |
| X07B Skin Graft for Injuries Ex Hand W/O Microvascular Tiss Tfr W/O Cat or Sev CC | 5 | 16 | 72 | 88 | 6.1 | 6 | 8.8 | 6 | 8.3 | 6 | 93 |
| X40Z Injuries, Poisoning and Toxic Effects of Drugs W Ventilator Support | 0 | 2 | 77 | 79 | 4.5 | 5 | 7.2 | 5 | 7.1 | 5 | 79 |
| X60A Injuries W Cat or Sev CC | 2 | 5 | 459 | 465 | 9.4 | 9 | 15.2 | 5 | 15.1 | 5 | 467 |
| X60B Injuries W/O Cat or Sev CC | 245 | 63 | 4,070 | 4,155 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 4,400 |
| X61Z Allergic Reactions | 4 | 4 | 326 | 330 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.7 | 1 | 334 |
| X62A Poisoning/Toxic Effects of Drugs and Other Substances W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 8 | 528 | 536 | 8.8 | 5 | 5.1 | 3 | 5.1 | 3 | 536 |
| X62B Poisoning/Toxic Effects of Drugs and Other Substances W/O Cat or Sev CC | 206 | 15 | 3,604 | 3,623 | 1.7 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 1.8 | 1 | 3,829 |
| X63A Sequelae of Treatment W Cat or Sev CC | 18 | 19 | 290 | 309 | 9.3 | 5 | 9.9 | 6 | 9.9 | 6 | 327 |
| X63B Sequelae of Treatment W/O Cat or Sev CC | 362 | 58 | 1,555 | 1,616 | 3.3 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 1,978 |
| X64A Other Injury, Poisoning and Toxic Effect Diagnosis W Cat or Sev CC | 0 | 0 | 72 | 73 | - | - | 12.0 | 5 | 11.8 | 4 | 73 |
| X64B Other Injury, Poisoning and Toxic Effect Diagnosis W/O Cat or Sev CC | 4 | 0 | 342 | 446 | - | - | 2.3 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 450 |
| Total Discharges | 1,192 | 383 | 14,464 | 14,984 | 6.0 | 2 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.6 | 1 | 16,176 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

a Includes *Maternity* day patients.

b Includes day patients and in-patients.

c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.

d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.

e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes Maternity in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.24 Total Discharges: MDC 22 Burns: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 22 D | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| MDC 22 Burns | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | To | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| Y01Z Ventilation for Burns and Sev Full Thickness Burns | 0 | 0 | 22 | 22 | - | - | 38.9 | 29 | 38.9 | 29 | 22 |
| Y02A Other Burns W Skin Graft W CC | 2 | 1 | 33 | 34 | 2.0 | 2 | 27.7 | 23 | 26.9 | 22 | 36 |
| Y02B Other Burns W Skin Graft W/O CC | 6 | 14 | 65 | 79 | 3.7 | 3 | 13.3 | 11 | 11.6 | 9 | 85 |
| Y03Z Other OR Procedures for Other Burns | 15 | 33 | 36 | 69 | 4.6 | 3 | 10.9 | 6 | 7.9 | 4 | 84 |
| Y60Z Burns, Transferred to Another Acute Care Facility <5 Days | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | - | - | 1.2 | 1 | 1.2 | 1 | 60 |
| Y61Z Severe Burns | 1 | 11 | 41 | 52 | 16.3 | 5 | 7.0 | 4 | 9.0 | 5 | 53 |
| Y62A Other Burns W CC | 0 | 1 | 46 | 47 | 3.0 | 3 | 8.4 | 5 | 8.3 | 5 | 47 |
| Y62B Other Burns W/O CC | 30 | 5 | 252 | 257 | 2.6 | 2 | 4.5 | 3 | 4.5 | 3 | 287 |
| Total Discharges | 54 | 65 | 555 | 620 | 6.2 | 3 | 8.8 | 4 | 8.6 | 4 | 674 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.25 Total Discharges: MDC 23 Factors Influencing Health Status and Other Contacts with Health Services: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| MDC 23 Factors Influencing Health Status and Other Contacts with | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| Health Services | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| Z01A OR Procedures W Diagnoses of Other Contacts W Health Services W Cat/Sev CC | 74 | 93 | 21 | 115 | 14.4 | 4 | 40.8 | 16 | 19.1 | 7 | 189 |
| Z01B OR Procedures W Diagnoses of Other Contacts W Health Services W/O Cat/Sev CC | 889 | 183 | 18 | 201 | 3.4 | 2 | 6.6 | 4 | 3.7 | 2 | 1,090 |
| Z40Z Endoscopy W Diagnoses of Other Contacts W Health Services, Sameday | 13,585 | 14 | 3 | 17 | 1.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 13,602 |
| Z60A Rehabilitation W Cat CC | 0 | 608 | 5 | 613 | 42.4 | 30 | 89.0 | 30 | 42.8 | 30 | 613 |
| Z60B Rehabilitation W/O Cat CC | 0 | 4,146 | 73 | 4,219 | 21.1 | 15 | 15.7 | 3 | 21.0 | 14 | 4,219 |
| Z60C Rehabilitation, Sameday | 102 | 10 | 8 | 18 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 120 |
| Z61A Signs and Symptoms | 0 | 236 | 1,262 | 1,502 | 5.7 | 2 | 7.5 | 4 | 7.2 | 3 | 1,502 |
| Z61B Signs and Symptoms, Sameday | 1,520 | 12 | 653 | 666 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 2,186 |
| Z63A Other Surgical Follow Up and Medical Care W Cat CC | 1 | 377 | 11 | 389 | 21.6 | 11 | 34.1 | 9 | 22.0 | 11 | 390 |
| Z63B Other Surgical Follow Up and Medical Care W/O Cat CC | 1,123 | 2,263 | 69 | 2,348 | 9.5 | 5 | 7.5 | 1 | 9.4 | 5 | 3,471 |
| Z64A Other Factors Influencing Health Status | 0 | 849 | 519 | 1,414 | 4.4 | 2 | 8.7 | 2 | 5.9 | 2 | 1,414 |
| Z64B Other Factors Influencing Health Status, Sameday | 28,976 | 79 | 816 | 3,907 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 32,883 |
| Z65Z Congenital Anomalies and Problems Arising from Neonatal Period | 91 | 34 | 42 | 76 | 2.1 | 1 | 5.2 | 1 | 3.8 | 1 | 167 |
| Total Discharges | 46,361 | 8,904 | 3,500 | 15,485 | 16.8 | 11 | 5.5 | 1 | 11.1 | 3 | 61,846 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.26 Total Discharges: Unassignable to MDC: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day Patients ^a | | Discharges | | In | -Patients | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Total Discharges ^b |
|--|------------------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Unassignable to MDC | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^d | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| 801A OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis W Cat CC | 14 | 99 | 505 | 604 | 33.6 | 15 | 46.3 | 25 | 44.2 | 23 | 618 |
| 801B OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis W Sev or Moderate CC | 37 | 126 | 257 | 384 | 10.0 | 6 | 19.0 | 12 | 16.0 | 9 | 421 |
| 801C OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis W/O CC | 450 | 273 | 245 | 519 | 3.8 | 2 | 8.7 | 4 | 6.1 | 3 | 969 |
| 963Z Neonatal Diagnosis Not Consistent W Age/Weight | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| Total Discharges | 508 | 498 | 1,007 | 1,507 | 11.3 | 4 | 30.2 | 15 | 23.9 | 10 | 2,015 |

Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.

- a Includes *Maternity* day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- e Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

TABLE 5.27 Total Discharges: Pre-MDC: AR-DRG by Patient Type and Admission Type (N, In-Patient Length of Stay)

| | Day | | | | In- | -Patients | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Pre-MDC | Patients ^a | | Discharges | | | | Length | of Stay ^c | | | Discharges ^b |
| THE MIDE | | Elective | Emergency | Total ^a | Elec | tive | Emer | gency | Tot | tal ^e | |
| | N | N | N | N | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | N |
| A01Z Liver Transplant | 0 | 19 | 26 | 45 | 25.5 | 21 | 32.2 | 22 | 29.3 | 21 | 45 |
| A03Z Lung or Heart/Lung Transplant | 0 | 11 | 2 | 13 | 25.8 | 20 | 186.0 | 186 | 50.5 | 21 | 13 |
| A05Z Heart Transplant | 0 | 6 | 6 | 12 | 22.5 | 20 | 86.3 | 22 | 54.4 | 21 | 12 |
| A06A Tracheostomy W Ventilation >95 hours W Cat CC | 0 | 88 | 424 | 512 | 95.3 | 71 | 80.4 | 59 | 83.0 | 61 | 512 |
| A06B Trach W Vent >95 hours W/O Cat CC or Trach/Vent >95 hours W Cat CC | 0 | 243 | 1,297 | 1,547 | 44.1 | 29 | 34.7 | 21 | 36.1 | 22 | 1,547 |
| A06C Ventilation >95 hours W/O Cat CC | 0 | 27 | 158 | 186 | 28.7 | 17 | 19.1 | 13 | 20.4 | 14 | 186 |
| A06D Tracheostomy W/O Cat CC | 0 | 61 | 55 | 116 | 27.8 | 23 | 26.8 | 18 | 27.3 | 22 | 116 |
| A07Z Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplant | 1 | 92 | 3 | 95 | 38.9 | 37 | 46.3 | 33 | 39.1 | 37 | 96 |
| A08A Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant W Cat CC | 0 | 58 | 4 | 62 | 25.3 | 22 | 28.5 | 26 | 25.5 | 22 | 62 |
| A08B Autologous Bone Marrow Transplant W/O Cat CC | 31 | 64 | 9 | 73 | 14.3 | 15 | 25.8 | 20 | 15.7 | 16 | 104 |
| A09A Renal Transplant W Pancreas Transplant or W Cat CC | 0 | 8 | 32 | 40 | 15.8 | 15 | 21.8 | 14 | 20.6 | 14 | 40 |
| A09B Renal Transplant W/O Pancreas Transplant W/O Cat CC | 0 | 33 | 88 | 121 | 10.9 | 10 | 10.0 | 9 | 10.2 | 9 | 121 |
| A10Z Insertion of Ventricular Assist Devices | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 42.0 | 42 | 42.0 | 42 | 2 |
| A11A Insertion of Implantable Spinal Infusion Device W Cat CC | 1 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 12.8 | 10 | 130.8 | 148 | 71.8 | 34 | 9 |
| A11B Insertion of Implantable Spinal Infusion Device W/O Cat CC | 4 | 20 | 3 | 23 | 5.6 | 4 | 14.7 | 14 | 6.7 | 4 | 27 |
| A12Z Insertion of Neurostimulator Device | 137 | 81 | 9 | 90 | 3.7 | 2 | 69.7 | 2 | 10.3 | 2 | 227 |
| A40Z ECMO | 0 | 7 | 18 | 25 | 49.0 | 30 | 73.9 | 42 | 67.0 | 36 | 25 |
| Total Discharges | 175 | 822 | 2,139 | 2,969 | 36.2 | 24 | 42.1 | 23 | 40.3 | 23 | 3,144 |

- Mean and median length of stay cannot be calculated as no in-patients reported.
- a Includes Maternity day patients.
- b Includes day patients and in-patients.

- c Length of stay (mean and median) is based on acute and extended in-patients.
- d Total in-patients include *Maternity* in-patients.
- Total in-patient length of stay (mean and median) includes *Maternity* in-patient length of stay.

Annex 2012

Table of Contents

| A.1.1 | INTROD | DUCTION | 165 |
|--------|--------------|---|-----------------|
| A.1.2 | DIABET | ES TYPE AND ADMISSION TYPE | 166 |
| A.1.3 | D EMO | GRAPHIC ANALYSIS | 167 |
| A.1.4 | PRINCII | PAL PROCEDURES | 169 |
| | | | |
| Tables | 6 | | |
| TABLE | A 1.1 | Diabetes Discharges: Diabetes Type by Sex and Age Group (N, % and In-Patient Length of | Stay) 167 |
| TABLE | A 1.2 | Diabetes Discharges: Top 5 Principal Procedure Blocks, by Patient Type (N, %) | |
| | | | |
| Figure | !S | | |
| FIGURE | E A 1.1 | Diabetes Discharges: Diabetes Type by Patient Type and Admission Type (% and In Length of Stay) | -Patient 166 |
| FIGURE | E A 1.2 | Diabetes In-Patient Discharges: Sex by Age Group (Bed Days) | 168 |

DIABETES DISCHARGE PROFILE, 2012

A.1.1 INTRODUCTION

As noted in Section One, this Annex is designed to highlight particular topics of interest that merit more focused supplementary analysis. The focus of this year's Annex is discharges with a principal diagnosis¹ of diabetes. While recognising that services relating to diabetes are mostly delivered in the community, this Annex provides a snapshot of acute hospital services delivered for this condition in 2012.

What is Diabetes?²

Diabetes is a chronic disease that occurs either when the pancreas does not produce enough insulin or when the body cannot effectively use the insulin it produces. Insulin is a hormone that regulates blood sugar. Hyperglycaemia, or raised blood sugar, is a common effect of uncontrolled diabetes and over time leads to serious damage to many of the body's systems, especially the nerves and blood vessels.

Type 1 diabetes (previously known as insulin-dependent, juvenile or childhood-onset) is characterized by deficient insulin production and requires daily administration of insulin. The cause of type 1 diabetes is not known and it is not preventable with current knowledge.

Type 2 diabetes (formerly called non-insulin-dependent or adult-onset) results from the body's ineffective use of insulin. Type 2 diabetes comprises 90% of people with diabetes around the world and is largely the result of excess body weight and physical inactivity. Until recently, this type of diabetes was seen only in adults but it is now also occurring in children.

Other categories of diabetes include gestational diabetes (a state of hyperglycaemia which develops during pregnancy) and 'other' rarer causes (genetic syndromes, acquired processes such as pancreatitis, diseases such as cystic fibrosis, exposure to certain drugs, viruses, and unknown causes).

This Annex will focus on the two main types of diabetes using ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes E10 *type 1 diabetes mellitus* and E11 *type 2 diabetes mellitus*. In 2012, 13,382 discharges had a principal diagnosis of either *type 1 diabetes mellitus* (23.5 per cent) or *type 2 diabetes mellitus* (76.5 per cent) – referred to hereafter as diabetes discharges. These diabetes discharges accounted for 1.0 per cent of total discharges (excl. *Maternity*) and 1.6 per cent of in-patient bed days (excl. *Maternity*).³

A **principal diagnosis** is defined as, 'the diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning an episode of admitted patient care, an episode of residential care or attendance at the healthcare establishment, as represented by a code'. Diabetes may be reported as a secondary diagnosis in HIPE but analysis of this activity is beyond the scope of this Annex. See Section Three for details of clinical coding and classifications.

Source: WHO Diabetes Fact sheet No. 312, date consulted 4 November 2013. http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs312/en

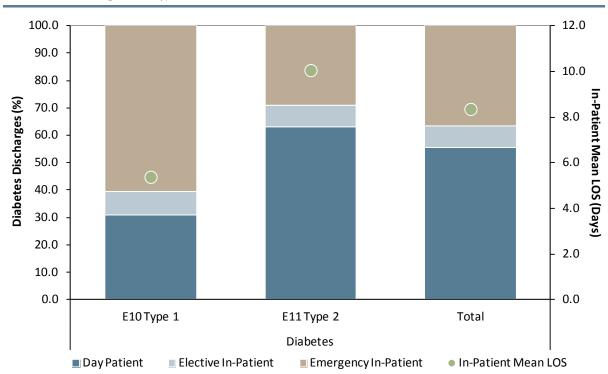
In 2012, there were 2,208 *Maternity* discharges with a principal diagnosis of *Diabetes mellitus in pregnancy* (O24), this category includes pre-existing diabetes mellitus and diabetes mellitus arising during pregnancy. These cases are not included in this analysis.

A.1.2 DIABETES TYPE AND ADMISSION TYPE

Figure A 1.1 presents diabetes discharges by diabetes type, length of stay, and admission type.

- Of total diabetes discharges, 55.5 per cent were admitted as day patients and 44.5 per cent were admitted as in-patients.
- Of in-patient diabetes discharges, 82.0 per cent were admitted as emergency in-patients and 18.0 per cent as elective in-patients.
- In-patient diabetes discharges had a mean length of stay of 8.4 days compared to 6.3 days for total HIPE discharges (excl. *Maternity*). They accounted for 49,748 in-patient bed days.
- In-patients with a principal diagnosis of *type 1 diabetes mellitus* reported a mean length of stay of 5.4 days, (11,668 in-patient bed days).
- In-patients with a principal diagnosis of *type 2 diabetes mellitus* reported a mean length of stay of 10.1 days (38,080 in-patient bed days).

FIGURE A 1.1 Diabetes Discharges: Diabetes Type by Patient Type and Admission Type (% and In-Patient Length of Stay)



A.1.3 DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

Table A 1.1 disaggregates diabetes discharges by sex, age group, and diabetes type.

- Males accounted for 59.6 per cent of total diabetes discharges.
- Over 80 per cent of total diabetes discharges were aged 45 years and over, with the majority in the 65 years and over age group (50.7 per cent).
- Of total discharges with a principal diagnosis of *type 1 diabetes mellitus*, 56.0 per cent were male and 44.0 per cent were female. The majority were aged less than 45 years (62.6 per cent).
- Of total discharges with a principal diagnosis of *type 2 diabetes mellitus*, 60.7 per cent were male and 39.3 per cent were female. The majority were aged 45 years and over (94.0 per cent).
- Male in-patient diabetes discharges had a mean length of stay of 8.7 days, compared with female in-patient diabetes discharges, with a mean length of stay of 7.8 days.

TABLE A 1.1 Diabetes Discharges: Diabetes Type by Sex and Age Group (N, % and In-Patient Length of Stay)

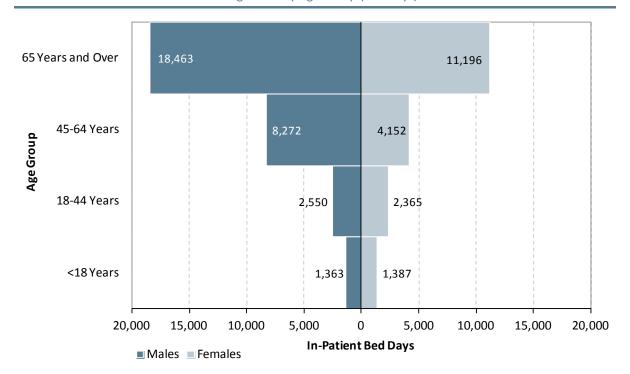
| | | | E10 | | | E11 | | Total Di | iabetes I | Discharges |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------|---|----------------|--------------|---|----------------|--------------|---|
| | | (Type 1 | Diabete | es Mellitus) | (Type 2 | Diabete | es Mellitus) | | | |
| | | N | % | Mean In-Patient Length of Stay | N | % | Mean In-Patient Length of Stay | N | % | Mean In-Patient Length of Stay |
| | <18 Years | 384 | 12.2 | 3.6 | 14 | 0.1 | 2.3 | 398 | 3.0 | 3.6 |
| a | 18-44 Years | 714 | 22.7 | 3.7 | 396 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1,110 | 8.3 | 3.7 |
| Male | 45-64 Years | 423 | 13.5 | 8.9 | 2,223 | 21.7 | 8.5 | 2,646 | 19.8 | 8.6 |
| _ | 65 Years and Over | 238 | 7.6 | 11.8 | 3,579 | 35.0 | 12.7 | 3,817 | 28.5 | 12.6 |
| | Total | 1,759 | 56.0 | 5.3 | 6,212 | 60.7 | 10.5 | 7,971 | 59.6 | 8.7 |
| | <18 Years | 384 | 12.2 | 3.7 | 7 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 391 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| ale | 18-44 Years | 486 | 15.5 | 5.3 | 203 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 689 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| Female | 45-64 Years 65 Years and Over | 315 199 | 10.0 6.3 | 7.6 10.1 | 1,042 2,775 | 10.2 27.1 | 7.2 11.1 | 1,357 2,974 | 10.1 22.2 | 7.3 11.0 |
| | Total | 1,384 | 44.0 | 5.5 | 4,027 | 39.3 | 9.3 | 5,411 | 40.4 | 7.8 |
| | <18 Years | 768 | 24.4 | 3.7 | 21 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 789 | 5.9 | 3.7 |
| - | 18-44 Years | 1,200 | 38.2 | 4.4 | 599 | 5.9 | 3.6 | 1,799 | 13.4 | 4.2 |
| Total | 45-64 Years | 738 | 23.5 | 8.3 | 3,265 | 31.9 | 8.0 | 4,003 | 29.9 | 8.1 |
| _ | 65 Years and Over | 437 | 13.9 | 11.0 | 6,354 | 62.1 | 12.0 | 6,791 | 50.7 | 11.9 |
| | Total Discharges | 3,143 | 100 | 5.4 | 10,239 | 100 | 10.1 | 13,382 | 100 | 8.4 |

Note: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

Figure A 1.2 disaggregates diabetes in-patient bed days by sex and age group.

- The largest number of in-patient diabetes bed days was accounted for by those aged 65 years and over for both males (18,463 bed days) and females (11,196 bed days).
- The ratio of male to female diabetes in-patient bed days among discharges aged 45 years and over is 1.74 compared to 1.04 among those aged less than 45 years.

FIGURE A 1.2 Diabetes In-Patient Discharges: Sex by Age Group (Bed Days)



A.1.4 PRINCIPAL PROCEDURES

Table A 1.2 presents the top 5 principal procedures for diabetes discharges (day, in-patient, and total) based on ICD-10-AM classification.⁴

- Overall, 83.6 per cent of diabetes discharges underwent a procedure. Over 95
 per cent of day patient diabetes discharges had a principal procedure,
 compared to 69.1 per cent of in-patient diabetes discharges.
- Procedure block Application, insertion or removal procedures on retina, choroid or posterior chamber accounted for the highest proportion of day patient diabetes discharges that underwent a principal procedure (37.7 per cent).
- Generalised allied health interventions were reported as a principal procedure block for 46.0 per cent of in-patient discharges with at least one procedure reported.⁵

TABLE A 1.2 Diabetes Discharges: Top 5 Principal Procedure Blocks, by Patient Type (N, %)

| | Princip | al Procedure Block | N | % of Top 5 | % of Total |
|--------------|---------|--|--------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Principal | Discharges |
| | | | | Procedure | with a |
| | | | | Blocks | Principal |
| | 0200 | Application in setting an appropriate and appropriate and applications of the setting all applications are setting as the setting and applications are setting as the setting and applications are setting as the setting and applications are setting as the setting ar | 2.664 | 45.4 | Procedure |
| | 0209 | Application, insertion or removal procedures on retina, choroid or posterior chamber | 2,664 | 45.4 | 37.7 |
| ts | 0211 | Destruction procedures on retina, choroid or posterior chamber | 1,080 | 18.4 | 15.3 |
| ien | 0197 | Extracapsular crystalline lens extraction by phacoemulsification | 1,048 | 17.9 | 14.8 |
| Pati | 0160 | Examination procedures on eyeball | 807 | 13.8 | 11.4 |
| Day Patients | 1954 | Computerised tomography of orbit (and brain) | 264 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| ۵ | Top 5 F | Principal Procedures for Diabetes Day Patients – Total | 5,863 | 100 | 82.9 |
| | Day Pa | tients with a Principal Procedure | 7,074 | - | 100 |
| | Day Pa | tients – Total (including those with and without a procedure) | 7,424 | - | - |
| | | | | | |
| | 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 1,896 | 73.4 | 46.0 |
| | 1952 | Computerised tomography of brain | 235 | 9.1 | 5.7 |
| ts | 1533 | Amputation of ankle or foot* | 181 | 7.0 | 4.4 |
| tier | 1920 | Administration of pharmacotherapy | 151 | 5.8 | 3.7 |
| In-Patients | 0207 | Vitrectomy | 121 | 4.7 | 2.9 |
| ≐ | Top 5 F | Principal Procedures for Diabetes In-Patients – Total | 2,584 | 100 | 62.7 |
| | In-Pati | ents with a Principal Procedure | 4,119 | - | 100 |
| | In-Pati | ents – Total (including those with and without a procedure) | 5,958 | - | - |
| | | | | | |
| | 0209 | Application, insertion or removal procedures on retina, choroid or | 2,684 | 34.9 | 24.0 |
| | | posterior chamber | | | |
| | 1916 | Generalised allied health interventions | 1,948 | 25.3 | 17.4 |
| = | 0197 | Extracapsular crystalline lens extraction by phacoemulsification | 1,130 | 14.7 | 10.1 |
| Total | 0211 | Destruction procedures on retina, choroid or posterior chamber | 1,117 | 14.5 | 10.0 |
| _ | 0160 | Examination procedures on eyeball | 809 | 10.5 | 7.2 |
| | | Principal Procedures for Diabetes Discharges – Total | 7,688 | 100 | 68.7 |
| | | ischarges with a Principal Procedure | 11,193 | - | 100 |
| | Discha | rges – Total (including those with and without a procedure) | 13,382 | - | - |

Notes:

Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

^{*} Includes the following procedures; Amputation of toe, Amputation of toe including metatarsal bone, Transmetatarsal amputation and Amputation of ankle through malleoli of tibia and fibula

⁴ See Section Three for details of clinical coding and classification.

⁵ Generalised allied health interventions include interventions such as diabetes education, dietetics, physiotherapy, pharmacy, occupational therapy, and social work.

Glossary & Abbreviations

GLOSSARY

Acute hospital

An acute hospital provides medical and surgical treatment of relatively short duration (Department of Health and Children, 2001).

Additional diagnosis

This is a condition or complaint either coexisting with the principal diagnosis or arising during the episode of admitted patient care, episode of residential care or attendance at a health care establishment, as represented by a code (Health Data Standards Committee (2006), National Health Data Dictionary, Version 13, AlHW).

Admission type

The type of admission may generally be classified as a planned or emergency admission. Unlike emergency admissions, planned admissions are arranged in advance by the patient and/or service provider.

Australian Coding Standards

Australian Coding Standards (ACS) is a document developed to provide guidance in the application of ICD-10-AM and ACHI codes. Standards are categorised by site and or body system according to the clinical specialty to which a disease or procedure relates.

Case mix is a method of quantifying hospital workload taking account of the complexity and resource-intensity of the services provided.

Complications Complications may arise during the hospital stay.

Comorbidities Comorbidities are assumed to be prior existing conditions, which were present at the time of admission.

A day patient is admitted to hospital for treatment on an elective (rather than an emergency) basis and who is discharged alive, as scheduled, on the same day (Department of Health and Children, 2001). Births are not included.

Delivery discharges

Day patient

Refers to *Maternity* discharges where the woman had a diagnosis of delivery (ICD-10-AM Z37).

Delivery status

Refers to the disaggregation of *maternity* discharges into delivery and non-delivery status determined by the presence of a diagnosis of delivery (Z37).

Diagnosis Related Group (DRG)

DRGs are clusters of cases with similar clinical attributes and resource requirements. In Ireland, the decision was made to use Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Group (AR-DRG) from 2005 onwards.

Discharge rate

Discharge rate is the ratio of discharges to the corresponding population. The formula for calculating the discharge rate is:

Discharges in group i

Population of group i x 1,000

Age-specific discharge rates are calculated as the number of discharges within a particular age group divided by the population within that particular age group multiplied by 1,000. Sex-specific discharge rates are calculated as the number of male (female) discharges divided by the male (female) population multiplied by 1,000.

Age- and sex-specific discharge rates are calculated as the number of male (female) discharges within a particular age group divided by the number of males (females) in the population within that particular age group multiplied by 1,000.

For HSE Areas, **discharge rates** are calculated as the number of discharges resident in the HSE Area divided by the population resident in the HSE Area multiplied by 1,000.

Elective admission

This is an admission or procedure that has been arranged in advance (Department of Health and Children, 2001). This term is generally used to refer to in-patient discharges. The term planned admission may also be used.

Emergency admission

An emergency admission is unforeseen and requires urgent care (Department of Health and Children, 2001). This term is used to refer to in-patient discharges.

General hospital

A general hospital provides a broad range of services, and includes voluntary and non-voluntary (county and regional) hospitals.

GMS status

Refers to whether a patient holds a medical card. Up to 2004, the General Medical Services (Payments) Board was responsible for making payments on behalf of the health boards/regional authorities for national schemes (including GP services and prescriptions used by medical card holders). At the end of 2004, the GMS (Payments) Board was replaced by the Primary Care Reimbursement Service.

HSE area of hospitalisation

Refers to the HSE area in which the patient was treated.

HSE area of residence

Refers to the HSE area in which the patient resides.

Hospital In-Patient Enquiry (HIPE)

HIPE is a health information system that collates data on discharges from, and deaths in, acute hospitals in Ireland.

Hospital type

Relates to health board/regional authority hospitals and voluntary hospitals. It is also used to distinguish between general and other hospitals.

In-patient

An in-patient is admitted to hospital for treatment or investigation on a planned or emergency basis (Department of Health and Children, 2001).

Irish Coding Standards

Irish Coding Standards (ICS) is a document which provides guidance and instruction on all aspects of HIPE data collection by addressing issues specific to the Irish hospital setting. It is revised regularly to reflect changing clinical practice. ICS is designed to complement the Australian Coding Standards. ICS V4.0 was used in the collection of HIPE data in 2012.

Length of stay

Length of stay refers to the time, expressed in days, between admission to and discharge from hospital. For day patients or where the dates of admission and discharge are the same, length of stay is set equal to one day.

Mean length of stay is computed by dividing the number of days stayed by the number of discharges.

The median length of stay is the middle value among the ordered lengths of stay, such that half of the values for length of stay are below the median and half the values for length of stay are above the median.

Major Diagnostic Category (MDC)

The MDC is a category generally based on a single body system or aetiology that is associated with a particular medical specialty. However, records assigned to MDCs 01, 15, 18 and 21 may have principal diagnoses associated with other categories. In AR-DRG Version 6.0, there are 23 MDCs.

Medical Assessment Unit A medical assessment unit (MAU) is a consultant led unit that accepts direct referrals from GPs. It offers priority access to diagnostic facilities and preferably closes at night.

Method of delivery

Refers to the method of delivery derived for delivery discharges. These are based on delivery procedure codes at any procedure code level and are grouped into Non-instrumental, Instrumental, and Elective or Emergency Caesarean section.

Maternity discharges

These discharges are admitted in relation to their obstetrical experience (from conception to 6 weeks post delivery), that is, they are allocated to Admission Type code 'Maternity'.

Non-delivery

Non-delivery discharges are *Maternity* discharges where the admission was related to their obstetrical experience but who did not deliver during that episode of care.

Non-voluntary

A non-voluntary hospital is owned and funded by the Health Service Executive. It is also known as a HSE hospital (Citizen's Information, 2009).

'Other' hospital

A hospital described as 'Other' specialises in the provision of medical and surgical services in a particular area, such as maternity hospitals, cancer hospitals or orthopaedic hospitals.

Parity

HIPE collects the number of previous live births and number of previous stillbirths (over 500g) for all cases with admission type code *Maternity*.

Primiparous: These are women who have had no previous pregnancy resulting in a live birth or stillbirth.

Multiparous: These are women who have had at least one previous pregnancy resulting in a live birth or stillbirth.

Patient type

A patient may be admitted to hospital as a day patient (which is planned and does not involve an overnight stay), or an in-patient.

Principal diagnosis

This is the diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning an episode of admitted patient care, an episode of residential care, or an attendance at the health care establishment, as represented by a code (Health Data Standards Committee (2006), National Health Data Dictionary, Version 13, AlHW).

Principal and additional procedure

A procedure is defined as a clinical intervention that

- is surgical in nature, and/or
- carries a procedural risk, and/or
- carries an anaesthetic risk, and/or
- requires specialised training, and/or
- requires special facilities or equipment only available in an acute care setting.

The order of codes should be determined using the following hierarchy:

- procedure performed for treatment of the principal diagnosis
- procedure performed for treatment of an additional diagnosis
- diagnostic/exploratory procedure related to the principal diagnosis
- diagnostic/exploratory procedure related to an additional diagnosis for the episode of care (NCCH, 2008).

Public/private status

Refers to whether the patient is a public or private patient of the consultant.

Voluntary hospital

Management authorities for this type of hospital vary widely. Some are owned and operated by religious orders, others are incorporated by charter or statute and work under lay boards of governors. These are financed to a large extent by State funds (Citizen's Information, 2009). For the purposes of this report, joint board hospitals are categorised as voluntary hospitals.

Sources:

The above definitions are taken directly from, or based on, those provided in the following:

Department of Health and Children, 2001. Quality and Fairness a Health System for You: Health Strategy. Dublin: The Stationery Office

'Hospital Services – Introduction': Citizen's Information; date consulted: 9 December 2011.

www.citizensinformation.ie/categories/health/hospital-services/hospital_services_introduction

For further information on the definitions of diagnoses see NCCH ICD-10-AM, July 2008, General Standards for Diseases. For further information on the definitions of procedures see NCCH ICD-10-AM, July 2008, General Standards for Procedures. For further information on AR-DRGs see Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care, 2008. Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups Version 6.0 Definitions Manual. Canberra: Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing. pp. 4–15.

ABBREVIATIONS

Adm Admission

Admwt Admission Weight

ACHI Australian Classification of Health Interventions

ACS Australian Coding Standards

AICD Automatic Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator

AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction

AR-DRG Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Group

BIU Business Intelligence Unit

CABG Coronary Artery Bypass Graft

Cat Catastrophic

CC Complication and/or Comorbidity
CDE Common Bile Duct Exploration

CPB Cardiopulmonary Bypass
CSO Central Statistics Office
D&C Dilation and Curettage
D&D Diseases and Disorders

CPB pump Cardiopulmonary bypass pump

DoH Department of Health
DRG Diagnosis Related Group
EEG Electroencephalography

ECMO Extra corporeal membrane oxygenation

ENT Electroconvulsive therapy
ENT Ear, Nose and Throat

ERCP Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangio Pancreatography

ESRI Economic and Social Research Institute

ESW Extracorporeal Shock Waves

GI Gastro-intestinal

Fx Fracture g Grams

GMS General Medical Services
GP General Practitioner

HIPE Hospital In-Patient Enquiry
HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

HSE Health Service Executive

ICD-10-AM Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Australian Modification, 6th Edition

ICS Irish Coding Standards

Incl Including

IHD Ischaemic Heart Disease
Infect/inflam Infection/inflammation

Inhal Inhalation
Inves Investigative

IT Information Technology

LOS Length of Stay

MDC Major Diagnostic Category

misc Miscellaneous
Mod Moderate
n/a Not applicable

NCCH National Centre for Classification in Health

N Number of Observations/Discharges

Non-malignant

NPRS National Perinatal Reporting System

NTPF National Treatment Purchase Fund

OR Operating Room

Pr/Proc Procedure

PTCA Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty

Sev Severe

TIA Transient Ischaemic Attack

Tiss Tissue
Tfr Transfer

URI Upper Respiratory Infection
WHO World Health Organisation

W With W/O Without

Appendices

Table of Contents

| APPENDIX I: | HIPE HOSPITALS | 181 |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| APPENDIX II: | HIPE DATA COLLECTED | 183 |
| APPENDIX III: | HIPE DATA ENTRY FORM | 185 |
| APPENDIX IV: | BED DATA | 186 |
| APPENDIX V: | POPULATION ESTIMATES, 2012 | 188 |
| APPENDIX VI: | DERIVED VARIABLES | 189 |
| APPENDIX VII: | REFERENCE TABLES | 190 |
| APPENDIX VIII: | Australian Coding Standard 0042 | 191 |

APPENDIX I: HIPE HOSPITALS

 TABLE I.1
 Listing of Hospitals Participating in the HIPE Scheme

| Hospital Name | County | Hospital Type | |
|--|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| HSE Dublin North East | | | |
| Beaumont Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| The Children's University Hospital, Temple Street | Dublin | Voluntary | Paediatric |
| Connolly Hospital, Blanchardstown | Dublin | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Incorporated Orthopaedic Hospital, Clontarf | Dublin | Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| Mater Misericordiae University Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| Rotunda Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | Maternity |
| National Orthopaedic Hospital, Cappagh | Dublin | Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| St. Joseph's Hospital, Raheny | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| Cavan General Hospital | Cavan | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Louth County Hospital, Dundalk | Louth | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Monaghan General Hospital | Monaghan | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital, Drogheda ^a | Louth | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Our Lady's Hospital, Navan | Meath | Non-Voluntary | County |
| HSE Dublin Mid Leinster | | | |
| Coombe Women & Infants University Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | Maternity |
| Naas General Hospital | Kildare | Non-Voluntary | County |
| National Maternity Hospital, Holles Street | Dublin | Voluntary | Maternity |
| National Rehabilitation Hospital (NRH), Dun Laoghaire | Dublin | Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| Our Lady's Children's Hospital, Crumlin | Dublin | Voluntary | Paediatric |
| Peamount Hospital, Newcastle | Dublin | Voluntary | Other Care |
| Royal Victoria Eye and Ear Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | ENT |
| St. Columcille's Hospital, Loughlinstown | Dublin | Non-Voluntary | County |
| St. James's Hospital | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| St. Luke's Hospital, Rathgar | Dublin | Voluntary | Cancer |
| St. Michael's Hospital, Dun Laoghaire | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| St. Vincent's University Hospital, Elm Park | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| Adelaide and Meath Hospital, Dublin, Incorporating the | Dublin | Voluntary | General |
| National Children's Hospital (AMNCH), Tallaght | | | |
| Our Lady's Hospice, Harold's Cross | Dublin | Voluntary | Long Stay |
| Midland Regional Hospital, Mullingar | Westmeath | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Midland Regional Hospital, Portlaoise | Laois | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Midland Regional Hospital, Tullamore | Offaly | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Cherry Orchard Hospital, Ballyfermot ^b | Dublin | Non-Voluntary | Other Care |
| | Dublin | | |

 TABLE 1.1
 Listing of Hospitals Participating in the HIPE Scheme (contd.)

| Hospital Name | County | Hospital Type | |
|---|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| HSE South | County | ноѕрітаї туре | |
| Lourdes Orthopaedic Hospital, Kilcreene | Kilkenny | Non-Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| St. Luke's General Hospital, Kilkenny | Kilkenny | Non-Voluntary | County |
| South Tipperary General Hospital, Clonmel | Tipperary | Non-Voluntary | County |
| | Waterford | • | • |
| Waterford Regional Hospital, Ardkeen | | Non-Voluntary | Regional |
| Wexford General Hospital | Wexford | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Cork University Hospital | Cork | Non-Voluntary | Regional |
| Kerry General Hospital, Tralee | Kerry | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Bantry General Hospital ^a | Cork | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Mallow General Hospital | Cork | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Mercy University Hospital | Cork | Voluntary | General |
| South Infirmary Victoria Hospital | Cork | Voluntary | General |
| St. Finbarr's Hospital | Cork | Non-Voluntary | County |
| St. Mary's Orthopaedic Hospital, Gurranebraher ^b | Cork | Non-Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| HSE West | | | |
| Midwestern Regional Hospital, Ennis | Clare | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Midwestern Regional Hospital, Nenagh | Tipperary | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Midwestern Regional Hospital, Dooradoyle | Limerick | Non-Voluntary | Regional |
| Midwestern Regional Maternity Hospital | Limerick | Non-Voluntary | Maternity |
| Midwestern Regional Orthopaedic Hospital, Croom | Limerick | Non-Voluntary | Orthopaedic |
| St. John's Hospital | Limerick | Voluntary | General |
| Letterkenny General Hospital | Donegal | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Sligo Regional Hospital | Sligo | Non-Voluntary | Regional |
| Mayo General Hospital, Castlebar | Mayo | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Portiuncula Hospital, Ballinasloe | Galway | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Roscommon County Hospital ^a | Roscommon | Non-Voluntary | County |
| Galway University Hospitals (University Hospital Galway and Merlin Park University Hospital) | Galway | Non-Voluntary | Regional |

Notes:

Total number of hospitals participating in 2012: 57

a There was some under reporting of data in particular hospitals in 2012. Roscommon Hospital (coded and returned 61.3 per cent of their discharges), Bantry Hospital (coded and returned 71.2 per cent of their discharges), and Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital, Drogheda (coded and returned 97.1 per cent of their discharges.

b Cherry Orchard Hospital, Ballyfermot ceased submitting data to HIPE in September 2012. No 2012 data was submitted for St. Mary's Orthopaedic Hospital, Gurranebraher; acute services have now transferred to Cork university Hospital.

APPENDIX II: HIPE DATA COLLECTED

TABLE II.1 Data Collected by HIPE*

| Type of Data | Parameters | Notes |
|---------------------|--|--|
| | Date of birth Sex | Full date of birth not exported outside the hospital. |
| iic Data | Marital/Civil status | Values include single, married, widowed, other (including separated), unknown, divorced, civil partner, former civil partner or surviving civil partner. |
| Demographic Data | Infant admission weight | Weight in whole grams on admission is collected for neonates (0–27 days old) and infants up to 1 year of age with admission weight of less than 2,500 grams. |
| ă | Area of residence by county or country | If resident in Ireland but outside Dublin, captures county of residence. If resident in Dublin, captures postal code. If usually resident outside Ireland, captures country of residence. |
| | One principal diagnosis | Uses the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), 6th Edition, July 2008. |
| | Twenty-nine additional diagnoses | Uses the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), 6th Edition, July 2008. |
| Clinical Data | One principal procedure | Uses the Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI) of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), 6th Edition, July 2008. |
| J | Nineteen additional procedures | Uses the Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI) of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), 6th Edition, July 2008. |
| | Hospital Acquired Diagnosis | Condition not present prior to admission to hospital. |
| | Patient name | Is not exported outside the hospital. |
| | Hospital number | In continuous has be assistant of alternative |
| | Chart number Admission and | Is unique to hospital of discharge. |
| | discharge dates | |
| | Dates of procedures | Collected for each procedure. |
| | Day case indicator | |
| Jata | Day ward indicator Day ward identifier | Indicates if a day case patient was admitted to a dedicated named day ward. If the answer to day ward indicator is 'Yes', the day ward identifier must be entered to identify where the patient was treated. |
| ative [| Type of admission | Values include elective, elective readmission, emergency, emergency readmission, maternity, or newborn. ^a |
| Administrative Data | Waiting list indicator | Indicates if an elective admission case is funded by the National Treatment Purchase Fund (NTPF). |
| Adm | Mode of emergency admission | Indicates where the patient with admission codes emergency, emergency readmission, or newborn was treated prior to being admitted to the hospital as an in-patient, or when the patient was treated only in a registered Medical Assessment Unit (MAU). Values include Emergency Department, MAU-Admitted as In-Patient, other, unknown, and MAU – Day Only. |
| | Source of admission | Values include home, transfer from nursing home/convalescent home or other long stay accommodation, transfer from hospital (in HIPE), transfer from other hospital (not in HIPE), transfer from hospice (not in HIPE), transfer from psychiatric hospital/unit, newborn, temporary place of residence, prison, or other. |

Data Collected by HIPE (contd.)

| Type of | Parameters | Notes | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Data | Disabayas | Values in structure of 10 | diaghagas hama musing hagas assured assured. |
| | Discharge destination | long stay accommon transfer to hospital hospital/unit, died w other hospital (not i HIPE) as non-emerge | discharge, home, nursing home, convalescent home or odation, transfer to hospital (in HIPE) as emergency, (in HIPE) as non-emergency, transfer to psychiatric with post-mortem, died without post-mortem, transfer to in HIPE) as emergency, transfer to other hospital (not in ency, rehabilitation facility, hospice, prison, absconded, in place of residence (e.g. hotel). |
| | Discharge status | Refers to the public/ type of bed occupie | private status of the patient on discharge and not to the d. |
| | Health Insurer | Collected where dis | charge status of the patient is private. |
| | General Medical Service status | Refers to whether t | he patient is a medical card holder. |
| | Days in an intensive care environment | | |
| | Days in a private bed | | |
| d.) | Days in a semi- private bed | | |
| ont | Days in a public bed | | |
| ata (c | Parity | Parity: Live births Parity: Still births | Mandatory for all cases with admission type maternity. |
| Administrative Data (contd.) | Specialty | | f consultant associated with the principal diagnosis and ased on a list provided by the Department of Health and |
| nist | Primary consultant | Encrypted. | |
| <u>=</u> | Anaesthetist | Encrypted. Collected | d for each procedure performed under anaesthetic. |
| A | Intensive care consultant | Encrypted. Up to te | n may be recorded. |
| | Admitting consultant | Encrypted. | |
| | Discharge consultant | Encrypted. | |
| | Consultant responsible for each diagnosis | Encrypted. | |
| | Consultant responsible for each procedure | Encrypted. | |
| | Date of transfer to a pre-discharge unit | | ed to identify when a patient was transferred to a pre- r to being discharged as planned. This is an optional nce 2004 |
| | Ward Identification | = | The ward to which the patient was admitted. The ward from which the patient was discharged. |
| | Temporary leave days | Refers to the numb during an episode o | per of days the patient was absent from the hospital f care ^b |

Notes:

- For details of all variables collected by HIPE see HIPE Data Dictionary 2012 Version 4.0.
- a For *Maternity* discharges on or after 1 January 2009 there is no longer a distinction between elective and emergency admissions as in previous years.
- b This was a new variable in 2007. To be consistent with previous years the calculation of mean length of stay in this report does not take temporary leave days into account.

Source:

HIPE Data Dictionary 2012 Version 4.0, available at www.hipe.ie

APPENDIX III: HIPE DATA ENTRY FORM

FIGURE III.1 HIPE Data Entry Form, 2012

| Hospital No. MRN |
|---|
| Marital /Civil Status |
| PDX = The diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning the patient's episode of care in hospital (ACS 0001) CD-10-AM Code |
| Hospital Acquired Dx Consultant** Specialty |
| ICD-10-AM Code |
| 8) |
| Procedure/Intervention Codes Block No. 1) Principal Procedure Consultant** Consultant Anaesthetist** Procedure |
| 2) [] |
| 3)[] |
| 4) [] [/ / |
| 5) [] Up to 20 procedure codes may be entered. |
| ase entered on HIPE: |
| * Patient Name, Address, full DOB, and GMS number are currently <u>not</u> exported to the ESRI. Collected only at hospital level. |

APPENDIX IV: BED DATA

The HIPE Report has historically reported on figures for the number of beds in HIPE hospitals. These were initially produced by the Department of Health, but since 2006 have been provided by the HSE.

Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals, 2008–2012

Table IV.1 shows the number of beds in HIPE hospitals over the years 2008–2012.

TABLE IV.1 Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals, 2008-2012

| | 2008 (%) | 2009 (%) | 2010 (%) | 2011 (%) | 2012 (%) | Average Annual % Change ^a | % Change |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|-------------|
| | | | | | | 2008-2012 | 2011-2012 |
| Day Patient Beds | 1,697 | 1,774 | 1,859 | 1,938 | 2,051 | 4.9 | 5.8 |
| | (12.2) | (13.1) | (14.0) | (14.8) | (16.0) | | |
| In-Patient Beds | 12,182 | 11,751 | 11,417 | 11,113 | 10,766 | -3.0 | -3.1 |
| | (87.8) | (86.9) | (86.0) | (85.2) | (84.0) | | |
| Total Hospital Beds | 13,879 (100) | 13,525 (100) | 13,276 (100) | 13,051 (100) | 12,817 (100) | -2.0 | -1.8 |

Notes: Percentages are reported in parentheses.

It should be noted when interpreting data on the number of hospital beds that the number of participating hospitals will have changed over time.

Source: Most up to date data was provided by the Business Information Unit in the HSE (November 2013) and via personal communication from particular hospitals (October–November 2013).

The following tables indicate the volume and distribution of beds across the health system for 2012.

Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals by HSE Region

Table IV.2 shows the number of HIPE hospital beds by HSE Region.

TABLE IV.2 Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals by HSE Region, 2012

| | Day Patient Beds | | In-Patie | ent Beds | Total HIPE Hospital Beds | |
|-------------------------|------------------|------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|-----|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| HSE Dublin North East | 506 24.7 | 17.5 | 2,389 22.2 | 82.5 | 2,895 22.6 | 100 |
| HSE Dublin Mid Leinster | 615 30.0 | 14.7 | 3,567 33.1 | 85.3 | 4,182 32.6 | 100 |
| HSE South | 429 20.9 | 15.0 | 2,425 22.5 | 85.0 | 2,854 22.3 | 100 |
| HSE West | 501 24.4 | 17.4 | 2,385 22.2 | 82.6 | 2,886 22.5 | 100 |
| Total Hospital Beds | 2,051 100 | 16.0 | 10,766 100 | 84.0 | 12,817 100 | 100 |

Notes: Percentages columns are subject to rounding.

See additional notes and Source under Table IV.1.

The Business Information Unit in the HSE estimated the number of beds as the average number of beds per day that were available throughout the year and is exclusive of bed closures.

Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals by Hospital Type

Table IV.3 shows the number of HIPE hospital beds by Hospital Type.

TABLE IV.3 Number of Beds in HIPE Hospitals by Hospital Type, 2012

| | Day Patient Beds | | In-Patie | nt Beds | Total Hospital Beds | |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|----------|---------|---------------------|-----|
| | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| General Hospitals | 1,842 | 16.6 | 9,234 | 83.4 | 11,076 | 100 |
| | 89.8 | | 85.8 | | 86.4 | |
| Voluntary | 728 | 17.8 | 3,362 | 82.2 | 4,090 | 100 |
| | 35.5 | | 31.2 | | 31.9 | |
| Regional | 482 | 17.0 | 2,361 | 83.0 | 2,843 | 100 |
| | 23.5 | | 21.9 | | 22.2 | |
| County | 632 | 15.3 | 3,511 | 84.7 | 4,143 | 100 |
| | 30.8 | | 32.6 | | 32.3 | |
| Special Hospitals | 209 | 12.0 | 1,532 | 88.0 | 1,741 | 100 |
| | 10.2 | | 14.2 | | 13.6 | |
| Total (All Hospital Types) | 2,051 | 16.0 | 10,766 | 84.0 | 12,817 | 100 |
| | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | |

Notes: Percentages columns are subject to rounding.
See additional notes and Source under Table IV.1.

APPENDIX V: POPULATION ESTIMATES, 2012

Table V.1 presents the population data estimated in the ESRI which was used to calculate rates in Section Two. These are presented by sex, age group and HSE area of residence.

TABLE V.1 Population Estimates (Total, Male, Female by Age Group) by HSE Area of Residence, 2012

| | | HSE Dublin North East | HSE Dublin Mid Leinster | HSE South | HSE West | Total |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | <1 Years | 17,892 | 22,573 | 17,939 | 15,663 | 74,067 |
| | 1-14 Years | 215,020 | 266,086 | 233,364 | 206,793 | 921,263 |
| _ | 15-24 Years | 130,476 | 162,395 | 136,492 | 126,268 | 555,631 |
| ţi | 25-34 Years | 185,202 | 231,112 | 170,373 | 148,776 | 735,464 |
| Total Population | 35-44 Years | 167,406 | 207,610 | 174,619 | 152,649 | 702,284 |
| do | 45-54 Years | 132,191 | 166,035 | 154,706 | 136,209 | 589,141 |
| <u> </u> | 55-64 Years | 103,208 | 127,982 | 125,005 | 115,661 | 471,857 |
| ote | 65-74 Years | 68,545 | 83,065 | 86,672 | 77,931 | 316,213 |
| | 75-84 Years | 37,948 | 45,318 | 48,077 | 44,207 | 175,550 |
| | 85 and Over | 12,194 | 14,433 | 15,335 | 15,748 | 57,710 |
| | Total | 1,070,081 | 1,326,610 | 1,162,581 | 1,039,906 | 4,599,179 |
| | | | | | | |
| | <1 Years | 9,446 | 11,590 | 9,225 | 7,826 | 38,087 |
| | 1-14 Years | 114,767 | 135,849 | 119,375 | 101,058 | 471,049 |
| | 15-24 Years | 68,100 | 80,969 | 68,753 | 61,154 | 278,975 |
| ior | 25-34 Years | 91,777 | 110,817 | 82,043 | 70,084 | 354,722 |
| Male Population | 35-44 Years | 86,646 | 103,152 | 87,543 | 73,054 | 350,395 |
| do | 45-54 Years | 68,078 | 81,624 | 77,429 | 65,650 | 292,781 |
| e P | 55-64 Years | 53,428 | 62,799 | 63,191 | 56,170 | 235,588 |
| /al | 65-74 Years | 35,177 | 40,009 | 42,929 | 37,505 | 155,620 |
| _ | 75-84 Years | 17,117 | 19,346 | 21,396 | 19,276 | 77,135 |
| | 85 and Over | 4,004 | 4,360 | 4,816 | 4,699 | 17,879 |
| | Total | 548,539 | 650,515 | 576,700 | 496,477 | 2,272,231 |
| | | | | | | |
| | <1 Years | 8,445 | 10,983 | 8,714 | 7,837 | 35,980 |
| | 1-14 Years | 100,253 | 130,237 | 113,989 | 105,735 | 450,214 |
| <u>_</u> | 15-24 Years | 62,376 | 81,427 | 67,739 | 65,114 | 276,655 |
| atic | 25-34 Years | 93,425 | 120,295 | 88,329 | 78,692 | 380,741 |
| lig | 35-44 Years | 80,760 | 104,459 | 87,075 | 79,596 | 351,889 |
| Pog | 45-54 Years | 64,113 | 84,411 | 77,276 | 70,559 | 296,359 |
| <u>e</u> | 55-64 Years | 49,781 | 65,183 | 61,814 | 59,491 | 236,269 |
| Female Population | 65-74 Years | 33,368 | 43,056 | 43,743 | 40,426 | 160,594 |
| - B | 75-84 Years | 20,831 | 25,972 | 26,681 | 24,931 | 98,415 |
| | 85 and Over | 8,190 | 10,073 | 10,519 | 11,049 | 39,831 |
| | Total | 521,542 | 676,095 | 585,881 | 543,429 | 2,326,948 |

Notes:

Data were constructed by single year of age, sex and county with counties Dublin and Tipperary split into north and south components as per the HSE area definitions. The estimates were derived using a cohort component model using actual births and deaths taken from the CSO Vital Statistics. International migration figures were taken from the CSO Migration and Population Estimates and county level international and internal migration was generated using assumptions about the spatial pattern of migration.

Data was provided at decimal level, therefore the totals are subject to rounding.

Source: Population estimates for 2012 were obtained from the ESRI (October 2013).

APPENDIX VI: DERIVED VARIABLES

For some of the categorical administrative variables, aggregation of categories has been necessary to ensure confidentiality. Table VI.1 shows how the categories for these variables have been aggregated. For example, the admission type variables have been reduced from six categories to three categories.

TABLE VI.1 Derived Variables

| HIPE | . Variable | Der | Derived Variable for Report | | | |
|------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Adm | ission Type | | | | | |
| 1 | 'Elective' | 1 | 'Elective' (1, 2) | | | |
| 2 | 'Elective Readmission' | 2 | 'Emergency' (4, 5, 7) | | | |
| 4 | 'Emergency' | 3 | 'Maternity' (6) | | | |
| 5 | 'Emergency Readmission' | | ., (., | | | |
| 6 | 'Maternity' | | | | | |
| 7 | 'New born' | | | | | |
| Adm | ission Source | | | | | |
| 1 | 'Home' | 1 | 'Home' (1) | | | |
| 2 | 'Transfer from nursing home/convalescent home or | 2 | Long stay accommodation (2, 5) | | | |
| | other long stay accommodation' | | | | | |
| 3 | 'Transfer from hospital - in HIPE listing' | 3 | 'Transfer from other hospital' (3,4,6) | | | |
| 4 | 'Transfer from other hospital - not in HIPE listing' | 4 | 'New born' (7) | | | |
| 5 | 'Transfer from hospice - not in HIPE listing' | 5 | 'Other' (8, 9, 0) | | | |
| 6 | 'Transfer from psychiatric hospital/unit' | | | | | |
| 7 | 'New born' | | | | | |
| 8 | 'Temporary place of residence' | | | | | |
| 9 | 'Prison' | | | | | |
| 0 | 'Other' | | | | | |
| Disc | harge Destination | | | | | |
| 00 | 'Self discharge' | 1 | 'Home' (01) | | | |
| 01 | 'Home' | 2 | 'Long stay accommodation' (02, 11) | | | |
| 02 | 'Nursing home, convalescent home or long stay | 3 | 'Transfer to other hospital' (03, 04, | | | |
| | accommodation' | | 05,08, 09, 10) | | | |
| 03 | 'Transfer to hospital – in HIPE Hospital Listings – | 4 | 'Died' (06, 07) | | | |
| | Emergency ' | | | | | |
| 04 | 'Transfer to hospital – in HIPE Hospital Listings – Non | 5 | 'Other' (00, 12, 13, 14, 15) | | | |
| | Emergency' | | | | | |
| 05 | 'Transfer to psychiatric hospital/unit' | | | | | |
| 06 | 'Died with post mortem' | | | | | |
| 07 | 'Died no post mortem' | | | | | |
| 80 | 'Transfer to other hospital – not in HIPE Hospital Listings | | | | | |
| | – Emergency' | | | | | |
| 09 | 'Transfer to other hospital – not in HIPE Hospital Listings | | | | | |
| | – Non Emergency' | | | | | |
| 10 | 'To rehabilitation facility – not in HIPE Hospital Listings' | | | | | |
| 11 | 'Hospice – not in HIPE Hospital Listings' | | | | | |
| 12 | 'Prison' | | | | | |
| 13 | 'Absconded' | | | | | |
| 14 | 'Other – example Foster care' | | | | | |
| 15 | 'Temporary Place of Residence' | | | | | |

APPENDIX VII: REFERENCE TABLES

Table VII.1 presents the data used to produce Figures 2.12a to 2.12d in Section Two.

TABLE VII.1 Total Discharges (excl. *Maternity*): Proportion of Discharges Hospitalised within their HSE Region of Residence by County of Residence and Patient Type (N, %)

| | | Day Patients | | Elec In-Pat | | Emergency In-Patients | | Total Discharges (excl. <i>Maternity</i>) | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|----------------|------|--------------------------|------|---|------|
| | | N | % | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | Dublin North | 103,712 | 86.9 | 9,827 | 86.0 | 36,468 | 90.1 | 150,007 | 87.6 |
| <u>당 말.</u> | Cavan | 15,847 | 92.0 | 1,397 | 80.8 | 8,480 | 95.4 | 25,724 | 92.4 |
| HSE Dublin North East | Monaghan | 12,886 | 92.5 | 1,028 | 81.7 | 5,748 | 96.2 | 19,662 | 92.9 |
| 급현 | Louth | 22,974 | 90.9 | 2,136 | 83.0 | 12,057 | 96.6 | 37,167 | 92.2 |
| HS S | Meath | 24,727 | 81.5 | 2,543 | 74.1 | 13,994 | 87.8 | 41,264 | 83.0 |
| | Total | 180,146 | 87.4 | 16,931 | 82.9 | 76,747 | 91.6 | 273,824 | 88.3 |
| | Dublin South | 119,619 | 93.0 | 10,680 | 85.6 | 43,563 | 92.8 | 173,862 | 92.5 |
| | Kildare | 27,282 | 81.2 | 3,266 | 80.6 | 13,578 | 85.5 | 44,126 | 82.4 |
| lin ter | Wicklow | 27,563 | 94.6 | 2,532 | 85.0 | 8,283 | 92.2 | 38,378 | 93.4 |
| HSE Dublin Mid Leinster | Longford | 5,536 | 67.4 | 776 | 74.2 | 4,072 | 89.1 | 10,384 | 75.1 |
| | Westmeath | 16,731 | 77.3 | 1,626 | 74.0 | 8,267 | 82.6 | 26,624 | 78.7 |
| HS Mic | Offaly | 16,418 | 88.1 | 1,505 | 82.8 | 6,409 | 89.4 | 24,332 | 88.1 |
| | Laois | 15,802 | 93.7 | 1,667 | 90.4 | 7,329 | 95.1 | 24,798 | 93.9 |
| | Total | 228,951 | 89.2 | 22,052 | 83.5 | 91,501 | 90.4 | 342,504 | 89.1 |
| | Carlow | 4,480 | 52.3 | 678 | 52.0 | 5,878 | 88.5 | 11,036 | 66.8 |
| | Wexford | 19,294 | 74.2 | 1,717 | 54.3 | 14,994 | 92.7 | 36,005 | 79.4 |
| Æ | Kilkenny | 8,225 | 79.5 | 1,086 | 62.8 | 8,554 | 94.7 | 17,865 | 84.6 |
| no | Tipp South | 11,889 | 85.9 | 2,548 | 84.3 | 8,835 | 95.4 | 23,272 | 89.1 |
| HSE South | Waterford | 18,025 | 93.6 | 1,961 | 80.6 | 9,562 | 97.0 | 29,548 | 93.7 |
| ¥ | Cork | 103,055 | 98.2 | 13,935 | 93.9 | 38,529 | 98.2 | 155,519 | 97.8 |
| | Kerry | 22,828 | 96.2 | 2,779 | 86.9 | 10,503 | 97.4 | 36,110 | 95.8 |
| | Total | 187,796 | 90.9 | 24,704 | 83.2 | 96,855 | 95.9 | 309,355 | 91.7 |
| | Limerick | 28,459 | 88.1 | 4,061 | 79.7 | 15,042 | 91.0 | 47,562 | 88.2 |
| | Clare | 16,226 | 95.2 | 2,386 | 86.4 | 9,081 | 96.2 | 27,693 | 94.7 |
| | Tipp North | 10,337 | 72.5 | 1,248 | 60.7 | 4,061 | 59.2 | 15,646 | 67.5 |
| st | Galway | 55,487 | 97.1 | 5,166 | 88.7 | 21,831 | 97.3 | 82,484 | 96.6 |
| HSE West | Roscommon | 13,065 | 90.3 | 1,671 | 83.3 | 4,733 | 90.9 | 19,469 | 89.8 |
| Ę, | Mayo | 35,835 | 96.8 | 4,522 | 91.0 | 12,374 | 97.2 | 52,731 | 96.3 |
| Ξ̈́ | Leitrim | 5,654 | 79.9 | 501 | 65.0 | 2,160 | 79.6 | 8,315 | 78.8 |
| | Sligo | 19,848 | 95.3 | 1,851 | 83.9 | 7,930 | 96.9 | 29,629 | 95.0 |
| | Donegal | 33,344 | 94.2 | 3,326 | 74.6 | 17,426 | 95.9 | 54,096 | 93.3 |
| | Total | 218,255 | 92.7 | 24,732 | 82.0 | 94,638 | 92.5 | 337,625 | 91.8 |

Note: Percentage columns are subject to rounding.

APPENDIX VIII: AUSTRALIAN CODING STANDARD 0042

Australian Coding Standard 0042 Procedures not Normally Coded²

These procedures are normally not coded because they are usually routine in nature, performed for most patients and/or can occur multiple times during an episode. Most importantly, the resources used to perform these procedures are often reflected in the diagnosis or in an associated procedure. For example:

- X-ray and application of plaster is expected with a diagnosis of Colles' fracture
- Intravenous antibiotics are expected with a diagnosis of septicaemia
- Cardioplegia in cardiac surgery

Note:

- a. Some codes on this list may be required in certain standards elsewhere in the Australian Coding Standards. In such cases, the standard overrides this list and the stated code should therefore be assigned as described in the relevant standard.
- b. The listed procedures should be coded if anaesthesia (except local) is required for the procedure (see ACS 0031 *Anaesthesia*).
- c. These procedures should be coded if they are the principal reason for admission in same-day episodes of care.
- 1. Application of plaster
- Cardioplegia when associated with cardiac surgery
- 3. Cardiotocography (CTG) except fetal scalp electrodes
- Dressings
- 5. Drug treatment

Drug treatment should not be coded except if:

- the substance is given as the principal treatment in same-day episodes of care
 - (e.g. chemotherapy for neoplasm or HIV, see ACS 0044 Chemotherapy)
- drug treatment is specifically addressed in a coding standard (see ACS 1316 Cement spacer/beads and ACS 1615 Specific interventions for the sick neonate)
- 6. Echocardiogram except transoesophageal echocardiogram
- 7. Electrocardiography (ECG) except patient-activated implantable cardiac event monitoring (loop recorder)

² Extracted from NCCH eBook, July 2008, General Standards for Interventions.

- 8. Electrodes (pacing wires) temporary: insertion of temporary transcutaneous or transvenous electrodes when associated with cardiac surgery; adjustment, repositioning, manipulation or removal of temporary electrodes
- 9. Electromyography (EMG)
- 10. Hypothermia when associated with cardiac surgery
- **11.** Monitoring: cardiac, electroencephalography (EEG), vascular pressure except radiographic/video EEG monitoring 24 hours
- **12.** Nasogastric intubation, aspiration and feeding, except nasogastric feeding in neonates. (see ACS 1615 *Specific interventions for the sick neonate*)
- 13. Perfusion when associated with cardiac surgery
- 14. Primary suture of surgical and traumatic wounds

 Code only for traumatic wounds which are not associated with an underlying injury (e.g. suture of lacerated forearm would be coded if there is no other associated injury repair). (see ACS 1217 Repair of wound of skin and subcutaneous tissue)
- **15.** Procedure components
- **16.** Stress test
- 17. Traction if associated with another procedure
- 18. Ultrasound
- 19. Urinary catheterisation except if suprapubic or if patient discharged with catheter in situ (see ACS 0016 *General procedure guidelines* and ACS 1436 *Admission for trial of void*)
- 20. X-rays without contrast (plain)

Health Research and Information Division The Economic and Social Research Institute

Whitaker Square Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

Telephone + 353 1 8632000 Fax + 353 1 8632100

www.esri.ie

